THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME VI. SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1866. NUMBER 254.

The St. Paul Daily Press.

SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 28, 1866.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—Cincinnati claims a population of 220,000

—The latest style of collar for men has turned down corners, on which appear dog's and horses' heads. Asses' ears are worn a little higher up.

—Horace Greeley is said to have already realized one hundred thousand dollars out of his History of the Rebellion and will probably make a still larger fortune out of it.

—Private advices report Gen. Sheridan as fully anticipating armed trouble with rebel organizations, and doing his best, by the concentration of troops, &c., to prepare for it.

—The Paris *Patrie* is ugly over the substitution of Minister Dix for Minister Bigelow: says the change cannot possibly be for the worse, and chuckles over Mr. Bigelow's "dismissal." The fact is, Mr. Bigelow tendered his resignation in July.

—The New York *Sun* in speaking of Mrs. Stanton running as independent candidate for Congress in the Eighth District, doubts the propriety of sending ladies to Congress, as it might induce the members to "pair off" too frequently.

—Col. Forney declares that the Administration bought, imported and forged *fifty thousand* votes in Pennsylvania. Moderate this one-third, and it shows an immense republican gain. That estimate is within bounds. The same game is being carried on in New York and even more desperately.

—An interesting and amusing article in the November number of *Harper's Magazine*, on newspaper advertisements, closes with the following advice: "To merchants. 1.—Advertise. 2.—Advertise liberally. 3.—Advertise courageously. To the Public at Large. 1.—Read the advertisements. 2.—Study them, and verily they shall be for your profit.

—Mansfield Lovell, who was Deputy Street Commissioner of New York before the war, and subsequently joined the rebellion and became a general in the rebel service, and commanded the troops in New Orleans when the city was taken by Admiral Farragut, has returned to New York.

—A successful experiment was made in Montreal lately in smelting iron with peat. The trial was made in McDougall's car-wheel factory. The cupola was charged with two layers of iron and anthracite coal. The third or topmost layer was iron and peat. The time was forty minutes less than with coals alone.

—A correspondent of the *Army and Navy Journal* says that experiments at Fortress Monroe prove incontestibly what was well known to practical naval officers before, viz: that no monitor in the navy would stand for any length of time the hammering from a solid 15-inch shot, and it is doubtful whether it would stand more than three or four blows.

—Maj. Gen. D. E. Sickles, commanding the Department of the South, has issued an order providing that no officer, soldier, or person on duty in the department in any capacity, subject to military authority, will be allowed to trade either as principal, factor, or agent, directly or indirectly, in cotton, rice or other products, or merchandise of any kind, within the limits of the district or post where he is stationed. The order provides that no person will be permitted to interfere with the right of the freed people, in common with all others, to sell and dispose of the products of their labor in their own way as they may choose.

—A letter by the last steamer from one of the most intelligent newspaper correspondents in Europe, says of Bismark's ambition: "Let me tell you that his ambition is of a magnitude which will be seen to fall little short of that of the great Napoleon. His aim is that Germany united shall rule Europe. He has annihilated Austria as a great power, and the next to fall must be France. If this Saxon question is to be the *casus belli*, let it be so. It is ground of his own choosing, and he has chosen well, and he asks but for time. And in the next conflict, with all Germany at his back, he means to settle both France and Austria."

—It is stated that the cultivation of the tea plant has been successfully introduced in the State of Georgia. It was tried in 1847 at Greenville, South Carolina, by Dr. Jarvis Smith, who procured five hundred plants, of from five to seven years' growth, from China. The general characteristics of the plant remained unchanged by the new climate and soil, and the leaves put out at the same season as in China. Dr. Smith estimated that he could produce tea in this country at five pence per pound, while the average cost was ten pence in China at the ship's side. It is conjectured that it could be cultivated with success in California, where there are so many Chinese on the spot, whose labor and experience could be employed in it when the gold-hunting mania shall subside.

—A Baltimore dispatch of the 25th says that fifty witnesses have been summoned to appear before the Governor for examination in the commissioners' case. It is understood that the counsel for the commissioners whilst denying the jurisdiction of the Governor to try the charges, have determined to be present to watch the progress of the case. Whether they will take part in the examination of witnesses, as they have been notified to do, is not yet determined. There is much speculation in regard to the course the affair will take. Some think the case will be abandoned for want of sufficient evidence. On the other hand, it is claimed that new evidence has been procured, and that it is designed to vigorously push the case to a speedy conclusion.

—The following items of foreign news came through the cable on Thursday, 25th: It has been decided at Manchester to work the mills only on short time. The treaty between Prussia and Saxony has been fully ratified. Pursuant to its provisions Saxony is to pay 20,000,000 florins. The army of Saxony has already been dissolved. The Baden House of Deputies have rejected the proposed alliance with Prussia. Rumors are current that changes in the French Cabinet are imminent. The threatened rupture is caused by the Emperor's insisting on the negotiation of a large loan. It is now said that the French troops will leave Rome in December. Field Marshal Benedek, of the Austrian army, has been placed on the retired list.

—On the 8th instant George Peabody enclosed to the Trustees of Harvard University an instrument giving $150,000 for the foundation and maintenance of a museum and professorship of American Archæology and Ethnology. Mr. Peabody suggests that in view of the gradual obliteration or destruction of the works and remains of ancient races of this continent, the labor of exploration and collection be commenced at as early a day as practicable; and also, that in the event of the discovery in America of human remains or implements of an earlier geological period than the present, especial attention be given to their study and their comparison with those found in other countries.

—The President will hereafter act upon the principle that the requisition of the Governor of any State, whatever may be his political status, or from whatever cause the difficulty may arise, must be responded to.

—The message of Governor Dillingham to the Legislature of Vermont exhibits a State debt of $1,125,000, to meet which and current expenses will require a tax of forty-five cents on the dollar on the grand list. Vermont, it is shown, contributed 34,238 men to the war. The project of the Reform School Farm is fairly under way, and, it is to be hoped, will not fail as was the case at the outset with the Massachusetts Agricultural College, from having too many Trustees in every part of the State. The Governor presents the Constitutional Amendment, with the remark that Vermont would have welcomed with still greater enthusiasm such a reorganization of the rebellious communities as would have given to every man, white and black, equal civil and political rights.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

FROM WABASHAW.

Brutal Historical Society Murder and Robbed of $200.

WABASHAW, Oct. 27th.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the 24th of this month, in the town of Highland, in this county, Ulrich Vandwald while going from this place to Plainview in a buggy, was murdered and robbed of $200, watch and other articles, by some unknown person. The County has offered $500 reward for the apprehension of the perpetrator.

Signed, JOHN B. DAVIS, Att'y.

Enthusiastic Meeting in Minneapolis —Gen. Andrews and Mr. Heard.

Special Dispatch to St. Paul Press:

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 27—9 P. M.

Notwithstanding the weather, Harrison's Hall was the scene of an enthusiastic meeting this evening, on the occasion of the visit of Gen. Andrews and Mr. Heard. The meeting was called to order and Mr. Hill, of the firm of Jas. Canny & Co., was chosen chairman, and Mr. Plummer, of the *Chronicle*, secretary. Gen. Andrews was introduced to the audience by the chairman as a disciple of the lamented Douglas, who classified the nation into two parties, patriots and traitors. The General led a regiment through the din of battle.

The General's speech related principally to the political state of the country before the war and subsequently thereto. Mr. Heard followed in his usual forcible manner, and the meeting closed.

The Telegraph Down East of La Crosse.

LA CROSSE, Oct. 27—9 P. M.

The stormy weather has broken down both wires between this place and Milwaukee. No dispatches have been received to-day.

The Storm on Lake Pepin.

Special Dispatch to St. Paul Press.

LAKE CITY, Oct. 27th.—The wind is blowing hard on Lake Pepin. No boats have passed through since morning.

THE FENIAN TRIALS.

Conviction and Sentence of Col. Lynch.

Special Dispatch to Chicago Tribune.

TORONTO, C. W., Oct. 25.—The trial of Col. Lynch, of Louisville, Ky., one of the Fenian prisoners, was resumed today. The witnesses for the defense were examined.

Rev. John McMcMahon, one of the Fenian prisoners, was the first witness sworn and examined: I am a Roman Catholic clergyman, and have seen the prisoner before. It was on the 1st day of June. I saw him on that occasion at a place they called the camp, near Fort Erie. He had some paper in his hand, and appeared to be taking notes. He told me he was a newspaper reporter from some place. I did not hear him give any command. He had no firearms with him. I was afterwards arrested with him near Fort Erie.

Mary Hyle—I am the mother of Thos. Hyle, who was examined as Queen's evidence here yesterday.

Mr. Martin—Do you think he ought to be believed on his oath?

Mr. Cameron—I object to the question put in that shape.

Mr. Martin—What is the character of your son?

Witness—Very bad.

Mr. Martin—Would you, as his mother, believe him on oath?

Witness—I would not.

Rev. Mr. Lumsden, one of the Fenian prisoners—I saw the prisoner at Fort Erie on the first day of June; I saw him taking notes at the time; then he had no sword on, but may have had one concealed; in appearance the prisoner is not unlike General O'Neil. He is about the same height and complexion, and walks the same. Was satisfied that he saw him taking notes.

Upward of a dozen other witnesses were called, all Fenian prisoners, to prove that Lynch had only accompanied the Fenian army as a newspaper correspondent. Their testimony, however, was very weak, being afraid to criminate themselves.

Mr. Martin, counsel for the prisoner, addressed the jury for the defence, in a long and able speech, and Solicitor General Cockburn replied for the crown. He said if the jury believed the evidence that had been adduced for the crown, they must convict. The prisoner had set up that he was a reporter for the Louisville *Journal*, and that in that capacity he came over with the Fenians. Why, if employed as such, did he not summon the proprietor of the *Journal* to prove the statement. He argued strongly that the crown had sustained their indictment.

The Judge then charged the jury, who retired and returned in an hour with a verdict of guilty.

Before sentence was passed on the prisoner, the Judge asked him if he had anything to say why the sentence of death should not be passed upon him. He stated that his counsel labored under great disadvantages in not being able to procure witnesses from the States; that he came over as a reporter, not knowing that he was breaking the laws of the Province in doing so. He declared that he took no part in the invasion, and expressed his sincere thanks to the learned counsel who conducted the prosecution, and to the court and jury for the attention which they had given to his case, and for the impartial manner in which he had been tried.

The Judge then proceeded to pass sentence, stating that he regretted having to pass sentence of death upon a man who, from his appearance, must have moved in the upper ranks of society. He sentenced him to be hanged on Thursday, the 13th day of December next, and that he had very little hope for mercy.

Crops in Red River Settlement.

By the *Nor-wester* of Oct. 6, we learn that the farmers of that hyperborean region have been much more highly favored in their harvests this year than have ours in this temperate zone. The *Nor-wester* says:

Once again we have cause to rejoice at the rich return of our harvest. Our fertile soil has again given us its accustomed yield, and the promise of plenty to the golden gleam of many a waving wheat field has been more than fulfilled. Except in some chance spots, there has been in the Settlement proper, an abundant yield. Nor is this confined to the cereals, for the root crops have produced in like abundance, and it was everywhere felt to be well that the ecclesiastical and civil authorities had ordered last Wednesday to be kept as a day of Thanksgiving. Some sections, it is true, have suffered a little from the early frost, and the blackbirds have visited others in more than usual numbers, but the average return is exceedingly good. The White Horse Plains are said to have produced fifty bushels to the acre and the middle and lower settlements are not far behind, as comparatively little of the grain has as yet been threshed, we cannot state the exact average, but the best judges seem to be certain of its reaching, if not exceeding, forty bushels to the acre.

—A writer in the Montreal *Witness*, in view of the many enterprises going forward in this age, says: "There is, it appears to us, yet another opening for a company, namely, a Petroleum, Salt and Sulphur Company, to buy up the lands around the Dead Sea, and develop the immense treasures which they contain."

THE LATE CYCLONE.

800 Houses and Eighteen Vessels Destroyed at Turk's Island.

HALIFAX, Oct. 25.—The schooner Victor makes the following report:

Turk's Island, on the 30th of September (Sunday) was visited by a terrific hurricane, destroying over eight hundred houses.

Twenty lives were lost and a number of persons were crippled and otherwise injured. Over three thousand persons were rendered homeless, penniless and almost naked. The whole laboring portion of the colony is in the most destitute condition.

The government house and public offices were shattered.

One hundred and twenty thousand bushels of salt were swept away.

Six foreign and twelve island crafts were lost with twenty of their crews.

At Salt Bay the ruin is equally severe. Five vessels are ashore, and at Cockburn harbor the ruin is quite as great. Scarcely enough houses remain to shelter the destitute. Four more vessels were lost.

—The Emperor of Austria is not satisfied with the result of the late war. He has learned no other lesson from his defeat than that of an unconquerable hate and an undying desire for revenge. He is already massing once more his legions. Every man, almost every child, capable of bearing arms is to be taught the art of war, and measures are being taken to render possible a vast conscription of the entire population of the Austrian Empire. The dogged obstinacy of the Hapsburgs is as rampant as ever, and the otherwise eminently praiseworthy young Emperor is determined to strike one more blow for the restoration of his once mighty empire to her old rank in the councils of nations.

—The government of Count Bismark has complained to the Cabinet of Vienna of the publicity given to the protest by the Austrian press, to which complaint the Austrian Minister replied that he did not recognize in anybody the right of controlling the acts or proceedings of a sovereign placed under the protection of Austrian hospitality. The press was free throughout the Empire, and now is dependent on an administrative direction, and that anybody that considered himself injured by it could have recourse to the ordinary tribunals.

DIED.

At the International Hotel, St. Paul, Minn., on Saturday afternoon, the 27th of October, in the 25th year of his age, of heart disease, Mr. JONATHAN KNIGHT, son of Edward C. and Anne M. Knight, of Philadelphia, Pa.

New Advertisements.

For Advertisements of Wants and For Sale see Fourth Page.

D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co.,

JOBBERS OF

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Toys, Fancy Goods,

and NOTIONS,

AT 190 THIRD STREET,

Would invite the attention of country merchants to the large stock of NEW GOODS they have in store for the Fall and Winter Trade, which they are selling on very favorable terms for cash. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy all that we are selling our goods at a very small margin for profits. oc6

AUCTION SALE

OF

FINE FURNITURE.

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30th, at 10 A. M.,

Fairchild & Co., Auctioneers,

Sell at the residence of Mr. PHELPS, on 10th street, four doors west of St. Peter street,

ONE SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO,
VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,
THREE-PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETS,

A HANDSOME PARLOR SET, (embracing Sofa, Marble Top Table, four Chairs and two Easy Chairs, one Chamber Set,) Mirror, Etagere, Hat Stand, Sofa, Lounge, two Banning Stoves, Bedstead, Chairs, Extension Table, Dining and Kitchen Chairs, SEWING MACHINE, Lamps, Clocks, Crockery and Kitchen Ware, &c.

FAIRCHILD & CO.,
oct23-3t Auctioneers.

ENGINES AND BOILERS,

Of 25 & 50 Horse Power

WITH BOILERS TO MATCH.

OXEN---TWO YOKE

Suitable for Pluery work.

oct28 1w WM. L. AMES.

Ease and Economy IN WASHING.

SHIRRELL'S KULLIYUN WASHING CRYSTAL

Renders Hard Water Soft,

And brings Linen Beautifully White.

Families using "Kullyun Washing Crystal," will find that it

SAVES TIME, TEMPER,

Soap and Labor,

And it is warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

Nothing has ever been introduced in this country which has effected such a wonderful change upon washing days. For Linens and heavy washes it cannot be surpassed. For Laces and Fine Fabrics it is unequalled. It does not injure the color of Prints, but strengthens and improves them. By its use they retain their original brilliancy. White things are much improved, and will not turn yellow, even if put by for months. Flannels become white and soft like new. In fact, it improves every article washed, and it is warranted in every case not to injure any fabric. It will be found invaluable for the following domestic purposes, viz:

It washes all kinds of things, such as Muslins, Lace, Crochet Work, Baby Linen, &c.

Cleansing Sponges, Combs and Brushes.

Removing Stains from the hands and Grease from Carpets, Cloth, Flannel, &c.

Cleansing Oil Cloth and Woolwork without injury to the Colors or Paint.

For sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Agents, St. Paul, Minn.

SHIRRELL, FISHER & CO., Proprietors, 172 Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.

oct6 eodsm

OF ALL MUSIC BOOKS FOR the young "MERRY CHIMES" is universally admitted to be the best. This new book of Mr. L. O. Emerson's has already met with a sale altogether unprecedented—and though his previous work, "The Golden Wreath," reached *its three hundredth edition of one thousand copies each*, present appearances indicate that the "Merry Chimes" will go beyond it. The Elementary Department contains just those peculiar elements that attract and retain the attention of children. The songs are not old and time worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions and alive with the spirit of the times. Price 50 cents a copy—$5.00 a dozen. Specimen pages sent on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
oct27 277 Washington street, Boston.

Dr. Simonton

Has introduced the NITROUS OXIDE, or LAUGHING GAS, at his Office, Ingersoll's Block. Now is the time to have Teeth extracted and laugh while it is being done. oct

HOGAN & NICHOLS,

DRY GOODS,

164 THIRD STREET.

In opening out to the public we deem it proper to state that our

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

Is the Finest and most Elegantly Fitted Store Room in the Northwest, and it is filled with a

Staple and Fancy Stock

well assorted and all

FRESH AND NEW.

We have no Old Goods to Mark Down.

We mean that our Retail Customers shall share the advantage which buying goods by the package gives us.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that, with a

SEPARATE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT,

and a heavy stock, we are prepared to do a Jobbing Trade. WE PROPOSE TO MAKE IT FOR THE INTEREST OF DEALERS TO BUY THEIR DRY GOODS IN ST. PAUL AND TO BUY THEM OF US. In many lines of goods we offer rare bargains. We assure them we shall sell goods low to prompt trade. By fair dealing and truthful representations we propose to merit and expect to obtain at least our share of patronage.

EDWARD HOGAN,
CHAS. NICHOLS.

oct17

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

KEYSTONE

THE GREATEST

FUEL-SAVING STOVE

IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

C. L. GRANT,

SOLE AGENT,

113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.

oct16-1m-1stp

SPECIAL SALE

OF

WHITE AND COLORED

BLANKETS,

At 10 per Cent Below Value

TO THE TRADE.

Also at Retail at the

ONE PRICE

DRY GOODS HOUSE

OF

JOHN H. CAMP,

142 Third street,

oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND

Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the

LATEST STYLES

OF

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS,

Thursday, Oct. 4th.

oct2

LUMBER WAGONS, OF BEST Linen make, warranted the best in Market, just received and for sale by

A. H. WILDER & CO.

St. Paul, May 14, 1 apl1

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

HATS, CAPS, FUR

AND

MILLINERY GOODS!

199 Third street,

(INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.)

☞OUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct6-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

Office on Jackson street,

OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.

oct19-2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing Co.

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF CLOAK TRIMMINGS IN THE STATE AT THE OLD DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT, ELFELT'S, Third street, St. Paul.

oct16-1stp

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A

FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,

I am now prepared to execute

COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,

Cartes de Visite, &c.,

IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying. A. SINCLAIR.

oct6

Northwestern Steam Bakery!

Giles & Passavant, Proprietors.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Bread, Cakes, Grackers, Pies; &c.;

N. B.—ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO oct5-1stp&w

HARVEY OFFICER,

Attorney at Law, Office over Parker Paine's Bank, Third street, St. Paul, Minn. nov8

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!

Fall & Winter Stock of

Clothing, Cloths,

CASSIMERES,

HATS, CAPS,

AND

MENS' FURNISHING GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.

Clothing Manufactured to Order

In a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.

T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf

ROBES!

Buffalo Robe Overcoats

At Wholesale.

T. B. CAMPBELL,
oct3-1stp-tc 156 Third street.

LAMPS!

A large stock of

LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS

Lamp Wick and Lanterns,

Just received at the

CROCKERY HOUSE

OF

Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,

Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons

OHIO STONE WARE,

JUST RECEIVED.

jan1-d&w1y-1st

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,

Chemists & Druggists,

Pure Unadulterated Drugs,

FINE CHEMICALS,

CHOICE PERFUMERY,

Toilet Articles in Sets,

And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the

New Drug Store,

IN ROGERS' BLOCK,

227 Third Street

mp20-1y-1st ST. PAUL, MINN

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,

No. 187 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,

1,000 Stoves,
600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,
10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead
3,000 lbs. Pig Tin,
3,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,
2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,
500 Pumps,
200 Bundles Wire,
5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.
500 Boxes Tin Plate,
2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,

Together with a large variety of

TINNERS' STOCK

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

☞Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp

P. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.

NASH & MURPHY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

PRODUCE AND LIQUORS

WABASHAW STREET,

Between Third & Fourth

Adjoining the Opera House.

sep25-1stp

NEW THING

IN

LIFE INSURANCE!

{DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.} {NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!}

THE UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of New York City.

Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations, $200,000.

Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two millies dollars.

All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from

Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower

Than charged by

Mutual Life Insurance Companies,

Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL

Is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a

Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.

Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to

O. CURTIS, State Agent,

Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.

aug15 1y-1stp

PRATT & HUGHSON,

AT

No. 221 Third street,

(ROGER'S BLOCK.)

Are now receiving the largest and best selected stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

Ever brought to this city, expressly for the Retail Trade, among which is a full assortment from the manufactory of

E. C. Burt, of New York.

We warrant our goods and sell as cheap as any other house in the city. No trouble to show goods.

☞WE MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES. sep30-1stp

GLOBE HOTEL

On the European Plan.

Now open at the

Corner Third and Jackson-sts.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.

J. E. TASCOTT, Proprietor.

sp27

NOTICE TO SETTLERS

ON

RAILROAD LANDS

OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION
ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.

All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.

WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
33	28	122	25
34	28	121	26
35	28	122	26
34	29	122	27
35	29	123	27
36	29	123	28
35	30	124	28
36	30	123	28
36	31	123	29
37	31	123	29
38	31	126	29

OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
36	28	123	28
37	28	122	29
38	28	123	29
38	29	124	29
39	29	125	29
37	29	126	29
38	29	127	29
36	30	123	30
37	30	124	30
38	30	125	30
39	30	126	30
39	31	127	30
		126	31
		127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER,

President and Land Commissioner.

sep22-6m-1stpd&w

New Advertisements.

MILLINERY!

Our Fall Stock is now complete, comprising

Rich Millinery,

CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS

ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,

Shawls, Dress Trimmings

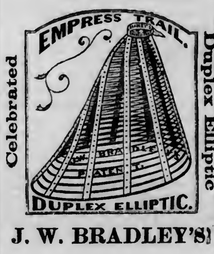
AND

Dry Goods Generally.

☞We invite the attention of country dealers to the above. MRS. BUGAR,
sep27 161 Third street.

FASHIONS 1866

DEMAND



J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX

ELLIPTIC

Or Double Spring

SKIRTS!

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Make sales of Furniture, Stock, Merchandise and Real Estate in Ramsey or any of the adjacent counties.

They also receive goods on commission sell at private sale.

They have a large Hall in the second story for the sale of Furniture. They are prepared to pay Furniture or other goods in large or small quantities, or advance liberally on consignments.

They keep always on hand a good stock of Staple Dry Goods, of Clothing, of Boots and Shoes, of Hats and Caps, and Notions, which they sell at wholesale or retail, at much less than regular prices.

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TO OUR CUSTOMERS

AND OTHERS.

We would respectfully state that we are now receiving our Fall Stock of CLOTHING, which was made to our order (Custom Made,) the material and style of which are good. The advantages we offer in Assortment, Goods and Price, we trust will be sufficient inducement for an examination of the same.

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Third-st., above Minnesota-st.

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Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France, Sweden and Norway.*

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National Bank of St. Paul

Paid up Capital $200,000.

This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to Banks, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business

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Collections upon all accessible points in Northwest will be made and remitted for on day of payment at current rates of exchange. High est Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. The Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and these notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.

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St. Paul, July 9th, 1866 apr-y-1st ¶

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Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,

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ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.

A fine Residence and fifteen acres of ground, in the city limits, with good view, near the St. Anthony road.

A fine Residence and large Lot on Ninth street, near Jackson street, with every convenience.

A comfortable house (two stories) on Fort street, with well, barn, &c., for sale cheap.

Several cottages on Eighth street, lower town.

House and Lot corner of Seventh and Minnesota streets; two story house—very cheap.

Lot 2, block 10, Robert & Randall's Addition, on Jackson street, near Methodist Church; time given at 7 per cent.

Lot 7, block 7, Baril & Guerin, on 6th street, corner Wabashaw.

Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley.

Lots 1 and 7, block 2, Baril & Guerin, Wabashaw street, corner 11th.

Lot 8, block 14, Kittson, corner 8th and Pine-sts

Fifty feet on Wabashaw street, near Sixth.

Two Lots, 50x100 each, on Pearl street, near Canada—excellent building lots—$350 each.

Twelve Lots in Kittson's Addition, four of them on Lower Third street, for sale together at a great bargain.

Fourteen Lots in Stinson, Brown & Ramsey's Addition, $600 for all.

Lots 1 and 2, block 7, Brunson's Addition, near the extension of Seventh street—each 50x200 feet.

Store and Dwelling corner of Jackson and Ninth streets, lot 50x85 feet.

Lots, 4, 5, 8 and 1, block 2, Randall's Addition, 200 feet on Jackson street.

Lots 3 and 4, block 26, Kittson's Addition, corner of Olive street—an excellent building site.

Twenty Lots on Mississippi street, near the Railroad Depot, for sale at low rates on long time.

The Sandford Mill property, near Grieg's Brewery, with the buildings and improvements.

An excellent farm adjoining the town of Belle Plaine; and houses and lots, residence and business lots, and farms and farming lands in all parts of the city and State.

Furnished houses to rent. Auction sales twice a month.

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The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 28, 1866

THE EXECUTIVE DECLARATION OF WAR.

The hope which has been growing in the public mind that President Johnson was about to recede from his attitude of hostility to the Constitutional Amendment, and to recommend its adoption by his experimental State organizations, is exploded with the official manifesto against that amendment, which we publish elsewhere in our columns. The letter of Secretary Browning is sent to the country by the President's desire, as an expression of his views on the issues before the country, and has, therefore, all the significance of a declaration of perpetual war on the part of the Executive against the restoration policy of Congress. As an argument against the Amendment it is as stale as it is fallacious; and it has been so often answered that it is hardly worth while to repeat a task which the matured conclusions of an enlightened public sentiment have rendered superfluous.

Mr. Browning, for instance, quotes from the first section of the Amendment the clause: "No State shall deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law," and declares its effect to be to subordinate the State judiciary to the Federal courts, and that proceedings in the State courts for offences against State laws may be stopped by an appeal to the Federal tribunals. But it only in one case the Federal courts can intervene to stay proceedings in the State court or reverse its judgments, and that is when it undertakes to inflict punishment "*without due process of law.*" Is there any objection to that? No objection certainly on the ground of justice to the citizen. On what ground then? Browning tells us that if this power of interference with the action of State courts or State laws is lodged in the Federal courts, that it will grow aggressive, and that by and by it will supplant the jurisdiction of the State courts in all matters. This is a sinister speculation, based on no rational grounds and wholly unwarranted by experience.

The Constitution as it now is, contains a number of provisions specifically limiting the power of States—prohibiting them from passing a variety of laws, and among other prohibitions is this, that "no State shall pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto law*, or law impairing the obligation of contracts." States nevertheless have passed such laws—their courts have sustained them—and they have been frequently carried by appeal to the Federal courts, which have reversed the decisions of the State tribunals. All this without the slightest jar between the judicial machinery of the State and nation, or the slightest tendency of the latter to infringe on the jurisdiction of the former, and the same thing will happen under the first section.

If the State courts, acting with or without the authority of State laws, shall unjustly attempt to deprive the citizens of the United States of life, liberty or property, "without due process of law," the courts of the United States will interfere, upon appeal, to remedy the injustice. The occasions for such interference, so far from increasing, will rapidly diminish and soon disappear entirely, as unequal and oppressive laws disappear from the statute books of some of the States, and local courts become less and less the engines of a brutal system of class oppression. So far from there being a tendency to a concentration of power in Congress or in Federal courts, our whole history shows that the tendency is in precisely the opposite direction, and there is quite as little danger that the legislative or judicial powers of the States will be superseded by Congressional laws and Federal courts, as that Andrew Johnson could become, what he thinks he might be, a dictator. The people of the United States are amply able to defend their liberties, and their rights, from invasion from any source, as Mr. Johnson will find before they get through with him.

Mr. Browning's objection to the second section of the amendment is too feeble to deserve notice. His objections to the third section that it excludes from office some of the most intelligent and best educated men of the South, would have some force, if intelligence and education were any palliation for perjury and treason.

The general opinion happens to be that these circumstances aggravate the guilt of the parties. But it is too late for any arguments that Mr. Browning can devise to change the settled purpose of the loyal people to take security against a new rebellion by the exclusion of this Amendment as a condition [of restoration; and all the effect that this new proclamation of war against the people—this new challenge of defiance—can have, is to stimulate their patriotism to a grander effort, and inflame their indignation to a more consuming fire.

A GOOD REPUBLICAN!

In one column the *Pioneer* denounces the Republican policy of restoration as "infamous," and avers that "it cannot be defended on any principle of law, justice and right," and in another it solicits the votes of Republicans for Colville, who has declared himself in favor of that policy, on the ground that the Press has certified to him as a "good Republican."

No, sir, not as a "good Republican," but as the very worst specimen of a bad Republican possible—a false-hearted, treacherous, double-faced, unprincipled, sneaking, hypocritical Republican; a double renegade who is alike false to the cause he has deserted and false to that he has espoused; a shallow demagogue withal, with just low cunning enough to lie, but without shrewdness enough to deceive—a bungling cheat whose stupidity is the wretched marplot of the swindlers whose poor tool he is.

A "good Republican" indeed. No, sir, he is not a good Republican, for these, among a multitude of equally conclusive reasons:

1. Good Republicans are not nominated for Congress by Democratic conventions.

2. Good Republicans do not run as Democratic candidates for Congress.

3. Good Republicans are not supported for office by the Democratic party.

4. The *Pioneer* is not in the habit of advocating the election of good Republicans to Congress.

5. Such blatant Copperheads as W. W. Phelps, Eugene Wilson, D. A. Robertson and John B. Brisbin do not expend their wealth of oratory for the election of good Republicans.

6. The Democratic organ and the Democratic orators do not urge the election of good Republicans to Congress as a means and for the proclaimed purpose of defeating the Republican policy of restoration.

7. Good Republicans do not turn good Republicans out of office, for no other reason than their fidelity to Republican principles, and fill their places with the professed enemies of the Republican party and cause.

If Col. Colville shall promptly resign the degrading position which he occupies as the Democratic candidate for Congress—if, instead of laboring for the defeat, he shall from this time forward work and vote for the success of the Republican party and its regularly nominated representatives; and, if, finally, he shall cease to affiliate with the copperheads who put him in nomination, and clothe himself in penitential sack-cloth and ashes for his past disgraceful connection with them—he might perhaps, after a purgatorial bleaching on the grass for fifty years and a thorough change of linen, be regarded as in a fair way of ultimately becoming with the aid of Divine grace, in some far off future state of existence, a good Republican.

THE NEW YORK PAPERS ON THE EXECUTIVE MANIFESTO.

All the New York papers devote considerable comment to the letter of Secretary Browning, the main portions of which we gave elsewhere. The telegraph brings us the following extracts. The *Times* remarks:

In many respects we apprehend that the document will operate mischievously, and that its publication is a mistake that will add to the difficulties of the President's policy. If it has any significance, it is equal to a declaration on his part, that, notwithstanding the action of Congress and the determination of the North he intends so continue his opposition to the amendment, and his efforts to defeat its ratification. There can be but regrets that the attitude of the President is unchanged. It was bad enough to know that the irresistible current of Northern opinion in favor of the amendment had neither convinced him of its necessity nor taught him the inutility of further resistance to it; but the latter becomes a grievous error when it is considered as a causeless, gratuitous expression of opinion by the Executive on a grave question of policy, at a time and in form which can only serve to aggravate existing ill-will, and intensify the bitterness which unhappily characterizes the discussion. It cannot have been deemed requisite to make known to the views entertained by the President touching the amendment, for these were long ago communicated to Congress, together with the reasoning upon which they are based, nor has aught occurred which could have afforded a pretext for the opposition which recent events have shown to be bootless.

The President's experience in speech making should have satisfied him of the futility of his efforts to stem the tide, and win the control, ling element to his side. The prevailing assumption is that inasmuch as the President, by his persistent opposition to the settled objects of the Northern people, rendered them firmer than ever before, this manifesto over Browning's signature will tend to strengthen the power of Congress, and make more determined the demand of the amendment as a groundwork of national compromise. The more judicious friends of the President did hope that the verdict of the people, as heard in the recent elections, would influce him to reconsider his course, and to recommend the amendment to the favorable consideration of the Southern States. When the emptiness of this declaration became apparent, a desire was manifested by many who had stood faithfully by him that he should, at any rate waive his opposition, and let the issue be fought out without his interference, one way or the other.

The *Tribune* says:

The President and Mr. Browning believe that it is not certain that two will save the government. To this the American people offer indignant denial. The dread which Mr. Johnson and his advisers affect, that the government is in danger of destruction, is not felt by the people; and still less do they fear that their direct representatives in Congress are the enemies of its existence.

The *Evening Post* characterizes it as "an ill-timed and illogical document." The *World*, deriving new courage from this Presidential declaration of war upon the constitutional amendment, asks the South to reject the constitutional amendment. It says it has taken pains to gauge the sentiment of the Democracy upon the subject, and adds:

The result is a conviction that the Northern Democracy will never indorse the amendment as a condition of restoration. If we might take it upon us to advise our Southern fellow-citizens, we would counsel them to reject the proposed amendment; to yield obedience to all constitutional law; to maintain order; to protect and encourage the freedmen by equal laws, and to abstain carefully from agitating questions of Federal politics, as if they had concern in them. This is their only hope of redress; and when it becomes evident that they are determined to await the turn with dignified reserve; that they will neither humiliate themselves nor disturb the peace of the country; that they will abstain from all agitation, but quietly demean themselves as law abiding citizens, and patiently await the result; nothing will shake the resolution of the Northern Democracy not to be parties to their further humiliation.

We received yesterday, a letter from Farmington, containing a report of the Republican meeting at that place on the 20th inst., at which Gen. Sanborn spoke. The letter was postmarked "Farmington, Oct. 22d." It made excellent time, coming no part of the distance by telegraph but all the way by rail; still the news is rather old for a daily paper, and we therefore omit it.

A DISPATCH from Washington of the 25th, states that Gen. Sherman had arrived there, and would be a guest of Gen. Grant's. The exceedingly well-informed correspondent of the Milwaukee *Sentinel* says that the General is there to arrange for a vigorous Indian campaign, the necessity for which is overwhelming.

THE Louisville *Journal* says: "It is funny to hear a fellow, too drunk to stand, talk about his stand-point." Can this be intended as a fling at A. J.?

STATE NEWS.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.—Democratic Legislative nominations:

Senator—James A. Wiswell.

Representatives—James G. Thompson and P. D. Rutledge.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.—(Houston Co.)—Democratic nominations.

Senator—J. B. Le Blond.

Representatives—E. McIntyre, J. O. Narum

GOING TO FARMING.—The Hastings *Gazette* learns that Gen. S. P. Jennison purchased a section of school land in the vicinity of Farmington, and intends becoming a resident of that county next season.

CENSUS OF WINONA.—The *Republican* gives the following as the recent school census of that city:

ADULTS.

Males	1,689	Females	1,33

BETWEEN FIVE AND TWENTY-ONE.

Males	932	Females	1,020

UNDER FIVE.

Males	379	Females	405
Totals	3,000		2,760
			5,760

Grand total of population.....5,760

The increase in the adult population during the year was 655—of which number 422 were males and 233 females. The increase in persons between the ages of 5 and 21 was 402—177 being males and 225 females. The increase in the number of children under 5 years was 109: of these 47 were males and 62 females. Total increase during the year, 1,166—or about 25 per cent.

The following table shows the progress made by Winona in population since 1860; United States census of June, 1860, population.....2,000

State census of June, 1865.....1,491

School census of October, 1865.....1,594

School census of October, 1866.....2,760

STEPPING ON HIS TOES.—The Owatonna *Journal* says a neighboring townsman, Newell Abbott, of Medford, met with quite a serious accident the other day. In trying to step upon the engine to the freight train, he lost his footing in some way, so that one of his feet came under the wheel, and received a serious bruising, rendering amputation of some of his toes necessary. It was exceedingly fortunate that he escaped with no more injury than this, as railroad engines are rather dangerous things to be capering about over one's toes.

U. S. COLLECTOR.—H. C. Butler, Esq., has been appointed Deputy Collector of Revenue for Olmsted county. He takes the books and funds from O. P. Whitcomb, who has held the position ever since the existence of the office.

BROKEN BACK.—A young man named Henry Peake, while pitching hay on the farm of Henry Postler, five or six miles west of Rochester, on last Wednesday, fell off the stack and broke his arm and dislocated his shoulder and both shoulders. He has lost the use of his limbs and probably will not survive the accident. Dr. Galloway has done all that could be done for his relief.

MOOSE CAUGHT IN BRAIDS.—The Winona *Democrat* has been presented by Mr. Charles Fletcher, of West Burns Valley, Winona county, with two cabbage heads, each weighing thirty pounds. They are very solid and the largest seen this year. Mr. Fletcher says he raised a large number of heads that measured over forty-five to thirty pounds each. The St. Cloud laurels in the cabbage head line appear to be eclipsed.

MAN SHOT.—A young man whose name we did not learn, was found at the foot of the Canfield Hill, lying in his buggy shot through the head, the ball entering the face at the cheek bone and coming out just at the edge of the hair. We were unable to learn whether he was robbed of his money or not.—*Wabashaw Herald.*

SALOON QUARREL.—In Winona, on the evening of the 24th, two men named Mouk, father and son, were badly beaten in the Branch Saloon on the corner of Third and Main streets. The elder Mouk had his nose horribly disfigured, and he was also otherwise injured; the younger one was severely beaten about the head and face. The assailants were said to be two young men named Chas. Irwin and Mike Hunley, the last named a brother to the proprietor of the saloon. Whisky was at the bottom of the affray.

A BIG BEAR.—Mr. T. B. Stanley, of Maine Prairie, brought into St. Cloud a bear, shot by his son, which weighed 320 pounds net. It was a monster, and very fat. Mr. T. Alden was the purchaser.

CABBAGE HEAD.—Mr. John Brakefield, of Avon, Stearns county, left at the office of the St. Cloud *Journal* last week a cabbage which weighed, unstripped, *thirty-four pounds.* It weighs now, with all the outer leaves cut off, *twenty-nine pounds and a half.* Can any locality beat this?

DEATH OF COL. MARKHAM.—Col. William Markham, formerly of Rochester, Minn., died at Asbury, Kansas, of typhoid fever, on the 8th of this month. Col. Markham was unanimously elected Captain of the first Company of Volunteers raised in Olmsted county, Co. B. of the Second Regiment. He passed through the battle of Mill Springs with distinguished coolness and gallantry, and was afterwards appointed Major of the Ninth Regiment and held the rank of Lt. Colonel, and Colonel by Brevet at the close of the war. With his regiment, he participated in the terrible fighting that charterized the battles of Guntown, Tupello and Nashville, and everywhere gained himself as a good soldier and a brave man.

FATAL SHOT.—The St. Cloud *Journal* reports the particulars of an accident which occurred at Osakis Lake on the 11th. Mr. T. Gordon was hunting deer, and about dusk came to a large marsh. Some distance off, in the tall grass, he espied what he thought was a deer, and taking good aim fired. The shot proved fatal to a Norwegian named Nelson, the ball entering his abdomen and coming out at the spine. He lived three days. The man had on a fur cap and russet colored coat, so that, in the high grass, with the fading light, he was readily mistaken for a deer. He leaves a destitute family.

A GAY HUNT AND GAY HUNTERS.—The St. Cloud *Journal* of the 25th is responsible for the following story: Last week a couple of lively New York city chaps came here for a big hunt. They purchased rifles, shot guns, revolvers, bowie-knives, cartridges and ammunition by the quantity, and thus equipped started for Sauk Centre. Arriving at that place they called upon Mr. S. Fender, gast, a genuine Nimrod, as well as a wag, and told him they had jolly sport on their way up—had never seen so much game in all their lives—had shot lots of it—some very large black colored birds and some smaller ones, subsequent inquiry revealed that their "game" consisted of crows and blackbirds. Mr. P. at once advised them to proceed to the big woods where they could kill deer, and might very probably come across a bear; that latter were gentle creatures, and not at all what they were generally believed to be. These silly sports thereupon girded themselves in their armor, and started for the forests. Surely enough they did come across a bear, and incontinently blazed away at him. Bruin, being slightly wounded, elevated himself on his hind legs.—Thereupon one of the hunters threw down his rifle and ran up to him, when his bearship swung around one of his claws, splitting one of the unfortunate individuals ears and tearing the side of his face badly. The other in a fit of frightened rashness, rushed forward and thrust a knife into the bear's throat, killing him. As soon as the enemy was dead, a strange fear seized upon the hunters. They threw down their guns and ammunition, stripped off their coats, hats and vests and threw them on the ground, and rushed into Sauk Centre clad only in the light, airy and picturesque costume of a shirt and pair of drawers each. They took the stage next morning for this place, and got aboard the early train for St. Paul, vowing that they had "seen enough of the West," and were bound for New York. One of the individuals has an ear that his friends will always be able to recognize him by—a life long *souvenir* of a friendly hug from a Minnesota bear.

THE EUROPEAN UPSHOT.—It would be impossible to transfer to the English language the wit of this fine French *jeu d'esprit* on the situation of Europe resulting from the German war and its settlement:

"L'Italie est faite, et Rome contrefaite; l'Autriche est defaite, et l'Allemagne refaite; la Prusse est surfaite, la France parfaite, et l'Angleterre satisfaite."

The meaning may be approximately expressed thus:

Italy is finished and Rome is counterfeited;

Austria is undone and Germany is reconstructed;

Prussia is overgrown, France is just right and England is satisfied.

THE following startling threat was made use of the other day, by an excited pupilst: "I'll twist you round the neck, and ram you down your throat until there's nothing left of you but the extreme end of your shirt collar sticking out of your eyes." His opponent left.

THE SURE WITNESS.

BY ALICE CARY.

The solemn wood hail spread
Shadows around my head;
"Curtains they are," I said,
"Hung dim and still about the house of prayer."
Softly among the limbs,
Turning the leaves of hymns,
I heard the winds, and asked if God were there:
No voice replied, and while I listening stood,
Sweet peace made holy hushes through the wood.

With ruddy, open hand,
I saw the wild rose stand
Beside the green gate of the summer hills,
And, pulling at her dress,
I cried, "Sweet harmless,
Hast thou beheld Him who the dew distils?"
No voice replied, but while I listening bent,
Her gracious beauty made my heart content.

"The moon in splendor shone,
She walketh heaven alone,
And seeth all things," to myself I mused;
"Hast thou beheld Him then,
Who hides himself from men,
In that great power through nature interfused?"
No speech made answer, and no sign appeared,
But in the silence I was soothed and cheered.

Walking one time, strange awe
Thrilling my soul, I saw
A kingly splendor round about the night;
Such cunning work the hand
Of Spinner never planned—
The finest wool may not be washed so white.
"Hast thou come out of heaven," I asked;
and lo!
The snow was all the answer of the snow.

Then my heart said, "Give o'er;
Question no more, no more!
The wind, the snow-storm, the wild hermit flower,
The illuminated air,
The pleasure after prayer,
Proclaim the unoriginated Power!
The mystery that hides Him here and there
Bears the sure witness He is everywhere."

IS SHE A HEROINE?

That is the question I wish to put before the public. I have puzzled over it from morning until night, have dreamed about it, and got no further than this: I can find no solution thereof.

Her name was Minnie Blake, and she lived among the hills. No matter what hills. There are a great many in this country unknown to fame, and she lived among some of these. She dwelt in a rough frame house, and there was many more like it among these hills. That situation was bleak, and the soil so poor that the old men and small boys did all the farm work, while the rest of the people worked in the mines under the hills or in the factories of the dingy, smoky town that lay near them. The last were the aristocracy and looked down upon the miners, who were "foreign" and "low."

The people never "carried their lives about them like clogs?" hard labor was not a "dull pain" to them (unless they were rheumatic;) they did not look upon strangers with "pitiful, dumb, animal eyes;" they did not stalk along with bodies over-burdened and hearts "groaning down their miseries to keep them silent." Nothing of the kind. For relief to their physical miseries they resorted to intoxicating liquors, and as a soother of mental miseries, opinions were pretty equally divided between the Bible and the tavern. They did not strive to make out the problems of their lives;" for they had extremely vague ideas in regard to problems, and life to them was a simple thing enough.

They got pretty fair wages, and ate and drank, and slept, and talked politics, and some said prayers, and some did not, and they expected to go to heaven when they died. They shuffled along through life, half educated and happy, and sooty and conceited, got married and died, and that was the end of them. Let them go; for it is clear that such unnatural specimens of the laboring class can be no manner of use to the world.

Minnie Blake worked in a factory. She was not in the habit of standing by the looms, and thinking how they were crushing the beauty and sweetness of her life (she did not know that they were, she was so stupid,) nor did she wonder if they were "weaving the web of her destiny;" nor did she walk along the whirling wheels with great thoughts whirling through her dizzy brain. If she had done these things, her wages would have been docked, and she knew it.

Neither did she live on fruit and cream in the summer; and in the winter on "corn cakes tinted a delicate brown, and spread with golden butter." The fruit that grew on the hills was scraggy and sour, and the grass thin and poor, and half the year Minnie saw no butter. Mush and molasses, and bacon and brown bread constituted her regular fare. When the war broke out, she did not urge her only brother to go and pack his knapsack with smiling lips and tearful eyes, not she. For when at last he was drafted, she hid him in the day in a neighbor's barn, and when he was dragged out and marched off, she nearly broke her heart, and found solace in a battle, when he was reported "missing," she did not go into a state of musing melancholy, and fancy his lying in a lonely spot in a far off forest, with his musket resting at his side, and the waters of a still brook rippling gently over his still feet, and the picture that filled her mental vision was a room in a Canada tavern, with the "missing" one setting at a table with other choice spirits, playing the instructive game of poker, and with still other choice spirits in junk bottles on the tables. And so she dried her eyes and was content.

It was plain enough so far, that Minnie was no heroine, and so different was she from any other factory girl who ever lived or breathed—in books—that if I had not seen her last week, I should be disposed to believe that she never did exist at all, but that I dreamed all that I am going to tell you.

One pleasant Sunday morning, some two or three summers ago, Minnie went to church arrayed in her best. She wore a blue dress, not because it was "the color of truth and heaven," nor because it was "the outward symbol of the deep liquid purity of her soul," nor for any other reason of this kind, which factory girls have for wearing blue; but simply because it cost ten cents less in the yard than any other of the nice goods at Pool's store. She also wore a straw bonnet trimmed with green rosettes, a black silk shawl, and pink kid gloves. This was Minnie's idea of elegance. I know that working girls who have any claims to be heroines, have an intuitive perception of what is refined and harmonious, and it grieves me much to be compelled to admit that Minnie had not.

I have been particular in describing her dress, not that it has anything to do with the incident I am about to relate, which would have happened all the same whether she wore baize or broadcloth, but because the heroine's dress is always described when anything is going to happen to her. Minnie had a bright, active face, and looked pretty in spite of the conjunction of pink, blue, green, and black upon her small person.

When she arrived at church she found nearly all the congregation assembled, but the services had not begun, so after settling her dress and opening her fan, she looked demurely round to see what was to be seen. And the first sight that met her eyes so arrested her attention that she saw nothing more. Tom Hartle was looking at Kitty Smith! A young man gazing at a young girl is not a wonder upon earth; but this young man was Minnie's property. They had been engaged for some time, and until the Smiths came into the neighborhood, he had been a very attentive lover. Kitty was the prettiest girl in all that country. She had red lips and pink cheeks, and great innocent brown eyes, and the loveliest brown hair that was always kept short, and curled itself into shining rings all over her head.

Minnie knew that Tom had an unbounded admiration for Kitty Smith. It cut the poor girl to the very heart, but she did not neglect her work and go wandering about the woods in an insane manner, nor was she consumed by a "dumb, tearless sorrow." No. She gave Tom two or three good round scoldings about the matter; which he always answered by asserting that he cared nothing whatever for Kitty, but that he wasn't going to be such a slave that he couldn't look at a pretty girl; and then Minnie would take a cry, and then they would "kiss and make up."

But Tom had not been to see her now for two weeks, and in that time Minnie had thought over the matter a great deal and had begun to see the right way through it, as she would have expressed it. Some of these thoughts were in her mind now, but the minister gave out the hymn, and Minnie tried to put all such thoughts away; for she was a good, religious girl, and believed in everything that was proper and orthodox. I know that factory heroines are perpetually wondering why the All Powerful permits sin and then punishes it—why they are cursed with inherited vices—fearing to trust themselves to a cruel and gloomy faith. None of these doubts and fears had Minnie.

The congregation were accustomed to spend the intermission in the grave yard, where they gathered in groups to eat their lunch and to gossip. Minnie stole away to an uninviting spot where the old tombstones were half sunk in the earth, and the graves overgrown with weeds. Here she thought that she would not be followed, for she now wanted to think of Tom.

She had been there but a few moments when she saw him coming slowly toward her, with eyes bent on the ground.

"He is sorry, poor fellow!" she thought; "I know he is sorry."

Tom started on seeing her. "How you startle a fellow, Minnie!" he said. "And you look like a ghost. What is the matter? Does anything trouble you, Minnie?" he added in a more kindly tone.

Minnie did not lean her pale face against the tombstone and say: "God knows!" or look at him reproachfully like a dumb animal being led to slaughter, or any thing else she ought to have done. She looked at him with contempt and exclaiming: "Tom Hartle, your are a fool!" walked away as fast as she could, for fear she would cry, which was a weakness of hers.

She did not go far. The thought that Tom's unlucky question had dissipated, came back to her; turning suddenly round, she went back to the place where she had left him. He was leaning against the fence, looking at the hills in the distance with a sad and troubled face.

"Tom," said Minnie, laying her hand on his shoulder, "I know what you are thinking about. Don't grieve over it. It can't be helped, and you're not a bit to blame for it, and I guess it will all come out right in the end, somehow."

And she was gone before Tom quite comprehended her words.

Tom did not intend to walk home with Kitty Smith, but when they went out of church, and she looked at him with her great brown eyes, he was drawn to her by a magnet, and they walked side as by a magnet, and they walked home together. Minnie saw it, and it made her angry. Angry, that he had so little consideration for her after what she had said to him in the graveyard, and more angry because he did it in the sight of all the congregation, who knew and wondered at it, and pitied her.

Her road was the same as theirs, but she went round a longer way to the quarry, so as to avoid walking behind them. The quarry was half way home, and when she got there she sat down to rest in a thick growth of young pines, upon the summit of a breezy hill. But she was destined to find no mental repose that day, for she had not been there but a few minutes when Tom and Kitty came in sight. They should have been home by this time. They had loitered along the road. Minnie watched them as they seated themselves on the grass near her place of concealment, and she noted Kitty's coquettish ways, and Tom's increasing admiration.

"I wish she would slip into the quarry and break her neck," thought Minnie.

At last, on Kitty's expressing a wish for some wild gooseberries, Tom went off in search for some. He was gone a long time, and Kitty began to yawn, and Minnie wished most heartily he would come back, so they could go home and he could get away. Kitty spied a turf of columbines nodding on the very edge of the hill, and true to the natural instinct of gratifying a present pleasure without a thought beyond, she ran to them and plucked them up. The ground here was sloping, the grass dry and slippery. She felt herself swiftly gliding down the hill, and, clutching wildly at the air, she caught hold of a birch sapling as she swung off, which had been quarried away until its rocky sides were almost smooth for a descent of some forty feet. And there she hung—her only support the sapling which she grasped with her left hand, and which bent so with its weight that its plumed-top touched her head. She knew it must break soon, and she looked at the jagged rocks far below her and cried and shrieked for help.

If she had had any presence of mind she would have seen that she had one chance for her life. Minnie saw it in a flash, and called to her:

"Swing yourself a little to the right, Kitty, and put your feet upon that little point of rocks. Don't you see it?"

"I see it," shrieked Kitty, "but I can't do it. Help me! Oh, help me!"

Minnie ran to the spot. There was no friendly bush or rock to hold to—nothing but the shivering bank and slippery grass, and the one sapling which was the frail support of poor Kitty. She threw herself upon the ground, as far from the ledge as she could, and seized hold of poor Kitty's wrist.

"Now, Kitty, don't let go the sapling, and swing yourself upon that rock—you can easily do it."

"I can't do it! I shall fall if I try to move! Pull me up, Minnie, pull me up!"

"I can't," said Minnie. "The grass is slippery, and there is nothing to hold by, and I haven't the strength. Get on the rock; Tom will soon be here."

But the terror-stricken Kitty began to struggle, and Minnie felt herself moving towards the edge of that terrible precipice.

"You are pulling me off, Kitty. I can't hold you if you struggle. The rock is your only chance."

But Kitty would only scream and struggle, and now Minnie was drawn so near the edge that she could see far down into that fearful depth.

"I will let her go," she thought, "she will kill me if I don't." But her next thought was, "What shall I tell Tom when he comes back? No, I will save her, or we will die together."

She saw a root of the sapling was above the ground. This is a light thing, indeed, but gave her some hope. Still retaining her hold of Kitty's wrist, she raised herself on her knees, and working herself slowly and carefully along that treacherous bank, she fixed her knees firmly against it. Then taking off her shawl she lowered it to Kitty's hand. Kitty clutched with so strong and despairing a hold that Minnie shook and tottered. She recovered herself, and closing her eyes for an instant to summon all her courage and commend herself to God, she exerted all her strength, and swinging Kitty round, landed her safe on the little rocky ledge. And now, some of Kitty's sense returned to her, she managed with the help of Minnie and the shawl, to scramble up on the hill, where the two girls had a brief struggle yet to keep from sliding off, until with blanched cheeks and bloodshot eyes they stood firm on the ground and looked at each other.

At this point Minnie should have fainted, but instead of that, she gave Kitty a good shaking.

"You silly baby!" she exclaimed. "You came near putting and end to both of us. Why didn't you do as I told you?"

And then sat down and cried. Kitty cried, too, and between her sobs she said:

"Oh, Minnie! you've saved my life—and you are so good—and I've been so naughty—and I've tried—I've tried to steal your beau!"

"I know it," said Minnie shortly, choking back the tears. "And that isn't the worst of it, Kitty."

"There can't be anything worse," said Kitty.

"Yes there can," said Minnie. And then they both fell to crying again, and Kitty put her arms round Minnie's neck, and kept sobbing: "Oh what shall I do." To which question she got no answer.

And thus the amazed Tom found them, and Kitty told the story, and Tom trembled to think how near death Kitty had been, and he knew he ought to have first thought of Minnie, and that he ought to say something, but he only stood twirling the ends of his silk handkerchief, and wishing he was a girl so he could cry too.

But Minnie dried her eyes, using for that purpose a kid glove instead of a handkerchief.

"Tom," she said, in a thick and husky tone, "you love Kitty, and she will love you sometime, if she don't now. And I won't stand in your way." And so it's all over between us, and you needn't feel sorry for me. I know you wouldn't have broken with me, and that you meant to stand by your promises; but it wouldn't be right you know, to marry me with love for another woman in your heart. And now I will go home by myself. I would rather, and you had better wait till Kitty feels better."

Here Tom should have delivered a speech clothed in that tender and simple language, and with that beautiful pathos and refinement of feeling for which we all know poor young working men are so remarkable. But he was an exception to this class, and so he only twirled his handkerchief the harder and looked foolish, and was dreadfully afraid he would cry, and only managed to say, "Don't Minnie, don't break with me in this way. We will talk it over."

"No, Tom," said Minnie, "there's no use in talking it over—I know it all. Don't feel sorry for me. You couldn't help it, and I couldn't help doing what I have done to-day, and what I am doing now, and Kitty couldn't help being pretty. And now don't you see feeling sorry for me."

And so she left them, and the two stood watching her in silence, and shame, and pity, while she went her way across the fields until she seemed to them to melt into the crimson glories of the west.

And now it would seem as it Minnie had established quite a claim to be considered a heroine; but then you see, she did nothing in the orthodox way.

And, moreover, after these events she did not pine into a "beautiful and luminous shadow," and die placidly and serenely at sunset or at sunrise (never by any possible chance in the middle of the day; shadowy heroines and especially "luminous ones," being governed by different laws from other shadows) after giving Tom her blessing and Kitty her Sunday clothes.

No, indeed, I am sorry to say she still persists in keeping alive and well. And persists in keeping alive and well. And more than that, and nothing can be worse, she bought a cow with the money she had laid aside for wedding finery; and now, having plenty of buttermilk to drink, is getting rather stout.

And now I am sure the people will take pity on me and solve the puzzle I cannot, and which has robbed me of rest and pleasure, and answer the question: Is she a heroine?

For the St. Paul Press.

REST.

L. S. S.

A folding of hands, a closing of eyes,
Lids drooping down with delicate fringes;
Death's door swings open on noiseless hinges
And beyond, the Valley of Darkness lies.

A murmur of farewells, tender and low,
Long, last kisses of agonized sweetness,
And life goes out to fuller completeness
With the beautiful stillness of cheek and brow.

A tear and a prayer, and the broken mound,
Is smoothed and spread with a grassy cover
Only a grave! which Time steps over,
Which the world goes by in its weary round.

CARLOTTA'S INSANITY.

The Despair of a "Queen of Shreds and Patches."

George Alfred Townsend writes thus from Paris to the New York *World*:

The great personal topic of the day is the insanity—apparently well established—of Charlotte, wife of him who claims to be Emperor of Mexico.

It is the last strange incident of an unfortunate career, claimed to be when the the Emperor or France sprung it upon the world, a mere "queen of shreds and patches," but which, going along from evil to evil, has probably been the ruin of the dupes of it.

I have tried to-day to put together the notes I have obtained upon the conduct of Charlotte during her stay here in Paris, and in Italy, in order that we might determine whether this alleged insanity is real or counterfeit.

Two opinions prevail with regard to it. Very many believe it to be a mask, through the temporary wearing of which Maximilian may have a show to come home. Not even the Emperor can stay away from his affiche! wife.

I am loth to believe this, because the well known vanity of the late Archduke's lady would prevent her from drawing upon herself the pity of the world. Certainly no positive good could come of this ruse, but possibly relief for the tormented husband, who is believed to be the shivering prisoner of the implacable Bazaine, kept a monarch against his will, as Montezuma was detained by Cortez in the same spot more than three hundred years ago. For it is evident that the Mexicans would take no more kindly to the Emperor because his wife is crazy; nor would the world at large believe in his power to pacify the tropics any more because his family were one after another going out of their head in the sheer desperation of the job.

The next news will be, most probably, that Maximilian himself is crazy; though the small distribution of brains in his family disallows this at second thought. To dethrone reason there must be a reasonable bulk to it, and the man who could abdicate all his rights in Austria at the invitation of a foreign sovereign; transport himself to a ruined and mutinous realm; make himself a spectacle; raised to a pinnacle; then chained down to it; then shamed; then startled from it to hollow laughter, and trickling through its mockery the most terrible echo of endeared maniacy, for whom the deception had been too great for the mind's life! he must indeed be, in his own conceit, of all idiots the greatest; of all unfortunates the poorest!

This poor woman—a beggar among Kings—husbandless, portionless, will get from all women forgiveness and sympathy. She has prayers said for her now, that were reproaches when she was at the height of her little season of glory. Even poor, duped Maximilian will be pitied as a man and husband, if not as a monarch. But the indignation of the world will turn upon Louis Napoleon, who has thus broken the repose of a quiet and noble family to make them the puppets of a vague and treacherous policy, out of which he alone could draw applause, but they certain ruin. Maximilian and Charlotte, at Miramar, were a peaceable, inoffensive couple; they had no more idea of Mexico than of Cochin China, both of which, by the way, Louis Napoleon, obedient to his restless and chafed soul, was stirring up. The Archduchess was a vain and pleasant Brussels lady, who spent the better part of her time in feeding doves and raising aquariums. She was fond of company and a French novel, and her husband, with the strange idea that he possessed some talent or other, read a good deal, looked out to sea, went fishing, plotted fortification, and otherwise lived a harmless and contented life, not of great consequence to any body, but fair, as kings and kings' brothers go in this past age of democracies.

Suddenly there came an unsolicited voice, saying:

"Sir and Madame, behold! a crown for you. You shall prey upon the tropics a thousand years, and have an army for nothing. I will undertake to get you recognitions, start you loans, send you across in my ships, and all out of the purest love in the world. I am the great Peace Sovereign, come to bind up the differences of sovereigns, reward the deserving, heal the broken-hearted, and see that everybody is happy!"

Mr. Seward could hardly have expressed it all so genially.

In point of fact, Louis Napoleon had already found that Mexico was a poor old turkey, an indigenous and abominable nuisance, giving neither eggs nor milk, much less honey, and that every drop of any nutritious thing about it had been squeezed out of the republic by his own soldiers.

The sequel, you know; how this state burlesque had narrowed to a domestic tragedy, and the poor little woman coming home a month ago, beggared and frightened, threw herself at the Emperor's feet, then entreated the Empress, ran at last to the Pope, and wrote a vain letter home to Vienna and Brussels. Repulsed everywhere, in the end, particularly, when the Pope refused to sanction the only good acts Maximilian ever did—viz: refusing to give up the country to the clergy, Charlotte fell into hysterics in the halls of the Vatican, was put into a carriage and driven off to her hotel, and continues the victim of the dreariest, most hopeless hallucinations. Maximilian will, of course, come home. If Bazaine permits him. He cannot be assured of these occurrences and keep his fool's bench longer. If so, he will become as contemptible a man as he is now a monarch.

THE DIFFERENCE.

I

Men lose their ships, the eager things,
To try their luck at sea,
But none can tell by note or count,
How many there may be.
One turned east, another south—
They never come again,
And then we know they must have sunk,
But neither how nor when.

II.

God sends his happy birds abroad—
"The're less than ships," say we;
No moment passes but he knows,
How many there should be.
One bulldeth high, another low,
With just a bird's light care—
If only one, perchance, doth fall,
God knoweth when and where.

GEN. GRANT.

How he Received his Commission as General.

The Washington correspondent of the Providence *Journal* relates the following:

I have just been thinking of an incident related to me a day or two ago of Gen. Grant, told me by an officer of his staff, that is so perfectly characteristic of the man that I am induced to repeat it here. It seems that a few days after his appointment and confirmation as the General, United States army, it was known that his commission was signed and awaiting him at the White House; and the next day, in honor of the great event, all of the headquarters officers appeared in full dress to accompany their chief, as they supposed, while he formally received his commission. But while they were waiting for him to summon them to attend him, a man attired in a duster, and old pair of gray pantaloons, and a slouched hat, was to be seen entering the President's. Very soon he appeared with a piece of parchment in his hand, and walked to the War Department. He stopped in the office of the Notary Public, and the clerk, in informing old General Thomas, who was in an adjoining room, of the job before him, remarked that the visitor was a rough old fellow. Gen. Thomas returned, and the required oath was taken. The man who took that oath was Gen. U. S. Grant. The commission was that of General U. S. A. Prosperity has not hardened Gen. Grant. He loves vain display and affectation no more than he did six years ago. His old friends are his friends still. Quietly and hombly he lives here with his family. Mornings about 9 o'clock he can be seen on his way to his

City Advertisements.

FIRE WARDEN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be fined for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden.

R. A. KENT, Secretary.

oct28-td

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, an election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding elections in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers, as follows, to wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years. COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of two years.

Three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A Court Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years

A County Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 22d, 1866.

In chapter 1, section 5, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election, on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said list. oct23-13t

PROPOSALS.—The undersigned will receive proposals until the 30th inst., for the building, complete, of two cisterns, each capable of containing eight hundred barrels of water; one to be located on Jackson street, at the corner of Eighth, and the other on Seventh street, at the corner of Broadway. Rock for the purpose, in the quarry, will be furnished by the city. All proposals to be subject to acceptance or rejection by the Common Council.

J. I. BRAUHONNT,
Chairman Committee on Fire Department.
St. Paul, October 23, 1866. oct23-td

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul Bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 1866. oct21-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisance to exist within the city will, by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of entering nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

I. F. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. jel4-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis	6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna	10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna	11.45 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4.05 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION,

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad.

Leave Owatonna	6.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis	3.20 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna	9.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis	12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be run direct between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommdt'n,
via M. C. and M. V. R. R.
THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
Minneapolis 9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul	10.15 A. M.
" 3.00 P. M.	" "	4.00 P. M.
" 5.20 P. M.	" "	6.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul 9.30 A. M.	Minneapolis	9.15 A. M.
" " 12.10 P. M.	" "	12.55 P. M.
" " 4.45 P. M.	" "	5.00 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Ticket, 20 cents, and with St. Paul Omnibus Ticket, 70 cents. Tickets for these Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co's N. W. Express office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets for Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WOOD, Agent M. V. R. R. at Depot in West St. Paul.

D. C. SHEPARD,
General Superintendent M. C. Railway.
October 6, 1866. oc6

FIRST DIVISION
St. Paul and Pacific
RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00 A. M.	2.00 P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.15 "	2.45 "
" Manomin	8.30 "	3.15 "
" Anoka	9.45 "	4.00 "
" Elk River	9.00 "	4.15 "
" Big Lake	9.20 "	4.35 "
" Clear Lake	9.45 "	4.60 "
" Manomin	10.30 "	4.35 "
" St. Anthony	11.05 "	5.00 "
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45 "	5.35 "

Minneapolis & St. Anthony Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.

8.45 A. M. 11.00 A. M. 2.45 P. M. 5.05 P. M.

LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.

8.00 A. M. 10.00 A. M. 2.00 P. M. 4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it will be carried over the road, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. ☞The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect.

☞The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri-weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri-weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

sep15 F. E. DELAIS, Supt.

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH.
VIA
Winona & St. Peter R. R.

Connecting with the
Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going East leaves Kasson at 6 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 5:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS,
Superintendent.
March 1 1866. mch2

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton

FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hands quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations.* Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailors Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call, Special advantages offered to all *cash men.* We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,
372 and 374 East Water street,
Milwaukee.
apr25-d&w1y

CATHCART & CO.

HAVE OPENED FOR

INSPECTION AND SALE

THEIR GENERAL

FALL STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS

COMPRISING IN

Extent and Variety

OF ASSORTMENT,

IN ELEGANCE OF COLORS

AND PATTERNS,

A SHOW OF GOODS

SECOND TO NONE IN ST. PAUL.

There is always an advantage in

EARLY SELECTIONS,

Which they believe their customers will more than ever appreciate after an examination of their beautiful

FALL STOCK.

CATHCART & CO.

oct13

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

apr22

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 132 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul.

EATON & CLEVELAND,

Office Brown's Block, Third-st.

apr27

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR,

And Western and Southern produce generally.

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST. LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filling all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. | JONES, M'DOWELL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. | J. B. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandise promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS.

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. jy7-w6m

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS

AND

LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch21-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Wabashaw and 5th street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions,

Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding,

Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale.

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.
St. Paul, June 1, 1866. je26

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is new out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Chalybeate springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

1y1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE.

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADEIRA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMACA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.

nov12-1y

JOHN B. SANBORN, Late Brt. Maj. Gen. Vols. | CHARLES KING, Late Brt. Maj. Gen. Vols.

SANBORN & KING,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 4, Washington Building,

Cor. 7th street and Pennsylvania Ave.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Will prosecute all claims against the Government and give particular attention to the settlement of Officers' Accounts, the Collection of Back Pay, Bounty and Pensions, the Collection of Pay for Horses Lost in the Service, &c., &c.

All business entrusted to us will be attended to with promptness and on reasonable terms. Liberal arrangements will be made with members of the profession entrusting business to our care.

Post Office Box 790. jy21-d&w3m

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!

IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS.

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West.

☞PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct4-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

500 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,
No. 187 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.
sep1

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under.

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40:

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

AND

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

au22

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

DEALERS

DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS & LADIES' SMALL WEAR.

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

oct13

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establishment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are enabled to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuance of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN,
126 Third street, one door below Shaw's Hat Store St. Paul Minn. le3-6m

STAR & GARTER

"ALWAYS OPEN!"

BEN HAZEN

Has opened a first-class

Concert Hall,

On JACKSON STREET

Next door to Illingsworth's,

GOOD MUSIC EVERY EVENING.

Choicest Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

"COME AND SEE ME."

aug23-3m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses,

BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. aug30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his BOOT AND SHOE STORE from Bridge Square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new stone house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. This is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores in the city. sep12 1y

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9-6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House.

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 38 and 40 Wabash Av.,

Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago.

☞Particular attention paid to orders.

jan30-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM,
W. P. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material *and warrant our work.* Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and wagon material, purchased from first hands, enables us to sell less than Chicago prices.

WHITON & GRANT,
Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

YAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150 gross	Dye Colors,
50 "	Gargling Oil,
10 "	Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10 "	" Cod Liver Oil,
75 "	Condition Powders,
40 "	Winslow's Syrup,
25 "	Brown's Troches,
10 "	Kennedy's Discovery,
25 "	Flavoring Extracts,
25 "	Benzine, assorted,
10 "	White Pine Compound
300 Cases	Bitters, assorted,
500 lbs	Tilden's Fluid Extracts,
110 boxes	Extract Logwood,
250 lbs	Cudbear.
10 bbls	Chip Logwood,
100 ounces	Strychnine,
300 lbs.	Cal Licorice,
100 lbs	Tartaric Acid,
850 lbs	Window Glass and Glassware
45 bbls	Machine Oils.
650 Gallons	Varnish—all kinds,
150 doz	Paint Brushes.

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 YAWTER, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY!

CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,
Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches,

Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist which can be occupied *at any time,* on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 11th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning train, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D. Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul, For further information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞Established November 11th, 1864.

oct9-1m

CARRIAGE FACTORY

AND

REPOSITORY.

We desire to call the attention of all parties using

Buggies & Light Road Wagons

To our very superior stock of CARRIAGES OF OUR OWN MAKE.

We have largely increased our facilities, have on hand and are in constant receipt of

A No. 1 Material,

Including the finest

Second Growth Hickory Wheels,

Ives' Steel Converted Axles, etc.,

From the best Eastern markets; are EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING, and in the particular wants of our citizens; employ the most skilful workmen, and think with these requisites we cannot fail to please you. We manufacture exclusively for home market and warrant all our carriages to be UNEXCELLED IN QUALITY—for styles call and see for yourselves. Our work is giving universal satisfaction as far as we know. We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and will not cease in our endeavors to merit the same.

CUTTERS, several styles, a fine lot on hand. Please give us your orders.

Stone Factory & Repository

ON ROBERT STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, east side.

Quinby & Hallowell.

A. H. CAVENDER, oct2-3m | J. C. QUINBY, | E. M. HALLOWELL.

HENRY HILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate Agent, Glencoe, McLeod county, Minnesota. sept8-1y

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE for Wrapping, for sale at this office.

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs,

Including the finest Amber and Sugar Drips. For sale low by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

oct12

A. H. WILDER. | CHANNING SEABURY.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall aim to sell as low as any.

We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business.

apr18-tf

NEW FIRM.

S. E. PUTNAM, | ADOLPH PAAR,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce,

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul,

October 2, 1866. oct5-tf

MEDICINAL
Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson sts., St. Paul,

Who refers by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them.

aug14

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON

AND

SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Wesson's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

WM. BECHTER,
oct13 Proprietor.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3, JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

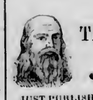
Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in the market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1865.



THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, &c., without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, MINN. oct1-1y

INTERNATIONAL DRUG STORE!

Remodeled, Refitted & Restocked,

[A splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated EUREKA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEN & CHAMPLIN,
Proprietors, International Hotel Building,
Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

y8-1y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

in the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep20

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$360,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

TAYLOR & CO.,
feb2-1y Bankers, 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000	Kegs Juniata Nails,
500	Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000	Pounds Cable and Log Chains
500	Boxes Axes,
5,000	Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000	Pounds Iron Wedges,
200	Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100	Dozen Shovels and Spades,
200	Dozen Axe Helves,
500	Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
300	Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100	Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000	Pounds Sheet Zinc,
5,000	Pounds Copper and Metal Pits,
100	Bundles bright Iron Wire,
50	Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000	Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000	Pounds Block Tin,
500	Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500	Cast Iron Tea Kettles,
100	Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000	Set Hollow Ware,
200	Set Tops and Bosses for Parlor Stoves,
1,000	Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season.

JOHN CURTIS.

St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep24f

LEONARD & SHEIRE, Builders.—Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRE & BRO., Architects.—Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for building of every description prepared on short notice. 1813

JAMES J. HILL,

Gerneal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug8

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE

CINCINNATI,

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Longworth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling,

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,
8dos-6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

Patent Medicines, &c.

EILERT'S

DAYLIGHT

FAMILY

Cathartic Pills,

Cure Jaundice, Griping Pains, Biliousness, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Pain in the Side and Breast, Piles, and any derangement of the stomach and bowels.

These pills have a searching and purifying effect, purging all *foul* and *diseased matter* from the system, leaving the complexion free from sallowness, and the stomach and bowels in a healthy condition. (*" Warranted to go through by Daylight."*)

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

J. K. EILERT, Proprietor.

DR. WINCHELL'S

Teething Syrup.

The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for the many troublesome complaints arising in children while TEETHING.

It will cure Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker Sore Mouth, Pains in the Gums, Restlessness, Griping Pains in Stomach.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

EILERT & SNYDER, Proprietors.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

thurs-my10-d&w-now-6m

DR. BIGELOW

Is the only Physician, as a Specialist, now in Chicago that can be entirely relied upon. Go to him, and not other physicians of character to remain in your system, disfiguring your fair round body, besides destroying your happiness and future prospects of life. He has made PRIVATE DISEASES and NERVOUS DEBILITY his study for the past twenty years, and is therefore the person whom all afflicted should consult. No one ever heard of a patient of his not being cured since he has been in this city. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being a thorough skilful specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. If all others fail, don't despair, give him a call. It is only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Doctor Bigelow devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effects of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, is to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should free no time in making immediate application, as by Dr. B., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultations free and confidential. Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 154 Chicago. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge.

N. B.—Ladies, send for a descriptive circular of Perearia Remedie, the best preventive of conception known. Sent to any address free of charge. apr10-1y

DR. SWAIN'S VEGETABLE HAIR BALM invariably restores grey hair to its original color, without staining the skin or clothing. It leaves the most dry, dead and crisp hair, soft, moist and glossy, causes it to curl, and keeps it in its place, while it promotes its growth and prevents its falling off.

It contains neither oil or alcohol.

Numerous preparations of oil, alcohol and sulphur have been palmed upon the public, and having totally failed to give satisfaction, the manufacturers have deservedly come to grief.

Dr. Swain warrants his Vegetable Balm to accomplish all the claims for it, and authorizes his agent to refund the money wherever it fails to give satisfaction.

It is an entirely new and scientific preparation, produced by the distillation of rare and fragrant flowers, which renders it not only the best renewer in the world, but makes it particularly agreeable as a hair dressing to both old and young, while its liquid purity and floral odor are in striking contrast with the nasty mixtures usually sold.

The proprietor has letters from many of the most distinguished as well as fashionable people, judges, clergymen, lawyers, physicians, opera singers, actresses, &c., certifying to the remarkable virtues of the Balm.

Don't let any dealer urge upon you a different article, but if your tradesman does not keep this, send one dollar for a trial bottle to the nearest agent, or the proprietor.

If for grey hair, send for No. 1.

If for hair dressing, send for No. 2.

C. H. Swain, proprietor, No. 21 South Water street, Chicago.

For sale by all the wholesale druggists in Chicago.

Morrell's Magnetic Fluid is a sure cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia. For sale by

EDWARD B. BIGGS,
St. Paul, Minn.

aun-jel2-cawwly

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the District Court of the First Judicial District, at a general term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Stillwater, in the county of Washington and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1866, at the opening of the court on that day, to vacate the town plat called "Rural Homes," together with all the streets and alleys included in said plat, which is now on file in the office of the register of deeds of said county, said Rural Homes lying and being in the town of Baytown and Stillwater, in the county of Washington and State aforesaid, and comprising within its limits the east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the south east quarter (se¼) of section number thirty (30) in township thirty (30), range twenty (20), and also the north half (n½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section six (6), township twenty nine (29) and range twenty (20).

MICHAEL FORTIN, Proprietor.
By E. WEBB, Attorney.

Stillwater, Minn., Oct. 11th, 1866.

sun-oct14-3t

E. MARVIN. | W. PINKNEY.

R. MARVIN & SON,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

CHINA, GLASS,

AND

CROCKERY.

LARGE INDUCEMENTS TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Goods sold as low as in Chicago or St. Louis Buy of R. MARVIN & SON and save the expense of freight. Assorted Crates exactly adapted to the country trade.

Lamp Goods very Low.

A Large Stock on Hand.

189 & 191 Third street, St. Paul

my-1y

THE LANE & BODLEY,

Portable Circular Saw Mills,

Portable Steam Engines,

Shing

THE CITY.

THE UNION MEETING LAST NIGHT.

A Masterly Speech from Gen. J. H. Baker.

Address in German by Charles Schroeder, Esq.

Several hundred persons braved the inclemency of the weather yesterday evening to attend the glorious Union Meeting at Ingersoll's Hall, and certainly no greater intellectual treat was ever enjoyed than that of the magnificent speech of that splendid orator, Gen. James H. Baker. No ordinary report could do justice to the masterly effort, and none will be attempted. Suffice it to say, that for eloquence of language; for the presentation and clinching of his strong points; for a lucid analysis of the great political questions at issue; for a logical vindication of the principles of the republican party, and the reconstruction policy of congress; for the most thorough exorcision of Andy Johnson, and the Copperhead Democracy in their treachery, usurpation, and sympathy with the rebellion—with the sarcasm, wit and power with which these and other incidental points were discussed—this noble speech of Gen. Baker's has never been surpassed in this city.

Almost every sentence struck a cord in the heart of the deeply interested audience, and round after round of applause indicated the impression which was made upon the minds of his hearers. It was a rare occasion, and will long be remembered.

At the conclusion of the General's speech, Charles Schroeder, Esq., of Wisconsin, delivered an address to our German fellow citizens, which was highly spoken of as a pointed and forcible effort.

Capt. Heck.—The allusion to Capt. Heck's failure to arrest Frank Gale on board the Charley Cheaver at Hastings, the other day, was based, as was stated, upon remarks made by officers of that boat. The return of the Cheaver yesterday evening, enables us to give the following facts as derived from the Steward of the Cheever himself. It was about midnight when the St. Paul detectives boarded the Cheaver, and the boat lay at Hastings about half an hour. During this time, the steward states positively that Frank Gale was on board a wood barge which was being towed by the Cheaver, and was playing cards, with a pistol on one side and a shot gun (not a bowie knife) on the other; that three different parties went up and looked through a pane of glass at the card players, who were inside a sort of cabin on the barge, though the steward says neither of these were Capt. Heck or officer Brissette; that just as the detectives left the boat, the steward himself saw Frank Gale still undisturbed in his game; and that Gale finally got off the boat eight miles above Red Wing. The steward further states that Frank Gale took passage on the boat at St. Paul, and was well known to the crew of the Cheaver. These are the material facts of the case, and while they partially exculpate Capt. Heck from the charge of cowardice, they do not relieve him from some blame in not making a more thorough search of the Charley Cheaver, if it was Frank Gale he wanted.

Burglary.—The residence of Mrs. Selby, on St. Anthony hill, was entered by burglars on Thursday evening, and a gold watch, bracelets and other property to the amount of four hundred dollars stolen therefrom.

The robber entered by prying open a rear window, and after gaining admittance, broke drawers, and helped himself to everything of value that he could lay his hands on. From the marks of footsteps discovered in the morning, it is believed a man and boy were the perpetrators of the robbery, the latter watching while the former did the stealing. This was a bold and daring robbery, taking place between nine and ten o'clock, and before the family had retired.

Accident.—Mr. Richard Galvin, while passing along Wabashaw street after dark last evening, fell from the sidewalk into the basement of the opera house, a distance of ten or twelve feet. His cries were heard by passers-by, and a crowd soon collected, who managed by some exertion to extricate Mr. Galvin from his unpleasant position. He was taken into the grocery store of Nash & Murphy, where it was found he had sustained serious injuries, though no bones were broken.

Drunk.—Two or three miserable fellows were indicted for drunkenness before Justice Lambert, yesterday, and being unable to pay the small fines imposed, were sent to jail. More fellows of the same sort will please take warning.

Snow.—An active little snow storm prevailed for awhile yesterday forenoon, but several weeks of fine weather between the present time and the close of navigation is considered a sure thing.

THE REV. J. F. CHAFFEE will preach in the Jackson street M. E. Church this morning, it being their quarterly meeting. A Union Centenary Service of the Market street and Jackson street churches will be held in the evening at the same place. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. J. F. Chaffee, C. G. Bowdish, and J. W. Martin.

THE Rev. I. O. Sloan will preach in the Central Presbyterian Church at half-past ten o'clock this morning.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.—The public will be glad to know that Thomas Ashton has opened a new Livery Stable on Wabashaw street, between Fifth and Sixth, and has decidedly the finest buggies, carriages and harnesses to be found in this city. Mr. Ashton is a genial and popular gentleman, and knowing how to please people wanting anything in his line, he will be sure to jump at once into a prosperous business. We commend him and his fine livery stable to the attention of our readers.

THE OFFICE of Major Robt. C. Walker, Paymaster U. S. A., in charge of this district, will on to-morrow be moved to one of the rooms under the International, on Jackson street.

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH.—There will be no preaching at Armory Hall to-day. For obvious reasons, also, the Sunday School will meet no more, until religious services shall be resumed.

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile Instrument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New York. oct28-3m

FLYNN & LYNCH, boot and shoe dealers, 180 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVAL.

Damsel, Lacrosse.
Cheaver, Winona.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.

DEPARTED.

Damsel, La Crosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Dunleith—Mollie Mohler, at 10 A. M.

BOATS LEAVING TO-MORROW.

For St. Louis—Cheaver, at 10 A. M.
For Dunleith—Damsel, at 11 A. M.

Local Notices.

FURS.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the real Russian Ermin, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sets, the best in the market, at low prices His business embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State. oct31 1m

FURS.—For fine sets of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West, and at prices for the quality known then can be had at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep29-3m

MINNESOTA VIEWS.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest assortment in the city*, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Art Gallery, 284 Third street. oct25tf

METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER, Agents.
oct9-1m

JUST received a fresh supply of Carwell & Black's preparations consisting of Lotus Balm, Elixer of Calisaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

THE purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York.
Sold by all druggists. sat&su-oct20-1y

GO TO WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes Bersumery, Toilet Soap, Pommades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time, trouble and expense by calling at the General Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any point they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening. I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, tf. Agent.

TURKISH Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clock's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

ALWAYS FIRST.—H. M. Shaw & Co., it is universally acknowledged, have always stood at the head of the trade in Hats, Caps, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in St. Paul. It is a position, too, which they intend to keep, as competition only spurs them on to greater exertions to preserve their immense custom. Their fall supplies are far ahead of anything to be found elsewhere in this market, as can be testified to by all who examine their stock. Shaw & Co., in addition to their well-known and fashionable articles of gentlemen's wear, have added a supply of LADIES' FURS of all kinds, including the finest and most beautiful MINK SETS in St. Paul. The Ladies are invited to inspect these furs, which are not only the handsomest, but the cheapest to be found in the city. o24-5t

GOODRICH'S LINE OF STEAMERS FOR CHICAGO—FARE ONLY TWO DOLLARS.—SEA BIRD, CAPT. H. MCHENRY; COMET, CAPT. J. MORRIS.—One of the above boats leave Goodrich's Steamboat Dock, foot of Main street, Milwaukee, every evening, except Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, touching at Racine and Kenosha, and making sure connections at Chicago with all the morning trains for the East, South and Southwest. Through tickets can be purchased from the clerks of the boats to all points South and East. The rate of fare, (first-class state rooms and meals included,) are, Racine, first-class, 75c, second-class, 50c; Kenosha, first-class, $1.00, second-class, 75c; Chicago, first-class, $2.00, second class, $1.50. Railroad tickets are good on these boats. The steamers of this line are large, first-class, side wheel passenger steamers, with elegantly furnished single and double state rooms. Freight carried less than by rail. Office and Dock foot of Main street. G. HUBSON, Agent.
MARK HENDRICKS,
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.
j320-2m

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug25,d&w2m

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM O. H. KELLEY.
ITASCA, Minn., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. Grant, Esq., St. Paul:

DEAR SIR: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 88 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Where pipe enters the chimney.
8.50 o'clock.....	82 deg.	97 deg.	162 deg.
9.15 "	75 "	90 "	95 "
9 30 " damp.op'd	76 "	88 "	115 "
9.55 " " clos'd	76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00* "	74 "	86 "	88 "

*Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock.....	82 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	82 "	91 "	80 "
2 " stir'd fire	88 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 "wood all coals	90 "	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,
O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

St. PAUL.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Uline, D. C. Shepard, Parker Paine, Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, L. E. Fisher, E. H. Biggs, William Branch, C. H. Schurmeier, Hoher, Morrison & Reeves, Chas. Coulter, A. H. Rose, Borup & Champlin, Mrs. Lyman Dayton, J. B. Tarcott, F. Ely & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Hart, Pioneer Printing Co., Geo. Finch, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gibson, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce H. Boecher, F. L. Delano, Hiram Stillwell, Chas. Trowbridge, James Davis, A. M. Patterson, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo. Pufford, Capt. Judd West.

FARIBAULT.—H. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

SHAKOPEE.—D. L. Howe & Co.

COTTAGE GROVE.—J. P. Furber.

ST. CLOUD.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

SAUK CENTRE.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

FORT WADSWORTH.—Capt. H. H. Western.

OWATONNA.—O. Higbie.

HUDSON.—L. North.

ITASCA.—O. H. Kelley.

LAKE COMO HOUSE.—William Perkins.

TAYLOR'S FALLS.—T. E. Lacy.

AFTON.—S. J. Olds.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Gibson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oct16-tf

PASSENGERS GOING EAST

Will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 5.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the River. THOMAS BELL,
General Superintendent, Detroit.
W. W. WILSON,
sep1-m&sm Passenger Agent, Milwaukee

JUST opened at R. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 211 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Bath Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo Grits; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Emuil du Paris &c., &c.

"SUNRISE U. S. A." and other views of Minnesota Scenery:

WHITNEY is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a full assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps for his retail trade—174—Third Street—174.

WANTED.—Business men and those out of employment to call at the Intelligence Office, 231 Third street, opposite the Church. Housekeepers will do well to call, as they can be supplied with servants on short notice.
sept20-3uco1.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Those who are suffering from coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, &c., should try "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," a simple remedy, which is in almost every case effectual. The Troches have been tested by time, and pronounced universally superior to all other articles for the same purpose. oct3-eod&w1w

ANOTHER EXECUTIVE MANIFESTO.

A Pettifogging Letter from Secretary Browning.

He Expounds the President's Reasons for Opposing the Amendments.

Hon. O. H. Browning Secretary of the Interior, has written a letter taking strong grounds against the Constitutional Amendment, and which is telegraphed to the New York *Times*, with the accompanying statement that "on being submitted to the President it was *fully approved by him*, and that he desired it to *be made public, with the understanding that it fully represents his present position.*"

It has therefore all the character of an Executive manifesto, and as such will be read with interest. Mr. Browning commences by a curious discourse on the dangers to the country resulting from "the tendency of the Legislative Department to absorb the powers and prerogatives of the Executive and Judiciary." He pretends to find this tendency in the Amendment, of which he says:

If the proposed amendments of the Constitution be adopted, new and enormous power will be claimed and exercised by Congress, as warranted by such amendments, and the whole structure of our government will perhaps gradually but yet surely be revolutionized. And so with the Judiciary. If the proposed amendments be adopted, they may, and certainly will be used substantially to annihilate the state judiciaries. The first section of the proposed article contains among others, the following provision: "Nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law." Why insert such a provision in the Federal Constitution? It already contains the following: "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law." This is identically the same, except that it is a restraint upon the powers of the general government alone, and has no reference or application to State governments. And most of the State Constitutions, I believe all of them, contain a similar provision as a limitation upon the powers of the States respectively. Now when in the Federal Constitution there is this guarantee against arbitrary and oppressive invasions of the rights of the citizens by Federal authority, and a similar guarantee in the State Constitutions against like oppressive action by the State Governments, why insert in the Federal Constitution a new provision, which has no reference to the powers of the General Government, and imposes no restraints upon it, but simply a repetition of a limitation upon the powers of State Constitutions? The object and purposes are manifest. It is to subordinate the State judiciaries in all things to Federal supervision and control; to totally annihilate the independence and sovereignty of State judiciaries in the administration of State laws, and the authority and control of the State over matters of purely domestic and local concern. If the State judiciaries are subordinated, the departments of the State governments will be equally subordinated, for all State laws, let them relate to what department of government they may, or to what domestic or local interest, will be equally open to criticism, interpretation and adjudication by the Federal tribunals, whose judgments and decrees will be supreme, and will override the decisions of State Courts and leave them utterly powerless. The Federal judiciary has jurisdiction of all questions arising under the Constitutions and laws of the United States, and by virtue of this new provision, if adopted, every matter of judicial investigation, civil or criminal, however insignificant, may be drawn into the vortex of the Federal judiciary. In a controversy between two neighbors about the ownership of a pig, the unsuccessful party may allege that the State tribunals have deprived him of his property without due process of law, and take the case before the Federal tribunals for revision. So if a man be indicted for larceny or other crime, convicted and sentenced, upon allegation of deprivation of liberty without due process of law, we may bring the case before the Federal tribunals for revision and reversal. So, too, if a murderer be arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to be hung, he may claim the protection of the new constitutional provision, allege that a State is about to deprive him of life without the due process of law, and arrest all further proceedings until the Federal Government shall have inquired whether a State has a right to punish its own citizens for an infraction of its own laws, and have granted permission to the State tribunals to proceed. Under such a system the liberties of the people could not be long maintained. As already remarked, free governments can be preserved only by keeping the power near the people, to be exercised through local agencies. Under this new system State and local authority would not at once disappear. For some time they would contest jurisdiction with the Federal Government; but the inevitable and constantly increasing tendency would be for the control of domestic affairs, to steal away from the people, the States and local municipal bodies, and centralize and concentrate in the hands of the Federal Government, and as party conflicts intensified and party victories alternated, the power would be more and more inexorably used by the dominent party to punish its enemies, reward its friends and strengthen and perpetuate its hold upon the power and patronage of the Government. Be assured, if this new provision be engrafted in the Constitution, it will, in time, change the entire structure and texture of our Government, and sweep away all the guarantees of safety devised and provided by our patriotic sires of the Revolution. It is impossible to maintain our wise and happy form of Government without preserving the independence and sovereignty of the States within their appropriate and constitutional spheres. They are of primary and vital importance. The States may exist and perform all their functions without the Union or the Federal Government. The Union and the Federal Government cannot exist without the States, and they must be States of equality, equal in rights, equal in power, equal in the control, absolute and unconditional, of all things pertaining to their internal and local policy and interests. Another blow which the proposed Amendment aims at the Government which our fathers founded, is in the change of the basis of representation. This would be of very pernicious effect. Aggregate population is the true basis of representation. No matter how the elective franchise be disposed of, whether exercised by few or many, all classes of the community are represented. The interests of all classes of people in the same community are so interwoven and commingled that they cannot be separated; and whoever wields the representative power must do it for the good or ill of all, perhaps not precisely in the same degree, but he cannot use it so as largely to benefit one class without to some extent benefiting all, or to injure and oppose one class without to a greater or less extent injuring and oppressing all.

There are always, even in this country where the right of suffrage is most widely extended, large numbers of who do not vote at all, whose interests, nevertheless, are cared for, and whose numbers, being computed in the apportionment of representation, widen the foundations of the representative assemblies. Such are all persons under twenty-one years of age, females of all ages, and unnaturalized foreigners. Why are they not permitted to vote? And, not being permitted, why are they counted in fixing the ratio of representation? They are not allowed to vote, because they are not supposed to be sufficiently instructed in political economy and government affairs to be entrusted with the elective franchise. They are computed in fixing the ratio, because they are part of the same community with those who do vote, having interests in common with them, and their influence ought to be felt in shaping the laws by which their rights of life, liberty and property, are to be determined; and although they do not vote, their influence is felt and their interests are cared for, precisely because they are counted in fixing the relative weight of the communities to which they belong in the legislative assemblies, although their voices are not directly heard in determining who shall represent them. It is not true as is constantly alleged, that the relative strength of the States that were in rebellion will be increased by the results of the war if they are now allowed representation in the national councils. The present ratio of representation is adjusted by the census of 1860, and cannot be changed until after the census of 1870. Till that time, therefore, the relative strength of the several States of our country must remain precisely as it was in 1860. After the census of 1870 the positive and relative strength of the Southern States in Congress and the Electoral College will both be diminished, even if the non-voting black population be included in the basis. In 1860 three-fifths of all the black population of the Southern States was counted. The census of 1870 will show the whole of the non voting black population to be less than three-fifths of 1860. Nor is it true that a vote in the South will outweigh a vote in the North, if the non voting negro population be included in the basis of representation. If the proposed amendment be adopted all the non-voting black population of the South will be excluded, while all the non voting unnaturalized foreign population of the North will be counted. The great preponderance of unnaturalized, and consequently non-voting foreigners, is in Northern and Northwestern States. They and their families number hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions, and yet they are all counted in fixing the rate of representation. This is right. I do not object to it. They are a part of the community. They help to make up the strength and productive wealth of the State, and ought to be computed in fixing its political power. But if it is right to count a non-voting population in one State, it is equally right to count it in another; and if counted in one and not in the other, it gives the one an advantage over the other incompatible with the equality of the States and of a dangerous and revolutionary tendency; while the unnaturalized, non-voting population of one section of the country will be constantly increasing, the non-voting black population of the other section, by obvious causes not now necessary to be mentioned, will be constantly decreasing. It would be better for all parties and interests, and far more hopeful for the perpetuity of our Government, if something like an equilibrium of strength between the different sections of the country could be maintained. The third section of the proposed amendments disfranchises the great majority of the educated men of the States which have been in rebellion, and excludes them from any participation in the affairs of the State and Federal Governments, the entire control of the government of those States will be placed in the hands of a meagre minority of men not at all qualified for such control, and they, as a general thing, not of the most intelligent and capable classes. No such sweeping and indiscriminate proscription is remembered since the days of Philip II. of Spain. It is not to be expected that it will be long and country, and with our race, a majority of the educated men of ten States will long submit to be excluded from all share in making and administering the laws by which their lives, liberties and prosperity are to be judged, without the constant presence and pressure of a force adequate to coerce obedience. The adoption of this amendment will involve the necessity of maintaining an army to enforce it, which of itself would be dangerous to liberty and add greatly to burdens of taxation already grevious. I see no good to result from the proposed amendments. I see much evil. We had better adhere to the form of government which our fathers gave us.

It is in my judgment, the most perfect political production of human wisdom and patriotism. For three-quarters of a century it secured us unexampled prosperity, and at the end of that time enabled us to meet and overcome the most stupendous rebellion in the history of nations. Why change it? For seventy-five years we have hardly known that we had a government. When we did know it we knew it only by its beneficence, and it has shown itself as strong as beneficent, capable of successful resistance of the fiercest and most desperate assaults that it is possible to make upon a government. Why change it just as it has vindicated its power, and lifted us to an eminence among the nations of the earth we never till now attained? We have tried the old Constitution and know its capabilities.

This includes all of Mr. Browning's letter worth publishing. It is needless to say it is throughout a gross misrepresentation of the amendments, which has been a thousand times refuted. For the rest, he attempts to defend Mr. Johnson from the charge of having usurped power, and insists, though without at all attempting to indicate the points of parallelism, that Mr. Johnson is simply carrying out the policy of Mr. Lincoln—a most bold and barefaced misrepresentation, as every one knows. But after making all the above stock objections, on behalf of the President, against the Constitutional Amendments, he addresses a curious argument against it by showing that a number of leading Radical Senators were unwilling to accept instead Senator Stewart's plan of restoration based on impartial suffrage and universal amnesty, and thereupon says:

But I mention it only to show that negro suffrage is the real and only substantial cause of controversy between the executive and legislative branches of the government, and to ask in the most solemn terms, and implore my fellow citizens to give it the most earnest and dispassionate consideration, whether upon such an issue we are to be plunged into another fratricidal war, and imperil all there is of our country sacred in the past, grand and valuable in the present, and hopeful and glorious in the future. Had the President consented to join Congress in forcing negro suffrage on the South, all would have been fair and smooth, and instead of being denounced as a fiend, he would now be worshipped as an idol by those who so bitterly and unrelentingly assail him.

Which is equivalent to saying the President has no "cause of controversy" with Congress on account of the terms of restoration embodied in the constitutional amendment, but solely on account of a supposed purpose on the part of Congress to force negro suffrage on the South. In other words, he quarrels with Congress, not for what it did do, but for what it did not do. Mr. Browning closes with a frantic appeal to somebody to save Mr. Johnson from the fate that awaits him, but warns the Johnsonites not to allow their passions to run away with them. He says:

Our country is in very great peril, not from a public enemy, but from the violence of our own passions. Safety is to be found only in a strict adherence to the constitution and laws. As long as they are obeyed, no evil can come upon us. We are in danger only when we attempt something they do not sanction. I trust it will be the pride and glory of the friends of the administration, in the threatening contest through which we are passing, to keep their passions in subjection to reason, and to do no act not fully warranted by the constitution and laws. Ours is a Republican government, where the majority has a right to rule. Minorities cannot, without subverting the government, and when, according to the forms prescribed, the will of the majority is expressed in the constitution or the law, it is the duty of all to submit to it, until it can be fairly and constitutionally changed. Such I know to be the President's intentions, and such I know he wishes to be the rule of conduct for his friends and supporters. No man has a profounder reverence for the Constitution than he, and his purpose as the Executive head of the nation to maintain it as it is, until it be changed in the form prescribed by it, is firm and immutable. He is not brave enough wilfully to violate it; he is brave enough to uphold and defend it in all that his duty requires. In conclusion, let me beseech you, calmly and dispassionately, but earnestly and firmly, to do your duty to your country in this trying hour, and to stand by our glorious Constitution as it is. There is no safety for us but in this. Do your duty faithfully and trust to God for results, and reverently implore Him to save us from the madness and infatuation which threatens us with self destruction and with the loss of the last hope for the perpetuity of free governments. Your friend and fellow citizen,

O. H. BROWNING.

HARTSHORN & HOFFMAN,
DEALERS IN
Family Groceries,
Cor. Seventh and Jackson-sts.,
Are Agents for
Spaid's Celebrated Oysters,
Which they receive daily by Express, and furnish by the CAN or CASE.
Major T. K. DANFORTH is now connected with them and will soon call on his friends, Orders from city and country solicited. Parties, &c., supplied at short notice at the lowest rates. oct

NEW FIRM.
I have this day associated with me in the
DRY GOODS BUSINESS,
GEN. R. N. MCLAREN,
Late of Red Wing, Minnesota. We shall hereafter conduct business under the firm name of
TAYLOR & McLAREN.
H. KNOX TAYLOR,
218 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.
St. Paul, October 16, 1866.

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, &c., printed in the best style at the Daily Press Steam Job Printing Office.

BLANK BOOKS OF ALL KINDS made to order at the Daily Press Steam Job Printing Office.

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter,
Oct. 27—4 P.M.

REGISTER YOUR NAMES.—A list of fifteen hundred and ninety-nine qualified electors of the township of Minneapolis, has been issued by Mr. T. H. Williams, Town Clerk, and is posted up for inspection at his office and at the post office. Election takes place at Harmonia Hall, November 6th 1866. Let every one inspect the list and see if their name is upon it. The Judges of election will be at Harmonia Hall Wednesday, Oct. 31st, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and for the next three days ensuing if necessary, and for two hours next preceeding the opening of the polls, on the day of election, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said list.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.—Thomas G. Jones, collector of revenue for this district was in town yesterday. His probable mission was the appointment of special detectives, who are to quietly ascertain whether the provisions of the new law relating to canned fruit, meats, &c., are respected. This law requires that every can of fruit, meats, &c., weighing less than two pounds, there must be a one cent stamp, and upon all of two or over two pounds weight, a two cent stamp. There are thousands of these cans of delicacies upon the grocery shelves of our town, and would bring in a good revenue at a cent or two each. This law is being stringently enforced in Chicago, and late papers contain accounts of numerous complaints against disobedient storekeepers.

THE NORTH STAR BATTING MILL.—We owe the public and apology, and especially our dry goods merchants, for negligence in noticing the manufacture of batting by Eastman, Gibson & Co. For some time past these enterprising gentlemen have been engaged in making this necessary article; their mill is situated back of the woolen mill, and is in active operation. Batting of good quality to the amount of three hundred pounds per day is turned out, which finds ready sale at from 25 to 30 cents per pound. Our merchants will find it to their advantage to inspect some of the samples, as they compare with that from the east. The cotton used in the mill comes from New Orleans.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—Will the Board please take into consideration that portion of Hennepin Avenue, upper side, near the suspension bridge, which was formerly occupied by a respectable sidewalk, but which the reduction of the grade destroyed? The uneven surface of the ground, especially near Gilpatrick's tailor shop, will afford shocking footway during the winter if not improved by a plank walk.

THE WEATHER.—The wind has chopped from the south-west round to the south-east. It is comfort to notice a change, even in the wind during this unseasonable spell of weather. Snow fell here again this morning to the depth of an inch. Night before last was one of the darkest of the season. Horses which were supposed to be good roadsters in a dark night, were puzzled to keep the track. We look for clear weather in—— days.

MUSICAL.—The production of the Oratorio of Queen Esther this fall is considered doubtful. To produce it in good style requires quite an outlay of money, as the costumes are all of regal splendor, and an endless amount of patient rehearsal. Pence's new hall would be the proper place to produce this fine composition of Mr. Bradbury's, as it will be furnished with a commodious stage. Messrs. Benham & Elliott will open their music rooms next week in Pence's Building, Central Block, and they will at once become the resort of connoisseurs.

MUSIC.—The programme for the complimentary concert to Mr. Bowman will consist of some of the very choicest musical selections, sung by the best talent Minneapolis affords.

MISCELLANEOUS.—The open lot below Barnard Brothers & Shuey has been sold to Indiana parties for $450, a running foot. This lot is 56x157. Next spring it will be improved by the erection of fine stone buildings, one of which will be occupied as a bank. Quite an investment of Indiana capital will be made here next spring——Do not forget the afternoon meeting Monday night at Williams Book store. All who have subscribed for shares must be present.——Go and be registered without delay—see notice.

NEW FURNITURE STORE.—Crosby & Gallagher from Maine are soon to open a first class Furniture store in Kelly's new block on Hennepin Avenue. Mr. Crosby, the senior partner has been in the business twenty-eight years, and has selected a complete stock of furniture, feathers, mattrasses, picture-frames and pictures.

REV. SILAS MCKEE, of Logansport, Ind., will preach morning and evening in the Union Baptist Church, Minneapolis, to-day. Services 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M.

GREAT SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
At AUCTION.
Horses, Cows and Farming Tools,
At the house of WM. R. SMITH, two miles south of Minneapolis.
October 31, 1866, at 9 1-2 o'clock a. m
Three carriages will leave James Canoy & Co.'s store, Reynolds Block, at 9 A. M.
The Furniture is chiefly new, and embraces a number of sets for chambers, such as Bureaus with pivot Glasses, Bureau and other Wash Stands, Bedsteads, Mattrasses and Ticks, Toilet Sets, Lounges, Spring Cots, Carpets, Dining Tables and Chairs, a large Elewart Stove, Parlor Stove, Curtains, etc., etc.
The Farm Stock embraces a superior Mare and Pony, two seated Buggy, Sctiable and Harness, two Cows, Plough, harrow, etc., etc. Also one fair young Heavy Horses, one first-class Shifting Top Buggy, one Cutter, (scarcely used,) one Young Work Horse and one set Harness.
Six months credit on all sums over fifty dollars, will be given to negotiable paper.
J. V. WIGGIT & CO.,
oct28-2t Auctioneers.

T. G. BARNARD | J. F. BARNARD | W. H. H. SHUEY
BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURNITURE!
A full and complete assortment of
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
KITCHEN,
Office and School Furniture,
constantly on hand,
Upholstering Done to Order.
All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony free of charge.
Prices furnished on application. Salesroom
Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis
And at Factory, Main street,
St. Anthony, Minn.
apr5.1y

NORTH STAR WOOLEN MILL!
MINNEAPOLIS.
Retail Department
Opened at the Mill expressly for the convenience of farmers, country and town people.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
VISIT THE MILL.
NEW GOODS!
Spring and Summer Coatings,
Of Dark and Light Brown and Shaded Grey colors, made from the finest Wool and especially adapted to the cooler latitudes of the Northwest.
FANCY CASSIMERES
In black and white and black and brown plaids! In spring style, made expressly of pure wool, for pantaloon stuffs and vestings.
All Wool Tweeds!
Of superine quality and soft silky finish, of light grades for summer wear.
NATHAN. GIBSON & CO.

SECOND EXAMPLE
OF A POLICY HELD BY A RESIDENT OF THIS CITY.
Policy 13,479, issued 1851 for $5,000, age 33, annual premium $125 60; total premiums paid in 12 years $1,507.20, now stands with its additions, (payable at death,) at $7,159.61. The dividends will hereafter pay the premiums, making the policy a *paid up* policy. At death his family will receive the face of the policy, $5,000, all the premiums paid, $1,507.20, and $652 more, making in all the $7,159.01. This addition of $2,159.01 to the policy does not cease after five years, but remains added to policy through life.
THE
Mutual Life
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
Cash Assets, - - - $17,000,000.

Whole number of Policies in force August 1, 1866, over	32,000
Amount insured	$120,000,000
Cash dividend, 1865, being profits for five years, to February 1, 1865	3,000,000
Cash dividend, 1866, being profits for three years, to February 1, 1866	2,975,388
Actual cash surplus, being undivided profits to July 1, 1866	2,000,000

The next dividend will be declared February 1, 1867, and every Policy then in force will participate in the profits of 1866, and receive a dividend.
Parties insuring upon any plan will have a dividend which they may use to reduce the SECOND ANNUAL PREMIUM.
The Assets of the Company are purely cash, and include no premium notes, railroad, bank or fancy stocks or other imaginary or questionable securities.
Endowment and ten year policies issued at 10 to 20 per cent less rates than any other Mutual Company.
☞ For practical workings or actual results of policies in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, held by St. Paul men, see an example in local column of this issue.
ETHERIDGE & POWELL, Agents, St. Paul.
oct21-eod2w

ST. PAUL FOUNDRY
AND
Machine Shop,
Third and Wacouta-sts.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
BRAINARD & CO.
All kinds of Castings made and Machine Work done in the best possible manner, and at low prices. Also Copper and Sheet Iron Work Wrought. Hot Air Furnaces put up.
H. J. BRAINARD, A. WILSON, W. B. WEBB,
oct1-d&w4m

JOHN A. STEES,
Undertaker,
Third street, Saint Paul, Minn
SOLE AGENT OR
FISK'S PATENT METALLIC BURIAL CASES & CASKETS
Cloth Caskets and Wooden Coffins of the latest style constantly on hand. Hearses and Carriages and everything necessary for a Funeral furnished on the shortest notice.
Residence on Canada street, above Tenth
nov19-1y-4th?

To Wholesale and Retail
DRUG BUYERS
EDWARD H. BIGGS
Takes pleasure in informing his fri

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME VI. SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1866. NUMBER 255.

The St. Paul Daily Press.

SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 30, 1866.

NOTES ON BROWNING.

If Mr. Browning's letter were the mere protest of a conservative theorist against the sublime forward march of the American people, emerging with triumphal songs from the Red Sea of an overthrown Rebellion, with their faces set toward the promised land, and bearing on their shoulders the Constitution as the Ark of their Covenant, it would suffice to let him stay behind in the wilderness and worship the copper calf which is set up at Washington. But when "Moses" himself joins the idolators to arrest the onward movement of the great column of God's chosen—and declares that if the people will go forward the Ark of the Constitution at any rate shall not move onward an inch—the case is getting decidedly serious; if indeed, Andrew Johnson is not a false Moses, a recreant Aaron rather, who is leading the people astray while the real Moses is coming down the mountain clothed with thunders and bearing in his hand the new tables of that Divine Law of Justice and Benevolence which is written, as in the Constitutional Amendments.

Mr. Browning says and Mr. Johnson endorses the declaration, that the Constitution which has carried us through "three quarters of a century of unexampled prosperity and enabled us to meet and overcome the most stupendous rebellion in the history of nations," needs no change. Indeed, but whence sprung this most stupendous Rebellion? From the bosom of the Constitution itself—from slavery protected by the Constitution—from theories of State Sovereignty, for which the sanction of the Constitution was alleged. Does Mr. Johnson suppose the American people are such fools as to forget that for fifty years the North and the South have been quarrelling about the true meaning and intent of the Constitution—about the respective powers of the States and General Government under that instrument, and about the enormous wrongs which were perpetrated daily upon American citizens under its alleged sanction? Does he expect us to forget that this quarrel over the Constitution broke out at last in that most stupendous rebellion, which is the most fearful proof of the necessity of a broad and radical constitutional reform, but in which he sees nothing but an evidence that, because the nation survived the explosion, it ought to foster the causes which led to it? O! lame and impotent conclusion!

But Mr. Johnson's opposition to the Constitutional Amendment is only one and the least mischievous development of the reactionary conservatism which has taken hold of his mind. Through Mr. Browning he makes the following startling declaration:

> The legislative is much the strongest of the departments, and the most aggressive, because members are responsible to no power but the will of the dominant party for acts of usurpation. It is the only department from the encroachments of which any serious danger to our institutions is to be apprehended.

Congress is responsible to no party; it is responsible to the whole people, and represents the will of the majority of the people for the time being. In no other way can the people act except through a majority. The majority is the governing people in the view of the Constitution, and the acts of their representatives in Congress are submitted to them every two years for approval or disapproval. The voice of the majority is the verdict of the people. This is the very essence of popular government—the most precious safeguard of liberty.

Mr. Johnson is always talking about his great respect for the people. He refers everything to the people; his confidence in the people, his love for the people, is unlimited. And yet, now, he tells us that it is dangerous to entrust power to the representatives of the people, *because they are responsible to no power but the people.*

Where, then, would he place the power of the republic? In somebody not responsible to the people? This man has heretofore talked not a little of becoming Dictator, and Secretary Seward has nominated him for King. Certain it is, he is marching rapidly back in the direction of the monarchical theories of government, which are based on precisely such views of the danger of entrusting power to popular majorities as that advanced by Mr. Browning and endorsed by President Johnson.

THE INCREASED PAY—HOW NORTON AND DONNELLY VOTED.

The *Pioneer* has nearly exhausted its vocabulary of abusive epithets in its efforts to hold up Mr. Donnelly to the scorn and detestation of his constituents for having, as it charges, voted for the bill increasing the pay of Congressmen from $3,000 to $5,000 per annum.

Now it happens that Mr. Donnelly did not vote for the bill. The Congressional *Globe* records both Mr. Donnelly and Mr. Windom among the absent when the vote was taken. On the other hand we beg to call the special attention of the *Pioneer* that its Apollo Trismegistus—Dan. Norton—did vote for the bill, and he voted for it not only in the form in which it last came before the Senate, complicated with a proposition for equalizing the bounties of soldiers; *but he voted for it as a separate proposition.* In fact nearly every Democrat in the Senate, and a large majority of those present in the House, voted for increased pay to members. The *Globe* shows that nearly all of the opposition in debate or by vote came from Republicans. Here is the separate proposition for increased pay, in which Norton voted yea in common with nearly every Democrat present:

> *And be it further enacted*, That the compensation of each Senator, Representative and delegate in Congress shall be $5,000 per annum, to be computed from the first day of the present Congress, and, in addition thereto, mileage at the rate of 20 cents per mile, to be estimated by the nearest route usually traveled in going to and returning from each regular session; but nothing herein contained shall effect mileage accounts already accrued under existing laws; *Provided*, That hereafter mileage accounts of Senators shall be certified by the President of the Senate, and those of Representatives and delegates by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

YEAS—Messrs. *Buckalew*, Clark, *Cowan* Cresswell, *Davis*, *Doolittle*, Edmunds, Henderson, *Hendricks*, Howard, Lane, *McDougall*, NORTON, Poland, Pomeroy, Ramsey, *Riddle*, Ross, Sprague, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wilson and Yates—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Chandler, Fessenden, Foster, Grimes. *Guthrie*, Howe, Morgan, *Nesmith*, Nye, Sherman, Sumner, Wade and Williams—13.

ABSENT—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Conness, Craigin, *Dixon*, Fowler, Harris, Johnson, Kirkwood, Morrill, *Saulsbury*, Stewart, Willey and *Wright*—14.

We believe this is the first political campaign on record where the Democratic candidates were kind enough to take the stump against themselves and the party which nominated them.

THE New York *World* assures us that "the Democratic party will never endorse the Constitutional Amendment." So says the *Pioneer*, and so say they all.

We venture respectfully, therefore, to inquire whether the Democratic party has any candidates for Congress in this State. For the two gentlemen who were nominated as such have both announced themselves in favor of the Constitutional Amendment.

THE BALTIMORE TROUBLES.

Gov. Swann's Judgment Already Indicated.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

ANAPOLIS, Md. Oct. 26.

The Baltimore rebels and Conservatives wanted the Police Commissioners of their city removed at once. The bold stand of the Unionists prevented this outrage, and secured some time for investigation. The Governor seems, however, to be carrying out the disloyalists' programme, none the less surely even if somewhat more slowly than they desired, and if words and manner are any indication of a settled purpose, he has determined upon removing the commissioners before beginning their trial.

The proceedings to-day were witnessed by a considerable number of gentlemen, many of whom acted as prompters to the counsel of the Conservatives and Copperheads. The Governor appeared about eleven o'clock, and the investigation was continued four hours. The whole number of counsel, three on each side, were present. The Commissioners were at first disposed, after denying the Governor's jurisdiction, to have nothing more to do with the matter, but becoming convinced that their removal had been predetermined on, finally concluded to appear by counsel and cross-examine the witnesses of the prosecution, and put upon record some facts that it will not be pleasant for the Governor to confront.

The day opened with some sparring between the lawyers, relative to the terms on which the counsel for the commissioners could appear. This matter having been settled to the satisfaction of all parties, the Governor made a little speech, showing clearly enough, everybody seemed to think, what the ultimate fate of the commissioners would be. He declared that the case would be disposed of by Wednesday next at the furthest, though at least three days will be occupied in examining the witnesses already summoned by the prosecution, and plainly intimated his purpose to close the investigation as soon as the evidence for the prosecution is all in, if he should feel so disposed. He also significantly said that he would not allow his action in the premises to be reviewed by any judicial tribunal, but only by the Legislature of the State.

Some fifteen or sixteen witnesses were examined during the day. Their evidence was intended to show that nearly all the Judges and clerks of election, and a large majority of the police force are Radicals; that some of the Judges and special election policemen are not men of the best moral character, and that some of the Judges did not interpret certain disputed points of law for the benefit of the Conservatives.

Most of the gentlemen examined are of good standing in the community. The rowd of rebel sympathizers present seemed entirely satisfied that the Governor is on their side, and will make short work with the Commissioners, if even half an excuse is given him.

The examination will be continued about four hours daily until concluded.

THE FENIAN TRIALS.

Retaliation Threatened in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The *Herald's* Toronto special says in the case of Lynch, the convicted Fenian, the judge said he should have time to appeal to higher courts.

The *Evening Express* says: "This morning the ordinary interest in the proceedings of the Fenian trials in Canada was increased by the news that one of the alleged officers of Gen. O'Neil's brigade, Col. Lynch, was sentenced to be hung in December next, for an assumed participation in the invasion of the frontier. The report soon became the principal topic of conversation in the city, and all classes seemed to condemn the severity of the sentence as unnecessary and imprudent. The course of the Canadians during the late war also called forth very unfavorable criticism in connection with the sentence of Colonel Lynch."

MEETING AT THE FENIAN HEADQUARTERS.

Owing to the news, the headquarters of Col. Roberts presented an unusually animated scene this afternoon. Two of the leading Generals were in the War Department of the building; and soon after their arrival they were beseeged by Fenians, who anxiously inquired what would be done to prevent the execution of the death penalty, or secure retribution for the action of the Canadian court.

In answer to the parties, one of the generals replied that if Lynch was hung he would engage to capture and execute 12 Canadians to avenge the deed. Should the other prisoners share the same fate, he said their deaths would be avenged in the same way.

Another Fenian general, referring to the sentence, said he had paroled forty Canadians whom he captured, and provided them with a safe escort beyond the Fenian lines. If they hung Lynch, he remarked, it would only have the effect of expediting another invasion of Canada. It is believed that President Roberts will take some action on the subject.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Republican Gains and Victories.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The New York *Tribune's* Wheeling special says: "Returns from the West Virginia election, thus far received, show gains on the vote for the Constitutional Amendment last May, which was carried by upwards of 7,000. Hubbard, Republican, is undoubtedly re-elected to Congress by a large majority. This county is in doubt, but returns show Union gains. Boreman, Republican, is certainly elected Governor."

WHEELING, W. Va., October 26.—The vote polled in West Virginia yesterday for Congressmen and State officers, is larger than at any election since the Presidential canvass in 1861. Returns thus far received, as compared with the Constitutional Amendment, which was carried by 7,000 majority, show Republican gains. Governor Boreman is undoubtedly elected by an equal majority.

Hubbard, Republican, for Congress from the first District, will be returned by about 1,600 majority.

Returns from the Second District indicate the certain election of Kitchen, Republican.

Wheeling City and Ohio County are warmly contested. The Democrats carry the county by about 200 majority, a Republican gain of 144.

DIED.

On Sunday, 28th inst., at his residence on 9th street, HENRY L. CALEY, aged 11 years.

The funeral will take place from the Central Presbyterian Church on Cedar street, Wednesday at 3 P. M.

$1.00. How to make those beautiful 1st Black Gutta Percha Plaa, Earrings, Bracelets, Chains, &c., sent to any body for $1.00, with material for earrings free. Material costing $2.00 sells for $15.00 made up. JAS. W. PAYNE, Jr., Oneida street, box 1028, Milwaukee, Wis. 1t

Cashmere! Cashmere!

I have just received direct from the district of Angora, Asia Minor, a new importation of

ANGORA (SHAWL) GOATS,

known in this country as Cashmere, which I offer for sale at moderate prices.

Also for sale a few young Holstein or Dutch Bulls, and "Texel," or "Mouton Flandrin" Rams.

WINTHROP W. CHENERY,
Highland Stock Farm,
Belmont, Middlesex county, Mass.

oct26-w3t

New Advertisements.

Historical Society ... and For

D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co.,

JOBBERS OF

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Toys, Fancy Goods,

and NOTIONS,

AT 190 THIRD STREET,

Would invite the attention of country merchants to the large stock of NEW GOODS they have in store for the Fall and Winter Trade, which they are selling on very favorable terms for cash. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy all that we are selling our goods at a very small margin for profits. oc9

LOST OR STOLEN.

A Certificate of Deposit, drawn by Dawson & Co., in favor of Timothy O'Connor, for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars. All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase the same as payment thereof has been stopped.

oc30-3t* TIMOTHY O'CONNOR.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE SEASON is the largest and best selected stock of

Men's, Boys', Youths' & Children's

CLOTHING,

Cassimere, Beaver Cloths,

Buffalo Robes and Coats,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.

Particular attention given to

Merchant Tailoring.

J. NEWMAN

Offers the above articles lower than any house in this State can or will sell, either Wholesale or Retail. Come one, come all, and satisfy yourself that it is the only place to buy your Clothing. oc30-3m J. NEWMAN.

MORGAN & M'CLOUD,

Real Estate Agents,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.

FOR SALE.—An excellent House and Lot on Canada street, lower Town, with every convenience. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A good small house, with good lot, in Upper Town, for $1,300, near the House of Hope. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 12, block 8, in Rice & Irvine's addition, on Seventh street, corner of Exchange. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A fine brick residence, with extensive grounds. 100x300, on Ninth street, near Jackson. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley—an excellent business lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 7, block 7, Basil & Guerin's addition, on corner Wabashaw and 8th streets, near the capital. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lots 3 and 4, block 26, Kittson's addition, on 8th street, corner Olive—a good building lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—1,300 acres pine lands in Pine county; 1,360 acres farming lands 21 miles north of St. Paul; 8,000 acres farming lands on line St. Paul & Pacific Railroad, near Sauk Rapids, and houses and lots, residence and business lots, and farms and farming lands in all parts of the city and State. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

TO RENT—The J. E. Warren house, on 9th street, from first of November. House in Lower Town, from 15th of November. House on 9th street, near the capitol, from 15th of November. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

oct30-1stp

POPULAR GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

CATHCART & CO.

No. 132 Third Street,

ARE NOW OPENING THE

Largest & Most Magnificent Stock

OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.

The reputation, experience, and facilities of the above House are guaranteed to the public that they will always find, at reasonable prices, the latest and most desirable importations from the Fashionable cities of London, Paris, and New York. oct30

SPECIAL SALE

OF

WHITE AND COLORED

BLANKETS,

At 10 per Cent Below Value

TO THE TRADE.

Also at Retail at the

ONE PRICE

DRY GOODS HOUSE

OF

JOHN H. CAMP,

142 Third street,

oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND

Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the

LATEST STYLES

OF

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS,

Thursday, Oct. 4th.

oc2

LUMBER WAGONS, OF EASTERN MAKE, warranted the best in Minnesota, just received and for sale by

A. H. WILDER & CO.

St. Paul, May 11, 1 apr11

CLXIV

EVERYTHING NEW!

FIRM, STORE AND STOCK.

EDWARD HOGAN. CHARLES NICHOLS.

HOGAN & NICHOLS,

Whose elegantly outfitted store is attracting such universal attention, desire to bring to the notice of Country Merchants their heavy and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. We are

Jobbers and Retailers of

DRY GOODS

Any one desiring Goods in the RETAIL DEPARTMENT will readily perceive the advantage of selecting from an entirely new stock—especially when the stock is the largest and prices the lowest of any House in town.

No Old Goods carried over from past seasons.

For the present we are open in the evening, and proffering our compliments, we extend a general invitation to one a and all to drop in and see how we look by Gaslight at

164 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

JUST BELOW THE PIONEER OFFICE.

oct30

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

KEYSTONE

THE GREATEST

FUEL-SAVING STOVE

IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

C. L. GRANT,

SOLE AGENT

113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.

oct16-1m-1stp

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

HATS, CAS, FUR

AND

MILLINERY GOODS!

199 Third street,

(INGERSOLL'S BOW.)

OUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct18-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

Office on Jackson street,

OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.

oc19-2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF CLOAK TRIMMINGS IN THE STATE AT THE OLD DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT, ELFELT'S, Third street, St. Paul.

oct16-1stp

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A

FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,

I am now prepared to execute

COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,

Cartes de Visite, &c.,

IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying. oct6

A. SINCLAIR.

Northwestern Steam Bakery!

Giles & Passavant, Proprietors.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Crackers, Pies, Cakes, Bread, &c., Corner Third-st and Levee.

N. B.—ALL KINDS OF ... TO ORDER. CORNER PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO. oct3-1stpdaw

OFFICE,

HAS st Law, Office over Parker Pitney's Block, Jackson street, St. Paul, Minn. nov4

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!

Fall & Winter Stock of

Clothing, Cloths,

CASSIMERES,

HATS, CAPS,

AND

MENS' FURNISHING GOODS

JUST RECEITED.

DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.

Clothing Manufactured to Order

In a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.

T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf

ROBES!

Buffalo Robe Overcoats

At Wholesale.

T. B. CAMPBELL,

oct3-1stp-to 158 Third street.

LAMPS!

A large stock of

LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS

Lamp Wick and Lanterns,

Just received at the

CROCKERY HOUSE

OF

Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,

Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons

OHIO STONE WARE,

JUST RECEIVED.

jan1-dawly-1st'y

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,

Chemists & Druggists,

Pure Unadulterated Drugs,

FINE CHEMICALS,

CHOICE PERFUMERY,

Toilet Articles in Sets,

And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the

New Drug Store,

IN ROGERS' BLOCK,

227 Third Street

my20-1y-1st'y ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of New York City.

Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations, $200,000.

Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two millions dollars.

All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from

Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower

Than charged by

Mutual Life Insurance Companies,

Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL

Is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a

Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.

Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to

O. CURTIS, State Agent,

Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.

aug15 1y-1stp

PRATT & HUGHSON,

AT

No. 221 Third street,

(ROGER'S BLOCK.)

Are now receiving the largest and best selected stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

Ever brought to this city, expressly for the Retail Trade, among which is a full assortment from the manufactory of

E. C. Burt, of New York.

We warrant our goods and sell as cheap as any other house in the city. No trouble to show goods.

WE MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES. sep30-1stp

GLOBE HOTEL

On the European Plan.

Now open at the

Corner Third and Jackson-sts.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.

sp27 J. E. TASCOTT, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS

ON

RAILROAD LANDS

OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.

All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.

WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
33	28	122	25
34	28	121	26
33	28	122	26
34	29	122	27
35	29	123	27
36	29	123	28
35	30	124	28
36	30	125	28
37	30	126	28
38	30	124	29
37	31	125	29
38	31	126	29

OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
36	28	121	28
37	28	122	29
38	28	123	29
35	29	124	29
36	29	125	29
37	29	126	29
38	29	127	29
35	30	123	30
37	30	124	30
38	30	125	30
39	30	126	30
39	31	127	30
		126	31
		127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER, President and Land Commissioner.

sep6-4w-1stpdaw

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,

No. 187 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,

1,000 Stoves,

600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,

100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,

10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead

2,000 lbs. Pig Tin,

3,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,

2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,

200 Pumps,

200 Bundles Wire,

5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc,

500 Boxes Tin Plate,

2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,

Together with a large variety of

TINNERS' STOCK

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp

P. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.

NASH & MURPHY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

PRODUCE AND LIQUORS

WABASHAW STREET,

Between Third & Fourth

Adjoining the Opera House.

sep25-1stp

NEW THING

IN

LIFE INSURANCE!

{DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.} {NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!}

THE UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of New York City.

Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations, $200,000.

All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from

Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower

Than charged by

Mutual Life Insurance Companies,

Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL

Is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a

Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.

Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to

O. CURTIS, State Agent,

Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.

aug15 1y-1stp

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

For Elegance, Durability and Economy, superior to all others.

For sale at WHOLESALE ONLY, by

J. L. FORBAUGH & CO.,

138 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

The most Popular, Stylish and Graceful Skirt worn, for sale by

CATHCART & CO.,

132 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

The Lightest, most Agreeable and Perfect Skirt made, for sale by

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

aug15-2m1stp Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

JACKSON WAGONS!

We are General Agents for the

Jackson, Michigan,

WAGONS,

And warrant them far superior to any in the Western States.

BIGELOW, MURDOCK & CO.

sep1-1stp

DR. DE MONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

Office on Third Street,

NEAR POST OFFICE, ST. PAUL.

From a quarter of a century's experience Dr. De M. promises excellence of workmanship and at reasonable charges, and refers by permission to

Mr. Oakes, (of Borup & Oakes) St. Paul.
Col. and Mrs. Belote, International Hotel.
Mr. Edgerton, President of 2d National Bank, Right Rev. Bishop Grace.
Rev. Dr. McMasters.
Col. Robertson, and Physicians of St. Paul generally. mch1-1y-1st'y

STEAMBOAT AND BARGES FOR SALE.—The light draught steamer CHARLIE ROGERS, which has done a splendid business this season; also THREE BARGES, are offered for sale, the owner wishing to engage in other business. For terms and capacity, or any particulars concerning said boats, apply to or address P. TIER or L. CORNELISEN, Dubuque, Iowa. oc27-3t-1p

BOUNTY

WAR BLANKS.

THE LATEST FORMS,

As prescribed by the War Department

NOW READY.

CLAIM BLANKS, $1.00 per Quire. VOUCHER RECEIPTS, 50 cents per Quire, POST-PAID,

Orders received by mail promptly attended to. Address,

PRESS PRINTING CO.,

oc27-d3t&w2t St. Paul, Minn.

OF ALL MUSIC BOOKS FOR the young "MERRY CHIMES" is universally admitted to be best. This new book of Mr. L. O. Emerson's has already met with a sale altogether unprecedented—and though his previous work, "THE GOLDEN WREATH," reached *Six three hundredth edition of one thousand copies each*, present appearances indicate that the "Merry Chimes" will go beyond it. The Elementary Department contains just those peculiar elements that attract and retain the attention of children. The songs are not old and time worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions and alive with the spirit of the times. Price 50 cents a copy—$5.00 a dozen. Specimen pages on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,

oc27 277 Washington street, Boston.

Dr. Simonton

Has introduced the NITROUS OXIDE, or LAUGHING GAS, at his Office, Ingersoll's Block. Now is the time to have Teeth extracted and laugh while it is being done. oc2

Clothing.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS

AND OTHERS.

We would respectfully state that we are now receiving our Fall Stock of CLOTHING, which was made to our order (Custom Made,) the material and style of which are good. The advantages we offer in Assortment, Goods and Price, we trust will be sufficient inducement for an examination of the same.

W. H. TEMPLE,

Third-st., above Minnesota-st.

sep23.

Banks.

E. THOMPSON, CASH. J. E. THOMPSON, PRES'T

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF SAINT PAUL,

Paid up Capital $600,000.

Government Bonds, Coin, Land Warrants and Half Breed Scrip

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Prompt attention given to the collection of

QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS

Agents for the sale of

PASSAGE TICKETS

from Liverpool and Queenstown to New York and Saint Paul.

Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France Sweden and Norway.*

jan5-1st'y

SECOND

National Bank of St. Paul

Paid up Capital $200,000.

This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to Banks, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business

Drafts for Sale on

LONDON, DUBLIN, BREMEN

and other principal European cities.

Collections upon all accessible points in the Northwest will be made and remitted for on day of payment at current rates of exchange. Highest Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. This Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and these notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.

E. S. EDGERTON, President.
JOHN NICOLS, Vice President.
D. A. MONFORT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN NICOLS,	F. B. FARWELL,
J. H. STEWART,	N. B. HARWOOD,
B. PRESLEY,	J. B. BRADEN,
C. H. SCHURMEIER,	JOSEPH DAILEY,
P. BERKEY,	F. E. SMITH,
I. C. GEORGE,	ISAAC STAPLES,
	E. S. EDGERTON.

St. Paul, July 9th, 1866 sp4-1y-1st'y

HUMAN HAIR.

L. P. FRANKLIN,

Bridge Square, St. Paul,

WIG MAKER,

(FROM NEW YORK.)

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,

CURLS, BANDS, FRONT PIECES,

Wigs, Half Wigs, Side Braids.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

At Prices which Defy Competition.

All goods warranted to be made in the most careful and tasteful manner.

Orders by Mail or Express will receive prompt attention.

Private rooms for Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing.

The only Brown Dye applied and for sale.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.

BRIDGE SQUARE, ST. PAUL sp5-1y-1st'y

T. M. METCALF,

Real Estate Broker

AND

INSURANCE AGENT.

Jackson street, between 5th and 6th.

Will buy and sell Real Estate on commission, Pay Taxes, Collect Rents, and attend to all other business in his line, promptly and thoroughly.

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE POLICIES issued in Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford and Accidental Insurance Company of Columbus, Ohio. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES IN PROVIDENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO. aug17-1stptfeb16

AUCTION SALE

OF

FINE FURNITURE.

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30th, at 10 A. M.,

Fairchild & Co., Auctioneers,

Sell at the residence of Mr. PHELPS, on 13th street, four doors west of St. Peter street,

ONE SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO,

VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,

THREE-PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETS,

A HANDSOME PARLOR SET, (embraces Sofa, Marble Top Table, four Chairs and two Easy Chairs, one Chamber Set,) Mirror, Etagere, Hat Stand, Sofa, Lounge, two Heating Stoves, Bedstead, Chairs, Extension Table, Dining and Kitchen Chairs, SEWING MACHINE, Lamps, Clocks, Crockery and Kitchen Ware, &c.

FAIRCHILD & CO.,

oct23-3t Auctioneers.

ENGINES AND BOILERS,

Of 25 & 50 Horse Power

WITH BOILERS TO MATCH.

OXEN---TWO YOKE

Suitable for Finery work.

oct28 1w WM. L. AMES.

BELLE PLAINE

Real Estate Agency.

ROBERT H. ROSE will attend to all business appertaining to real estate and to the prosecution of War Claims. Respectfully refers to Gov. W. R. Marshall, Gen. H. H. Sibley, D. W. Ingersoll, Esq., Fred. Driscoll, Esq., Col. J. L. Merriam, Col. J. J. Shaw, St. Paul; Hon. A. G. Chatfield and Stone & Mettner, Belle Plaine, Minn.

my3-1st'f

FOLSOM & BANKER,

Dealers in Real Estate,

Conveyances and Surveyors.

S. P. FOLSOM, I. A. BANKER

Property bought and sold, taxes paid, collections made and titles examined. Office in Ingersoll's Block, up stairs. sp19-1y-1st'y

The Saint Paul Press

SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 30, 1866.

THE MARYLAND CONFLICT.

The Maryland imbroglio is approaching a crisis, and as it is not impossible, from the attitude of hostile parties, that blood may flow from their collision, those who have not watched the intelligence from that quarter for week or two past will be glad to know what it is all about.

The point of conflict is the Registry law, which disfranchises the rebels who in 1861 undertook to carry the State out of the Union, and who during the war either served in the rebel armies—without even the usual rebel excuse of going with their State—or lent them still more effectual aid in various contraband ways at home.

The rebels, of course, desire the repeal of this law, but they can only do this by electing a majority of rebels to the Legislature, and as the registry law is itself an insuperable obstacle to this, they can only accomplish their object by an evasion or practical nullification of the law, and to this end they have found a convenient instrument in Gov. Swann, who, although elected as a Unionist, has gone over to Johnsonism and the rebels, in the hope of winning a United States Senatorship by rebel votes.

Under the law, the registers are appointees of the Governor, and Swann proceeded a little while ago to appoint registers of pro-rebel sympathies, who allowed large numbers of ex-rebel soldiers and rebel sympathizers to be registered. But it happens that in the City of Baltimore the law places the elections under the control of a Board of Police Commissioners, who are appointed by the Legislature, and who appoint the judges of elections. Now it is alleged that the Police Commissioners at the recent city election in baltimore instructed the judges not to receive the votes of any of the registered ex-rebels who could not take the oath prescribed by the law. Their votes, in fact, were promptly challenged and as they declined to swear them in, they were not permitted to vote. The Commissioners have given similar instructions for the ensuing elections, and if they are carried out, all the Union nominees for the Legislature—twenty-one in number—will be elected, and Governor Swann's aspirations for a Senatorship defeated. In order to prevent this result, the Governor has undertaken to remove the Police Commissioners, the chief charge against them being that they instructed the judges not to receive the votes of persons illegally registered—who could not take the oath—and that they refused, when requested by the Governor, to remove the judges, who, he held, had exceeded their powers in refusing the votes of any persons on the registry list whether they could take the oath or not.

It should be stated that the law gives the Governor the power to remove the Police Commissioners for official misconduct" "during a recess of the legislature." The Police Commissioners admit that the Governor has a perfect right to remove them when a proper court has pronounced them guilty of "official misconduct"; but they deny that the Governor can exercise the functions of a court and jury and decide of his own discretion that they are guilty of such "misconduct." Thus the Commissioners, on grounds that seem perfectly valid, deny the Governor's jurisdiction in the case—*ab initio*.

But the Governor has refused to entertain this plea; and after an interview with President Johnson, in which he was probably promised whatever military force was necessary to sustain him in his course, he announced his determination to try the Commissioners upon the charges against them, and if he found them guilty, to remove them. The counsel for the Commissioners, while insisting on their plea against the Governor's jurisdiction, made their appearance at the Governor's summons and announced their purpose to see to it, that if the Governor was bound to act as judge in the case, he should at least have all the facts before him on which to base a decision. But the Governor thereupon declared his determination not to wait till the evidence for the defence was put in, but to decide the case on Wednesday of this week anyhow. His decision against the commissioners is, of course, a foregone conclusion. In the meantime the Maryland loyalists seem determined to resist this attempt to break down the barrier which they erected against the returning tide of disloyalty. These threats of resistance having reached the Governor's ears he has made it the pretext of a proclamation against a pretended invasion of Maryland, and as he had long interviews with Johnson, there is little doubt that he has arranged with him on the first sign of any resistance on the part of the loyalists for a force of United States soldiers to trample down in their true blood the loyal hearts of Maryland.

We make no reflections on this state of affairs. They will suggest themselves to every reader. To-morrow we shall probably know whether Andrew Johnson will undertake to use the troops of the United States to overturn the loyal government of Maryland, and to restore to the rebels, who barred the passage of Massachusetts troops through Baltimore in 1861, the control of the legislation and destiny of the State.

THE telegraph via Owatonna to Winona having been completed, this city now enjoys the advantage of a double line of wires to Milwaukee and the East. As one result of these increased facilities, we hope to receive more full and regular news reports than heretofore.

WE give this morning the chief portion of a speech recently delivered by Senator Chandler in Michigan, and advise every reader of the PRESS to peruse it. For cogent argument and a lively, entertaining presentation of the issues of the canvass, this speech of Mr. Chandler has not been surpassed.

THE New York *Express*, in a sensational editorial, says: "'Impartial suffrage,' 'manhood suffrage,' &c., &c., are cabalistic words, we constantly hear of, in the *Tribune*, and all of that ilk. Why is it not proposed to embrace women in this 'impartial' suffrage?" We have yet to hear of an objection from any party, or any man, against the proposition to embrace the women, but it ought to be done under the shadow of the sanctuary.

—A despatch from Newark, Ohio, details some of the gross frauds perpetrated by the Democrats in that district, to secure the election of Gen. Morgan. Republicans there are confident enough of fraudulent voting will be proven to give Mr. Delano his seat.

THE ISSUES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Spicy Speech of Senator Zach. Chandler.

We copy from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, extracts from the speech of Senator Chandler delivered in Macomb county, Michigan, on Monday evening, October 22d. No more direct and forcible presentation of the issues pending in this campaign has yet been made, and we only regret that our space will not allow us to give the speech in full:

STATUS OF THE REBEL STATES.

I will not discuss the question to-night whether those States were or are in or out of the Union. That question is rather a mythical one. We never yielded our control over those States. We never allowed that they were out of the Union, but their people were alien enemies. I say I shall not discuss the question whether they were in or out of the Union. One thing is very certain—the Union was essentially out of them. [Laughter.] They had established cordons of bayonets around their States. They had thrust out your courts of law, seized your Post-office department, and would not permit your flag to flout over a single foot of your ground where they had control, and the boys in blue will tell you that it required four years hard fighting to thrust the Union into them. The people were conquered as alien enemies, in whatever condition the States may have been. The laws of war are as well settled by the Constitution as the laws of peace. The laws of war have been changed from age to age. Originally the laws of war permitted the massacre of all prisoners of war and the desolation of their country. In process of time, from sheer cupidity, these laws were changed. Soldiers only were slain, and the women and children were sold into slavery, and so modifications have been made from age to age, but the same laws regulate all civilized nations, and as late as July, 1866, the laws of war among civilized nations permitted the conquerors to levy the whole expenses of the war upon the conquered. That was our right under the laws of war. When Prussia conquered Austria, as late as last July, she not only annexed all the territory she desired, belonging to the Austrian dominion, but she levied thirty million florins upon the Austrian empire to pay the expenses of the war. When Prussia annexed Frankfort, she not only annexed her, but made Frankfort pay for the expenses of conquering her. We were entitled to levy the expenses of the late war upon the South. Several million dollars worth of property had been confiscated and captured by the Union armies, and Congress had passed laws regulating the sale of that property. Among other things were several millions worth of railroad stock, which should have been sold, but Andrew Johnson ordered it to be sold on credit to the companies. They forgot to pay for it, and probably never will pay for it. Mr. Johnson had as much right to sell my private property on credit to the rebels as to sell that. He scattered his pardons broadcast among these rebels, and not only hardened in advance of conviction, but ordered property restored—property seized under the laws of war, and held under the laws of war and the laws of Congress. He had no right to restore that property, but he did it. And so we are very much in the situation of the man who went before a justic of the peace, and heard a decision which he thought was improper and unlawful. "You can't make that decision," said he. "Why not?" said the squire. "Because it is contrary to the laws and the constitution," said the lawyer. "Can't make it, you fool you," said the squire; "what are you talking about? I have made it." So in this case, Andrew Johnson has done it. While we may punish him, we cannot get back the property. You know what the consequence is when you sue a beggar. You are very apt to catch a louse. [Laughter.]

TENNESSEE AND A. J.

There may be some Democrats here, and I want to say a word to them in advance. In discussing Andrew Johnson and his policy, I may use strong language. If you think it is too strong, it is none of your business. I am my President, and not yours. I voted for him; you did not. If you saw fit to abuse him when I placed him, I have a right to abuse him now when you are praising him. We will square the account in that way. [Laughter.] The first business that Congress was to adopt some plan for reconstructing those States. They appointed a committee of fifteen, nine from the House and six from the Senate, to examine into and report upon the condition of the lately rebellious States, and to present a plan for the reorganization of their State governments. After eight months of labor, and, perhaps, a more searching investigation than was ever given by Congress to any subject since the formation of the Government, Congress adopted a plan, but did not submit that plan to the President. It was in the shape of a constitutional amendment, and Congress, by a two-thirds vote in both Houses, passed this amendment, and sent it to the Secretary of State to be forwarded to the Governors and Legislatures of the several States for adoption. The President, although this amendment was never before him for action, sent to Congress a stump speech denouncing the whole thing; and he has since used his influence, and the influence of his office to prevent its adoption. Had Andrew Johnson united with Congress and recommended the adoption of that amendment unquestionably the Southern States would have adopted it before this time, but, instead of that, he has used all his power and all his influence to defeat it. Now in Tennessee, you remember, the loyal Governor called the Legislature together for the purpose of adopting this amendment, but it was broken up for want of a quorum. Well, every member of the Legislature who helped to break up a quorum was rewarded by Andrew Johnson with a federal appointment. These appointments were sent into the Senate for confirmation, and the proper committee examined and reported upon them. When action was asked they were ordered to lie over. Finally, Gov. Brownlow called another session of the Legislature; then these cases came up again for action. I stated the facts I have already related as to what they had done with these appointments, and I asked for immediate action. I wanted them all rejected then and there, for I wanted the people of Tennessee to understand that no man could be put by the Senate of the United States for treason against the United States. [Applause.] They were taken up, acted on, and rejected. [Applause.]

Well, now, fellow citizens, I shall as briefly as possible allude to the plan of Congress; for that is the only plan before the people for discussion. That is the plan upon which you are called upon to vote this fall. The State of Tennessee adopted this amendment, and it was the first State to adopt it. We did not even wait for official notification, but took the telegram of Governor Brownlow as sufficient, and admitted every Senator and Representative from the State who could take the oath.

THE AMENDMENT—FIRST CLAUSE.

I desire to say, in this connection, that this amendment does not come up quite to my standard; but it was the best I could get, and, therefore, I advocated its adoption. I am content with it, although it is not what I could desire. The first clause of this amendment says:

"ART.—SEC. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the States wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States. Nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

That simply gives equal civil rights, before the law, to all persons, white or black, or naturalized. Every man, under this, has a right to sue and be sued, to make contracts and enforce them, and to enjoy all civil rights; but not the right to vote. That is left with the States. Had I had my way, I should have gone further. I rather agree with General Schenck, in his views of the inhabitants of those rebel States. He says there are three classes of persons among those inhabitants: first, the rich slave-holders. They were the original secessionists, who brought on the war, and they ought never to be allowed to vote. The second class consists of the poor whites, who were led into the rebellion by the slave holders. They were too ignorant he says to exercise the right of suffrage. The third class consists of the loyal blacks—every one of them loyal to the government through the war. Whenever our soldiers in the South asked assistance of these men they got it. They would divide their last hoe cake with them. Now, says General Schenck, these men have been degraded by two centuries of slavery, and I don't know that they are fit to vote; but if you will let any of the three classes I have named vote, let it be those loyal negroes. [Applause.] I say so too; for I consider a loyal negro better than a traitor, any day [Applause.]

SECTION THREE.

Then, fellow citizens, what is the next clause? It is the one which is considered a punishment. Here it is:

"SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive and judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability."

I but simply says that no person who has added perjury to treason shall hold office. The traitor, if he has not been guilty of perjury as well as treason may hold office, but the perjured traitor shall not. Well, now, fellow citizens, if you convict a man in this town of perjury without treason, you wont permit him to give testimony before a justice of the peace in a case of hog stealing. You don't permit him to swear at all in any case. Now we say that a man who has been guilty of perjury in addition to treason, shall not hold any office, and I submit whether treason and perjury united are not sufficient reason for exclusion from office? There is no other punishment inflicted—none but that he shall not hold office. Now that they say is humiliating the South. "Would you humiliate the South?" Yes, sir; that is just what I would do. [Applause.] If that is humiliation, it is just what I would do, for a perjured rebel traitor is not fit to sit beside a loyal man in the Congress of the United States, and make laws for loyal men. [Applause.]

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The last clause I deem of more importance than any other in the amendment. It is this:

"SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for service in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned."

Now I suppose there is no person within the sound of my voice who desires the validity of the debt of the United States to be called in question. And many say that this is unnecessary. "Why, didn't the Philadelphia convention assure us that this debt should be forever sacred?" Will anybody tell me who that convention represented? Who were the constituents of those men? Whom did they represent? No vote was taken, by States or by individuals. I tell you that they did not even represent themselves, for there is not one of them but will vote the ticket unless he gets the particular slice of bread and butter that he wants—not one of them. [Laughter.] Others say the rebels themselves will never call the debt of the United States in question. Fellow-citizens, if any of you think so you don't know the rebels as well as I know them. And, again, this clause says:

"But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void."

There, fellow-citizens, is all there is in the amendment. I suppose there is no man in Macomb county who would not say that the rebel debt should be repudiated A great many say this clause is useless, because the Southern States have already repudiated the rebel debt. I have shown you that these rebel State constitutions are not of binding force upon the people, because they were never submitted to the people for ratification. Since the adjournment of Congress the Supreme Court of North Carolina has decided that the State was not bound by that constitution, inasmuch as it was adopted under duress. Since that decision, the new constitution of the State has been submitted to the people, and it has been overwhelmingly rejected. I believe every one of these constitutions will be held not binding and void, because the conventions themselves were called by an officer having no legal authority, dictated to by a man who had no right to dictate to them, but even if they have repudiated their debt, and the claims for slave property, it won't hurt them to do it again. Let them put it into the bond that their debt shall be repudiated and ours paid.

A MILLION FOR A VOTE.

Now suppose Mr. Johnson's plan could be carried out, and these men could be brought in—they coming in as a unit, or nine-tenths of them united, at any rate, which, at least would be result? No man knows the amount of the rebel debt. You can't tell within five hundred millions what it is. All you know is that they paid $500 for a barrel of flour, $6 for a pound of meat, and $1,000 for a broken down mule, and so on. They issued fifteen and a thousand millions to it. Nobody—not even themselves—will know the difference. You can rest assured it will be large enough when they agree to the valu

City Advertisements.

FIRE WARDENS NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be sued for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden.

oct25-6d R. A. KEMP, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, an election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding election in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers as follows, to-wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

A Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of one year.

Three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A Court Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

H. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 23d, 1866.

In chapter 1, section 8, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election, on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said list. oct23-15t

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 1866. oct21-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisance to exist within the city will, by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of entering nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

I. P. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. jel4-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis	6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna	10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna	11.45 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION,

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad,

Leave Owatonna	6.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis	2.30 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna	9.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis	12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be run direct between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommd't'n, via M. C. and M. V. R. R.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
Minneapolis	9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul, 10.15 A. M.
"	3.00 P. M.	" 4.00 P. M.
"	4.30 P. M.	" 5.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul	8.40 A. M.	Minneapolis 9.15 A. M.
"	12.10 P. M.	" 12.55 P. M.
"	4.15 P. M.	" 5.00 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Ticket, 50 cents, and with St. Paul Omnibus ticket, 70 cents. Tickets for these Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co.'s N. W. Express office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets for Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WILLOUGHBY, Agent M. V. R. R., at Depot in West St. Paul.

D. C. SHEPARD, General Superintendent M. C. Railway.

October 8, 1866. oct

FIRST DIVISION

St. Paul and Pacific RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00	A. M.	2.00 P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.35	"	2.45 "
" Mahomin	9.10	"	3.15 "
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00 "
" Itasca	10.05	"	4.25 "
" Elk River	10.30	"	4.45 "
" Big Lake	11.00	"	5.20 "
" Clear Lake	11.35	"	6.15 "
Arriv St. Cloud	12.15	"	6.55 "

GOING EAST.

Leaves St. Cloud	6.50	A. M.	1.30 P. M.
" Clear Lake	7.30	"	2.00 "
" Big Lake	8.25	"	2.45 "
" Elk River	9.00	"	3.15 "
" Itasca	9.20	"	3.35 "
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00 "
" Manomin	10.30	"	4.36 "
" St. Anthony	11.05	"	5.00 "
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45	"	5.35 "

Minneapolis & St. Anth'ny Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.

8.45 A. M. 11.05 A. M. 2.45 P. M. 5.05 P. M.

LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.

9.00 A. M. 10.00 A. M. 2.00 P. M. 4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it will be carried over the road, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect.

The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri-weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri-weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

sep15 F. E. DELANO, Sup't.

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH.

VIA

Winona & St. Peter R. R.

Connecting with the

Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going East leaves Nason at 6 A. M. and 7:20 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 6:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

March 1 1866. mch3

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton

FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hand a quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul.

EATON & CLEVELAND,

Office Brown's Block, Third st.

sp22

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations*. Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailors Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call, Special advantages offered to all *cash men*. We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO., 372 and 374 East Water street, Milwaukee.

apr25-d&wly

H. KNOX TAYLOR, E. N. McLAREN

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS

LOW PRICES!

Taylor & McLaren.

AT THE OLD STAND OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

Have on hand a large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they offer at the

LOWEST RATES

To the old customers of the house and to the numerous friends of the new partner. Our motto will be

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

☞ We shall continue to receive and keep on hand the LATEST STYLES OF GOODS. Call and examine for yourselves.

TAYLOR & McLAREN,

218 Third-st., St. Paul.

oct20

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

apr20

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 132 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

Reputation Established

Mrs. S. A. Allen is truly a benefactress, and her wonderful success is unprecedented. Her fame and her discoveries have gone abroad, and to-day she is in her line the largest manufacturess in the world.

EVERYBODY INTERESTED:

Youth and old age are alike benefited by the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Hair Dressing. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, causing luxuriant growth and beauty. Your hair, if changed to grey or white by sickness or other causes, will soon be restored to its natural color and beauty. Dandruff eradicates for ever. The Hair falling stopped. The most delicate head-dress or bonnet can be worn without fear of soiling. The most delightful fragrance to the hair imparted. If you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, without delay purchase a bottle of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE,

198 and 200 Greenwich-st., New York

oct29-deod&wl

E. C. LAMBERT,

City Justice,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace

For the City of St. Paul and County of Ramsey,

Conveyancer, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and other States.

Office—CITY HALL. oct25 3m

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR.

And Western and Southern produce generally.

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filling all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. | JONES, M'DOWELL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. | J. R. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandise promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.

mch25-1y

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. je7-w6m

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS

AND

LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch31-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Wabashaw and 5th street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions,

Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding,

Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale.

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

St. Paul, June 1, 1866. je26

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is new out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Chalybeate springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

jy1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADERIA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMACA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HRIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.

nov12-1y

JOHN B. SANBORN, Late Brt. Maj. Gen. Vols. | CHARLES KING.

SANBORN & KING,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 4, Washington Building,

Cor. 7th street and Pennsylvania Ave.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Will prosecute all claims against the Government and give particular attention to the settlement of Officers' Accounts, the Collection of Back Pay, Bounty and Pensions, the Collection of Pay for Horses Lost in the Service, &c., &c.

All business entrusted to us will be attended to with promptness and on reasonable terms. Liberal arrangements will be made with members of the profession entrusting business to our care.

Post Office Box 790. jy21-d&w1m

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IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS.

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West.

☞ PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct4-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

500 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,

No. 157 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

sep1

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under,

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40:

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

AND

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

se22

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS & LADIES' SMALL WEAR.

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

oct10

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establisment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are prepared to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞ Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuation of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN,

126 Third street, one door below Shaw's Hat Store St. Paul Minn. feb3-6m

STAR & GARTER

"ALWAYS OPEN!"

BEN HAZEN

Has opened a first-class

Concert Hall,

On JACKSON STREET

Next door to Illingworth's,

GOOD MUSIC EVERY EVENING.

Choicest Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

"COME AND SEE ME."

aug23-3m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses,

BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞ New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. aug30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his BOOT AND SHOE STORE from Bridge Square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new stone house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. This is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores the city. sep12-1y

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9-6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House.

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 48 and 50 Wabash Av.,

Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago,

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

jan30-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM,
W. F. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material and *warrant our work.* Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and wagon material purchased from first hands, enables us to sell less than Chicago prices. WOODS & GRANT.

aug11 Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150 gross Dye Colors,	
50	" Gargling Oil,
10	" Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10	" " Cod Liver Oil,
25	" Condition Powders,
40	" Winslow's Syrup,
25	" Brown's Troches,
10	" Kennedy's Discovery,
25	" Flavoring Extracts,
25	" Benzine, assorted,
10	" White Pine Compound
300	Cases Bitters, assorted,
500	lbs Tilden's Fluid Extracts,
110	boxes Extract Logwood,
250	lbs Cudbear,
10	bbls Chip Logwood,
100	ounces Strychnine,
300	lbs. Cal Licorice,
100	lbs Tartaric Acid,
650	bxs Window Glass and Glassware
45	bbls Machine Oils,
650	Gallons Varnish—all kinds,
150	doz Paint Brushes.

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 VAWTEE, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY!

CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,

Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches,

Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist, which can be occupied at any time, on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 11th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning train, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D. Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul, For further information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞ Established November 14th, 1864.

oct9-1m

CARRIAGE FACTORY

AND

REPOSITORY.

We desire to call the attention of all parties using

Buggies & Light Road Wagons

To our very superior stock of CARRIAGES OF OUR OWN MAKE.

We have large'y increased our facilities, have on hand and are in constant receipt of

A No. 1 Material,

Including the finest

Second Growth Hickory Wheels,

Ives' Steel Converted Axles, etc.,

From the best Eastern markets; are EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING, and in the particular wants of our citizens; employ the most skilful workmen, and think with these requisites we cannot fail to please you. We manufacture exclusively for home market and warrant all our carriages to be UNEXCELLED IN QUALITY—for styles call and see for yourselves. Our work is giving universal satisfaction as far as we know. We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and will not cease in our endeavors to merit the same.

CUTTERS, several styles, a fine lot on hand. Please give us your orders.

Stone Factory & Repository

ON ROBERT STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, east side.

Quinby & Hallowell.

A. H. CAVENDER. J. C. QUIBET. E. M. HALLOWELL.

oct3-3m

HENRY HILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate Agent, Glencoe, McLeod county, Minnesota.

dec6-1y

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Book and Job Printers, Bookbinders, Paper dealers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs,

Including the finest Amber and Sugar Drips. For sale low by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

oct2

A. H. WILDER. CHANNING SEABURY.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall aim to sell as low as any.

We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business.

apr18-1f

NEW FIRM.

S. K. PUTNAM, ADOLPH PAAR,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce,

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul.

October 3, 1865. oct5-tf

MEDICINAL

Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson-sts., St. Paul,

Who refers by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them.

aug16

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON

AND

SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Weston's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞ OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar. WM. BECHTHER,

oct3 Proprietor.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3, JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in Store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in this market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1865.

THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, &c., without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, MINN. oct 1y

INTERNATIONAL

DRUG STORE!

Remodeled, Refitted & Restocked.

[A splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated MEDEKA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEN & CHAMPLIN,

Proprietors, International Hotel Building, Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

ja-1y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

In the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep20

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$360,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

feb3-1y

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000	Kegs Juniata Nails,
300	Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000	Pounds Cable and Log Chains
500	Boxes Axes,
5,000	Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000	Pounds Iron Wedges,
200	Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100	Dozen Shovels and Spades,
200	Dozen Axe Helves,
500	Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
500	Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100	Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000	Pounds Sheet Zinc,
5,000	Pounds Copper and Metal Pits,
100	Bundles bright Iron Wire,
50	Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000	Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000	Pounds Block Tin,
500	Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500	Cast Iron Tea Kettles,
1200	Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000	Set Hollow Ware,
200	Set Tops and Boxes for Parlor Stoves,
1,000	Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season. JOHN CURTIS.

St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep9-tf

LEONARD & SHEIRE, Builders.—Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRE & BRO., Architects.—Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for buildings of every description prepared on short notice. ja19-1y

JAMES J. HILL,

Gerneal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞ Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug8

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE

CINCINNATI,

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Longworth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling.

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,

5dec-6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

Patent Medicines, &c.

EILERT'S

DAYLIGHT

FAMILY

Cathartic Pills,

Cure Jaundice, Griping Pains, Biliousness, Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Pain in the Side and Breast, Piles, and any derangement of the stomach and bowels.

These pills have a searching and purifying effect, purging all *foul* and *diseased matter* from the system, leaving the complexion free from sallowness, and the stomach and bowels in a healthy condition. *("Warranted to go through by Daylight.")*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

J. K. EILERT, Proprietor.

DR. WINCHELL'S

Teething Syrup.

The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for the many troublesome complaints arising in children while TEETHING.

It will cure Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker Sore Mouth, Pains in the Gums, Restlessness, Griping Pains in Stomach.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

EILERT & SNYDER, Proprietors.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

thurs-my10-d&w-cow 6m

DR. BIGELOW

is the only Physician, as a Specialist, now in Chicago that can be safely relied upon. Go to him, and not suffer that horrible disease to remain in your system, disfiguring your face and body, besides destroying your happiness and future prospects in life. He has made PRIVATE DISEASES and NERVOUS DEBILITY his study for the past twenty years, and is therefore the person whom all afflicted should consult. No one ever heard of a patient of his not being cured since he has been in this city. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being the most skilled specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. If all others fail, don't despair, give him a call. It is only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Doctor Bigelow devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effects of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, is to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as by Dr. B., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultations free and confidential. Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 156 Chicago. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge.

N. B.—Ladies, send for a descriptive circular of Pessaric Remedie, the best preventive of conception known. Sent to any address free of charge. apr10-1y

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND

REMEDY.

Dr. J. W. Poland's

WHITE PINE COMPOUND,

Is now offered to the afflicted throughout the country, after having been proved by the test of eleven years, in the New England States, where its merits have become as well known as the tree from which, in part, it derives its virtues.

The White Pine Compound Cures

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of Voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel, and other complaints.

The White Pine Compound

"It was early in the spring of 1855 that this compound was originated. A member of my family was afflicted with an irritation of the throat, attended with a disagreeable cough. I had for some months previous thought that a preparation having for its basis the inside bark of white pine might be so compounded as to be very useful in diseases of the throat and lungs. To test the value of it in the case alluded to, I compounded a small quantity of the medicine that I had been planning, and gave it in teaspoonful doses. The result was exceedingly gratifying. Within two days the irritation of the throat was removed, the cough subsided a and speedy cure was effected. Soon after this I sent some to a lady in Londonderry, New Hampshire, who had been suffering for some weeks from a bad cough, occasioned by a sudden cold, and had raised mucous streaked with blood. She soon found relief and sent for more. She took about ten ounces and got well. J. B. Clark, Esq., Editor of the Manchester Daily Mirror, made a trial of the same preparation in the case of a severe cold and was cured immediately. He was so highly pleased with the results, and so confident in success attending its sale, if placed before the public, that he finally persuaded me to give it a name, and send it abroad to benefit the suffering. In November, 1855, I first advertised it under the name of White Pine Compound. In two years from that time there had been wholesaled in Manchester alone *one hundred dollars worth*, where

THE CITY.

MURDER.

A Woman Choked to Death.

An Inquest Upon the Body.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

On Saturday evening last, about eight o'clock, an Irish woman named Catherine Woods, living in a miserable little shanty on Franklin street below Third, was found lying dead upon her floor by some of her neighbors, who were called in by Dennis Woods, the husband of the deceased. On Sunday suspicions were whispered around to the effect that the woman had been choked to death by her husband, and the matter coming to the notice of the police, Dennis Woods was arrested on Sunday evening by officer Shaeffer and locked up in the city prison.

Coroner Ford was notified of the facts, and summoning a jury, consisting of Messrs. M. D. Clark, Paul Faber, D. C. Jones, Joseph Regner, John Muggley, and Joseph McCloud, an inquest was held yesterday afternoon at the shanty where the dead woman was lying, at which the following testimony was taken:

CAPT. HECK, sworn.—I know the woman lying dead; on six o'clock last evening I heard of her death. Heard that suspicious circumstances were connected with the case; went in pursuit of Dennis Woods; his little girl was at Rowley's house near the capitol; and she told me her father was at home in the wood-shed; and that her father had choked her mother; came back here and officer Shaeffer opened the wood-shed and found Woods; he was very drunk; he was taken to the lock-up. The woman was in bed, dead; she had been laid out; saw two marks close together on the left side of the neck; seen several marks on the neck, which seemed to be swelled, her ear was also bruised; don't know who laid her out; Woods told me that before she died he was in bed; that she came in and fell upon the floor senseless; that he got up and found her dead; that he then called in some of the neighbors.

JOHN SCHAEFFER, policeman, sworn: On Saturday night between 7 and 8 o'clock Dennis Woods came to me with his sister on Third street; he told me his wife was dead; he was intoxicated. I didn't believe his wife was dead; thought she was only dead drunk; on Sunday, some one asked me why Woods wasn't arrested for choking his wife to death. I then recollected what Woods told me the night before; came down and saw the woman laid out; then reported to Capt. Heck, and in the evening arrested Woods in the wood-shed. Woods little girl said her father choked her mother. Saw marks on her throat; they were like finger marks—the marks were black; Mrs. Briefly and other women were in the house when I first came in. The woman drank a good deal; she often went to saloons, and asked men to drink. Saw her drinking on Saturday afternoon about four o'clock. She was often dead drunk.

MRS. KELLY, affirmed.—The woman was lonely scolding at seven o'clock on Saturday evening; she made a great disturbance; but I heard no more till Woods came to me about eight o'clock, and knocked at my window and said his wife was dead; I said, "What the divil kilt her;" I then got up out of bed and came into her house; she was lying on the floor, with one shoe off and one shoe on; her dress was unhooked; she was dead, and black in the face; I thought she had the horrors; my husband came in and felt her pulse, and said she was dead; I saw some blood in her mouth; and it had streamed out a little on the cheek; Mrs. Rowley and me laid her out; saw marks on her throat and neck, on the left side; her and her husband were in the habit of quarrelling a good deal; he often whipped her; he was last convicted a little on Saturday night; when I came in, her children were sitting on the bed; the girl said her papa choked her mother; when I first saw her she was lying on her back, with her arms spread out; we laid her out at 12 o'clock on Saturday night; it was eight o'clock when we found her dead; my husband did not want us to wash her and lay her out till they had an inquest; but we thought they could have an inquest as well when she was clean and laid out as before.

DR. BRISBINE, sworn.—Made a superficial examination of the body; found marks about the neck; seemed to be the result of violence; the skin was abraded; the marks were on either side of the neck; the marks were such as might be produced by almost any sort of personal violence; saw nothing to indicate that she died of disease; saw no other mark on the body except those on the neck; the marks might have been made by choking; the marks were on either side of the neck, opposite each other.

DR. WHARTON sworn—Made an examination: saw an abrasion of the skin on the neck; no causes could have produced the marks except personal violence; if she had been strangled, the signs would have been liveliness of face, protrusion of eyes, discoloration of skin, and perhaps hemorrhage; if she had died of drinking, there would not have been the discoloration of the throat; her death might have been caused by choking and left no other marks; the marks might have been made by fingers, or a rope, or even a handkerchief.

MRS. ROWLEY, affirms—Mr. Dennis Woods is my brother; I saw him on Saturday morning; he said, "my wife has cut up awful; she's been drunk for a week; had great trouble with her on Friday night;" he said she had the horrors—never saw him lay his hand on her. He came to my house to tell me Saturday night that she was dead; he said he found her dead when he came into the house; he said she was lying on the floor; I saw a few little marks on her neck; Dennis said he didn't know what made the marks.

The two children of the deceased—a little girl of six years, named Adice, and a boy of about four years, named Dan—were examined, but nothing could be elicited from the girl. The little fellow, in answer to an inquiry, said that before his mother fell on the floor his father "whaled" her; that he took hold of her so (putting his hand to his throat to describe the process of choking). At this point the little girl remarked to her brother, "You'll catch it!" evidently showing that the children had been tampered with in regard to what they knew of the matter. The boy subsequently stated to a juryman that his aunt (Mrs. Rowley) told him what to say; and that she threatened to whip him if he did not say to the men what she told him.

The verdict of the Coroner's jury was, that "the deceased came to her death from strangulation, having been choked to death by some person unknown to the jury,"

Dennis Woods will probably have a preliminary hearing to-day before Justice Lambert.

CENTENARY OF METHODISM.

Interesting Religious Services in St. Paul.

The grand celebration of the Centenary of American Methodism, as directed by the General Conference of that church in '64, came off on Sabbath, 28th inst.

The celebrating services for this city took place at the Jackson Street M. E. Church, under the direction of the pastor, Rev. D. Cobb.

The Quarterly Meeting of that church falling on that day, was made to contribute to the interest of the celebration, by a sermon from Mr. Chaffee, the P. E., on the providential origin and marked achievements of the church.

At two P. M. the Sunday School met for its Monthly Centenary meeting, under the presidency of Mr. Geo. W. Penny, the chairman of the association.

The object of the children's meeting being to teach them the history of the church, and also to create a Children's Educational Fund of two millions of dollars, to which donations and bequests will be solicited for all time to come, the interest of which will be devoted exclusively to the education of the indigent scholars of the Sunday schools of the M. E. church.

At 3 P. M. a centenary love feast was held in the Jackson street church, under the direction of the Presiding Elder—the German M. E. church uniting. Here was an interesting sight, and a most enjoyable occasion—German and English preachers of the same denomination occupying the altar, and a large attendance of German and English Methodists filling the house, and each giving, in brief, a detailed account of what God had done for them, interspersing the same with stirring social singing both in German and English.

Time was too short for this, never to be repented, ocension.

At 7½ o'clock a union meeting of the Market and Jackson street churches was held in the Jackson street church, the pastor of that church presiding. A fine congregation was convened, embracing a large number of the representative men and women of other churches. Addresses were delivered by Rev. J. W. Merlin, of the Market street church of this city, Rev. C. G. Bowdish, late Chaplain of the 11th Minnesota Volunteers, and Rev. J. F. Chaffee. The themes were:

"The dangers and benefits of the centenary movement." by Mr. Martin.

"The Elements of our Success," by Mr. Bowdish.

"The Itineraney," by Mr. Chaffee.

These themes were well handled by the several speakers, and we have no doubt the polity and working of the Methodist church, will for the future be better appreciated as they are better understood.

The singing by the choir was excellent, especially "One hundred years ago," and the closing voluntary.

No financial effort was made, as this had been attended to previously in the several churches.

Sudden Death.—Mr. H. L. Carey, watch-maker and engraver, of 122 Third street, died very suddenly at his residence on Ninth street in the Fifth Ward, on Sunday afternoon. He had been in the enjoyment of his usual health up to a few minutes before his decease. Mr. Carey had at times been afflicted with a pulmonary complaint, but the first indication of his last illness was manifested shortly after he left the dinner table, when feeling a stupor or drowsiness coming over him, he remarked to his wife that he was dying, and he soon after ceased to breathe.

Mr. Carey was a highly respected gentleman, and possessed many warm friends in this city. He was an ardent Union man and was driven from Virginia on this account by the secession traitors in 1861. Coming to Minnesota in that year, he made St. Paul his permanent home, and by his probity of character and devotion to his business, had become a very estimable member of this community.

Skating Rink.—Mr. William Bechtner, who has display ed a good deal of energy and spirit in other private enterprises in this city, proposes to establish a first-class Skating Rink in St. Paul this winter. He will soon commence the erection of suitable buildings on the vacant lots on Seventh street, adjoining the International Hotel. The main building will be in the shape of a handsome dome, and two hundred feet by eighty, without pillars, will be lighted with gas, with seats for spectators. Dressing rooms for ladies and gentlemen will be connected with the Rink, properly furnished and heated. Every two weeks a grand masquerade will be given, with a band of music, and all other accompaniments of a first-class entertainment. This fine institution for the enjoyment of a fashionable and healthful giving amusement, will be completed by the first of December, and it will no doubt receive a full measure of encouragement from the prosperous citizens of St. Paul. The terms will probably be as low as ten dollars for the season, or twenty-five cents for a single admission.

An Incorrigible Fellow.—Peter Leclaire is the personification of a hard case although a very young man. On Thursday of last week, he was discharged from the county jail, having served a thirty days' imprisonment for drunkenness and vagrancy. On the very next day he was arrested again for drunkenness and fined five dollars and costs. This time he was paid by a sympathizing friend who received a promise that he would reform and go to work. He kept this promise on Saturday, but on Sunday he got drunk and was arrested once more. This time, Judge Lambert gave him thirty days in the county jail on bread and water. Perhaps this last may do him good.

Base Ball.—An interesting match game of base ball was played yesterday between the Olympic and Saxon Clubs, for a champion ball and bat. The Clubs were represented as follows:

OLYMPIC.

Catcher.—C. Fish.
Pitcher.—Willie Daily.
1st Base.—Charley Nichols.
2nd " L. Wood.
3rd " C. Groff.
Left Field.—J. Gardener.
Centre Field.—L. Maxfield.
Right Field.—Morgan Hawes.

SAXON.

J. Coulter,—Catcher.
C. Hopkinson,—Pitcher.
Frank Johnson,—1st Base.
Geo. Coulter,—2nd "
E. Flint,—3rd "
M. Cunningham,—Left Field.
Wm. Scully,—Right Field.
C. Spencer,—Centre Field.

The following was the result of the game:

Olympic made 36 scores.
Saxon " 32 "

A Row.—Dennis Sullivan was arrested at an unseasonable hour on Sunday morning by officer Bissenette, for creating a disturbance on the corner of Sixth and Rosabel streets. His counsel called for a jury, and he will probably be tried to-day.

J. J. Noah.—The Louisville *Journal* says that "J. J. Noah, Esq., has resigned the 'Attorney-Generalship of Many county, Tennessee. He is succeeded by Mr. Hickey. The latter was a Confederate soldier."

BOY wanted at this office.

THE PLACE TO GET YOUR OYSTERS.—George Schnabel, who has a first class grocery establishment on the corner of Fourth and Jackson streets in Moffet's Castle, has received the agency of Geo. Miller & Co.'s celebrated oysters, and will receive and have on hand a constant supply during the winter. Those in want of these delicious bivalves, and who desire to have the largest, freshest and best, will please make a note of the fact that the only place to get them is at George Schnabel's grocery.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING.—We are glad to be able to announce that Mr. Joseph Bergfeld, who has been absent from St. Paul for a couple of years, has again made this city his home, and can be found by his troops of friends at Jacob Nowman's extensive Clothing House; and they will not only find him, but also the finest and most varied stock of Gentlemen's Clothing and Furnishing Goods to be found in this city. If any person doubts the latter clause of the statement, he is invited to to call and examine for himself.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—The person who carried off a pair of *Alexandre kid gloves* from our store, took also—by mistake, doubtless—half of another pair.

She is respectfully requested to return the odd glove, or to call for the one left; as a single glove, like a single individual, is poor stock until mated.

oct30-2t CATHCART & CO.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Damsel, Lacrosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.
Annie Johnson, La Crosse.
Ariel, Prescott.
Stella, Prescott.
Gray, Prescott.
Pioneer, St. Croix.
Otter, Henderson.

DEPARTED.

Damsel, La Crosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.
Annie Johnson, La Crosse.
Ariel, Prescott.
Stella, Prescott.
Cheaver, St. Louis.
Pioneer, St. Croix.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Dunleith—Julia, at 11 A. M.
For Mankato—Otter, at 12 M.

THE Otter came down the Minnesota with thirteen hundred sacks of wheat. She leaves for Mankato to day at 12 o'clock.

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile Instrument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $1 00. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 625 Broadway, New York. oct8-3m

Local Notices.

FURS.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the real Russian Ermin, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sets, the best in the market, at low prices His buiness embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State. oct31 1m

FURS.—For fine sets of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West, and at prices for the quality LOWER than can be met at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep29-3m

MINNESOTA VIEWS.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest* assortment in the city, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Art Gallery, 264 Third street. my25tf

METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

VAWTER, ROSE & EITEL, Agents.
oct9-1m

JUST received a fresh supply of Carwell & Mack's preparations consisting of Lotus Balm, Elixer of Calysaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

THE purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York.
Sold by all druggists. sat&sun-oct20-1y

GO TO WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes Berfumery, Toilet Soap, Poumades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time, trouble and expense by calling at the Genera Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any point they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening. I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, tf. Agent.

TURKISH Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clock's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.
H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

ALWAYS FIRST.—H. M. Shaw & Co., it is universally acknowledged, have always stood at the head of the trade in Hats, Caps, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in St. Paul. It is a position, too, which they intend to keep, as competition only spurs them on to greater exertions to preserve their immense custom. Their fall supples are far ahead of anything to be found elsewhere in this market, as can be testified to by all who examine their stock. Shaw & Co., in addition to their well-known and fashionable articles of gentlemen's wear, have added a supply of LADIES' FURS of all kinds, including the finest and most beautiful MINK SETS in St. Paul. The Ladies are invited to inspect these furs, which are not only the handsomest, but the heapest to be found in the city. o24-5t

GOODRICH'S LINE OF STEAMERS FOR CHICAGO—FARE ONLY TWO DOLLARS—SEA BIRD, Capt. H. MCHENRY; COMET, Capt. J. MORRIS.—One of the above boats leave Goodrich's Steamboat Dock, foot of Main street, Milwaukee, every evening, except Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, touching at Racine and Kenosha, and making sure connections at Chicago with all the morning trains for the East, South and Southwest. Through tickets can be purchased from the clerks of the boats to all points South and East. The rate of fare, (first-class state rooms and meals included,) are, Racine, first-class, 75c, second-class, 50c; Kenosha, first-class, $1.00, second-class, 75c; Chicago, first class, $2.00, second class, $1.50. Railroad tickets are good on these boats. The steamers of this line are large, first-class, side wheel passenger steamers, with elegantly furnished single and double state rooms. Freight at current less than by rail. Office and Dock foot of Main street, G. HURSON, Agent.
MARK HENDRICKS,
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.
j:20-3m

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug26-43w3m

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM O. H. KELLEY.
ITASCA, Minn., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. GRANT, Esq., St. Paul:

DEAR SIR: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 88 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
8.50 o'clock.....	82 deg.	97 deg.	102 deg.
9.15 "	78 "	90 "	95 "
9.30 " damped'd	76 "	88 "	115 "
9.55 " " clos'd	76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00* "	74 "	86 "	88 "

*Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock.....	82 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	82 "	94 "	80 "
2 " stir'd fire	88 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 "wood all coals	96"	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,
O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

ST. PAUL.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Uline, D. C. Shepard, Parker Paine, Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, L. E. Fisher, E. H. Biggs, William Branch, C. H. Scharmeier, Bohrer, Morrison & Reeves, Chas. Coulter, A. H. Rose, Borup & Champlin, Mrs. Lyman Dayton, J. B. Fascott, F. Ely & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Hart, Pioneer Printing Co., Geo. Finch, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gibson, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce H. Beecher, F. R. Delano, Hiram Stillwell, Chas. Trowbridge, James Davis, A. M. Patterson, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo. Pulford, Capt. Judd West.

FARIBAULT.—H. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

SHAKOPEE.—D. L. Howe & Co.
COTTAGE GROVE.—J. P. Furber.
ST. CLOUD.—E. S. Simpson & Co.
SAUK CENTRE.—E. S. Simpson & Co.
FORT WADSWORTH.—Capt. H. H. Western.
OWATONNA.—O. Higbie.
HUDSON.—L. North.
ITASCA.—O. H. Kelley.
LAKE COMO HOUSE.—William Perkins.
TAYLOR'S FALLS.—T. E. Lacy.
AFTON.—S. J. Olds.
MINNEAPOLIS.—Gibson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oct16-tf

PASSENGERS GOING EAST

Will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 8.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the River. THOMAS BELL,
General Superintendent, Detroit.
W. W. WILSON,
my10-6m Passenger Agent, Milwaukee

JUST opened at H. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 211 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Bath Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo ditto; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Rimail de Paris &c., &c.

MINNE-HA-HA and other views of Minnesota Scenery.

WHITNEY is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a ful assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps for his retail trade—174—Third Street—174.

FLYNN & LYNCH, boot and shoe dealers, 189 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

GO TO BRYANT, STRATTON & PIERCE'S St. Paul Commercial College and get a Business Education. Send for "College Monthly," which gives full particulars. Address,
BRYANT, STRATTON & PIRKEY,
febl1-eod-dtw&wly St. Paul, Minn.

THE OPINION OF AN OFFICER IN THE ARMY.—At inspection I noticed that a large proportion of the men's knapsacks contained a box of Trochies, being generally used by them for colds, etc. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES should be on hand upon the first appearance of a cold or cough, which by neglect may terminate in some incurable lung disease. eod&wlw

Stillwater.

By our own Reporter,

MONDAY, Oct. 29.

VALUABLE HORSES STOLEN.—A pair of horses were stolen from the stable of Jas. Rutherford on Friday night last. They were the property of Charles Rutherford, living near the city. Early on Saturday morning posters were circulated, giving a minute description of the missing animals, and offering a reward of one hundred dollars for their recovery. Telegrams were also despatched to St. Paul, Hudson, Prescott and Hastings, by Sheriff Seymour, in whose hands the business was placed for a thorough working up. It is hardly possible the thief can escape with his plunder.

RUMOR.—There has been a rumor current on our streets for several days that Col. D. A. Roberison—whom some of your readers have heard of as a Democratic individual of more or less celebrity—schooled a few of his brown-y Democratic friends at Holcombe's Hall, in this city, on Thursday evening last. We have diligently endeavored to ascertain if the rumor is worthy of credence, but find very few persons who are willing to acknowledge that they know anything about it.

It is further rumored that a Mr. Murphy, from your Saintly city, accompanied the Colonel. Murphy was here for the purpose of urging upon his Milesian friends the propriety of voting at the next general election, and giving them some advice in relation thereto, but meeting a few congenial friends, he floated about town, "from groceree to grocerie," and Stillwater whiskey did it for him. They say he essayed to speak after the Colonel had subsided, but was too *full* for utterance. Have you got any more Democratic orators of this stripe?

A NARROW ESCAPE.—An attempt was made on Tuesday night last to fire the barn of Mr. D. K. Watson, of Lakeland, for the purpose, it is believed, of stealing a pair of valuable horses which were in the barn at the time. The miscreants were seen and watched by a watchman employed in a sawmill near by, and the villains were frightened away and the fire extinguished before any injury was done. They are no doubt the same who stole Mr. Rutherford's horses a few nights later, an account of which we give elsewhere.

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter.

Oct. 29—4 P.M.

POLITICAL.—R, J. Baldwin, E. S. Jones and George H. Keith will speak this, Tuesday evening, at Harrison Hall. The railroad bond and other questions of local interest will be discussed.

NEW STYLE OF HEATER.—A stove of new and improved pattern at Davies' stove store attracts much attention. It is intended for the Nicollet House, and will be placed in one of the halls; it is of great power, and the flues are constructed upon scientific principles, recently applied to hot air furnaces.

THE INDIAN PAYMENTS.—Rev. D. B. Knickerbacker has been appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, on the board of visitors who are to be present during the annual payment of moneys to the Indians. He left this afternoon for the Chippewa country.

THE INVALIDS' HOME.—The sale of the stock and furniture of this fine establishment comes off next Wednesday. See advertisement.

ANOTHER FIRE SQUELCHED.—Major Clagstone, at the First National Hotel, turned the wick of his kerosene lamp down Saturday night, and went to supper. The lamp stood on the piano. While at supper the lamp burst from some unaccountable cause, and the inflamable contents were distributed over the piano. The hotel narrowly escaped conflagration, and one end of the case of the piano was badly burned. It was a fine instrument.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last an open window sash in R. P. Russell's house fell down, and a little girl of Mr. Russell's was badly cut on the forehead. She was looking out the window at the time.

ALMOST A HOMICIDE.—A difficulty occurred this morning, in the *Chronicle* office, between Mr. Dugan, the foreman of the composing room, and a negro named Elijah Thorn. Thorn was ordered to fill some bags with waste paper, which he refused to do. Mr. Dugan referred the matter to Capt. Plummer, and inquired, "Who is the boss of the room—the nigger or I?" Capt. Plummer ordered Thorn to work, and he replied, "There are too many bosses round here." Shortly after the difficulty again arose, when Dugan kicked Thorn, who immediately went into the front room and desired to borrow a knife, and seeing a medium sized, one-bladed common jack knife lying open on the counter, took it and went into the composing room again. It seems that Dugan then either took Thorn by the shoulder, or attempted to do so, when Thorn made a fearful lunge at him with the knife. Dugan probably interposed his right arm to intercept the blow, and the sharp instrument caught him just above the elbow joint, on the front of the right right arm, and severed the main and two smaller arteries, the muscles and tendons, down to the bone. Immediately, the negro then threw the weapon to the floor and fled, pursued by three of the employees of the office. He ran about two blocks, and was captured, after a hard struggle, near Minnestonka street and Third streets. In the meantime the wounded man, with two others, hastened rapidly to Dr. Ames's office, two blocks distant, the blood pouring in streams from the fearful gash. Fortunately Dr. A. A. Ames was in his office, or in three minutes more the man would have expired from loss of blood. The *tourniquets* were quickly applied, and the flow of blood staunched; but Dugan is in a critical condition. He is completely exhausted from loss of blood and lies helpless. He is married and has two children.

Ho! for a Dance at the Winslow House, Wednesday evening, October 31st. Come one, come all!

Floor Managers—C. Church, Geo. Hunt.

The Minneapolis Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

Tickets $1. Supper extra.

GREAT SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
At AUCTION.

Horses, Cows and Farming Tools,

At the house of WM. R. SMITH, two miles south of Minneapolis,

October 31, 1866, at 9 1-2 o'clock a. m

Three carriages will leave James Canny & Co.'s store, Reynolds Block, at 9 A.M.

The Furniture is chiefly new, and embraces a number of sets for chambers, such as Bureaus with plate Glasses, Bureau and other Wash Stands, Bedsteads, Mattresses and Ticks, Toilet Sets, Lounges, Spring Coitts, Carpets, Dining Tables and Chairs, a large Etewart Stove, Parlor Stove, Curtains, etc., etc.

The Farm Stock embraces a superior Mare and Pony, two seated Buggy, Sectable and Harness, two Cows, Plough, harrow, etc., etc. Also one pair young Heavy Horses, one first class Shifting Top Buggy, one Cutter, (small body,) one Young Work Horse and one set Harness.

Six months credit on all sums over fifty dollars, will be given to negotiable paper.

J. V. WIGGINS & CO.,
oct24 2t Auctioneers.

T. & O. BARNARD | J. F. GARNARD | W. H. H. SHUEY

BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURNITURE!

A full and complete assortment of

PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
KITCHEN,

Office and School Furniture,

constantly on hand,

Upholstering Done to Order.

All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony free of charge.

Prices furnished on application. Salesroom

Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis
And at Factory, Main street,
St. Anthony, Minn.
aug5.1y

NORTH STAR WOOLEN MILL!
MINNEAPOLIS.

Retail Department

Opened at the Mill expressly for the convenience of farmers, country and town people.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VISIT THE MILL.

NEW GOODS!
Spring and Summer Coatings,

Of Dark and Light Brown and Shaded Grey colors, made from the finest Wool and especially adapted to the cooler latitudes of the Northwest.

FANCY CASSIMERES

In black and white and black and brown plaids; in spring styles, made expressly of pure wool, for pantaloon stuffs and vestings.

All Wool Tweeds

Of superfine quality and soft silky finish, of light grades for summer wear.

EASTMAN, GIBBS & CO.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
MINNEAPOLIS.

Great Fall Arrival
OF
NEW GOODS
For 1866.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR HATS & CAPS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BLANKETS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BOOT & SHOES AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR TRUNKS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR WINTER SHAWLS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR FLANNELS AND all your Woolens, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR SHIRTS AND Drawers, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY ALL YOUR GOODS AT THE PEOPLES' STORE, as you are sure of getting them at the very lowest possible figures, as their motto is "quick sales and small profits." Mind the PEOPLE'S STORE.

R. E. LUCAS.

To Wholesale and Retail
DRUG BUYERS

EDWARD H. BIGGS

Takes pleasure in informing his friends in the City of St. Paul and throughout the State that he has just completed his

FALL AND WINTER
STOCK OF DRUGS,

Glass and Glassware
PAINTS,
OILS AND DYES,

And all other articles that parties may desire to find in a

First-Class Drug House
COME AND SEE
EDWARD H. BIGGS.

He has just received by express a full line of

TOILET GOODS

From the best French, English, German and American Factories, comprising the following:

POMADES, of the finest perfumes.
COLOGNES, Extracts for the Handkerchiefs,
SOAPS, TOOTH POWDERS, with all the latest Cosmetiques of the season.

Neither the Wholesale or Retail purchaser will fail to find all they may want in the

DRUG AND TOILET LINE,

In quantities as desired in all cases, as my stock is full, and entirely to retail in articles to itemise. Will be pleased to wait upon all that will favor me with a call.

EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Opposite First National Bank, St. Paul.
oct21-6m

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, &c., printed in the best style at the PRESS Job Printing Office.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE for wrapping, for sale at this office.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

The Fenian Convicts.

Great Excitement Among the New York F. B.

Tammany Hall Politicians Considerably Exercised.

The President Not at all Enthusiastic About the Matter.

FROM NEW YORK.

Fenian Excitement.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

A vast concourse of nearly 50,000 persons assembled yesterday in Jones' wood, for the purpose of listening to an address made by James Stephens, C. O. I. R., on the prospects of the approaching communications of Fenian affairs. The speaker was greeted with wild enthusiasm and experienced great difficulty in making himself heard to even the small circle of the assemblage who happened to be within the scope of his voice, on account of their eagerness to crowd around him. It was understood to be his last speech previous to departing for Ireland, where he said he would strike a blow for Ireland before the dawning of the new year. He remarked that much had been already done in Ireland—an army of 50,000 men had been organized. The aristocratic tendency of her people, republicanism and the mulion ought not to respect the political dictation of her Catholic clergy. This latter he urged upon the crowd assembled, while advising them to respect their spiritual advisers in all that appertains to their spiritual calling.

CHARACTERISTIC.

A disturbance occurred at the close of the meeting by the supposed discovery of a British spy, who was badly cut and beaten before he was proved to be innocent.

REVENGE.

A meeting of Fenian circles at the Germania Assembly rooms, last night, resolved to avenge the death of the convicted Fenians in Canada, should they be executed, and dared the Canadians to carry out the executions.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Tammany Hall Solicitous for the Welfare of the Fenian Convicts.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.

General Murphy, Supervisor W. Roach, Judge Hogan, Judge Shanley and Senator Bradley, the committee recently appointed by the Tammany Hall general committee, arrived here this morning, and proceeded to 12 o'clock called upon the President of the United States, in conformity with the duty for which they were designated, and presented to him a copy of the proceedings of the general committee in relation to the conviction and sentence of Robert Bloss Lynch, by the Canadian authorities, and declaring that the President should promptly and resolutely interfere, and insist that Lynch, and all other American citizens held on the same charge, should be delivered up to our national authorities.

Senator Bradley spoke for the committee, clearly but briefly stating the object of the commission. The President informed them that he had received a copy of the Tammany Hall proceedings through Mayor Hoffman, of New York, and that he would do all in his power for their welfare and relief.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Rebel Sympathy for Jeff. Davis—Gen. Sheridan and Mexican Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29.

Gov. Humphreys of Mississippi, in view of the precarious condition of Jefferson Davis' health, recommends the Legislature to appoint one or more commissioners to proceed to Washington to confer with the President with a view to release Mr. Davis on parole or bail.

Brig. Gen. D. Juaquin Del Manzano, succeeds Gen. Lessundi as Captain General of Cuba.

It is reliably stated that Gen. Sheridan has been ordered to report to Washington. It is understood that the order originates from the present condition of our Mexican affairs.

Canadian Items.

OTTAWA, Oct. 29.

The Canadian Parliament further prorogued until December 1st. The rate of discount on American invoices for the week was at 31 per cent.

PETROLIA, C. W. Oct. 29.

Several new wells have been struck lately. An effort is being made to get foreign market. The Great Western Railway Company is extending a branch line to this place.

The Baltimore Police Trial.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29th.

The Baltimore *American* says the evidence against the police will be completely refuted to-day by the testimony for the defence.

—A correspondent of the New York *Times* says: "As to Santa Anna, I know that he has his jewels in pledge; that he cannot pay rent for the house he had in Forty-eighth street, and that the gas bill not being paid by him, he was forced to leave there and quarter with a miserable adventurer from Hungary, named Naphegyi, at Staten Island. Yet he is made out to be the purchaser of vessels, &c.

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

Gold opened at 1.45¾ and closed at 1.46¾.

Stocks lower, with considerable business.

Money 4@6 per cent. Stocks inactive. 1.09¾ for 6s dave bills; C. and R. 1.10½; N. C. 1.14¾; Illinois Central Scrip 1.21; Mil. and St. Paul preferred 75¾; Reading 1.16; Hudson 1.26½; Erie 88½; N. Y. C. 1.19½@1.20 coupons of '82, 1.13¾; do '60, 1.10¾; do '65, 1.13¾; 10.10 coupons 99½; treasury 7 3-10, 1.06¾.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

The railroad market was strong and higher at the last open board, especially on Erie, Pittsburgh, Rock Island and Northwestern

The St. Paul Daily Press.
SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 31, 1866.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

THE MEXICAN PROTECTORATE.

THE FORMER REPORTS REITERATED.

AN OFFICER OF HIGH RANK TO GO OUT WITH CAMPBELL.

Grant Urges Sheridan for Successor to Stanton.

GREAT FENIAN EXCITEMENTS.

The "Queen's Own" Plucking Up Courage.

Prospects of Trouble Between Catholics and Protestants in Canada.

Warlike Resolutions of the Philadelphia Fenians.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Fenian Meeting—Savage Resolutions.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.

At a meeting of the Fenians of Philadelphia, held at Logan Hall this evening, to express their sentiments on the conviction and sentence of Col. Lynch and Rev. Jno. McMahon, the following preamble and resolutions were offered by James Gibbons, chairman of the committee, and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The conviction and sentence of death passed on Col. Lynch and Rev. John McMahon, in a Canadian court, is another evidence of the brutal and vindictive spirit of perfidious Britain, and in keeping with that bloody code of laws that has been inflicted by her usurpations on the people of Ireland during the last 700 years;

WHEREAS, Chief Justice Wilson, one of the representatives of British royalty on this continent, in passing sentence, read a lecture full of that cant, and that hypocracy peculiar to English philanthropy, on the heinous crime of making war on a people who never did them any harm, while the government he represents has been making relentless, bloody and exterminating war on the people of Ireland for generations—a people who never injured England, on the contrary educated her ancient kings when her people were buried in Saxon barbarism,

WHEREAS the learned judge, while filled with holy horror at the so-called crime of Col. Lynch and others, forgot in his zeal the aid and comfort given by his Government to the traitors of this Union and overthrow this Government. He forgot the depredations of the Alabama, the St. Albans raid, and the other infamous machinations worthy of the malignant hate evinced by England since the formation of this Government; and

WHEREAS, The invasion of Ireland in the year 1169, by English freebooters, whereby cities, villages and hamlets were committed to the flames and the inhabitants put to the sword, or driven to caves and mountain fastenesses, was a crime committed against all law, human and divine, and every generation of our race, since that melancholy event, has protested against that invasion with arms in their hands, therefore

Be it Resolved, That in view of the foregoing facts the invasion of British Territory by the Fenian brotherhood of the United States was a legitimate act of war on the part of an oppressed people; that the time to strike and when to strike is a question of policy, whether it be seizing the colonies of the oppressor, or sweeping her commerce from the seas, it was the assertion of this God-given right to regain their long lost liberties and restore their ancient nationality that nerved the arm of the Fenian soldiers to strike to the dust the hated flag of England at Limestone Ridge.

Resolved, That we look on the trials, conviction, and sentence passed on Col. Lynch and others as a challenge to the Irishmen of America and accept it in the spirit intended, and we pledge our lives, liberty and sacred honor to meet the issue as becomes a race that never accepted the yoke of the Norman Robber.

FROM WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

SHERIDAN RE-CALLED.

The *Herald's* New Orleans special says it is reliably stated that Gen. Sheridan has been ordered to report to Washington.

STANTON'S SUCCESSOR.

The *Herald's* Washington special says Gen. Grant is anxious that Gen. Sheridan should assume the portfolio of Mr. Stanton in order that he may have hearty co-operation of the War office in the work of reorganizing the army. Gen. Sherman, it is reported, is not an aspirant for the position, and Gen. Grant hopes to have Gen. Sheridan nominated for the position.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

The *Times'* Washington special says Col. Campbell, United States minister to Mexico, has left that city with credentials to the Juarez government, and with instructions conforming with the tripartite arrangements already announced between the United States, France and the Republic of Mexico. Napoleon is to commence removing the French army from Mexico next month, and it is probable the whole army will be withdrawn by the 1st of January next. Of course Maximilian leaves also.

Our government will extend to the Juarez government a protectorate to be operative and ready in case of emergency. In order to accomplish this a military officer of high rank will go with Col. Campbell, and both Gen. Sherman and Gen. Hancock are spoken of in this connection. In consideration of these friendly offices, Mexican Territory will be ceded to the United States, which will give us the whole of lower California together with Sonora and Chihuahua.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Indians Killed—The War in China—Arrival of a Whaler.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.

An Arizona letter dated October 12th says a scouting party from Fort McDowell killed and wounded 15 male Indians, and captured two squaws and seven children.

The American built steamer Huguany was burned on the 19th of August, at Kaikang, China.

The reports received from Shanghai to Sept. 8th, confirm previous reports of the considerable success which Chosin had obtained over the Tycoon, who made a descent on Chosin Territory; but was caught in a defile, and routed with heavy loss. Chosin retrieved the losses suffered at the beginning of the struggle, and had crossed into Skokoura, gaining a victory over the force under the command of Koshin, uncle of the Tycoon.

The steamer Del Norte, from Crescent City, brings $7,000 in treasure.

The barque Camilla, from the Arctic Ocean, brings seven hundred barrels of oil and twelve thousand pounds of bone.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

INDICTMENT OF LIEUT. BLAINE.

Lieut. Blaine, who claims to have held a commission in the ex-Confederate navy, and who seized the steamer Chesapeake during the late rebellion, has been indicted by the grand jury for murder and piracy on the high seas. He will be tried at the next session of the U. S. Circuit Court.

YELLOW FEVER.

The U. S. steamer Blenville arrived at quarantine to-day from St. Thomas, having lost three officers and eleven men from yellow fever between St. Thomas and Port au Prince, and at the latter place are now 18 cases of intermittent and remittent fever, but no yellow fever.

FENIANA.

It is stated that President Roberts will soon

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME VI. SAINT PAUL. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1866. NUMBER 256.

issue an important address to the Fenian Brotherhood in relation to the sentence of Lynch in Canada, and the future duties and work of the organization. There has been much excitement and activity at the Fenian headquarters in this city to-day.

FROM CANADA.

A SHOW OF COURAGE BY THE "QUEEN'S OWN."

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

The *Herald's* Toronto special says general excitement exists among the military organizations who are strictly opposed to the reprieving of the Fenian prisoners. The "Queen's own" will circulate a petition denouncing those who show the white feather at the bidding of William H. Seward.

EFFECT OF THREATS.

The *Herald's* Ottawa, C. W., special says the threat of vengeance by the Fenians should Lynch be executed is creating great excitement there. The volunteers at Ridgeway demand the death of the raiders, while others oppose it as trouble with the United States would follow the execution.

SERIOUS TROUBLE THREATENED.

The *Herald's* Montreal special says that the Roman Catholic Irish will not allow the Priest McMahon to be executed, and it is to be feared that this will lead to serious trouble between Protestant upper Canada and Catholic lower Canada. The Attorney General West has been threatened with assassination if he allows the execution of the Fenians to take place.

MORE FENIANS TO BE TRIED.

CORNWALL, C. W., Oct. 30.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron, Crown Counsel, applied for writ of habeas corpus to take the three Fenians from here to Toronto, to be tried with those now at Toronto. The Crown Counsel also moved for sentence of outlawry against Mike Murphy and other Fenians who escaped by breaking jail. The names of those sent to Toronto are Keys, Hartwell and Kelly.

The Indian Hostilities.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

The *Herald's* special, dated Fort Garland, Col., 11th, says a band of Utah Indians have surrendered to Gen. Carson.

The Santa Fe *Mexican* says the body of Lieut. Rhodes, who mysteriously disappeared several weeks since, has been found. It was found that he had been shot.

The *Tribune* Leavenworth special says the Denver papers publish accounts of the most horrible atrocities by the Ute Indians. The Indians in New Mexico are also carrying on hostilities with a bloody hand.

Pennsylvania Election—Official Vote.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 30.

A letter from the Secretary of the Commonwealth states the following as the complete official vote for Governor: Geary, 307,174; Clymer, 290,096; Geary's majority, 17,178.

NAPOLEON'S HEALTH.

Startling Rumor from Berlin.

The Berlin correspondent of the London *Times* says: According to authentic intelligence received here, Napoleon's health has not improved by his sojourn to Biarritz, although his recovery is probable. The other alternate does not seem to be any longer excluded. The Biarritz correspondent says the Emperor looks remarkably well, and daily takes walking exercise. Rumors are current in Paris of ministerial changes.

The *Tribune's* Berlin correspondent of the 11th says: "The celebrated Dr. Langen Beck, Chief Surgeon of our army, left a few days ago for Biarretz to consult with the physicians of the French Emperor on the possibility of an operation. Yesterday a dispatch was received from our Embassy at Paris that there is no hope for the recovery of Napoleon, and that his death may be hourly looked for."

A BATTLE IN MEXICO.

The Belgian Legion Whipped.

The Mexican Minister has received despatches from the city of Puebla, Mexico, containing an official report of the battle of Ixmiquillan, where the Belgian Legion was entirely cut to pieces. Colonel Vandereveson, the Belgian commander, attacked Ixmiquillan at a place thirty leagues from the city of Mexico, defended by Mexicans, who repelled the Belgian demonstration. The Belgian Legion lost twenty officers killed on the spot. The Legion retired to Tutuis, leaving their artillery in the hands of the Mexicans. Their officers who survived the battle have since embarked at Vera Cruz for Belgium. The following is a transalation of a letter received here to-day from Vera Cruz, Oct. 11th.

The St. Mazaire steamer arrived here early this evening, Gen. Castleman being on board. His instructions are to send to France, in two detachments, all the troops that are here. He brings, besides, a message from Napoleon to Maximilian advising him to abdicate in favor of anybody he pleases and to go home. He is authorized to offer Maximilian the protection of the French flag with a view that he may return in safety to Miramar. Marquis de Gallifet has no mission of any kind, and he only comes to join his regiment and return to France. General Hazaine came to Puebla to meet General Castleman. The General feels very sore against Maximilian for the very discreditable reports that Carlotta has spread in Europe.

THE BALTIMORE TROUBLES.

The Governor's Examination in Progress

A dispatch from Baltimore of the 27th, says:

The examination of testimony against the Police Commissioners before Gov. Swann was continued at Annapolis to-day. At three o'clock the case was adjourned till Monday, when it is believed the matter will be ended.

There seems to be a general impression in this city that Gov. Swann will remove the Commissioners.

The New York *Herald's* Annapolis special says the examination of the Commissioners of Baltimore was continued yesterday, and much evidence showing the bad character of the election judges, special constables, and police, appointed by the commissioners, was elecited. It is believed that the commissioners will be relieved, and no difficulty is feared in the event of such action.

A dispatch of the 28th says:

The Governor's court of investigation of charges against the police commissioners is now held in the House of Representatives. The evidence on Saturday, as on the first day, was mainly against the judges of election, charging them with rejecting qualified voters, and acting from partisan motives; also charging them with being influenced by political prejudices. The examination will be continued to-morrow.

The Trinity Church Property.

A dispatch from New York has announced that the heirs of Anneke Jans intend to contest the right of the Trinity Church Corporation to the property now in its possession. The property is estimated to be worth sixty-five millions of dollars. The New York *Post* gives the annexed history of the claim:

"During the old Dutch rule, the King of Holland gave to one Anneke Jans, who was said to belong to the royal family, a tract of land on the west side of the city, running from Warren street to Christopher. At that time the land was mostly swamp, and of but little value. After the British government gained possession of New York Island, it is asserted that the title of Anneke Jans' heirs to the property was confirmed, and that Trinity obtained at a subsequent period a lease of the land, under which possession has been held without a legal title.

At different periods, as the property increased in value, the heirs of Anneke Jans endeavored to obtain it, but never succeeded. Recently two or three lawyers have been engaged in collecting proofs with which to begin a suit. It is said by the heirs of Jans, in support of their claims, that the representatives of Trinity have been to the Legislature several times to get that body to invest them with a legal title, and that members of the Legislature, believing that Trinity had no title, have proposed measures to secure the possession of the property to the State. Owing to the influence which Trinity was always able to bring to bear, all of these plans have failed. It now remains to be seen whether the present movement of the heirs of Anneke Jans will have any other result. Instead of resting their case in the State courts, the proposition is to carry it up to the United States courts. One of the counsel employed by the heirs has declared that Trinity has agreed to compromise with them, and that he has a letter from the vestry to that effect."

New Advertisements.

For Advertisements of Wants and For Sale see Fourth Page.

D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co.,
: JOBBERS OF
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
Toys, Fancy Goods,
and NOTIONS,
AT 190 THIRD STREET,

Would invite the attention of country merchants to the large stock of NEW GOODS they have in store for the Fall and Winter Trade, which they are selling on very favorable terms for cash. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy all that we are selling our goods at a very small margin for profits. oc6

JUST RECEIVED.
500 Boxes Window Glass,
200 Boxes Glassware,
1,000 doz Lamp Chimneys, all sizes.
Close for cash.
AWTER, ROSS & ETTER,
oct31 2w 111 Third street.

OILS! OILS! OILS!

WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED SPERM OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED LARD OIL,
EXTRA MACHINE OIL,
VIRGINIA ROCK OIL,
BANK OIL,
STRAITS OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
LINSEED OIL BOILED,
NAPTHA,
In quantities and at prices to suit close cash buyers. AWTER, ROSS & ETTER,
oct31-2w 111 Third street.

Dr. JAMES T. ALLEY.
Office 130 Third street,
Will give his exclusive attention to
CHRONIC DISEASES,
Especially those of the
Skin, Throat and Chest.
Office hours (Sundays excepted) 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
oct31-2w

LETTERS REMAINING UNclaimed in the Post Office at St. Paul, State of Minnesota, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of October, 1866.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for *"one letter,"* or *"one of the dates"* of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Ames W H	Gooding Jas	Miss Jacob
Avery Park	Geary J V	McDonald H
Baras Peter	Goldman L	Mitchell H G
Basler Paul	Gooding & C	Miller E & W E
Boxan Martin	Green scanner	Nordman Mr
Banks Robert	Gilmer R J	Nelson J A
Browne T W 2	Green D A	Noonan Jno
Barton Capt T M	Hienrickson A	O'Neill David
Butler Wm H	Hartman Chas	Orendorff L J
Butler Wm	Harrow Dr H	Orendorf L
Bennet N H	Hall Geo W	Pursier Wm
Bill J O	Hager H S	Pursell T H
Bezoit Jas	Hasberg (Nor-way's agent)	Porter S E
Brown Jno S	Hunt S P	Peck F D
Brown Chas	Huntley S	Penny M
Birdsell H M	Hall John	Platt John
Brown Harry	Huntley S	Powers F D
Brault Edmond	Holt T W	Probert F M
Berry K H	Ide H J	Phidona C
Baldwin Chas	Ingalls Edward	Runyan S
Bonnes C M	Ingram A F	Radie B
Butler G G	Jones David	Rempf W H
Burke C H	Janicke J O	Ryan Wm
Brown Chas	Jennings J G	Rasell H
Blanchard T F	Jackson Jas	Scott W H
Berlan Capt C P	Johnson Wm	Storey W D
Bode A H	Jacoby Wm H	Snell Wm
Clark D O 2	Johannesson M	Stevens & Murry
Chron Geo 2	Kimball H F	Smith D S
Chamberlin H	Kerr E	Scrivea A C
Curbutt J	Komble E S	Sandas B
Copeland Jno 2	Kaneleon G	Schucker L C
Cook Lucius	Kuhn Hardin	Spencer I H
Conners P	King John	Salphand Sherj R
Cummings E	Kegel Peter	Smith Edward
Corbautt A & Co	Keely T E	Shirley G H
Cook Lieut S	Lanckey E	Taylor C B
Capehart Wm	Longhtin A	Tuttle Rev Josh
Diamond Dan	Lynch Fred	Threehouse I
David C H	Lewis Geo	Tierney T
Donnel J M	Lyden Michael	Thompson T F
Dennis John	Lanson L M	Taylor S
Dye H M	Loyd Lowell	Thompson H F
Davis H M T	Lambert Nelson	Tunkians H
Dony F J	Loefenholtz C	Teagan Andrew
Eames Wm	Lynch Michael	Train H C
Fontaine C	Liddy Pat	Updike Henry
Fillmore Daniel	Morris Peter	Vogel Frank
Fulton C D 2	Morgan Pat	Woodbury Capt
Forreste h	McDonald S	Wheeler Frank
Fletcher R	Murry Wm	Wilson E
Hill wm	Mullane Pat	Wills Wm
Fink Albert	McMenemy R	Winslow & Rosenbergh
Flathard John	Moran M	Young H C
Gagnon Chas	McNeal N H	Yorks Thor J
Girls Rev F	Mien Louis	
Gibbe H R	Morse Levi	
Gladwin Rev A		

J. H. SIEWART, Postmaster

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—PROBATE COURT.

Special Term—October 27th, 1866.

In the matter of the guardianship of Austin B. Loomis, Eleanor H. Loomis, George P. Loomis and Martha M. Loomis, minors.

On reading and filing the petition of Thomas E. Sill and John B. Butler, guardians of said minors, representing, among other things, that said minors are seized of certain real estate in the State of Minnesota, that it is necessary and would be for the benefit of said minors to sell the same, and praying for license to sell the same:

It is ordered that Saturday, the 15th day of December, 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors, and all other persons interested in said minors or their estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted and said license given.

E. F. CROWELL,
Judge of Probate.
wes-oct31-3t

LOST OR STOLEN.

A Certificate of Deposit, drawn by Dawson & Co., in favor of Timothy O'Connor, for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars. All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase the same as payment thereof has been stopped.
TIMOTHY O'CONNOR.
oct30-3t*

MORGAN & M'CLOUD,
Real Estate Agents,
ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.

FOR SALE.—An excellent House and Lot on Canada street, Lower Town, with every convenience. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A good small house, with good lot, in Upper Town, for $1,100, near the House of Hope. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 12, block 8, in Rice & Irvine's addition, on Seventh street, corner of Exchange. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A fine brick residence, with extensive grounds, 100x200, on Ninth street, near Jackson. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley—an excellent business lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 7, block 7, Bazil & Guerin's addition, on corner Wabashaw and 8th streets, near the capital. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lots 3 and 4, block 26, Kittson's addition, on 8th street, corner Olive—a good building lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—1,360 acres pine lands in Pine county; 1,840 acres farming lands 21 miles north of St. Paul; 5,000 acres farming lands on line St. Paul & Pacific Railroad, near Rice Rapids, and houses and lots, residence and business lots, and farms and farming lands in all parts of the city and State. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

TO RENT.—The J. E. Warren house, on 9th street, from first of November. House in Lower Town, from 15th of November. House on 9th street, near the capitol, from 15th of November.
MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
oct30-1m-1stp

SPECIAL SALE
OF
WHITE AND COLORED
BLANKETS,
At 10 per Cent Below Value
TO THE TRADE.
Also at Retail at the
ONE PRICE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
OF
JOHN H. CAMP,
142 Third street,
oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND
Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the
LATEST STYLES
OF
FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY GOODS,
Thursday, Oct. 4th.
oct

LUMBER WAGONS, OF EASTERN MAKE, warranted the best in Market, just received and for sale by
A. H. WILDER & CO.
St. Paul, May 11, 1 may11

CLXIV

EVERYTHING NEW!

FIRM, STORE AND STOCK.

EDWARD HOGAN, CHARLES NICHOLS.

HOGAN & NICHOLS,

Whose elegantly outfitted store is attracting such universal attention, desire to bring to the notice of Country Merchants their heavy and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. We are

Jobbers and Retailers of

All goods in our line, having Separate Departments for each branch. We are making very low figures on our stock. LOOK IT THROUGH BEFORE YOU BUY, as much for your own interest as for ours, so that there will be no occasion for your saying: "Your goods are very low, lower than I have paid, but I have bought my

DRY GOODS

Any one desiring Goods in the RETAIL DEPARTMENT will readily perceive the advantage of selecting from an entirely new stock—especially when the stock is the largest and prices the lowest of any House in town.

No Old Goods carried over from past seasons.

For the present we are open in the evening, and proffering our compliments, we extend a general invitation to one a and all to drop in and see how we look by Gaslight at

164 Third Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
JUST BELOW THE PIONEER OFFICE.
oct30

THE WORLD-RENOWNED
KEYSTONE
THE GREATEST
FUEL-SAVING STOVE
IN THE WORLD.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
C. L. GRANT,
SOLE AGENT,
113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.
oct18-1m-1stp

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,
Wholesale Dealers
IN
HATS, CAPS, FUR
AND
MILLINERY GOODS!
199 Third street,
(INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.)

OUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.
oct18-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,
Office on Jackson street,
OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.
oct9 2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!
Fall & Winter Stock of
Clothing, Cloths,
CASSIMERES,
HATS, CAPS,
AND
MENS' FURNISHING GOODS
JUST RECEIVED.
DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.
Clothing Manufactured to Order
in a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.
T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf
ROBES!
Buffalo Robe Overcoats
At Wholesale.
T. B. CAMPBELL,
oct3-1stp-tc 156 Third street.

LAMPS!
A large stock of
LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS
Lamp Wick and Lanterns,
Just received at the
CROCKERY HOUSE
OF
Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,
Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons
OHIO STONE WARE,
JUST RECEIVED.
jan1-d&wly-1st¶

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,
Chemists & Druggists,
Pure Unadulterated Drugs,
FINE CHEMICALS,
CHOICE PERFUMERY,
Toilet Articles in Sets,
And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the
New Drug Store,
IN ROGERS' BLOCK,
227 Third Street
my20-1y-1st¶ ST. PAUL, MINN

EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF
CLOAK TRIMMINGS
AND
GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
IN THE STATE AT THE
OLD DRY
THE MOST
CLOAKS
ELFELTS, Third street, St. Paul.
oct14-1stp

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A
FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,
I am now prepared to execute
COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,
Cartes de Visite, &c.,
IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.
N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying.
oct5 A. SINCLAIR.

Northwestern Steam Bakery!

Gies & Passavant, Proprietors.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, &c.;
Cor. Robert-st and Levee.
N. B.—ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO
oct3-1stpd&w

HARVEY OFFICER,
Attorney at Law. Office over Parker Paine's bank, Third street, St. Paul, Minn. nov8

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,
No. 187 Third street,
ST. PAUL, MINN.,
WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,
1,000 Stoves,
600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,
10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead
3,000 lbs. Pig Tin,
2,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,
2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,
200 Pumps,
200 Bundles Wire,
5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc,
500 Boxes Tin Plate,
2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,
Together with a large variety of
TINNERS' STOCK
AND
House Furnishing Goods.
Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp
P. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.
NASH & MURPHY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
PRODUCE AND LIQUORS
WABASHAW STREET,
Between Third & Fourth
Adjoining the Opera House.
sep25-1stp

NEW THING
IN
LIFE INSURANCE!
DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE. NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!
THE UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
of New York City.
Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations. $200,000.

Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two millions dollars.

All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from
Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower
Than charged by
Mutual Life Insurance Companies,
Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL
Is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a
Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.
Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to
O. CURTIS, State Agent,
Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.
aug15 1y-1stp

PRATT & HUGHSON,
AT
No. 221 Third street,
(ROGER'S BLOCK.)
Are now receiving the largest and best selected stock of
BOOTS & SHOES
Ever brought to this city, expressly for the Retail Trade, among which is a full assortment from the manufactory of
E. C. Burt, of New York.
We warrant our goods and sell as cheap as any other house in the city. No trouble to show goods.
WE MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES. sep30-1stp

GLOBE HOTEL
On the European Plan.
Now open at the
Corner Third and Jackson-sts.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.
ap21 J. E. TARGET, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS
ON
RAILROAD LANDS
OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.

All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.

WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
32	28	122	25
33	28	121	26
35	28	122	26
34	29	122	27
35	29	123	27
36	29	123	28
35	30	124	28
36	30	125	28
37	30	124	29
38	30	124	29
36	31	125	29
37	31	126	29
38	31		

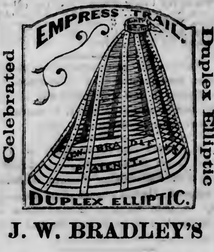
OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
16	28	123	29
37	28	122	29
38	28	123	29
33	29	124	29
36	29	125	29
37	29	126	29
38	29	127	29
35	30	123	30
37	30	124	30
38	30	125	30
39	30	126	30
39	31	127	30
		126	31
		127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER,
President and Land Commissioner.
sep22-6m-1stpd&w

New Advertisements.

MILLINERY!
Our Fall Stock is now complete, comprising
Rich Millinery,
CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS
ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,
Shawls, Dress Trimmings
AND
Dry Goods Generally.
We invite the attention of country dealers to the above. MRS. BECAR,
sep27 161 Third street.

FASHIONS 1866
DEMAND


J. W. BRADLEY'S
DUPLEX
ELLIPTIC
Or Double Spring
SKIRTS!
They will not BEND or BRAKE, like the single spring, but will ALWAYS PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, CHURCHES, THEATRES, RAILROAD CARS, and for PROMENADE or HOUSE DRESS—each hoop being composed of two finely tempered steel springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop, and making the STRONGEST and MOST FLEXIBLE, as well as the MOST DURABLE and STYLISH SKIRT EVER MADE. In fact they are SUPERIOR to all others, combining Comfort, Economy, Lightness, Elegance and Durability.
Inquire for BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. For sale everywhere.
Manufactured exclusively by sole owner of patent,
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
97 Chambers, and 79 and 80 Reade streets, New York.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
For Elegance, Durability and Economy, superior to all others.
For sale at WHOLESALE ONLY, by
J. L. FORBES, PEACH & CO.,
128 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
The most Popular, Stylish and Graceful Skirt worn, for sale by
CATHCART & CO.,
122 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
The Lightest, most Agreeable and Perfect Skirt made, for sale by
D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,
aug15-3m1stp Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

JACKSON WAGONS!
We are General Agents for the
Jackson, Michigan,
WAGONS,
And warrant them far superior to any in the Western States.
BIGELOW, MURDOCK & CO.
sep1-1stp

DR. DE MONTREVILLE,
DENTIST,
Office on Third Street,
NEAR POST OFFICE, ST. PAUL.
From a quarter of a century's experience Dr. De M. promises excellence of workmanship and at reasonable charges, and refers by permission to
Mr. Oakes, (of Borup & Oakes) St. Paul.
Col. and Mrs. Belote, International Hotel.
Mr. Edgerton, President of 2d National Bank, Right Rev. Bishop Grace.
Rev. Dr. McMasters.
Col. Robertson, and Physicians of St. Paul generally.
mch1-1y-1st¶

BOUNTY
WAR BLANKS.
THE LATEST FORMS,
As prescribed by the War Department
NOW READY.
CLAIM BLANKS, $1.00 per Quire.
VOUCHER RECEIPTS, 50 cents per Quire, POST-PAID.
Orders received by mail promptly attended to.
Address,
PRESS PRINTING CO.,
oct7-3M&w2t St. Paul, Minn.

FAIRCHILD & CO.
AUCTIONEERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Rogers' Stone Block,
Third-st., St. Paul, Minn.
Make sales of Furniture, Stock, Merchandize and Real Estate in Ramsey or any of the adjacent counties.
They also receive goods on commission sell at private sale.
They have a large Hall in the second story for the sale of Furniture. They are prepared to buy Furniture or other goods in large or small quantities, or advance liberally on consignments.
They keep always on hand a good stock of Staple Dry Goods, of Clothing, of Boots and Shoes, of Hats and Caps, and Notions, which they sell at wholesale or retail, at much less than regular prices.
FAIRCHILD & CO.
nov10-eod-1f-1st¶

Dr. Simonton
Has introduced the NITROUS OXIDE, or LAUGHING GAS, at his Office, Ingersoll's Block. Now is the time to have Teeth extracted and laugh while it is being done. oc2

Clothing.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS
AND OTHERS.

We wou respectfully state that we are now receiving our Fall Stock of CLOTHING, which was made to our order (Custom Made,) the material and style of which are good. The advantages we offer in Assortment, Goods and Price, we trust will be sufficient inducement for an examination of the same.
W. H. TEMPLE,
Third-st., above Minnesota-st.
sep23

Banks.

H. THOMPSON, CASH. J. E. THOMPSON, PRES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF SAINT PAUL,
Paid up Capital $600,000.
Government Bonds, Coin, Land Warrants and Half Breed Scrip
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Prompt attention given to the collection of
QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS
Agents for the sale of
PASSAGE TICKETS
from Liverpool and Queenstown to New York and Saint Paul.
Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France, Sweden and Norway*,
jan5-1st¶

SECOND
National Bank of St. Paul
Paid up Capital $200,000.
This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to Banks, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business
Drafts for Sale on
LONDON, DUBLIN, BREMEN
and other principal European cities.
Collections upon all accessible points in Northwest will be made and remitted for on the receipt of current funds at par. High est Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. This Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and these notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.
E. S. EDGERTON, President.
JOHN NICOLS, Vice President.
D. A. MONFORT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN NICOLS,	F. B. FARWELL,
J. H. STEWART,	N. B. HARWOOD,
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C. H. SCHURMEIER,	JOSEPH DAILEY,
P. BERRY,	F. R. SMITH,
I. C. GEORGE,	ISAAC STAPLES,
E. S. EDGERTON.	

St. Paul, July 8th, 1866 apr-1y-1st¶

HUMAN HAIR.

L. P. FRANKLIN,
Bridge Square, St. Paul,
WIG MAKER,
(FROM NEW YORK.)
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,
CURLS, BANDS, FRONT PIECES,
Wigs, Half Wigs, Side Braids.
ALWAYS ON HAND.
At Prices which Defy Competition.
All goods warranted to be made in the most careful and tasteful manner.
Orders by Mail or Express will receive prompt attention.
Private rooms for Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing.
The only Brown Dye applied and for sale.
Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
BRIDGE SQUARE, ST. PAUL.
ap6-1y-1st¶

T. M. METCALF,
Real Estate Broker
AND
INSURANCE AGENT,
Jackson street, between 5th and 6th
Will buy and sell Real Estate on commission,

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, OCTOBER 31, 1866.

THE MEANING OF A VOTE NEXT TUESDAY.

Freemen of Minnesota, you are called upon as part of the grand inquest of the Nation to settle by your votes on Tuesday the future destiny of the Republic. Each silent ballot that you drop on Tuesday is pregnant with momentous issues—issues of life and death—of weal and woe—to all the future millions who shall inhabit the broad space between the oceans. That ballot is feather light in your hands, but it is a weight thrown into the great balance of opposing forces; in one scale justice, freedom, social and material progress, national honor and enduring peace; in the other, wrong, oppression, national decay, dishonor, and the perpetuation of the elements of national discord.

Through it you, each of you, fellow-citizens, are to lay the foundations of a restored and reconstructed Republic. You are to decide whether the Government, saved by your valor and self-devotion, is to be established on the rock of justice and impartial freedom or to tremble still on the unstable and sandy foundations of caste privilege and caste prescription.

You are to decide, first of all, this question of prerogative: whether rebels, defeated at a vast cost of blood and treasure in their attempts to destroy the Government of our fathers, forced to cease hostilities only from the impossibility of further resistance, and held to their allegiance only by overpowering force; whether rebels such as these, hostile, unrepentant, disarmed but not subdued, are entitled by the mere fact of their disarmament, to resume their ancient privileges and powers in the Government which they forfeited by Rebellion, at the mere dictation of an insolent Executive, without the consent of the loyal people, without conditions and without securities for the future or whether, on he other hand, it rests with the loyal people of this nation, through their representatives in Congress, to prescribe the terms on which the conquered rebels shall be restored to their forfeited rights. You are to decide then this question of policy: whether the rebels shall be restored to an equal participation in the government, not only without conditions, but with increased political power, or whether it is not the duty of Congress, acting for the loyal people, to exact as the imperative condition of restoration, ample and irreversible guarantees for their future good conduct, and the future security of the Government and of all its citizens. This admitted, you are then to decide these questions of detail: 1st, Shall Equal Rights for all hereafter and forever be the supreme, irrevocable law of the Republic, or shall class be still permitted, under the sanction of local statutes, to trample upon class, and race to enslave and proscribe race?

2d. Shall one rebel vote hereafter be counted as equal to two loyal votes, and shall the rebels be rewarded for the slaughter and maiming of a half a million of Union soldiers, and for fastening on the nation a debt of three billions of dollars, by increased political power?—for that is what the Democratic ballot says—or shall a loyal Northern man hereafter be recognized in the Constitution as the political equal of a Southern rebel, for that is what the Republican ticket means.

3. Shall perjured traitors like Toombs, Cobb, Davis, and others, who, with an oath to support the Constitution hot upon their lips, went forth to make war upon it, be allowed again to make a mockery of that sacred oath by their readmission to office; for that is tee Democratic proposition; or shall they be excluded from office until by long probation they shall have satisfied Congress of the sincerity of their repentence, for that is the Republican policy, regarding the leading rebels who violated an express oath of office to go into rebellion.

4. Shall the way be left open for the rebel bondholders to bribe, with the fraction of the now worthless billions at their disposal, a future Democratic Congress to assume the rebel debt, and thus double and treble, for a century to come, the burdens of our tax-payers—for that is the Democratic policy—or shall the way to such assumption be forever closed with the adamantine barrier of a Constitutional inhibition—for that is the Republican demand.

These, citizens, are the questions which your country puts to you next Tuesday. Your answer to each and all is written in the ballot which you put in the box.

If you would honor and reward treason and proscribe and punish loyalty—vote the Democratic ticket. If you would disarm treason of its poisonous sting—and make loyalty and freedom and neutrality secure, vote for Donnelly and Windom and the regular Republican nominees.

THE CHALLENGE AND THE ANSWER OF 1864.

Except in 1864, when the American people were called upon to decide whether they would continue the war to a victorious issue or accept a shameful peace at the price of disunion, no election was ever held in this country involving such momentous interests as that which takes place on the Sixth of November in the eleven States which have yet to pronounce their verdict on the great questions in controversy. And the conflict to-day is but another phase of the same tremendous debate which in 1864 was waged with sword and fire in the South, and with the pen and voice and ballot at the North. *Then* the Democratic party demanded that the nation should abandon the war, and prostrate itself in ignominious surrender at the feet of the almost exhaustless Rebellion. *Now* the Democratic party demand that the nation shall abandon all the glorious fruits of victory,—surrender to the subjugated but unrepentant rebels all that was gained for the cause of Freedom and the Union at such tremendous sacrifices of blood and treasure and, by the unconditional restoration of the rebels, deliver up to their vengeance, the friends of the Union in the South, punish loyalty with perpetual proscription, and reward rebellion with increased political power.

It was a craven peace at the price of a dismembered and dishonored Union which the Democratic party demanded through the Chicago platform in 1864. It is a still more shameful peace at the sacrifie of national good faith and all guarantees for future peace and the stability of the Republic which they now demand through the Philadelphia platform. The issue is essentially the same now as then. We know how Minnesota responded to this cowardly and disloyal demand two years ago; we have full faith that her response will be no less emphatic and no less overwhelming, when on Tuesday she makes up her verdict on the same traitorous appeal; and when she marshals her hosts to the final contest with the enemies of the Republic, it will be, as before, in the front of the victorious column of loyal States that she will plant her glorious banner.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.—The grain markets continue buoyant, and prices are advancing. During the last week wheat advanced 3 to 4 cents in Milwaukee and Chicago. Flour 50 cents, corn 15 cents, Oats 5 cents. The immediate cause for the great rise in corn was an advance in Liverpool of 1s 9d per quarter. The partial failure of the crop in the corn growing States of course had something to do with the upward turn of the market, as it will help to sustain prices. The following were the prices of grain in Chicago on Saturday last, and those of a year ago:

	Oct. 27, '66.	Oct. 28, '65.
Flour, spr'g ex.	$10 00@12 25	$7 00 @8 75
Wheat, No. 1 spr'g	2 20@ 2 22½	1 45 @1 46½
Corn, No. 1	0 82@ 0 83	0 47 @0 47½
Oats, No. 1	0 41@ 0 42½	0 26½@0 27
Rye, No. 1	0 95@ 0 98	0 50 @0 52
Barley, No. 2	0 75@ 0 78	0 48 @0 50

THE eloquent and spirited Irish orator who accompanied Col. Robertson to Stillwater a few days since was named Keenon instead of Murphy, as stated by our reporter in yesterday's PRESS.

IN a recent speech at Troy, N. Y., Hon. Lewis Barker gave the best reading of the Philadelphia platform we have ever seen. He said it could all be summed up in four words: "Polly wants a cracker." The truth and force of this characterization are inimitable.

THE Fenians in Iowa, almost to a man, voted the Republican ticket.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—The Democrats of New York city, talk of sending John Morrissey to Congress to play faro to Andy Johnson's Moses. It is thus that history repeats itself.

—The pardon issued to Trenholm, late Confederate Secretary of the Treasury, carries with it, of course, the restoration of his valuable property at Columbia, Charleston, and other points in South Carolina.

—The Comptroller of the Currency has published an abstract of the condition of the National Banks on the first of October. The item of profits for the quarter ending on that date is set down as over thirty-two and a half millions of dollars.

—The receipts at customs from the 13th to the 20th instant, were as follows: New York, $2,430,081; Boston, $335,021; Philadelphia, 174,590; Baltimore, 162,634. The receipts at New Orleans for the preceding week, were $170,252.

—The death of the Tycoon of Japan is announced. It may be an event of great importance to the teeming millions of that country, but to the mere "outside barbarians," it is of as little consequence as the decease of the meanest of his subjects would have been.

—A Paris letter states that the visitors to the Paris Exposition, next year, will have plenty of exercise, for there are to be about forty-five miles of avenues, paths, garden walks, &c. Means are to be provided, however, for people to ride, at a slow pace, through various parts of the exhibition buildings.

—Accounts from North and Central Alabama show great destitution, from the failure of many planters who had mortgaged their lands for supplies, but the crops failing, the lands are being sold at ruinous prices. Families and homes are being broken up under these forced sales. In Green county alone there are more suits on the circuit court docket than there are voters in the county. Meetings are being held urging the Legislature to pass laws preventing the sacrifices of property.

—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Just after President Johnson became President, and it was thought that General Butler would be assigned to command at Richmond, Virginia, a member of the Virginia Legislature offered a resolution instructing the Governor of the State to issue a proclamation to the people to bury their silver, etc. The said member has just turned out a defaulter to the amount of $50,000.

—Sir Curtis Mirandar Lampson, created a baronet in England for his services in the Atlantic Telegraph enterprise, is a native of Vermont. His early life was passed in the hunting and fishing grounds of Canada and the Hudson's Bay territory. He was married in Vermont, and in 1834 went to England, where he became permanently settled, taking the oath of allegiance in 1845, and engaging in the Hudson's Bay trade. He was one of the earliest directors and shareholders of the Atlantic Telegraph Company.

—A writer in the New York *Sun* gives some statistics of how the city is fed, which are very interesting. He estimates that there are 5,525,000 pounds of beef, 112,500 of mutton, 72,000 of veal, and 2,400,000 of pork purchased in Washington Market every week, costing an aggregate of $1,257,335. In March and April the consumption is less, owing to the abundant supply of fish, also in very hot weather. He also estimates that there are 250,000 pints of milk used daily by the inhabitants of that city, 62,000 pounds of butter, and 143,000 cances of cheese. The grand total paid for meat, milk, butter and cheese is $221,581.

—The New York *Times'* Washington special says: "General Sherman arrived in this city this evening, and is the guest of General Grant. This evening General Grant, General Sherman, Senor Romero, Mexican Minister, and Paymaster General Bries formed a party in a private box at the National Theatre. Considerable significance was attached to the composition of the party. General Sherman's arrival is in consequence of the request sent a few days since by the President with reference to the prospective change in the War Department, and is confirmatory [of my previous dispatches on that subject."

—A foreign paper publishes the following anecdote concerning the Emperor of Austria while out shooting: His Majesty is always attended by a Captain of the Guards, whose duty it is to observe the effect of each shot and announce it. The Emperor, for instance, strikes a partridge; "partridge!" cries the captain. Next it is a buck. "Buck!" shouts the captain. One day the Emperor fired, missed the game, and wounded one of the gentlemen of his suite. The latter on being struck uttered an exclamation. "His Highness the Duke of Hackenberg!" announced the captain, without the slightest change of feature or tone.

—The officers of the cable expedition upon whom the Queen has conferred the honors of the realm are Sir Daniel Gooch, Sir Richard Atwood Glass, Sir W. Thompson, Sir C. Canning, Sir J. Anderson, and Sir Curtis Miranda Lampson. Gooch is Chairman of the Great Western Railroad Company in England, and a high officer among the Freemasons; Thompson is Professor of Natura Philosophy in the University of Glasgow, and the leading electrician of the Telegraph Company; Glass began life as an accountant in a mercantile house in London, and is now the head of the firm of Glass & Elliot, who made the Atlantic cables; Canning is the engineer who superintended the laying of the cable; Anderson is the Captain of the Great Eastern, who was selected by Sir William Cunard to command that vessel on her different expeditions in the service of the Telegraph Company.

MINNESOTA STATE ELECTION.

Nominations for the Ninth Legislature.

Below we give a list of the nominations for the Legislature by the two parties, so far as they have been made. The names of the Senatorial nominees are printed in SMALL CAPITALS; Representatives in Roman. Those marked with a star, (*) were members of the last Legislature. The figures to each District indicate the majority of the party on whose side they are published, at the last Gubernatorial election, the Democratic majorities being placed in the right hand column, the Republican in the left.

FIRST DISTRICT.
(Ramsey County.)

Republican.	*Democratic.*
S. P. JENNISON,	*W. P. MURRAY,
C. K. DAVIS,	Chas. H. Lienau,
J. M. Keller,	Edmund Rice,
G. G. Griswold,	Pat. Nash—599.

SECOND DISTRICT.
(Washington, Chisago, Pine, Kanabec)

W. H. C. FOLSOM,	No nominations.
Henry A. Jackman,	
Ebenezer Ayers—317.	

THIRD DISTRICT.
(Stearns, Todd, Cass and upper Counties.)

S. M. BRUCE,	L. A. EVANS,
Henry Hoepner,	Alfred Tanner,
N. Richardson,	N. H. Miner—476.

FOURTH DISTRICT.
(Hennepin East, Masonnin, Anoka, Benton, Sherburne, &c.)

*J. S. PILLSBURY,	No nominations.
H. F. Blodgett—150.	

The above majority is for the district outside of Hennepin county.

FIFTH DISTRICT.
(Hennepin West.)

Bushwhacker's ticket.	
R. J. BALDWIN,	J. C. WHITNEY,
Geo. H. Keith,	Aaron Gould,
*Aaron Gould,	John Sebouki,
Aaron Hoag—284.	A. A. Ames.

SIXTH DISTRICT.
(Wright, Meeker, McLeod, &c.)

Democratic.	
H. L. GORDON,	D. W. JOHNS,
*D. E. King,	George Deeller,
P. W. Savage,—228.	E. A. Campbell.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.
(Dakota County.)

N. C. DRAPER,	*R. C. MASTERS,
J. H. Donaldson,	— Foster,
S. C. Howell,	— Choate,—225.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.
(Rice County.)

O. F. PERKINS,	
C. A. Wheaton,	No nominations.
*Isaac Pope,—340.	

NINTH DISTRICT.
(Goodhue County.)

*WARREN BRISTOL,	
R. B. Wilson,	No nominations.
J. T. Mitchell,	
L. K. Akers—350.	

TENTH DISTRICT.
(Wabashaw County.)

J. L. ARMSTRONG,	S. N. WRIGHT,
S. A. Kemp,	S. S. Kepler,
F. W. Knapp—256	W. B. Lutz

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.
(Winona County.)

W. H. YALE,	
M. H. Dunnell,	No nominations.
*W. W. Buck,	
A. C. Smith,—434.	

TWELFTH DISTRICT.
(Olmsted county.)

*J. V. DANIELS,	H. GALLOWAY,
*Ed. Sawyer,	F. K. Owen,
*B. F. Perry,	M. W. Burbank,
J. K. Randall—503.	L. L. Herrick.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Houston county.)

D. P. TEMPLE,	J. B. LEBLOND,
E. H. Kennedy,	E. McIntyre,
Burton Andrews—12.	J. O. Narum.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Fillmore County.)

*LUKE MILLER,	H. R. WELLS,
*J. Q. Farmer,	S. S. Stebbins,
N. P. Colburn,	L. L. Brayton,
G. Oleson—425.	H. C. McCord,
	P. H. Durfey.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Mower and Dodge Counties.)

*SAMUEL LORD,	
*I). B. Johnson, Jr.,	Aaron D. Brown,
*C. J. Felch—562.	Wallace Brownson,

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Steele, Waseca and Freeborn counties)

*A. ARMSTRONG,	
J. E. Smith,	No nominations.
W. H. Twiford,	
H. D. Baldwin—920.	

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Blue Earth and Watonwan counties.)

LEWIS PORTER,	J. A. WISWELL,
John A. Reed,	W. G. Thompson,
Bowne Yates—226.	P. D. Ratliedge.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.
(Scott County.)

H. B. STRAIT,	*L. La BAXTER,
J. W. Foss,	Morris Hanft,—482.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.
(Nicollet, Brown, Sibley, &c.)

ADAM BUCK,	E. ST. J. COX,
*C. T. Brown,	Francis Bassen,
*D. G. Shiltock—209	F. H. Enkhouse.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.
(Faribault and the Southwestern counties.)

No nomination.

A. Andrews—330.

In this district James B. Wakefield and Andrew C. Dunn are both running for the Senate, but without a regular nomination.

TWENTY FIRST DISTRICT.
(Carver county.)

CHAS. BACHMANN,	*C. W. Griggs.
J. A. C. Flood,	Eli F. Lewis—161.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.
(Le Sueur county.)

No nominations.	*R. BUTTERS,
	*A. K. Maynard—307.

The Owner of the "Star of the West" Anxious for a Match.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 25, 1866.

Editor St. Paul Press:

In your paper of Oct. 7, your correspondent in speaking of fast horses at the State Fair, under the head of remarks, says: "In the race on the best horses who re not entered for the society's purses of $300, $200 and $100, for want of proper competition from a distance."

It is possible your correspondent knew of some "best horses that were not entered," and again it is possible that he may have been misinformed. In either case, the article carried the idea that the horses that did trot were only second rate horses, and there was something kept back that was very much better, and therefore did the horses that were entered (some of the best, if not *the best* in the State,) injustice, in trying to build up the reputation of unknown or imaginary horses, that couldn't be seen, as there was nothing to offer "proper competition."

Now, as I am anxious to see this very fast stock that has been kept back "for want of proper competition," I propose to match any trotting horse in this county or State, with the "Star of the West," for $500 to $1,000, to go on the Rochester track, mile heats, best three in five, any time this fall before the ground freezes, and after ten days notice.

Respectfully,
JOHN GROESBECK.

Complimentary to Minnesota.

We notice by the Michigan papers, that at their late State Fair, the first premiums for choice sheep and lambs were all borne off by Dr. J. B. Tuttle, of Jackson, Mich., who, for the past few years has sent up the Mississippi so many superior sheep now in this State. In commenting upon the result of the Fair, the Michigan editors gently hint that Dr. Tuttle should keep his best blooded stock in that State instead of sending it to Minnesota—which, as one writer truthfully acknowledges—"is fast becoming the greatest woolgrowing State in the Union." We have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with the same laws of commerce as other business men; he takes special pains to raise the stock because it pays the best profit; and for customers, he looks to men of culture and enprise, who know that the best stock—netting two hundred per cent.—can be kept for less than *scrubs* that just pay for their living. Minnesota farmers are mostly of this enlightened class, which explains the secret of their fast growing wealth and reputation.

REPUBLICAN MEETING AT CHASKA.

Speech of Bernhard Kiliholz, Esq.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

CHASKA, CARVER Co., Oct. 29, 1866.

A meeting of citizens was held here on last Saturday, where the questions of the day were discussed, and our fellow-citizen, Mr. Bernard Kilholz, an old radical Democrat, delivered a speech in German, of which the following is a part:

As in the twelfth year after the Declaration of Independence, in the year 1787, the founders of this Union were engaged in making the Constitution, they had to battle with the same bad elements, against which the majority of our representatives at the late session of Congress had to combat, only with the difference that it were at the former time the slaveholders and their sympathizers, whilst they are at present the Democrats of the North and the President, the usurper, Andrew Johnson. The fathers of this Republic endeavored to embody in the Constitution the eternal, undisputable and noble truths expressed in the Declaration of Independence as an eternal foundation of the Union, which truths run thus: "We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these rights are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." Would these immortal truths have been embodied into the Constitution there would never have slavery existed within the Union. But at those memorable times the great George Washington, with his sympathizers of the delegation of the American people could not overcome the formidable power of the inhuman slave holders, and thus they saved the little they could get, trusting that the future would do better. And what was the little else they saved? Nothing else, but that the words—white, black and slavery—were ommitted in the constitution, and in place of them were put the words, free persons, persons held to service or labor. That this was done gave the cause of the most tremendous and barbarous civil war a nation ever experienced, under the consequences of which we are at present still experiencing and probably for a long time yet to come by unprecedented high taxes. The majority of our Representatives in Congress of the late session, the radicals, labored nobly and honestly to eradicate the cause, out of which rose the pernicious rebellion, in order to guarantee the eternal stability and everlasting peace of the Union, and only under such guarantees they wanted to have the Representatives of the rebel States be permitted to enter Congress, participate in our government. But the united Democrats, the minority in Congress, did do everything possible in their power to prevent this, perniciously insisting that the oath-breaking arch-traitors should be at once permitted to go into Congress under no condition whatever, but merely swearing that they are loyal to the President, who himself agreeing with this Democratic treachery, used all his power against the radical majority in Congress, threatening at the same time to remove all officers over which he has the control, and who would not whistle as he does. In short, he used every means to carry his infamous objects. He found many characteress men, characterless as he is himself, beseeching him to give them such and such an office, as they are good Johnson men, while those and those officers are radicals. Without the least objection he granted them what they asked for, and put them in office in place of those honest and true radicals. Those renegades who received butter and bread from their master, are now electioneering for the Johnson party, what they otherwise would not have done. Under these circumstances the radicals in Congress could not secure the just and necessary guarantees on the broad base they were battling for, and yielded then more and more, like the liberal founders of the Union, until they saved the least they could get, the Constitutional Amendment. Consenting to this amendment, the Democrats thought, undoubtedly, it would not get the necessary acceptance of three-fourths of the States, using any means whatever to prevent this, hoping in connection with the rebels to conquer at least the North, and to reign over the same in a Southern sense, destroying the good results which the bloody war has created. That this is their will and strive is not to be doubted any more, for since the Congress has passed the amendment the whole South speaks about it generally with scorn, and their allies in the North, the Johnson party, helps them zealously, as is especially clear to be seen in the present election campaign. Yet, thanks to the good sense of the masses of the people, which has already sent forth over the whole land a thundering voice by their radical victories in Maine, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Iowa. A voice so irresistable and powerful that we may take it for granted, with certainty and confidence, it will find a radical echo in all the other States as well as in our own, on the 6th of November, earnestly and solemnly warning the rebels and their chief conspirator—Andrew Johnson—and his Democratic satellites: thus far and no farther. Thus the South will this time be put in a position to yield, feeling herself compelled to accept the Constitutional Amendment, humbly submitting to necessity, and as it already seems, they will do it; for they, as well as the Johnson party in the North do not think in the least, of commencing now another civil war, in spite of their talking about it, as they know very well, they then would and must receive such a bitter lesson, in regard to which the Amendment would only be a sweet pill. When the South has accepted the Constitutional Amendment, and shall then send real loyal representatives to Washington, so they will undisputably be admitted into Congress; otherwise, do they send arch-traitors again, which cannot take the prescribed oath, and do not cease to persecute Union men, of which Memphis and New Orleans has lately given the most atrocious evidences—then they cannot of course, be permitted in Congress, and must be compelled, at any hazard, to keep peace. Is it not mildness, forgiveness and pardon enough that the rebels are allowed to go about free and unmolested, instead to be tried as traitors, and to have confiscated their property for paying the tremendous war expenses, being the only right they have to claim according to our Constitution? The history of the world has no example of such humane treatment toward traitors! But the President and his contemptible party insist upon to permit at once the traitors into Congress as law-makers and rulers over the Union, without giving necessary guarantees for better behavior for the future; they shall be utterly unpunishable, just as if they had nothing done, and never rebelled. With the same right they could ask that the illustrious rebel General Lee should be put on the same footing of our Grant, as well as all rebel officers should be put on equal rank of our officers in the U. S. Army. This at least would be a consequence, in accordance with the same principle. Such would not be generosity, it would be a crime against the State, and instead of inducing the rebels to become obedient, loyal and peaceable, it would only nurse, encourage and strengthen, as it has always done, their hatred, their animosity and irritation against the Union, just as they have proven during the war, scorning the unlimited generosity, shown them from beginning to end, by their most generous friend, Abraham Lincoln.

Since the once mighty and great Whig party ceased to exist, the likewise once noble and strong Democratic party deserted, step by step, Democratic principles and turned to Southern aristocracy, whilst its opposing party accepted, step by step, Democratic principles, so that the latter has become a real Democratic and Progress party, though under another name. The name does not matter anything. Thus represents now the radical or Union party Democracy, and the Democratic or Johnson party represents nothing else but Aristocracy. The tariff question, about which the Johnson party makes so much talk and humbug, has nothing whatever to do with the coming election. I for my part am decidedly against a high tariff, but I believe that it is at present an indispensable measure for paying the tremendous debts caused by the war; for we are already taxed high enough, and probably we must be taxed still higher, would the enormous income by the tariff cease. Moreover, the tariff does not yet trouble us, for, as the market prices of all kinds of goods have been raised, so are the wages very much raised; so that the laborer in general is at present more able to pay the high prices of goods than he was when they were lower, and the wages also. Therefore, as long as our income will be in proportion to the market prices of any goods, as long the Johnson politicians cannot make any political capital out of the tariff question.

The amendment to the constitution is not yet radical enough, as it is not yet in conformity with the main principles of the Declaration of Independence, and as it gives to the States, yet the power to withhold from some persons the right to vote, still it is all that the radicals in Congress could save under the formidable opposition of the Democrats. What we have to decide at the next election is this: whether we want the Union with the constitutional amendment, and with real true Union men as representatives for the Southern States in Congress—in which case we will vote for the radical candidate for Congress, Ignatius Donnelly, or whether we are in favor of the Union *without* the constitutional amendment, and with unrepented rebels as representatives in Congress for the Southern States—then we had to vote for William Colville. But I believe there is not one sell-thinking citizen of common sense who would not vote for our radical candidate for Congress, Ignatius Donnelly.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Congressional Candidates to be Voted for November 6th, 1865.

Majorities in 1866.

The following is a list of the Congressmen to be voted for November 6th, in the various States which hold their elections on that day, with the majorities received in the elections of 1864 in each Congressional District. The star indicates those holding seats in the Thirty-ninth Congress.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Dist.	*Republican.*		*Democratic*
1—*Thos. D. Eliot	10,827	No nomination.	
2—*Oakes Ames	8,225	A. M. Ide.	
3—Ginery Twitchell	5,847	{ Wm. Aspinwall. G. B. Gulney, Working Men's candidate.	
4—*Samuel Hooper	4,018	T. M. Wighman.	
5—Benj. F. Butler	5,026	No nomination.	
6—N. P. Banks	1,500	O. Prince.	
7—Ginery S. Boutwell	4,054	Samuel Hellgetall.	
8—John D. Baldwin	3,575	Wm. A. Williams.	
9—*Wm. B. Washburn	12,146	No nomination.	
10—Henry L. Dawes	12,000	Abijah Wright.	

NEW YORK.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Opposition.*
1—W. H. Gleason.		*Stephen Taber	2,399
2—James A. Van Brunt.		Demas Barnes	4,901
		Bernard Hughes (Mozart Hall)	
3—S. B. Chittenden	564	{ W. K. Robinson, (e. k.) J. D. Hunter, (Fing'rm.)	4
4—Horace Greeley.		{ *J. Fox (Tammany.) J. F. Savage (Dem. Co.) Ben. Wood (Cons.)	
5—Chas. A. Peterson.		{ D. G. Ackerson (Cons.) M. W. Burns (Cons.) S. R. Cox (Cons.)	
6—Chas. B. Spencer.		{ b—J. Morrissy (Dem. T.) Nelson Taylor (ind.)	
7—James Steinbrenner.		{ c—Sman. H. Hart (Tam.) Walter W. Price (ind.)	5,877
8—Leonard B. Cannon		Thos. E. Stewart (Cons.) John W. Chanler (ind.)	5,877
9—Wm. A. Darling		{ d—H. G. Stebbins (Cons.) Robt. Johnson (ind.)	
10—Wm. H. Robertson.		Jas. Brooks (Tam.)	
11—C. A. Van Wyck.		Mrs. E. C. Stanton (ind.)	
12—John H. Ketcham	649	{ e—D. L. Jackson (Tam.) Fernando Wood (Mc.)	
13—Thomas Cornell		Wm. Radford	2,815
14—Joseph H. Ramsey		Isaac Anderson	590
15—J. A. Griswold	3,253	Casper C. Collier.	
16—Orange Ferriss	1,313	J. H. Tuthill	1,745
17—C. T. Hulburd	2,703	{ f—J. V. L. Pruyn	4,555
18—James M. Marvin	881	{ S. D. Millimann.	
19—Wm. C. Fields	2,289	Geo. V. Hoyle.	
20—A. H. Ladin	3,737	{ g—Nomination	
21—Roscoe Conkling	3,179	Thomas R. Horton.	
22—Henry Churchill	4,387	Stephen C. Johnson.	
23—Lewis McCarthy	4,286	John D. Ringsford.	
24—T. H. Tuomey	3,105	Palmer V. Kellogg.	
25—Wm. H. Kelsey	3,061	Alberus Perry.	
26—Wm. S. Lincoln	4,737	Joseph Bartlett	
27—Hamilton Ward	5,320	John G. Collins.	
28—Roswell Hart	1,748	Lewis Seley (Ind.)	
29—Hiram Van Hun	3,389	H. L. Donstock	
30—Alson M. Clapp		*E. M. Humphrey	370
31—H. Van Aernam	6,622	Marion A. Risley.	

a. in the Fourth District, James (Tammany) over Bryant (Union) 7,721; over Walsh (Democrat) 6,408.

b. In the Fifth District, Taylor (Tammany) over Ellery (Union) 3,911; over Heckle, (Mozart) 3,800.

c. In the Sixth District, Raymond (Union) over Ward, (Tammany) 90; over Norton (Mozart) 3,509; over Hawkins (Irregular Union) 3,308.

d. In the Eighth District, Brooks (Democrat) over Dodge (Union) 348; over Barr (Tammany) 4,702.

e. In the Ninth District, Darling (Union) over Wood, (Democrat) 1,063; over Herrick (Tammany) 1,425.

NEW JERSEY.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*
1—Wm. Moore	1,267	A. H. Slope.
2—Wm. A. Newell	202	Chas. Haight.
3—J. A. Davidson.		*Chas. Sligreaves	1,862
		*A. J. Rogers	1,098
4—John Hill		John Hayder	
5—Geo. A. Halsey		Robert Gilchrist, Jr.,	1,242

MARYLAND.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democrat.*	
1—Samuel A. Graham		*H. McCullough	3,370
2—J. L. Thomas, Jr.	2,432	Stevenson Archer	1,098
3—Joseph J. Stewart.		*Chas. E. Phelps	7,500
4—Francis Thomas	4,346	W. P. Maulsby,	
5—Wm. J. Albert		{ F. Stone, Dem	5,450
		{ T. S. Burke, Ind	

DELAWARE.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*
1—John L. McKim		*J. A. Nicholson	300

MICHIGAN.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*
1—*F. C. Beaman	2,314	J. L. Chipman.
2—*Geo. V. Lyon	6,611	H. F. Severns.
3—Austin Blair	2,184	{ H. P. Granger.
4—*F. W. Kellogg	4,134	{ John Bleching.
5—*E. B. Trowbridge	710	W. G. Bancroft.
6—*J. F. Driggs	3,005	A. D. Rowe.

ILLINOIS.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*	
1—Norman B. Judd	4,580	M. R. M. Wallace	
2—*E. J. Farnsworth	2,761	L. M. Haze.	
3—*Elihu B. Washburne	2,270	Thos Turner.	
4—*A. C. Harding	848	J. S. Thompson.	
5—*S. C. Ingersoll	6,870	J. B. Ramey.	
6—*John C. Cook	5,316	S. W. Harris.	
7—*P. H. Bromwell	6,326	J. C. Black.	
8—*M. Cullom	3,746	{ C. L. Fowler	
9—C. E. Lippincott		{ L. W. Ross.	3,005
10—Henry Case		S. D. Burr	4,797
11—Edward Kitchell		*S. S. Marshall	6,007
12—*John R. Eden	78	Wm. R. Morrison.	
13—*O. B. Ficklin	1,263	{ W. J. Allen,	
At large, J. A. Logan	30,000	{ T. L. Merry.	

WISCONSIN.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*
1—*H. E. Paine	599	Harvey D. Brown.
2—*C. C. Washburn	4,402	J. J. E. Fraser.
3—*Amasa Cobb	3,000	Sam H. Virgin.
4—Orrin Hatch	3,000	C. A. Eldridge	4,603
5—*Philetus Sawyer	2,944	Morgan L. Martin.
6—C. C. Washburn	2,845	C. L. Park.

MINNESOTA.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*
1—Wm. Windom	4,823	R. N. Jones
2—*I Donnelly	2,003	Wm. Colville.

MISSOURI.

Dist.	*Republican.*	*Democratic.*	
1—Wm. A. Pile		*John Hogan.	
2—C. A. Newcomb	3,007	Wm. V. N. Bay	2,217
3—Albert Jackson.		{ Wm. Nelson	
4—J. J. Gravelly	4,134	{ John S. Waddell.	
5—J. W. Reid	3,005	Thos. L. Price.	
6—Thos. E. Noell	3,003	Wm. Colville.	

a. Johnson (ind. Rad.) 4,781; Knox (Rad.) 3,157; Hogan (Dem.) 6,026.

b. Noell (Rad.) 6,075; Leper (Rad.) 670; Tuttle (Dem.) 1,856.

c. Boyd, (Rad.) 3,546; Kelso, (Ind. Rad.) 3,841; Hubbel, (Rad.) 466.

d. Van Horn (Rad.) 2,698; King, (ind. Dem.) 695; Norton (Dem.) 2,206.

KANSAS.

Dist.	*Republican*	*Democratic.*
1—*Sidney Clarke	1,206	Charles Blair.

In the Congressional election of 1864, both candidates were Republicans, the division being Lane and anti-Lane.

THE FENIAN TRIALS.

The Canadians Insist that No Mercy Shall Be Shown.

Mr. Seward's Letter to the British Minister.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The *Herald's* Toronto special says: "From all parts of the Province dispatches are coming demanding that no mercy should be shown to the Fenians found guilty. I think it is doubtful if the Crown can find evidence strong enough to convince the jury that the Rev. Mr. Lumsden was in any manner connected with the raiders last June.

"The threats made by the Fenians in New York to avenge the death of these men, if executed, do great injury to the prisoners.

"Petitions are to be circulated immediately, and sent to the Governor General, to be forwarded to the home government, to have the sentence commuted to imprisonment.

"Three prisoners were arraigned today, and pleaded not guilty. Their names are David Whalen, Patrick Norton and Daniel Drummond.

"Fears are expressed by a majority of the people that the Fenians may escape before the day of their execution, through the aid of their friends from the other side. There are now in the city over five hundred Irish Americans, apparently out of employment, and waiting to do something, which I believe is to aid the prisoners confined in the old jail by overpowering their guards, and then escaping to the United States.

"The Fenian prisoners at Cornwall are to be indicted on Monday for high treason, and are to be tried on the following Wednesday if the grand jury find true bills against them."

QUASHING THE INDICTMENTS.

(Special Telegram to the Chicago Republican.)

TORONTO, C. W., October 27.—The Fenian trials are postponed till Wednesday next, when the cases will be resumed. In consequence of the objections raised by counsel for Father McMahon, the Crown was determined to add three clauses to the indictments against prisoners to be tried, specifying the same offenses, but also as British subjects, in addition to American citizens. This is to prevent any quashing of indictments on the ground that the prisoners cannot be convicted as American citizens who are British born. It is thought this will prove fatal to conviction in McMahon's case.

The Provincial journals have not yet generally given opinions on the convictions, but most of those heard from are in favor of carrying out the sentences. This step will be hastened by popular action on account of the threatening attitude of New York Fenians, if persuaded in, as the people are averse to insinuations that the sentence is mitigated through fear.

Great

City Advertisements.

FIRE WARDEN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be sued for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden,

R. A. KEMP, Secretary.

oct25-td

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, an election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding elections in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers, as follows, to wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

A Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of one year.

Three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A Court Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

H. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 22d, 1866.

In chapter 3, section 5, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election, on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the noon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said lists.

oct23-15t

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul Bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 1866. oct1-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisance to exist within the city will, by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of collecting nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

J. P. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. jel4-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis	6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna	10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna	11.45 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	5.05 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION,

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad,

Leave Owatonna	6.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis	2.30 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna	9.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis	12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be run direct between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommod'n,
via M. C. and M. V. R. R.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
Minneapolis 9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul	10.15 A. M.
" 3.00 P. M.	" "	4.00 P. M.
" 5.20 P. M.	" "	6.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul 10.30 A. M.	Minneapolis	9.15 A. M.
" 12.10 P. M.	" "	12.55 P. M.
" 4.15 P. M.	" "	6.00 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Ticket, 50 cents, and with St. Paul Omnibus ticket, 75 cents. Tickets for those Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co.'s N. W. Express Office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets for Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WOOD, Agent M. V. R. R., at Depot in West St. Paul.

H. C. SHEPARD,
General Superintendent M. C. Railway.

October 8, 1866. oct8

FIRST DIVISION
St. Paul and Pacific
RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00	A. M.	2.00 P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.45	"	2.45 "
" Manomin	9.10	"	3.15 "
" Anoka	9.55	"	4.00 "
" Itasca	10.05	"	4.25 "
" Elk River	10.30	"	4.45 "
" Big Lake	11.00	"	5.20 "
" Clear Lake	11.45	"	6.15 "
Arriv St. Cloud	12.10	"	6.55 "

GOING EAST.

Leaves St. Cloud	6.50	A. M.	1.30 P. M.
" Clear Lake	7.30	"	2.00 "
" Big Lake	8.25	"	2.45 "
" Elk River	9.00	"	3.15 "
" Itasca	9.20	"	3.35 "
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00 "
" Manomin	10.30	"	4.35 "
" St. Anthony	11.05	"	5.00 "
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45	"	5.35 "

Minneapolis & St. Anth'ny Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.		LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.	
8.45 A. M.	11.05 A. M.	2.45 P. M.	5.05 P. M.
8.00 A. M.	10.00 A. M.	2.00 P. M.	4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it will be carried over the road, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. ☞The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect.

☞The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri-weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri-weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

E. E. DELANO, Sup't.

sep15

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH.
VIA
Winona & St. Peter R. R.
Connecting with the
Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going East leaves Kasson at 6 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 8:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS,
Superintendent.

March 1 1866. mch2

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton

FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hand a quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul.

EATON & CLEVELAND,
Office Brown's Block, Third-st.

apr26

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations.* Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailors Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call. Special advantages offered to all *cash men.* We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,
372 and 374 East Water street,
Milwaukee.

apr25-d&w1y

NEW FIRM.

I have this day associated with me in the

DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

GEN. R. R. McLAREN,

Late of Red Wing, Minnesota. We shall here after conduct business under the firm name of

TAYLOR & McLAREN.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,
218 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

St. Paul, October 15, 1866.

H. KNOX TAYLOR, R. R. McLAREN

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS

LOW PRICES!

Taylor & McLaren.

AT THE OLD STAND OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

Have on hand a large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they offer at the

LOWEST RATES

To the old customers of the house and to the numerous friends of the new partner.

Our motto will be

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

☞We shall continue to receive and keep on hand the LATEST STYLES OF GOODS. Call and examine for yourselves.

TAYLOR & McLAREN,
218 Third-st., St. Paul.

oct20

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

apr20

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 132 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

Ease and Economy
IN WASHING.

SHIRRELL'S
KULLIYUN
WASHING CRYSTAL

Renders Hard Water Soft,

And brings Linen Beautifully White.

Families using "Kulliyun Washing Crystal," will find that it

SAVES TIME, TEMPER, Soap and Labor,

And it is warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

Nothing has ever been introduced in this country which has effected such a wonderful change upon washing days. For Linens and heavy washes it cannot be surpassed. For Laces and Fine Fabrics it is unequalled. It does not injure the color of Prints, but strengthens and improves them. By its use they retain their original brilliancy. White things are much improved, and will not turn yellow, even if put by for months. Flannels become white and soft like new. In fact, it improves every article washed, and it is warranted in every case not to injure any fabric. It will be found invaluable for the following domestic purposes, viz:

It washes all fine things, such as Muslins, Lace, Crochet Work, Baby Linen, &c.

Cleansing Sponges, Combs and Brushes.

Removing Stains from the hands and Grease from Carpets, Cloth, Flannel, &c.

Cleansing Oil Cloth and Woolwork without injury to the Colors or Print.

For sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,
Wholesale Agents, St. Paul, Minn.

SHIRRELL, FISHER & CO., Proprietors, 174 Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.

oct8 d&w-3t

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR,

And Western and Southern Produce generally.

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filling all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. JONES, M'DOWELL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. J. I. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandize promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.

mch25-1y

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. jy7-w6m

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS

AND

LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch31-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Wabashaw and 5th street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions,

Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding,

Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale.

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.
St. Paul, June 1, 1866. jy26

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is now out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Chalybeate springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

jy1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE.

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADERIA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.

sep19-1y

JOHN H. SANBORN, Late Dist. Mal. Gen. Tels. CHARLES KING.

SANBORN & KING,

Attorneys at Law,

Room No. 4, Washington Building,

Cor. 7th street and Pennsylvania Ave.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Will prosecute all claims against the Government and give particular attention to the settlement of Officers' Accounts, the Collection of Back Pay, Bounty and Pensions, the Collection of Pay for Horses Lost in the Service, &c., &c.

All business entrusted to us will be attended to with promptness and on reasonable terms. Liberal arrangements will be made with members of the profession entrusting business to our care.

Post Office Box 790. jy21-d&w3m

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!

IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS.

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West,

☞PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct4-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

500 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,

No. 157 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

jy21

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under,

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40:

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

AND

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

au22

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Cloaks, Trimmings, Cloaks, Cloakings & Ladies' Small Wear.

DEALERS

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

oct30

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establishment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are prepared to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuation of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN,

126 Third street, one door below Shaw's Hat Store St. Paul Minn. jel-6m

STAR & GARTER

"ALWAYS OPEN!"

BEN HAZEN

Has opened a first-class

Concert Hall,

On JACKSON STREET

Next door to Illingsworth's,

GOOD MUSIC EVERY EVENING.

Choicest Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

"COME AND SEE ME."

sep23-3m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses,

BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. aug30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his **BOOT AND SHOE STORE** from Bridge Square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new stone house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. This is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores in the city. sep14 1y

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9-6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House.

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 48 and 50 Wabash Av.,

Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago.

☞Particular attention paid to orders.

jan30-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM,
W. P. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material *and warrant our work.* Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and Wagon material purchased from first hands, enables us to sell less than Chicago prices.

WOODS & GRANT,
Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150 gross Rye Colors,	
50 "	Gargling Oil,
10 "	Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10 "	" Cod Liver Oil,
25 "	Condition Powders,
40 "	Winslow's Syrup,
25 "	Brown's Troches,
10 "	Kennedy's Discovery,
25 "	Flavoring Extracts,
25 "	Benzine, assorted.
10 "	White Pine Compound
200 Cases Bitters, assorted,	
500 lbs Tilden's Fluid Extracts,	
110 boxes Extract Logwood,	
250 lbs Cudbear,	
10 bbls Chip Logwood,	
100 ounces Strychnine,	
200 lbs. Cal Licorice,	
100 lbs Tartaric Acid,	
250 bxs Window Glass and Glassware	
45 bbls Machine Oils.	
650 Gallons Varnish—all kinds,	
150 doz Paint Brushes.	

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY!

CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,

Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches,

Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist which can be occupied *at any time,* on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 11th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning trains, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D. Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul. For further information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞Established November 15th, 1861.

oct9-1m

CARRIAGE FACTORY

AND

REPOSITORY.

We desire to call the attention of all parties using

Buggies & Light Road Wagons

To our very superior stock of CARRIAGES OF OUR OWN MAKE.

We have largely increased our facilities, have on hand and are in constant receipt of

A No. 1 Material,

Including the finest

Second Growth Hickory Wheels,

Iron Steel Converted Axles, etc.,

From the best Eastern markets; are EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING, and in the particular wants of our citizens; employ the most skilful workmen, and think with these requisites we cannot fail to please you. We manufacture exclusively for home market and warrant all our carriages to be UNEXCELLED IN QUALITY—for styles call and see for yourselves. Our work is giving universal satisfaction as far as we know. We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and will not cease in our endeavors to merit the same.

CUTTERS, several styles, a fine lot on hand. Please give us your orders.

Stone Factory & Repository

ON ROBERT STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, east side.

Quinby & Hallowell.

A. H. CAVENDER, J. C. QUINBY, E. W. HALLOWELL.

oct2-3m

HENRY HILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate Agent, Glencoe, McLeod county, Minnesota.

oct2-1y

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs.

Including the finest Amber and Sugar Drips. For sale low by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

oct12

A. M. WILDER. CHANNING SEABURY.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall aim to sell as low as any.

We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business.

apr18-1f

NEW FIRM.

S. K. PUTNAM, ADOLPH PAAR,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce.

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul.

October 2, 1866. oct5-1f

MEDICINAL
Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson-sts., St. Paul,

Who refers by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them. aug14

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON

AND

SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Wesson's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

WM. HECHTLER,
Proprietor.

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Book and Job Printers, Book Binders, Paper dealers and Blank Book Manufacturers,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3, JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in Store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in this market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1866.

THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, Minn. oct8 1y

INTERNATIONAL
DRUG STORE!

Remodeled, Refitted & Restocked.

With a splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated KEREKA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEN & CHAMPLIN,
Proprietors, International Hotel Building, Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

ye8-1y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

In the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep20

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$360,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

feb2-1y TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 18 Wall-st., N. Y.

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000	Kegs Juniata Nails,
500	Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000	Pounds Cable and Log Chains
500	Boxes Axes,
5,000	Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000	Pounds Iron Wedges,
200	Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100	Dozen Shovels and Spades,
300	Dozen Axe Helves,
500	Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
500	Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100	Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000	Pounds Sheet Zinc,
5,000	Pounds Copper and Metal Pits,
100	Bundles bright Iron Wire,
150	Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000	Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000	Pounds Block Tin,
500	Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500	Cast Iron Tea Kettles,
3100	Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000	Set Hollow Ware,
200	Set Tops and Bosses for Parlor Stoves,
1,000	Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first-class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season.

JOHN CURTIS,
St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep2-1f

LEONARD & SHEIRR, Builders.—Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRR & BRO., Architects.—Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheirr's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for buildings of every description prepared on short notice. jn13 1y

JAMES J. HILL,

Gerneal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug8

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE

CINCINNATI,

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Longworth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling.

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,
6dec-6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

"USE THE BEST!"

DR. CLOCK'S

Excelsior Hair Restorer

Is the best preparation ever presented to the public for the hair, and the only article possessing all the merits claimed for it.

IT MAKES HAIR GROW ON BALD HEADS.

Arrests its falling off or turning gray, cures all diseases of the scalp and makes harsh, wiry hair beautifully soft and luxuriantly glossy; but above all is the marvelous rapidity with which

GRAY HAIR IS RESTORED

To its original color. Use it a few times and lo! our gray hairs have disappeared as if by magic.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

But strikes at the roots of the hair, supplying them with new life and coloring matter. It is a much better dressing than Oil or Pomatum, and avoids their deleterious effects. It is elegantly perfumed, is easily applied, and is in all respects agreeable to the senses. In after a fair trial, this does not prove to be the best preparation before the public, the money will be refunded. Put up in large bottles and sold by all Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

DR. F. B. CLOCK, Proprietor, Manchester, N. H.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, General Northwestern Agents, Chicago.

H. W. ROBINSON, Agent, St. Paul.

my1-9m

E. S. BROCKWAY

Corner Fifth and Robert Streets,

St Paul, Minnesota,

MANUFACTURER OF

COACHES, HACKS, Carriages and Sleighs.

Also, CARRIAGE, SIGN and ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GARRIAGE TRIMMING, and all kinds of repairing promptly attended to. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

mch14-1y

Rich and Rare Goods

AT

D. C. GREENLEAF'S.

Solid Silver Ware,

Warranted equal to coin.

Table Spoons, Dessert Spoons,

TEA SPOONS,

Solid Silver Table and Tea Knives,

Table Forks, Dessert Forks, Pickle Forks, Sardine Forks, Cheese Forks, Pie Knives, Cake Knives, Butter Knives, Cheese Knives, Soup Ladles, Sugar Spoons, Sugar Sifters, Silver Napkin Rings, Jelly Spoons, Berry Spoons, Oyster Ladles, Mustard Spoons, Salt Spoons, Ice Cream Spoons,

EGG SPOONS, Gold Lined.

Preserve Spoons, Silver Cups and Goblets, Tea Strainers, Tobacco Boxes, Card Cases, Spectacle Cases, Port Monaies, Salt Cellars, Fruit Knives, Child's Knives, Forks and Spoons—all pure Silver. A large assortment of SILVER PLATED WARE.

THE AMERICAN WATCHES

A large lot, in Gold and Silver cases, adjusted to heat and cold—warranted good timekeepers.

100 Cases Seth Thomas' Clocks,

A full line of

IVORY AND PEARL TABLE CUTLERY.

Come and see the Diamond Goods at

D. C. GREENLEAF'S.

The largest assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches

In the State

THE CITY.

CITY COUNCIL.

Assessment of Real and Personal Property.

Report of the Committee on Gas.

A regular meeting of the Common Council was held last evening. Present—Ald. Beaumont, Dawson, Gies, King, Madden, Dornidieu, Markoe, Moore, Nash, Silchter, Mr. President.

ST. PAUL BRIDGE.

Mr. J. S. Sewell, to whom was referred the matter, made a report suggesting that the repairs on the bridge be made this winter, after travel over it ceases, and that efforts be made at once to secure the lumber necessary to accomplish the same.

REPORT OF CITY ASSESSOR.

J. W. McClung, city assessor, presented his annual report of the assessed property of the city for the year 1866, which is as follows:

TAXABLE REAL ESTATE.

	Assessed.	Exempt.
1st Ward	$885,368	35,200
2d "	1,251,940	83,400
3d "	869,693	90,200
4th "	774,610	15,285
5th "	700,603	12,150
Total	$4,481,414	$227,235

The Board of Equalization made an abatement of 10 per cent. on this amount.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The following is the assessment of the personal property of the city:

	Per. prop assessed.	Nat. Bank stock	U. S. bonds.
1st Ward	$376,175	$27,600	$11,700
2d Ward	736,076	373,600	1,700
3d Ward	325,811	90,900	30,800
4th Ward	246 355	43,300	13,500
5th Ward	258,820	364,700	18,400
Total	$1,033,237	$900,000	$76,100

INCREASE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In 1865 the assessment was as follows:

Personal property	$1,602,110
National Bank stock	900,000
U. S. bonds	159,100

INCREASE OF REAL ESTATE.

The increase of taxable property over the last assessment was reported to be $1,186,357.

MONEY.

The Assessor reported that the amount of money on deposit in the various banks of the city was at least one million of dollars, while the amount listed for taxation was only about *thirty-eight thousand dollars!* and of this amount sixteen thousand was assessed to one man in the Fifth Ward. In the Second Ward, which embraces most of the heaviest business houses in the city, only about two thousand dollars in cash were found for taxation.

THE POLICE FORCE.

The extra police force of five men, which was to have been discharged on the 1st of November, is to be retained a while longer. A resolution to that effect was offered by Ald. Beaumont, and after amendments to fix the time for the discharge of the extra force on the 20th or November and then to the 1st of December, were voted down, the original resolution was passed.

REPORTS.

The City Justice reported the collection of $226 during the last two weeks; and the Wharfmaster $320.

CITY PRINTING.

All city advertisements are, hereafter, to have one insertion in the local columns of the St. Paul Press.

The Judges of Election in the various wards are directed to publish notices in all the city papers, of the times and places where they will meet for the correction of the poll lists.

One hundred and six dollars is to be paid to David Ramaley for printing paper books in case of Wilder vs. the City.

$350 FOR DR. POTTS.

Ald. Silchter moved that three hundred and fifty dollars be appropriated to Dr. Potts for extra services as City Physician during the last four months. Referred to Committee of Health.

GAS.

The communication of the Secretary of the Gas Company to the Common Council, as recently published in the St. Paul Press, was read by the President.

The committee on Gas then reported adversely to the propositions of the Gas Company, totally denying the justice or legality of the claims set up by the Company, and authorizing the committee on Gas to make inquiries as to the best method of lighting fifty lamps upon the streets, to negotiate for the same, and to report at next meeting of Council.

APPROPRIATIONS.

[Appropriations were made for the six months' salaries of Mayor and Aldermen, amounting to $850; also those of other city officers for October, to the amount of $805; and those of the police force for October, for $1,282.83.

Committed.—Dennis Woods was examined before Justice Lambert yesterday afternoon upon the charge of choking his wife to death on Saturday night last. The evidence was similar to that taken before the Coroner's Jury on Monday, and was sufficient, in the mind of the Justice, to hold Dennis Woods for trial in the District Court, and he was accordingly committed to prison. The two children of Woods, thus left without a protector, were taken charge of by a brother of Woods, who will maintain them at one of the Catholic institutions of the city.

Mr. Hall, one of the ablest and most successful members of the New York bar, died in this city, Sunday evening, Oct. 28th, of consumption. He came to St. Paul about the 1st of October, but found no relief from the climate.

Personal.—Joseph Nimmo, Jr., Special Agent for Tonnage Admeasurements of the U. S. Treasury Department, is now in this city, and stopping at the International Hotel.

Acquitted.—Dennis Sullivan, tried yesterday by a jury in the Police Court, for raising a disturbance in lower town, was acquitted.

BOY wanted at this office.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.—H. C. Chandler & Co., of Indianapolis, will issue on the 1st of January, a Railroad and Business Directory, which will be invaluable to Western business men, and especially to Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and intermediate cities, and to all interested in railroad matters. Mr. O. D. Reeves is the general agent for Minnesota, who will commence at once to canvass for subscribers and advertisers. The circulation of the work will be immense; the terms of advertising will be reasonable, and no shrewd business man will neglect to avail himself of its advantage. We commend Mr. Reeves to our citizens. d2t&wlt

WE take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the card of Dr. Alley, which will be found in another column.

The many invalids in our State will be glad of an opportunity to consult one so eminent in his profession. The Dr. is a graduate of the University of New York, has practiced twelve years in that city, and is widely known as one of the editors of the largest and ablest Medical Journals in the United States. He has for several years devoted particular attention to diseases of the throat and chest, having given the subject the most thorough investigation both in this country and during a two years' residence in Europe.

The Dr. is prepared to give his patients the full benefit of all the latest discoveries, and will continue to pay particular attention to the scientific application of Medicated Inhalation, in such diseases as Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrah, and all chronic affections of the lungs. Patients in the country can be treated by letter if it is not convenient for them to come to St. Paul.

THE FUNERAL of Mr. H. L. Carey will take place from the Central Presbyterian Church on Cedar street, at 3 P. M., this day. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

LITERATURE.—Foremost in the Holiday Juvenile Book Market, Messrs. Hurd & Houghton furnish a list of publications in that class which cannot be equalled by any other house. They range from the infant Primer up to the Quarto Story, all printed in the best modern style, on linen or paper, as the use of the book requires, with most attractive ornamental covers, in gilt and colors and illustrated copiously with pictures and initials in numerous styles of art. In one series we have these, for example: 1, "The Monkey of Portobello," by Charles D. Shanly. With illustrations by H. L. Stephens, 8vo, paper, 75 cts. 2. "The Truant Chicken," by Chas. D. Shanly. With illustrations by H. L. Stephens. 8vo, paper, 75 cents. 3, "A Jolly Bear and his Friends," by Charles D. Shanly. With illustrations by H. L. Stephens. 8vo, paper, 75 cents. 4, "The Two Hungry Kittens," by Theodore Tilton. With illustrations by H. L. Stephens. 8vo, paper, 75 cents. 5, "Nonsensical Rhymes," with absurd picture in red and black. Quarto, boards, $1. Then, there are the Indestructible Pleasure Books with oil-color pictures, a beautiful little series, and Stories from the Scriptures, The Illuminated Primer, The Farmer Boy's Alphabet, The Bible Alphabet, Aunt Kitty's Nursery Rhymes, a charming edition of the Life and Death of Cock Robin, Little Lessons for Little Folks, Nursery Nonsense (very comical), Little Bo-Peep and Henny Penny, and the Child's Bible Story Book, Large Letters for the Little Ones, and the Fairy A. B. C. of larger size. But equally charming and appropriate are the Boy's Banner Book, The Children in the Wood, Little Red Riding Hood, another capital edition of Cock Robin (the dead-immortal bird), The House that Jack Built, The Five Little Pigs, Old Mother Hubbard, A Frog He Would-a-Wooing Go, and finally the Fox and the Geese. Was there ever a more delightful world of wonders opened to young expectation? To Hurd & Houghton's No. 459 Broome Street, N. Y., let all kind parents, tender guardians and gift-giving lovers of the little people make speed or dispatch in writing for a supply of these charming and unequalled Juveniles. They will carry sunshine wherever they go.

Pierre Irving has done a good service to the memory of his distinguished relative by the preparation of these Spanish and Miscellaneous Papers of Washington Irving to which Messrs. Hurd & Houghton have done ample justice to the mechanical and artistic appearance. There two handsome volumes exhibit Irving in several of his most engaging aspects. Spain was the Happy Country of his imagination where he disported a pleasure in recalling the Moorish Chivalry and the romantic times of Boabdil, the Abencerrages and the Don Pelayo; and here we have some of the best touches of his pen. The earlier papers relating to subjects of more immediate home interest are brightened with the charm of humor and fancy of the favorite author. That he was a master of musical prose by nature is shown in the fact that his earliest published composition, the Old style Letter on New York manners, of Nov. 15, 1802, is marked by the same rhythm and easy melodious movement as his mature pages devoted to Granada and Columbus. These volumes are therefore not only most agreeable in themselves, but of special interest and pleasure as affording a study of the extremes in Irving's literary career.

The above works, together with all the other valuable publications of Messrs. Hurd, Houghton & Co., can be procured at the house of Messrs. D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co., No. 166, Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Julia, La Crosso.
Jennie Baldwin, La Crosse.
Mollie, La Crosse.
Flora, Winona.

DEPARTED.

Otter, Mankato.
Mollie, La Crosse.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Dunleith—Julia, at 11 A. M.

Local Notices.

FURS.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the real Russian Ermine, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sets, the best in the market, at low prices His buiness embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State. oct1 1m

FURS.—For fine sets of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West, and at prices for the quality LOWER than can be had at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep29-3m

MINNESOTA VIEWS.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest assortment in the city*, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Art Gallery, 264 Third street. my24f

METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER, Agents.
oct9-1m

JUST received a fresh supply of Carwell & Mack's preparations consisting of Lotus Balm, Elixer of Calaysaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

THE BEST TONIC.—Caswell, Mack & Co.'s combination of Iron, Phosphoras and Calisaya, known as Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya. The Iron restores color to the blood; the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs. One pint contains the virtue of one ounce of Calisaya and one teaspoonful a grain of Iron and Phosphorus. Manufactured by CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York. For sale by all druggists. we-oct7-1y

GO TO WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes Berfumery, Toilet Soap, Pomnades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

IMPORTAN TO TRAVELERS.—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time trouble and expense by calling at the General Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any point they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening. I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, tf. Agent.

TURKISH Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clock's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.
H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—The person who carried off a pair of *Alexandre kid gloves* from our store, took also—by mistake, doubtless—half of another pair.

She is respectfully requested to return the odd glove, or to call for the one left; as a single glove, like a single individual, is poor stock until mated.

oct30-2t CATHCART & CO.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug25,d&wsm

PASSENGERS GOING EAST

Will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 6.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the river. THOMAS BELL,
(General Superintendent, Detroit.
W. W. WILSON,
Passenger Agent, Milwaukee
may10-6m

JUST opened at R. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 211 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Bath Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo ditto; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Kmail de Paris &c., &c.

MINNEHAHA and other views of Minnesota Scenery.

WHITNEY is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a ful assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps for his retail trade—174—Third Street —174.

FLYNN & LYNCH, boot and shoe dealers, 180 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

GO TO BRYANT, STRATTON & PIERKEY'S St. Paul Commercial College and get a Business Education. Send for "College Monthly," which gives full particulars. Address,
BRYANT, STRATTON & PIERKEY,
febl7-eod-dtw&wly St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED.—Business men and those out of employment to call at the Intelligence Office, 231 Third street, opposite the Church. Housekeepers will do well to call, as they can be supplied with servants on short notice.
sept20-3mcd.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile In trument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $1.00. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 575, Broadway, New York. oct26-3m

GOODRICH'S LINE OF STEAMERS FOR CHICAGO—FARE ONLY TWO DOLLARS—SEA BIRD, CAPT. H. MCHENRY; COMET, CAPT. J. MORRIS.—One of the above boats leave Goodrich's Steamboat Dock, foot of Main street, Milwaukee, every evening (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clock, touching at Racine and Kenosha, and making sure connections at Chicago with all the morning trains for the East, South and Southwest. Through tickets can be purchased from the clerk of the boats to all points South and East. The rate of fare, (first-class rate of rooms and meals included,) are, Racine, first-class, 75c, second-class, 50c; Kenosha, first-class, $1.00, second-class, 75c; Chicago, first-class, $2.00, second class, $1.50. Railroad tickets are good on these boats. The steamers of this line are large, first-class, side wheel passenger steamers, with elegantly furnished stogie and double state rooms. Freight carried less than by rail. Office and Dock foot of Main street. G. HURSON, Agent.
MARK HENDRICKS,
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee.
ly26-3m

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM O. H. KELLEY.
LEROY, MINN., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. Grant, Esq., St. Paul:

DEAR SIR: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 88 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Where pipe enters the chimney.
8.50 o'clock	82 deg.	97 deg.	162 deg.
9.15 "	73 "	90 "	95 "
9.30 "	damp'd 76 "	88 "	116 "
9.55 "	clos'd 76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00* "	74 "	86 "	88 "

*Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock	92 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	92 "	91 "	80 "
2 "	stir'd fire 88 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	closed 90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 "	"wood all coals 96"	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,
O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

ST. PAUL.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Ulan, D. C. Shepard, Parker Paine, Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, L. E. Fisher, E. H. Biggs, William Branch, C. H. Schurmeier, Bohrer, Morrison & Reeves, Chas. Conner, A. H. Rose, Borup & Champlin, Mrs. Lyman Dayton, J. B. Tascott, F. Ely & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Hart, Pioneer Printing Co., Geo. Finch, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gibson, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce H. Beecher, E. K. Delano, Hiram Stillwell, Chas. Trowbridge, James Davis, A. M. Patterson, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo. Bullord, Capt. Gould West.

FARIBAULT.—H. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

SHAKOPEE.—D. L. Howe & Co.

COTTAGE GROVE.—J. P. Forber.

ST. CLOUD.—E. B. Simpson & Co.

SAUK CENTRE.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

FORT WADSWORTH.—Capt H. H. Western.

OWATONNA.—D. Higbie.

HUDSON.—L. North.

ITASCA.—O. H. Kelley.

LAKE COMO HOUSE.—William Perkins.

TAYLOR'S FALLS.—T. E. Lacy.

AYTON.—S. J. Olds.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Gibson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oct16-tf

OF ALL MUSIC BOOKS FOR the young "MERRY CHIMES" is universally admitted to be the best. This new book of Mr. L. O. Emerson's has already met with a sale a together unprecedented—and though his previous work, "THE GOLDEN WREATH," reached *its three hundredth edition of one thousand copies each*, present appearances indicate that the "Merry Chimes" will go beyond it. The Elementary Department contains just those peculiar elements that attract and retain the attention of children. The songs are not old and time worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions and alive with the spirit of the times. Price 35 cents a copy—$3.00 a dozen. Specimen pages on application.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
oct27 277 Washington street, Boston.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE AGE IS THE REASON why the largest and best selected stock of

Men's, Boys', Youths' & Children's

CLOTHING,

Cassimere, Beaver Cloths,

Buffalo Robes and Coats.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.

Particular attention given to

Merchant Tailoring.

J. NEWMAN

Offers the above articles lower than any house in this State can or will sell, either Wholesale or Retail. Come one, come all, and satisfy yourself that it is the only place to buy your Clothing. oct30-3m J. NEWMAN.

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter.

Oct. 30—4 P.M.

THAT CARTWAY.—Mr. Butts' petition to the Board of Supervisors, praying them to make the town open and pay for a cartway across a piece of C. Clark's land, which unfortunately projects into his, and incommodes his old horse and cart, was laid over until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, to be heard at Harmonia Hall.

POLITICAL.—E. S. Jones, the nominee on the soldiers' ticket for Senator, has declined the nomination. The executive committee of that recent organization have therefore requested Capt. J. C. Whitney, formerly of the Sixth Minnesota, to stand; the Captain accepts.

ACCIDENT.—James Flaherty, employed on General Washburn's new mill, suffered a smashing of his right hand this morning—a large rock having fallen upon it.

PERSONAL.—T. A. Murphy, Esq., cashier of the State National Bank, arrived here yesterday from a two months' tour in the East. Mr. Murphy's health is better than when he left us.

THE ATHENAEUM FUND.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the subscribers to the Athenæum fund was held last evening at the PRESS office at Williams' Book Store. The full amount of subscriptions taken up to the time of this meeting amounted to $7,450 It was represented to the subscribers that some $1,800 were needed to complete the building, additional to the amount already stated. It is with great satisfaction that I announce that the desired amount was promptly subscribed and pledged. I append the names of subscribers last evening to the amount of $1,450: D. Morrison, $500; Geo. A. Brackett, 200; S. C. Gale, 100; A. M. Greeley, 25; C. E. Vanderburg, 50; D. C. Bell, 100; Geo. McMullen, 50; A. L. Bausman, 25; A. M. Radcliffe, 200; C. M. Hardenburg, 50; George W. Chowen, 25; J. A. Wolverton, 25; W. H. McCollom, 25; C. C. Davison, 25.

A LIGHT TO SHINE.—Mr. E. R. Perkins, a friend of Dr. A. A. Ames, presented him last Saturday with a splendid German silver lantern, wherewith to guide his feet among the numerous perilous places which those misguided tree hole diggers have prepared for the uncertain steps of those who walk in darkness.

THAT SIDEWALK.—Will the Board of Supervisors inspect the sidewalk below Gilpatrick's, and finish it out with plank to the bridge?

FIRE LAST NIGHT.—The light in the western sky about six o'clock last evening, was caused by the burning of Mr. George Moore's house, on the Wazata road, about three miles from town. The fire was first seen by the neighbors to break out in the peak of the roof. The house was entirely consumed, and fortunately the wind blew from the direction or the stables and barn, or they also would have been consumed. All the furniture, except a few chairs and tables, was consumed. There is a policy of insurance on the house for $1,250 in the Home Insurance company, but the loss will exceed double that amount. The fire may have caught from a defective flue.

THE REGISTRY.—Don't fail to go to Harmonia Hall to-morrow and get your name registered.

T. O. BARNARD | J. F. BARNARD | W. H. H. SHUEY

BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE!

A full and complete assortment of

PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
KITCHEN,

Office and School Furniture,

constantly on hand.

Upholstering Done to Order.

All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony free of charge.

Prices furnished on application. Salesroom

Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis
And at Factory, Main street,

St. Anthony, Minn.

aor5-1y

NORTH STAR WOOLEN MILL!

MINNEAPOLIS.

Retail Department

Opened at the Mill expressly for the convenience of farmers, country and town people.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VISIT THE MILL.

NEW GOODS!

Spring and Summer Coatings,

Of Dark and Light Brown and Shaded Grey colors, made from the finest Wool and especially adapted to the cooler latitudes of the Northwest.

FANCY CASSIMERES

In black and white and black and brown plaids! In spring style, made expressly of pure wool, for pantaloon stuffs and vestings.

All Wool Tweeds

Of superfine quality and soft silky finish, of light grades for summer wear.

MASTHAL, GIBSON & CO.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Great Fall Arrival

OF

NEW GOODS

For 1866.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR HATS & CAPS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BLANKETS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BOOT & SHOES AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR TRUNKS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR WINTER SHAWLS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR FLANNELS AND all your Woolens, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR SHIRTS AND Drawers, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY ALL YOUR GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE, as you are sure of getting them at the very lowest possible figures, as their motto is "quick sales and small profits." Mind the PEOPLE'S STORE.

sep12-4m-mo R. E. LUCAS.

LAKE COMO HOUSE

DAVIS & CHEEVER

Having purchased the fine and commodious Brick Building at Lake Como, and having entirely refitted and refurnished it, have now opened it as a

FALL AND WINTER RESORT

The previous well known experience of the proprietors enables them to offer every inducement to their patrons, and will warrant satisfaction in every particular to

Visitors and Pleasure Parties

☞ A few permanent Boarders can be accommodated. DAVIS & CHEEVER.
oct1

THE FENIANS OF ILLINOIS.

Great Mass Meeting at Springfield.

Stirring Resolutions Adopted.

(Special Telegram to the Chicago Republican.)

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 28.—A great revolution is now taking place in Springfield among the Irish citizens. Day after day they leave the Democracy in squads, and come over to the Union ranks. It is no longer a question among the Feniane, and the better class of Irishmen will go with us. They now openly and boldly avow their full sympathy with Republicanism. It is now a fixed fact that an Irish Republican Club will be organized here in a day or two, and its members will give their time and strength to the canvass, and will vote on the side of liberty when the day of election comes. A great Irish mass meeting was held here Saturday night. The copperheads did all in their power to prevent the assemblage, but Representative Hall was packed with the sons of Erin, anxious to hear and decide for themselves. Mr. Hodnett was the speaker, and a more earnest plea for freedom and equal rights has seldom been heard in this city. He did not argue the questions of the day from a party stand-point, but in burning words alluded to the Irish rising of '98, and by exhibiting the warm desire of his countrymen for freedom, and their heroic sacrifices in that cause, both at home and in other countries, showed that all true Irishmen should to-day stand by the party which is free and pledges freedom to all men. His address was eloquent throughout, and won scores of votes. He speaks at Bloomington to-day. Loyal people everywhere should bid him thrice welcome, and give him a careful hearing. The meeting, without a dissenting vote, adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas, That having learned by telegraph dispatches, that the British authorities in Canada have sentenced to death Col. Lynch, a true and loyal Irishman, whose only fault is a patriotic love for his country, and Father McMahon, a good and holy man in the pursuit of his calling, and innocently attending the duties of his holy office.

Resolved, That we, their countrymen and friends, sympathizing with them and denouncing the tyrannical and murderous sentence, do hereby enter our solemn protest against the enforcement of said sentence.

Resolved, That it is our honest conviction that the course and action of Andrew Johnson toward the Feniane in this country has brought about this result, and that if these and other patriotic Irishmen suffer death from British tyranny, we hold him responsible for the same.

Resolved. That having full confidence in Congress, the law making power of this government, and believing that they have sympathy for any people struggling for liberty, we trust that at their next meeting they will express to the world their abhorence of such a murderous proceeding, particularly as the British people have been extremely urgent that mercy should be shown by the government to Southern traitors, who were not fighting for liberty of country.

The Irishmen of Springfield send greeting to their brothers abroad, and toll them to fight for the Union.

Gov. Ogiesby left to night for Pontiac, where he speaks to-morrow. He will not be home until election, having appointments for all this week. The prospects are that the Union men will make a better showing than in this county. Democracy is without energy or life.

The Nabobs of America.

The Boston *Journal's* New York correspondent says of A. T. Stewart:

"He seldom looks at a subscription paper. With him beggiog is at a distance. He has little sympathy with vagancy. Men and women who seek his presence seldom gain much by an interview, if money is their object. Indeed, it is very difficult to gain access to him anyway. He is intensely devoted to his business, and works more hours probably than any merchant in New York. He controls his own affairs with despotic sway. His partners have no control over his business, but are interested merely in his profits. He buys and sells as he pleases, without consulting any one. But on great occasions the donations of Mr. Stewart are princely. He proposes now to devote millions to build houses for the poor. If the city refuses to give the site he will still carry out his plan."

The same writer says of Mr. Astor:

"Unlike Mr. Stewart, William B. Astor is always accessible. His rooms are on Prince street, a door or two from Broadway. They are the same that were occupied by his father. He has a front and back office, where the business of his great estate is carried on. The door is wide open between the two offices. A person asking for Mr. Astor is directed at once to the rear room. At a common desk, crowded with papers, sits a German-looking man, about seventy, heavy molded, tall and stout. His eyes, which are small, with an expression bordering on stupidity, are fastened on the visitor, and Mr. Astor waits his utterances. He wastes no words. His answers are yes and no, with an air that admits of no debate. All the day long, from ten to five, Mr. Astor sits in his office and sees all comers. He is master of his business. He knows the rent of every house, the duration of every lease, and terms of payment, with every foot of land. At three o'clock he rises, and with a slow and sluggish gait turns into Broadway, and walks to Lafayette Place, where he resides, for dinner.

"He has two sons, John Jacob and William B., J. These young men are in business with their father. No bankers in New York attend more closely to their calling. They are modest, retiring, and without affectation. John Jacob is tall, large, heavily built, with sandy hair and complexion, resembling his father. He went into the field in 1861 and did good service for the national cause. William B., Jr., is tall and slim, with black hair, of a genteel build, and is said to resemble his mother."

INTERESTING TO TURFMEN.—The fastest time "on record" at all distances, is as follows:—

1 mile, pacing, Pocahontas	2:17¼
1 mile, trotting, Dexter	2:18¾
2 miles, trotting, Flora Temple	4:59
3 miles, trotting, Dutchman	7:31¼
16 miles, trotting, Prince	50:00
20 miles, trotting, Trustee	59:35¼
100 miles, trotting, Conqueror	8:55:52
100 miles, double, Master Burke and Hobb	10:17:22
1 mile, running, Henry Perrit	1:42½
4 miles, running, Lexington	7:19¾

Monetary & Commercial.

MONETARY.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

Money easy and steady at 6@7 per cent.

Sterling quiet and firm at 109½@109¾.

Gold without decided change, opening at 146¾, advancing to 146¾, declining to 146¾ and closing at 146¾.

Government stocks quiet and without decided alteration.

Freights to Liverpool quiet at 4 3-64c for grain. The Post's money article says the stock market opened steady but dull. Governments are in limited demand, but prices are steady, the Seven-thirties being more firm than the gold bearing bonds. Border State bonds are quiet. There is some enquiry about North Carolina 6s, for Missouri at 83¾ and for the Pacific issue at 83½. The New York County Loan continues in favor and wanted 100½. Railroad stocks opened weak, and closed with a feverish, uneasy tone of feeling in the Northwestern; there was a sudden break about noon, the price falling off to 52¾. Bank shares fir. Railroad bonds firm. Gold stocks quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

Review of the Saint Paul Market.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ST. PAUL PRESS.]

OFFICE OF ST. PAUL PRESS,
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 31, 1866.

GROCERIES.

A slight decrease in the amount of business transacted the last week has been apparent, which is accounted for by the unusual inclemency of the weather. The following are carefully corrected quotations:

TEAS—Hyson $1 20@1.50; Young Hyson $1.40 @1.60; choice, $1.65@1.90. Oolong, $1.00@1.05 @1.20@1.45; Japan, $1.25@1.40@1.60.

COFFEE—Rio, fair to good 28@29c; Prime, 29@30c; Choice, 30@31c.

SUGAR—Common Brown, 12@12½c; Prime, 13 @13¾@14c; Choice, 15c; Yellow C. 15@15½; Extra C. 16¾@17c; A. 17½@18c; Hard 18¾@19c.

MOLASSES—Sugar House, 75@80c; Syrup, 90@$1.00@1.10; Amber 1.20@1.25; Drips, $1.75.

SALT—Common, $4.50

SPICES—Allspice, 40c; Pepper, 45c; Cassia, 80c; Cloves, 60c; Nutmegs, $1.80.

CARBON OIL—White, 75c; Straw, 70c.

SOAP—Common, 8@11c.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES—Starch, 9@ 10c; Saleratus, 12½c; Pearl Barley, 9@10c; Bi-carb Soda, 12@12½c; Sal Soda, 8c; Candy, 23@25c; fancy, 27c; Rice 10@13½c.

SECOND EXAMPLE

OF A POLICY HELD BY A RESIDENT OF THIS CITY.

Policy 13,479, issued 1854 for $5,000, age 33, annual premium $125.50; total premiums paid in 12 years $1,507.20, now stands with its additions, (payable at death,) at $7,159.61. The dividends will hereafter pay the premiums, making the policy a *paid up* policy. At death his family will receive the face of the policy, $5,000, all the premiums paid, $1,507.20, and $652 more, making in all the $7,159.61. This addition of $2,159.01 to the policy does not cease after five years, but remains added to policy through life.

THE

Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

Cash Assets, - - - $17,000,000.

Whole number of Policies in force August 1, 1866, over	32,000
Amount Insured	$120,000,000
Cash dividend, 1865, being profits for five years, to February 1, 1865	3,000,000
Cash dividend, 1866, being profits for three years, to February 1, 1866	2,075,388
Actual cash surplus, being undivided profits to July 1, 1866	2,000,000

The next dividend will be declared February 1, 1867, and every Policy then in force will participate in the profits of 1866, and receive a dividend.

Parties insuring upon any plan will have a dividend which they may use to reduce the SECOND ANNUAL PREMIUM.

The Assets of the Company are purely cash, and include no premium notes, railroad, bank or fancy stocks or other insolvency or questionable securities.

Endowment and ten year policies issued at 10 to 20 per cent less rates than any other Mutual Company.

☞ For practical workings or actual results of policies in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, held by St. Paulmen, see an example in local column of this issue.

ETHERIDGE & POWELL, Agents, St. Paul.

oct21-eod1w

POWDER, LEAD AND SHOT—Shot, $3.50; Buck, $3.75; Bar lead, $14.00; Blasting powder, $7; rifle do., $10.50.

CRACKERS—Butter, 9c; Soda, 9c.

NUTS—Almonds, Hard Shell, 23@25c, soft shell, 40@45c, paper shell, 45@50c; Filberts 20@ 22c; Brazil Nuts, 18@20c; English Walnut, 20@ 23c; Pecoan Nuts, 22@25c.

FRUITS—Peaches, unpared 23@25c, pared, 35@ 38c; Raisins, M. R. $3.25, layers, $3.50; Currants, 20c; Prunes, 20@22c; Peaches per case, $10.00; Strawberries, $12.00; Pine Apple $12.00.

FISH—White fish, $10.00; trout, $9.00; No. 1 mackerel, $14.50; cove oysters, $4.50 per case.

CANDLES—Star, 23c; stearine, 18½c; tallow, 16c.

WHISKY—Common, $1.80@2.00; Bourbon, $2.50@4.00; Rye

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME VI. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1866. NUMBER 257.

The St. Paul Daily Press.

SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

SINGULAR "SUPERINTENDENCE OF A POLITICAL CANVASS."

We recollect that Thomas Foster, Editor, not long ago made known the fact that he had been appointed Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, by the modest and delicate announcement that he had been "selected by the Republican party to superintend the political canvass in this State."

The extraordinary proceedings of this individual in Hennepin county naturally suggest the inquiry whether he regards it as essential to the efficient superintendence of the political canvass in this State, that he should labor for the defeat of the Republican candidates in Hennepin county, and whether his official duties as Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee imperatively requires him to use the influence of his journal, such as it is, for the disorganization of the Republican party.

We notice that, day after day, a large portion of the paper edited by the Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, is devoted to editorial attacks on the candidates of the Republican party in Hennepin county, and to fulsome recommendations of the candidates of the opposition ticket to the favor of his readers. Professing to regard the opposition ticket as upon an equal footing with the regular Republican nominations as regards their political claims to the support of Republicans, he contrives, under an affectation of impartiality, to insinuate a great many personal reasons why the Republican candidates should not be elected, and to give a great many reasons why the opposition candidates should be elected.

The influence of his journal such as it is, is thus distinctly thrown against the regular Republican nominations.

Under these circumstances it becomes an interesting subject of inquiry whether the Republican State Central Committee are prepared to sanction these remarkable proceedings of their chairman and whether bolting the regular nominations of the party is one of the agencies prescribed by that Committee for the more thorough organization of the Republican party.

From the fact that no action has been taken by the committee to relieve their very extraordinary chairman of the burden of "superintending the political canvass in this State," we are obliged to infer that they are satisfied with his somewhat novel interpretation of his official duties as their chairman—and that they regard the disorganization of the Republican party as indispensable to its success in this and future campaigns.

A BOLTER'S SLANDER REFUTED.

One of the means used by Thomas Foster, Editor, Chairman Rep. State Cent. Com., in the course of "his superintendence of the political canvass" in Hennepin county, to accomplish the defeat of Capt. Keith, Republican candidate for Representative, was to circulate through his paper the calumnious story that the Captain, when Provost Marshal, was a party to the fraudulent exemption of a number of citizens of Hennepin county from military service. In a letter to D. Morrison, Esq., Gen. J. T. Averill takes the unnecessary trouble of vindicating Capt. Keith from this injurious asperson.

Gen. Averill says in substance that a "petition was presented to him by several prominent citizens of Hennepin county asking for a re-examination by the Board of Enrollment of a large number of citizens of that county who had been accused of having improperly or unjustly obtained ex-emptions from military service," that pending the prommunber of the signers of the peised action thereon a large tition asked that their names be stricken from it—that it was handed to the leading signers for revision and never retdrned, and that he heard no more of the matter. In other words, the charges were withdrawn. Gen. Averill certifies to Capt. Keith's fidelity as an officer.

REPUBLICANS should not forget to attend to the registration of their names. Strangers entitled to vote must see that their names are on the list in the proper ward, and residents having moved from one ward to another, should attend to having the proper corrections made in the lists, or they will be disfranchised. And this duty must be looked to in person—it cannot be done by proxy. It would be the business of county, city and ward committees to see that voters do not neglect this important matter, but for all practical purposes such institutions are unknown in this region. The times and places of the meeting of the Registry Boards of the different wards can be found on the fourth page.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—George D. Prentice, editor of the Louisville *Journal*, is seriously ill with bronchitis. His recovery is doubtful.

—Governor Orr authorizes the *South Carolinian* to say that he is utterly and unequivocally opposed to the constitutional amendment, and will not recommend its adoption by the legislature.

—There was a heavy killing frost in part of northern Georgia on last Wednesday night, which destroyed cotton, peas, potato vines, and indeed all vegetation, except a few of the most hardy plants.

—Gen. Spinner, the Treasurer of the United States, has received a letter from a Southern man enclosing a $100 note Confederate currency and asking its redemption The General returned a cutting and sarcastic reply.

—The Christian name of the three great lights of the so-called Democratic party of New York is John. They are: John A. Dix, John T. Hoffman and John Morrissey.

—Prominent politicians at Washington assert that there will be a gain of two Union Congressmen in New York, one in the Buffalo district now represented by Humphreys, and one in the Orango and Sullivan district now represented by Winfield.

—The Candia insurgents have determined upon an energetic prosecution of the war. The Turks have evacuated Candano, in Candia. The Turks had lost in one engagement 1,300 killed and 800 wounded.

—The head of the Guelphic family, King George of Hanover, has only three millions sterling in English securities, instead of eight, as formerly stated; while the Elector of Hesse retired from the reigning business with a much larger sum.

—Governor Humphreys, of Mississippi, in view of the precarious condition of Jeff. Davis' health, recommends the legislature to appoint one or more commissioners to proceed to Washington and confer with the President with a view to the release of Davis on parole or bail.

—It is now generally understood that the official correspondence upon the Mexican subject will not for the present be made public, as was intended within a day or two.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

GEN. SHERMAN GOING TO MEXICO.

He Has a Military and Diplomatic Mission.

THE FENIAN EXCITEMENT.

Great Activity in the Eastern Circles.

Gen. Sheridan Goes to Mexico Instead of to Washington.

FROM WASHINGTON.

SHERMAN AND MEXICO.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

The *Times'* Washington special says General Sherman had another interview with the President to-day after the session of the cabinet at Washington, at which he accepted the military and diplomatic mission to Mexico, which I stated yesterday had been tendered to him. He will therefore leave for Ohio to-morrow, and after arranging his private affairs, he will leave for Mexico probably within ten days, accompanied by Col. Campbell, minister to that republic. The administration is gratified at the prompt action of General Sherman, and the hope is confidently entertained that the presence of an officer of such rank and distinction will be a sufficient indication of the earnestness of this government in the measures it is taking to hasten the restoration of the republic, and will render the actual presence of United States troops on Mexican soil unnecessary. Gen. Sherman's precise mission is both military and diplomatic. He goes to sustain Minister Campbell in all the diplomatic relations which may be re-established, and empowered also with full discretion as to the use of military power in any emergency requiring it.

The very important nature of this work is thus apparent, and the President is anxious that it not only shall be in safe and able hands but that our Representatives shall reach the scene of action as soon as possible. The name of Gen. Grant was at first suggested as the proper person for this position of military envoy, but as he cannot well be spared from his duties in connection with the reorganizing of the army, Gen. Sherman was selected, he having declined the tender of the War Department which was made by the President. When the change does occur in the latter Department, it is altogether probable, that Gen. Grant will assume his duties.

SHERIDAN'S ORDER.

The *Times* Washington special says the administration does not entirely approve the vigorous language of Gen. Sheridan's order so far as it applies to Maximillian and his French relations. Thus far all the intercourse with France on the subject, has been of the most amicable nature, and there is no intention or desire to interrupt these amicable relations. Everything probably will be accomplished without any hard feeling whatever unless it be on the part of those bandits, whom Gen. Sheridan very properly styles "buccaneers."

SHERIDAN NOT REMOVED.

The reports of Gen. Sheridan being relieved, are coined and set adoat from New Orleans by interested enemies of the Government, and for the purpose of trying the status of that General.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

SANTA ANNA'S SUIT.

The Montgomery-Santa Anna suit has been decided against Montgomery.

FORGERY.

Phillips Melling has been committed in $1,000 bail to answer the charge of forging Judge Monell's name to naturalization papers.

HEAVY ROBBERY.

George Calvert, a clerk in the employ of C. C. Park, 31 New street, yesterday absconded with $10,000 in gold checks belonging to his employer. $10,000 of the amount had been cashed. Payment on the rest has been stopped.

LETTER FROM A. J.

Mayor Hoffman has received a letter from President Johnson, in reply to the letter of the former transmitting the resolutions of the Common Council concerning the Fenians. The President, referring to the action already taken through the Secretary of State, says these prompt proceedings will convince you of the deep interest felt by the government of the United States in the cases of these citizens, and of its determination to take all steps that may be necessary and proper for the protection of all its citizens wherever they may be.

FENIAN ACTIVITY.

An Albany dispatch says a rapid survey of the Fenian situation from Albany to the frontier enables me to report the greatest activity everywhere prevailing the circles. The common council of this city have adopted resolutions looking to practical aid to the Fenians, and the common council of Troy, with the entire approval of Mayor Flagg, will follow suit to-morrow night.

The Fenian rifle association held a most important meeting last night, and are again in session to-night. Everywhere the circles of the organization exhibit more of practical meaning in their attitude in view of the approaching execution in Canada than was ever known before. Arms are scattered in great numbers all along from Whitehall to Burlington, and I know that a large quantity are, and have been for a long time secreted on Canadian soil, at a point not far distant from St. Albans, Vermont.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The 8th section of thirty miles of the Union Pacific Railroad has been accepted, and the road is now in running order 270 miles west of Omaha, which is 23 miles west of the 100th meridian of west longitude.

AFFAIRS IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall the 23d, arrived this morning, and has one and a quarter millions of dollars in treasure. Since the change of rulers affairs are progressing peaceably on the Isthmus.

FROM CANADA.

THE FEELING IN MONTREAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

The *Herald's* Montreal special says there is but one feeling among the Canadians concerning the convicted Fenians, and that is, the law must take its course.

VANDALISM.

The *Herald's* Toronto special says the Episcopal Church in Brantford, was entered by a party of Fenians immediately after the receipt of the news that Col. Lynch and Rev. J. McMahon were sentenced to be hanged. The windows were smashed and the pulpit demolished, while a party of men promenaded the streets cheering for President Roberts and Gen. Sweeney.

FENIANISM AND ANNEXATION.

If the Fenian prisoners are released by Government in consequence of the threats made by Fenians of the U. S., a strong annexation party will be formed throughout the provinces.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Gen. Ortega and Gen. Sheridan.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.

Ortega, who has been here for some days left this evening per steamship St. Mary for Brazos Santiago. He refuses to regard himself as included in Gen. Sheridan's denunciations. In his letter on Mexican affairs to Gen. Sedgwick, he insists upon his constitutional claim to the Presidency of the Republic. He says if he could think that Gen. Sheridan thought of setting aside the constitution of Mexico or decide upon titles of authority under it, he would formally protest against his assumptions.

Gen. Sheridan leaves to-morrow morning for Texas.

Election of a Bishop of Maine.

GARDINER, Me. Oct. 31.

At a special convention of the Diocese of Maine held last evening, the Rev. H. A. Neeley of New York was unanimously elected Bishop.

The Ute Surrender.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.

Advices from from Fort Garland, Colorado, say a portion of the Ute Indians came in and surrendered to Gen. Carson, commander of the post. It is feared, however, that the surrender is only a temporal Societa ar nunities, and that they will renew depredations after receiving them.

The Amendment in the Vermont Legislature.

NEW YORK, Oct, 31.

The *Tribune's* Montpelier, Vt., special of yesterday, says: A vote was taken in the House to-day, upon the proposed Amendment to the Constitution. It stood, yeas, 199; nays 11.

Fenian Meeting in Louisville—Cholera.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 30.

The various Fenian circles of this city held an enthusiastic meeting to-night denouncing the British Governments and calling upon the United States to interiere in behalf of Lynch and McMahon.

There were a few cases of cholera to-day most of them occurring to people recently from Cincinnati.

A SINGED HUNTSMAN.—The Philadelphia *Gazette* says, a man by the name of O'Rourke, on Saturday, undertook to go shooting. In reaching for his powder flask he dropped it into a tub of water. This by no means deterred him from enjoying the half-holiday he had taken from the foundry of North, Chase & North, in which he is employed. He poured the powder into a frying-pan and dried it over the fire. The result can be easily guessed at. Mr. O'Rourke was blown into the yard, with his head so singed that he looked like a prize-fighter. Luckily for him he received no bodily injury. His hair, beard, and eyebrows were taken off as closely as if by a razor.

ANOTHER MICHIGAN CENTRAL FIRE.—A Detroit dispatch of the 29th ult, says: This evening the great grain warehouse near the Michigan Central depot, occupied by the Detroit Grain Drying Company, took fire and it is now entirely destroyed. The building contained a great quantity of corn and wheat, all of which was lost. The corn lent brilliancy to the conflagration, lighting the streets at the distance of a mile, so as to make fine print readable. The loss will reach about $75,000; only partially insured. For a time the shed and lumber yard, and great new depot of the Michigan Central Railroad Company were in much danger.

—Barney Williams manifests his generosity and his sympathy for the Fenian cause by sending the following telegram from Buffalo to Mr. Brady, the able New York lawyer:

BUFFALO, Oct. 22.

JAS. T. BRADY, 121, Water st., N. Y.

Will your professional engagements permit you to defend the Fenians in Canada? If so, start at once and I will foot the entire bill.

BARNEY WILLIAMS.

MARRIED.

At the residence of O. Cattle, Esq., in the city of St. Paul, on the evening of October 30th, by Rev. E. A. Rand, Mr. JOHN ROGERS to Miss NETTIE S. MOORE, both of St. Cloud, Minn.

In this city, October 30th, by the Rev. F. A. Noble, ROBERT WEST to Miss ELIZABETH A. KELL, both of Hennepin county. d&w

New Advertisements.

For Advertisements of Wants and For Sale see Fourth Page.

D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co.,

JOBBERS OF

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Toys, Fancy Goods,

and NOTIONS,

AT 180 THIRD STREET,

Would invite the attention of country merchants to the large stock of NEW GOODS they have in store for the Fall and Winter Trade which they are selling on very favorable terms for cash. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy all that we are selling our goods at a very small margin for profits. oc6

A BARGAIN.

Left with us for sale at a very low figure, a FIRST-CLASS TOP BUGGY, Eastern make, run but two months, owner no further use for it this Fall. Call at the Carriage Factory of QUINBY & HALLOWELL, nov1 1w Third street.

BOARD.—Furnished rooms and board in a private family can be obtained on Jackson street, between Twelfth and Pearl. no1-1w*

CENTRAL LIVERY STABLE.

T. ASHTON

Has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public that he has established a

First Class Livery Stable

ON THE

Corner of Fifth and Wabashaw-sts.,

Where will always be found the

FINEST & BEST HORSES

The neatest and handsomest

Buggies, Carriages and Harness,

To be found in St. Paul.

Citizens and strangers are invited to call and examine Stable and Stock.

T. ASHTON.

N. B.—Special attention paid to Boarding Horses. nov1

DR. JAMES T. ALLEY,

Office 130 Third street,

Will give his exclusive attention to

CHRONIC DISEASES,

Especially those of the SKIN, THROAT AND CHEST. Office hours (Sunday excepted) 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. oct31-2w

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—IN PROBATE COURT. At Special Term, held at St. Paul, Oct. 31st, 1866.

In the matter of the estate and of the last will and testament of Charles H. Peaslee, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mary A. L. Peaslee, claiming to be the executrix named in the last will and testament of said deceased, and praying that such last will and testament—a copy of which and of the probate thereof in and by the Probate Court of Rockingham county, in the State of New Hampshire, duly authenticated, has been deposited in this Court—may be admitted to probate and allowed as the last will and testament of said deceased, and that letters testamentary thereunder may be granted to her:

It is ordered that Saturday, the 24th day of November, A. D. 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in the city of St. Paul, in said county of Ramsey, be and the same are hereby assigned and appointed for the hearing of said petition and the probate of said will; and the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in the estate of said deceased, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court of the said county of Ramsey, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and why the said will should not be admitted to probate.

R. F. CROWELL,
Judge of Probate.

thur-nov1-1t

JUST RECEIVED.

500 Boxes Window Glass,
200 Boxes Glassware,
2,000 doz Lamp Chimneys, all sizes.

Close for cash.

AWTER, ROSE & ETTER,
oct31 2w 111 Third street.

OILS! OILS! OILS!

WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED SPERM OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED LAND OIL,
EXTRA MACHINE OIL,
VIRGINIA ROCK OIL,
BANK OIL,
STRAITS OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
LINSEED OIL BOILED,
NAPTHA,

In quantities and at prices to suit close cash buyers. VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,
oct31-2w 111 Third street.

BELLE PLAINE

Real Estate Agency.

ROBERT H. ROSE will attend to all business appertaining to real estate and to the prosecution of War Claims. Respectfully refers to Gov. W. R. Marshall, Gen. H. H. Sibley, D. W. Ingersoll, Esq., Fred. Driscoll, Esq., Col. J. L. Merriam, Col. J. J. Shaw, St. Paul; Hon. A. G. Chatfield and Stone & Metzner, Belle Plaine, Minn. my24-1m*eod

CLXIV

EVERYTHING NEW!

FIRM, STORE AND STOCK.

EDWARD HOGAN, CHARLES NICHOLS.

HOGAN & NICHOLS,

Whose elegantly outfitted store is attracting such universal attention, desire to bring to the notice of Country Merchants their heavy and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. We are

Jobbers and Retailers of

All goods in our line, having Separate Departments for each branch. We are making very low figures on our stock. LOOK IT THROUGH BEFORE YOU BUY, as much for your own interest as for ours, so that there will be no occasion for your saying: "Your goods are very low, lower than I have paid, but I have bought my

DRY GOODS

Any one desiring Goods in the RETAIL DEPARTMENT will readily perceive the advantage of selecting from an entirely new stock—especially when the stock is the largest and prices the lowest of any House in town.

No Old Goods carried over from past seasons.

For the present we are open in the evening, and proffering our compliments, we extend a general invitation to one a and all to drop in and see how we look by Gaslight at

164 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

JUST BELOW THE PIONEER OFFICE.

oct30

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

KEYSTONE

FUEL-SAVING STOVE

IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

C. L. GRANT,

SOLE AGENT,

113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.

oct16-1m-1stp

SPECIAL SALE

OF

WHITE AND COLORED

BLANKETS,

At 10 per Cent Below Value

TO THE TRADE.

Also at Retail at the

ONE PRICE

DRY GOODS HOUSE

OF

JOHN H. CAMP,

142 Third street,

oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND

Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the

LATEST STYLES

OF

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS,

Thursday, Oct. 4th.

oct

LUMBER WAGONS, OF EASY RUN MAKE, warranted the best in Market, just received and for sale by

A. H. WILDER & CO.

St. Paul, May 11, 1 my11

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

HATS, CAPS, FUR

AND

MILLINERY GOODS!

199 Third street,

(INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.)

☞OUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct18-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

Office on Jackson street,

OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.

oct19 2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing Co. oct31-1stp

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

CLOAKS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS

IN THE STATE AT THE

OLD DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

ELFELT'S, Third street, St. Paul.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A

FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,

I am now prepared to execute

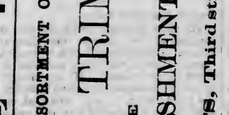
COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,

Cartes de Visite, &c.,

IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying. A. SINCLAIR.
oct6

Northwestern Steam Bakery!



Gles & Passavant, Proprietors.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Bread, Cakes, Grackers, Pies, &c.;

Cor. Robert st and Levee.

N.B.—ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO. oct6-1stpd&w

HARVEY OFFICER,

Attorney at Law. Office over Parker Paine's ank, Third street, St. Paul, Minn. nov8

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!

Fall & Winter Stock of

Clothing, Cloths,

CASSIMERES,

HATS, CAPS,

AND

MENS' FURNISHING GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.

Clothing Manufactured to Order

In a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.

T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf

ROBES!

Buffalo Robe Overcoats

At Wholesale.

T. B. CAMPBELL,
oct3-1stp-to 158 Third street.

LAMPS!

A large stock of

LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS

Lamp Wick and Lanterns,

Just received at the

CROCKERY HOUSE

OF

Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,

Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons

OHIO STONE WARE,

JUST RECEIVED.

sep1-d&wly-1st

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,

Chemists & Druggists,

Pure Unadulterated Drugs,

FINE CHEMICALS,

CHOICE PERFUMERY,

Toilet Articles in Sets,

And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the

New Drug Store,

IN ROGERS' BLOCK,

227 Third Street

my20-1y-1st'9 ST. PAUL, MINN

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,

No. 187 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,

1,000 Stoves,
600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,
10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead
3,000 lbs. Pig Tin,
3,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,
2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,
200 Pumps,
200 Bundles Wire,
5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc,
500 Boxes Tin Plate,
2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,

Together with a large variety of

TINNERS' STOCK

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

☞Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp

P. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.

NASH & MURPHY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

PRODUCE AND LIQUORS

WABASHAW STREET,

Between Third & Fourth

Adjoining the Opera House.

sep25-1stp

NEW THING

IN

LIFE INSURANCE!

{DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.} {NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!}

THE UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of New York City.

Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations. $200,000.

Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two million dollars.

All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from

Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower

Than charged by

Mutual Life Insurance Companies,

Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL

is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a

Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.

Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to

O. CURTIS, State Agent,

Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.

aug15 1y-1stp

PRATT & HUGHSON,

AT

No. 221 Third street,

(ROGER'S BLOCK.)

Are now receiving the largest and best selected stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

Ever brought to this city, expressly for the Retail Trade, among which is a full assortment from the manufactory of

E. C. Burt, of New York.

We warrant our goods and sell as cheap as any other house in the city. No trouble to show goods.

☞WE MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES. sep30-1stp

GLOBE HOTEL

On the European Plan.

Now open at the

Corner Third and Jackson-sts.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.

sep27 J. B. TASCOTT, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS

ON

RAILROAD LANDS

OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.

All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.

WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
33	28	122	25
34	28	121	26
35	28	122	26
34	29	122	27
35	29	123	27
36	29	123	28
35	30	124	28
36	30	125	28
37	30	126	28
36	31	124	29
36	31	125	29
38	31	126	29

OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
36	28	123	28
37	28	122	29
38	28	123	29
35	29	124	29
36	29	125	29
37	29	126	29
38	29	127	29
34	30	123	30
37	30	124	30
38	30	125	30
39	30	126	30
39	31	127	30
		126	31
		127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER,

President and Land Commissioner. sep12-6m-1stp&w

Dr. Simonton

Has introduced the NITROUS OXIDE, or LAUGHING GAS, at his Office, Ingersoll's Block. Now is the time to have Teeth extracted and laugh while it is being done. oc2

New Advertisements.

MILLINERY!

Our Fall Stock is now complete, comprising

Rich Millinery,

CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS

ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,

Shawls, Dress Trimmings

AND

Dry Goods Generally,

☞We invite the attention of country dealers to the above. MRS. DUGAN,
sep27 161 Third street.

FASHIONS 1866

DEMAND

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX

ELLIPTIC

Or Double Spring

SKIRTS!

They will not BEND or BREAK, like the single spring, but will ALWAYS PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, CHURCHES, THEATRES, RAILROAD CARS, and for PROMENADE or HOUSE DRESS—each hoop being composed of two finely tempered steel springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop, and making the STRONGEST and MOST FLEXIBLE, as well as the MOST DURABLE and STYLISH SKIRT EVER MADE. In fact they are SUPERIOR to all others, combining Comfort, Economy, Lightness, Elegance and Durability.

Inquire for BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. For sale everywhere.

Manufactured exclusively by sole owner of patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers, and 79 and 80 Reade streets, New York.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

For Elegance, Durability and Economy, superior to all others.

For sale at WHOLESALE ONLY, by

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.,

138 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

The most Popular, Stylish and Graceful Skirt worn, for sale by

CATHCART & CO.,

132 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

The Lightest, most Agreeable and Perfect Skirt made, for sale by

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

aug15-3m1stp Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

JACKSON WAGONS!

Wellare] General Agents for the

Jackson, Michigan,

WAGONS,

And warrant them far superior to any in the Western States.

BIGELOW, MURDOCK & CO.

sep1-1stp

DR. DE MONTREVILLE

DENTIST,

Office on Third Street,

NEAR POST OFFICE, ST. PAUL.

From a quarter of a century's experience Dr. De M. promises excellence of workmanship and at reasonable charges, and refers by permission to

Mr. Oakes, (of Borup & Oakes) St. Paul.
Col. and Mrs. Belote, International Hotel.
Mr. Edgerton, President of 2d National Bank.
Right Rev. Bishop Grace.
Rev. Dr. McMasters.
Col. Robertson, and Physicians of St. Paul generally. mch1-1y-1st'9

BOUNTY

WAR BLANKS.

THE LATEST FORMS,

As prescribed by the War Department

NOW READY.

CLAIM BLANKS, $1.00 per Quire.
VOUCHER RECEIPTS, 50 cents per Quire, POST-PAID.

Orders received by mail promptly attended to.

Address,

PRESS PRINTING CO.,

oc 7-d3t&w2t St. Paul, Minn.

FAIRCHILD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Rogers' Stone Block,

Third-st., St. Paul, Minn.

Make sales of Furniture, Stock, Merchandise and Real Estate in Ramsey or any of the adjacent counties.

They also receive goods on commission sell at private sale.

They have a large Hall in the second story for the sale of Furniture. They are prepared to buy Furniture or other goods in large or small quantities, or advance liberally on consignments.

They keep always on hand a good stock of Staple Dry Goods, of Clothing, of Boots and Shoes, of Hats and Caps, and Notions, which they sell at wholesale or retail, at much less than regular prices.

FAIRCHILD & CO.

nov28-eod-tf-1st'9

Dr. Simonton

Clothing.

GREAT SALE

For the Next Sixty Days.

Forty Thousand Dollars worth of New and Fashionable CLOTHING, purchased this Fall for cash, is now offered for sale, and WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS, FOR CASH ONLY. We have reduced the the price of all our Goods from 20 to 40 per cent. Our entire stock will be sold. Every article is offered at a bargain. In no case will we ask the regular price; the lowest figure will be stated at once.

WM. H. TEMPLE,

Third-st., St. Paul.

October 31, 1866. nov1

Banks.

H. THOMPSON, CASH. J. R. THOMPSON, PRES'T

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF SAINT PAUL,

Paid up Capital $600,000.

Government Bonds, Coin, Land Warrants and Half Breed Scrip

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Prompt attention given to the collection of

QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS

Agents for the sale of

PASSAGE TICKETS

from Liverpool and Queenstown to New York and Saint Paul.

Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France, Sweden and Norway,*

jan5-1st'9

SECOND

National Bank of St. Paul

Paid up Capital $200,000.

This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to Banks, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business

Drafts for Sale on

LONDON, DUBLIN, BREMEN

and other principal European cities.

Collections upon all accessible points in Northwest will be made and remitted for on day of payment at current rates of exchange. High est Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. This Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and these notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.

E. S. EDGERTON, President.
JOHN NICOLS, Vice President.
D. A. MONFORT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN NICOLS,	F. B. FARWELL,
J. H. STEWART,	N. B. HARWOOD,
B. PRESLEY,	J. R. BRADLEY,
C. H. SCHURMEIER,	JOSEPH DAILEY,
P. BERKEY,	JOSEPH STAPLES,
I. C. GEORGE,	F. K. SMITH,
	ISAAC STAPLES,
	E. S. EDGERTON.

St. Paul, July 8th, 1866 apr5-1y-1st'9

HUMAN HAIR.

L. P. FRANKLIN,

Bridge Square, St. Paul.

WIG MAKER,

(FROM NEW YORK.)

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,

CURLS, BANDS, FRONT PIECES,

Wigs, Half Wigs, Side Braids,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

At Prices which Defy Competition.

All goods warranted to be made in the most careful and tasteful manner.

Orders by Mail or Express will receive prompt attention.

Private rooms for Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing.

The only Brown Dye applied and for sale.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.

BRIDGE SQUARE, ST. PAUL. apr5-1y-1st'9

T. M. METCALF,

Real Estate Broker

AND

INSURANCE AGENT,

Jackson street, between 5th and 6th

Will buy and sell Real Estate on commission, Pay Taxes, Collect Rents, and attend to all other business in his line, promptly and thoroughly.

ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE POLICIES issued in Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford and Accidental Insurance Company of Columbus, Ohio. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES IN PROVIDENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO. aug17-1stp6m

MORGAN & M'CLOUD,

Real Estate Agents,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.

FOR SALE.—An excellent House and Lot on Canada street, Lower Town, with every convenience. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A good small house, with good lot, in Upper Town, for $1,700, near the House of Hope. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 12, block 6, in Rice & Irvine's addition, on Seventh street, corner of Exchange. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A fine brick residence, with extensive grounds. 100x200, on Ninth street, near Jackson. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley—an excellent business lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 7, block 7, Bazil & Gervais's addition, on corner Wabashaw and 8th streets, near the capitol. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lots 3 and 4, block 26, Kittson's addition, on 8th street, corner Olivea good building lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—1,300 acres pine lands in Pine county; 1,300 acres farming lands 24 miles north of St. Paul; 8,000 acres farming lands on line St. Paul & Pacific Railroad, near Rauk Rapids, and houses and lots, residence and business lots, and farms and farming lands in all parts of the city and State. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

TO RENT.—The J. E. Warren house, on 9th street, from first of November. House in Lower Town, from 15th of November. House on 8th street, near the capitol, from 15th of November. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

oct30-1stp

FOLSOM & BANKER,

Dealers in Real Estate,

Conveyancers and Surveyors.

S. P. FOLSOM, A. BANKER.

Property bought and sold, taxes paid, collections made and titles examined. Office in Ingersoll's Block, up stairs.

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

MEXICO.

That our government has determined to intervene in Mexican affairs for the restoration of the Republic and the vindication of the Monroe doctrine, is now certain. Our dispatches this morning state that Gen. Sherman has accepted a military-diplomatic mission to that country, and will leave for his new scene of operations, in company with Minister Campbell, in a few days. This move was indicated in yesterday's dispatches, though nothing definite appeared to be known on the subject.

The mission of Gen. Sherman, the second officer in rank in the army of the United States, undoubtedly involves the sending of an American force to Mexico. It is well known that the President has indicated his willingness to undertake the re-establishment of a Republican government under Juarez, and in this purpose he is doubtless encouraged by Generals Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan, and a portion of the members of the Cabinet. Some of the Washington correspondents have intimated that an army of at least 20,000 men will be sent. And as Sherman is to be in command, while he is to have full discretion concerning the diplomatic relations to be established, it will not be at all strange if he shall amuse himself in hastening the departure of the foreign troops, should they show a disposition to linger in that land of revolutions, *pronunciamentos*, guerrillas, chapparal, and *vomito*.

But of this there is little danger. All the accounts lately have agreed in ascribing to Napoleon a most praiseworthy readiness to withdraw from his ill-starred and costly enterprise in Mexico *as soon* as possible, and it is understood that sufficient war *ships* will soon be on the way from Cherbourg to convey the entire French contingent across the Atlantic at one trip. So that we may already regard the Monroe doctrine as practically again the law of this continent, and may in a few months expect again to see the Mexicans shooting each other and cutting each other's throats, and issuing a dozen or two *pronunciamentos* a day, as in the good old days when there were no foreigners on their soil to call off their attention from themselves.

The New York *Times*, a few days ago, speculating upon the probabilities of such an expedition from this country as now seems decided upon, and of the expectation that Mexico would be required to pay the entire expenses of an enterprise having for its object the restoration of the Republic, says:

> She has abundant resources for this, as well as to secure us for whatever guarantees it might be wise for us to give for the payment of debts justly due to England and France, which were made the pretext for the recent invasion of her soil, and payment of these debts, not, of course, including those of the Empire, which we have never acknowledged, nor which France can have no valid claim on. The customs to be collected at Mexican ports already pledged to foreign powers, and which would be transferred to us, would be ample for this object.

We very much doubt if the people of this country are inclined to give any guarantees whatever for the payment of any claims held by Europeans, but they may be disposed to accept of a few hundred thousand square miles of good arable or auriferous land from the Mexicans as a token of their gratitude for the service we shall do them in restoring them to their nominal state of chronic anarchy. As for England, if she has any *bona fide* claims, we may be willing to credit her a million or so on the Alabama account, provided she is willing to fork over the balance in shining gold sovereigns of no older date than 1864. France, having gone out for wool and come home shorn, must make the best of a bad job.

A LEPROUS DISTILMENT.

We have heard it intimated that efforts are being made to seduce Republicans not personally friendly to Mr. Donnelly to vote for his opponent, on the ground that the election of a Republican Congressman from this District is a matter of no practical consequence in view of the overwhelming majority of Republicans that, it is assumed, will be returned to Congress from other States.

It is a false and traitorous suggestion, which should be indignantly hurled in the teeth of its perfidious utterers. It is, in the first place, by no means a demonstrated certainty—and cannot be unless Republicans everywhere do their duty—that the vote of the Republican Congressman from this district may not be essential to the protection of the country from the reckless tyranny of the veto power; and what baseness is that which finds in the assumption that the loyal men of other States will do their duty, not an incentive to a noble emulation, but a mean excuse for recreancy. What would be thought of the soldier who, as the shout of victory from the advanced columns called up the reserves to complete the triumph, should respond: "Victory is certain without my aid, and as I don't like my Colonel, I will go over to the enemy"? What would be done to a wretch like that? Why his comrades, without even the intervention of a drumhead court martial, would impale him on their bayonets and cast his worthless carcass to the dogs.

Yes, no doubt, Republicans elsewhere will do their part nobly and well! All true Republicans will draw increase of ardor from their glorious example. The man who can coolly cite his confidence in their magnificent fidelity to freedom as an apology for his own faithlessness has not in him true blood enough to fill the veins of a mosquito. He is a reptile, a natural Copperhead, organically fishy. Out upon him!

SECRETARY STANTON.—The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* telegraphs under date of the 29th:

> The telegrams which have been going the rounds to the effect that Secretary Stanton expects to resign, to be appointed Minister to Spain, or that he has solicited any office whatever at the hands of Mr. Johnson, are without the least foundation. These reports have been set afloat by the enemies of the Secretary for the purpose of injuring him in the estimation of the loyal masses of the country.

Considering that every newspaper correspondent in Washington has for the last two weeks loaded the wires with these "reports," which in several instances gave the particular reasons for this step; and in view of the fact that dispatches of a later date than the above, published in our telegraphic columns yesterday, reiterate the rumor and represent Gen. Grant as anxious for the appointment of Gen. Sheridan to the place soon to be vacant, the above denial sounds very remarkable. We shall continue to believe that Mr. Stanton's days in the Cabinet are numbered. Whether he has solicited a foreign mission, as has been alleged, is another matter.

An article in the *Pioneer* yesterday ends with these words of owlish wisdom:

> MORAL.—Teach the negro to keep his place and you will have no stabbing affairs about your office.

This is excellent logic. Dennis Wood, for instance, under arrest for murdering his wife on Saturday evening, is fortunately a *white* man; but he simply committed the crime because of *too much* liberty. White men do stab and rob and murder as well as negroes, but of course it is because they have never been taught "their place."

Practice the golden rule to negroes and treat them as our equals under the law, and they will be found as peaceable and law abiding as any of our citizens.

THE INSANE EMPRESS.

Carlotta's Career in Mexico and Europe.

Latest Particulars About Her Condition.

Correspondence N. Y. World.

PARIS, October 12.—To-day, at the chateau of Miramar, at Trieste, which she quitted to be a Queen three years ago, amidst the dipping of colors and the discharge of cannon, Carlotta lives a raving maniac. This day, last week, her reason departed in the city of Rome, which she visited at the termination as at the commencement of her brief reign, to appease the wayward impulsions and interests of the Pontiff of her church.

The vanity of sudden dominion and her traditions of superstition have wrecked her at the footstool of the priest, without whose blessing she could not live happy in conscience, and by whose control she lost her crown and her hopes.

It is his last triumph. The red shirts of Garibaldi are at his gates. Avaunt! the last Swiss guard!

This Queen, now woman, takes higher place in history by her fall than by her promotion. Her very weakness severs her from rebuke. Her illness is now the most particular and tender theme in Europe. There is no wife or mother who does not take part with her.

CARLOTTA'S TRIP TO MEXICO.

When the Empress Carlotta, three years ago, departed from St. Nazaire to Vera Cruz, she took with her a thousand rich and grateful presents, and the remembrance of much applause. From a simple archduchess, mistress of a little household and a remote chateau, she found herself called to a throne, the traditions of which reached far into the mythologic time, which lay in the golden belt of the world, the clasp of its warm oceans, and of which all men promised great developments. Its riches were said to be enormous; its people full of warlike instincts, yet sprung from two superb races—that which first crossed the sea, and that which had before mastered the land beyond it, the Castilian and the Aztec; it was the shortest distance between the great sympathetic deeps, the natural roadway and *entrepot* of the globe, and the power over it seemed to suggest by right dominion over the great Gulf of Mexico, the Mediterranean of the West, and its fairer than Greek or Indian archipelagoes, and their heterogenious folks, capable of all glorious cohesion.

The manner of these simple minded people, on the ship going out, was that of children newly wedded and talking of their bridal presents, their wedding reception, and the house-keeping they were to divide. The little Emperor had been honorary Admiral in his brother's service, and he looked wisely at marlinspikes and rope-splicings, and seemed to the marines to be a very funnily good sort of a person, able perhaps to sail the flagship of a squadron of nautiluses.

The Empress, who speaks English excellently, read Prescott's history of the expedition of Cortes, and Humboldt's observations on her Empire, with interstices of embroidery and a diligent attention to the Spanish language. She had taste for diplomatic coquetry and metaphysics, and bequiled several members of her household into arguments, more or less shrewd. As to her devotions they were numerous. The priests and confessors celebrated mass on the ship for three Sundays and five holy days they were *en route*, the little Empress prostrating herself humbly; and of a crucifix the Pope had given her, she laid great store, *kissing* it devoutly, and often saying she valued it more than the crown she was to wear. In this difference to the formal and essential matters of her faith she was always seconded by Maximilian, who had got himself, by his wife's enthusiasm, to believe that he was a sort of evangelist and crusader; they prayed considerably, read and wrote very much, and went to dissecting, repairing and cabinet-making.

IN MEXICO.

The early day in Mexico under its Emperor and Empress were pleasant enough. They were crowned with great joy; the place was beautiful. The priestly party, at any rate, was prolific of homage. Enough time-servers and office-seekers pressed around; recognitions in quantity came, except from the great Republic, that fought out its essential fray, asking no aid nor forward to pay compliments from those with whom it meant one day to deal. Victory, in small show, followed, over the scattering bands of the Republicans. But directly a change, great to discouragement, fell over the imperial counsels. The patience of the wild horsemen of the President tired out the too sanguine invaders. They were every day, according to the dispatches, humiliated; but every day their ghosts rose up anew. The army that was to drive them into the sea proved refractory subjects. Its marshals were not slow in manner, if in tone, to remind the court that their master paid for the pageant of an empire and meant to divide its direction. The money raised abroad on loans and lotteries, disappeared as recklessly as it was obtained; bondholders and lenders cried for their interest greedily; fears and scruples shook the new Emperor's sleep and were reflected in the sympathizing inquisitiveness of his wife; the great Warwick blinked across the sea as if to make them doubt that his support was fair and generous as it had seemed. Then at the last, the priests and cardinals drew back their smiles and showed the palms of avarice in the faces of distrust. So, with an army that was not his, a people that would not be his, a priesthood that was nobody's but its own, this late Archduke found himself a thing, an effigy, a crowned remorse.

Then the two contending giants dropped their hands, and showed more colossal and conquering than ever. The marshals grew insolent; the rebellion became a splendid belligerent, asking nor giving quarter. Money ceased to come from abroad. The new Emperor's credit was dishonored. He became a less worshipper and more a monarch, and he sequestrated the chattels of the church. They retorted with menace and conspiracy. The vanity of anticipation fell to poverty in his wife. She reigned in her wifely love alone, and all the loyalty he received came in her heartful eyes. Stricken in this short dream, her prayers grew more frequent; but now she prayed with doubt, because the holy church in which her assurance lay looked blackly at her. So she said at last: "I will go alone over the ocean, or with some few retainers, to ask help for my son from the Emperor, and for both of us for forgiveness from the greatest Priest."

The Emperor answered (and in this I speak from information well derived,) "No! If it ever becomes necessary for you to quit, then I, also, shall retire."

They made arrangements to give up the land that will never acknowledge them, so long as it lies in the West, under the shadow of an orderly and colossal freedom. But Marshal Bazaine said:

> "To this enterprise you gave yourself. The honor of my master is in it. You shall not go to get him contempt, equal with your own. My troops are mine. I will hold you a prisoner in your palace, as Cortes held the Montezuma. You shall remain though you need not govern."

HOMEWARD PHANTOMS.

The long and now dangerous journey across the Cordilleras to Vera Cruz was made. It gave the fugitive Charlotte alarms. She took common passage upon a packet steamship, paying her fare and that of her friend; and all the way her sleep was broken and her daylight fancies distressed. She saw enemies in the crew, spies in the passengers, corsairs in every nearing sail. Now she got to her prayers, making long supplications; now she railed at the officers with a flushed, indignant face. The girl went out of her; she was an irascible, husbandless, broken woman, conscious of disgrace before, disgrace behind, the loss of riches, the possible denunciation of the Pope. In the midst of the passage the Papal gift, her blessed crucifix, was lost or stolen. Then she cried that God was turned against her and her husband's house. The rest of the trip—nine days—was passed without sleep, almost without food. She spoke no more to any one. Her presence was melancholy to all upon the steamer.

PHANTOMS ASHORE.

Arrived in France, no welcoming telegrams came, nor any invitation to rest in the place. Her sudden apparition made the bow-legged usurper who had duped her uneasy. His wife, a different sort of woman from Charlotte, was for setting out for Biarritz at once. The fugitive woman came to Paris, and stopped like any shoddy American's wife, at the Grand Hotel, even paying for her own chambers. She threw herself at the cold Emperor's feet and begged for assistance to save the throne and honor of her husband. He answered that he had done enough.

"Who," said Napoleon "loaned me money or men when I took charge of France? Your husband is not the man I believed him, else he could rule without arms."

Returned to her hotel, visited by a few and formally, the lonely woman began to show the symptoms of a wrecked brain. She cried aloud that her enemies meant to stab her. She saw people with daggers on the stairs, in alcoves, in the shadow of her bed curtains. She made herself almost obnoxious at the Grand Hotel by the altercations with the stewards, the noisome nature of her sights, the multitude of purposes she meditated and stopped it the achievement. At last she telegraphed this desperate message to Mexico:

"It is useless!"

PHANTOMS AT HOME.

At Rome the Pope gave her cold welcome. She stepped at the Hotel de Rome. She quarrelled in turn with each of her servants, and screamed aloud, even on the stairway and in the drawing-room. People began to see that she was demented. Some called her a drunken woman.

Her brother, the Count of Flanders, telegraphed to her to return to Brussels. She made no answer, seeming to forget his telegram. All this journey to the Holy City was destitute of political effect. She wanted her soul cleaned by the Pope's blessing and forgiveness, because; forsooth, her husband had turned certain lazy monks out of their velvet chambers. She saw the Pope, and he talked to her kindly; but refused to sanction her husband's confiscation of ecclesiastical property. She argued, like Portia, in the Merchant of Venice; but his temporal sovereignty—the pound of flesh—the consistent old gentleman wanted. He flatly at last refused to sanction the interview with Maximilian, and abruptly closed the interview. Then the Archduchess gave importance, and it is the wife of the President that the representative to grief. She refused to leave the Palace of the Vatican, and an officer or the Swiss guard escorted her out. That night she made the Hotel de Rome echo with her shrieks. She walked the floor, rang the bells for help, and the daylight fled to the Vatican again, refusing to quit it, calling mankind her enemies, and at last fainting at the feet of the Pope.

This singular scene, possibly the last of its sort that the world shall ever see in the Imperial city, spread all over the town, was printed over all Europe. It brought her brother, in person, to her side. She lies now in the chateau of Miramar, making plaintive entreaties for her husband to join her. If he values love more than lands, let him come.

G. A. T.

IOWA & MINNESOTA RAILROADS.

The Keokuk and St. Paul Railway Company.

From the Keokuk Gate City.

This Company, notice of incorporation of which appears in our columns today, as it name indicates, is intended, with its connections at no distant day, to place the cities of Keokuk and St. Paul, as well as all the principal towns in Iowa, in close intercommunication by rail. The distance between these two cities *via* the river is 583 miles, while by the line of the projected road it is only 373 miles, a saving in distance of 210 miles, besides avoiding the delays caused by the upper and lower rapids of the Mississippi.

The line will be made up of the following roads, the length and amount of road already constructed and in progress of each of which, we give as near as we can at present ascertain, to-wit:

1st, Keokuk and St. Paul Railway—Keokuk and Mt. Pleasant—50 miles built and in operation 18 miles, with a branch to Burlington, of which 7 miles, from the junction to Fort Madison, is completed.

2d. Iowa Northern Central Railway—Mt. Pleasant to Cedar Rapids *via* Washington and Iowa City—83 miles.

This Company was organized May 15th. The surveys are now being made, and large subscriptions to the stock have been secured in Johnson and Washington counties, and the road will soon be placed under contract.

3d. The Cedar Rapids & Cedar Falls Railroad—Cedar Rapids to Cedar Falls—46 miles. This road is to run through Vinton, and the means have been raised along the line for grading and bridging, between Cedar Rapids and Vinton this season.

4th. The Cedar Valley & Minnesota Railway—from Cedar Falls to the Minnesota State Line—76 miles.

Of this road, 14 miles, from Cedar Falls to Waverly, are completed and in operation. The remainder is in progress. At the State Line this road connects with:

5th. The Minnesota Central Railway—from State line to St. Paul—104 miles; Minneapolis, 115 miles.

MAY AND DECEMBER.

Twenty-Four Hours of Connubial Bliss, and then a Divorce.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Yesterday, through the authority of the circuit court, a decree of divorce was granted to Thomas Sutherland under circumstances of a peculiar nature. It is seldom that the marital relations of those aspiring to a position of the kind are so ruthlessly interfered with in so short a time, but queer scenes are witnessed nowadays in courts of law.

The parties to this cause were married about the 21st day of May, 1863, by Peter Desnoyer, a justice of the peace of Hamtramck. The circumstances of the marriage are somewhat laughable, and decidedly out of the usual routine. The testimony in the case shows that the complainant went one day to Adam Schulte, of said township, and said to him, "D—n it, butcher, I would like to get married. I know a girl, but I cannot speak to her very well. I wish you would go along with me." To which Schulte replied that he couldn't go then; but subsequently they went together to defendant's mother's, and there the following scene transpired, as appears from the testimony of Lambert Lanstra, who is a stepson of defendant's mother: "Schulte said to my mother, 'Mother do you know what I am here for?' She said 'I can guess, but I do not know for sure.' Schulte then said, 'I have got a young man here who would like to get married.' She said, 'He does not look very young; but for all I know, he might be younger than he looks to be.' Schulte then said, 'This man would like to get married to your daughter, will you allow him?' Mother said for her part she did not care; that if he would use her as any other would, they could make up their agreement together. She said that he must not, however, come to marry defendant because she had anything, for she had nothing. Complainant said it did not make any difference. Mother said defendant had a baby and plenty of clothes, and that was all defendant had. Complainant said it did not make any difference whether defendant had one or two babies; that he had plenty of feed for them; and, what was more, he had a farm for which he would not take $10,000 to-day. Mother said that for her part complainant could have defendant. That is all that was said about that."

It seems that they were married a day or two after this preliminary negotiation. Complainant was about forty-five years old, and defendant was about eighteen, and had a fatherless child at the time. They lived together about twenty-four hours, when defendant left complainant, and has ever since refused to live with him or have anything to do with him. She claims that the reason she left him was that defendant admitted his brother to the bridal chamber the first night of their wedded life, who then and there took improper liberties with her, and this with the connivance and consent of the complainant. There is a good deal of conflict on this point of the evidence. Complainant's witnesses testify that the defendant, at the time, said she left complainant because he would not make over his property to her, and because he was a Catholic. It is claimed that, at the time she left complainant, she called him a "lying old ——," and told him "he was going to h—l with his eyes wide open," and drew her wedding ring from her finger, and threw it at him, and thereupon gathered up her baby and its cradle and her clothes, and left the bed and board of the complainant for good. The whole transaction occupied less than a week.

THE BALTIMORE TROUBLES.

The Governor's Investigation Continued.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 29.

The Governor continued his investigation relative to the Baltimore Police Commissioners to-day. Some twenty witnesses were examined, but nothing of special importance was elicited. The evidence was of the same character as that submitted on Friday and Saturday.

The prosecution has closed its branch of the case, unless rebutting testimony is introduced. The points they have made, as summed up to-night, are the following: that most of the judges, and clerks, and special policemen are Radicals; that one of the police commissioners has been slightly intoxicated once in three years; that one of the judges neglected to use boxes for rejected ballots; that all the judges followed the opinion of the Attorney General of State, and refused to receive votes of men not registered in 1865; that half a dozen of the two hundred and forty judges, and perhaps twenty of the seven hundred special policemen, were not men of good moral character, and that Radicals have a better chance than Conservatives for being appointed on the police force.

It is difficult to see how official misconduct can be made out of this, especially as it is notorious that the elections for the past two years were more orderly than ever before.

The Commissioners will begin presenting their evidence to-morrow, and expect to occupy the best part of two days. Commissioner Hinds will be present, and will probably go on the stand. The Governor expresses the purpose to examine him closely. The case will probably be finished Wednesday evening, but it is not known whether the Governor will give his decision then or on Thursday evening. There seems no doubt that he will order the removal of the Commissioners. It is believed that there will be no trouble in Baltimore, unless the Governor forces a street issue.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The Baltimore *American* says the evidence against the Police Commissioners will be completely refuted to-day by the testimony for the defense.

THE KING OF PRUSSIA.

A Short Sketch of His Life.

From the Fortnightly Review.

The most fortunate man in Europe is probably at this moment the King of Prussia. This Monarch, who is close upon seventy, has neither been fortunate in youth nor in manhood. He was brought up with excessive strictness and pedantry, and had to listen, from his childhood, upward, to the reproach of his elder brother the late Frederick William IV., surpassed him in every kind of talent. He threw himself with more industry than ability into military studies, commanded for thirty years at numberless parades, unceasingly busied himself with military details, often plagued both himself and his soldiers with very unnecessary matters, and knew so much about every regimental button and of the whole of the Prussian Army, that he at last though himself a great General, and yearned for the moment in which he would be able to measure his strength and that of his army with some enemy, which he would have preferred to be France. He had taken part in the War of Independence against Napoleon, but only in his youth, when he occupied a subordinate position which gave him no scope for the development of his military talents. He, therefore, wished for a great war, but long wished for it in vain. Instead of a war, the revolution of 1848 broke out. He could only employ the military qualities which he had hoped to use against a foreign enemy against the revolutionists who fought at the barricades in Berlin; but whether he was seized with a sudden fit of tardiness, or was obliged to follow the orders of his royal brother, he allowed the people who attacked the palace to enter it, instead of defending it to the utmost, while he fled to London in order to avoid the unpopularity which was attached to his name. In fighting the revolutionists of Baden he also won no laurels. The revolutionary army which had collected around the remnants of the Frankfort Parliament, was, it is true, at length dispersed; but the Prussians, whose numbers were ten times those of the enemy, suffered reverses in this unequal contest which they never would have been exposed to under more skillful leadership, and the Prussian military tribunals acted with such severity against the vanquished under the presidency of the Prince that the latter is to this day cordially detested by the whole of Southern Germany, and especially in Baden. At court in Berlin his position was also any thing but a pleasant one. He had for years been on terms of merely formal courtesy with his brother, whose character was the very opposite of his own, and his position became utterly intolerable, in consequence of the coldness which existed between his wife and the Queen. He came more and more seldom to Berlin, where the Kreuz Zeitung party intrigued against him at court uncessingly, and often in the coarsest way.

The heir presumptive thus lived in a sort of exile, and the childless King, although he had long been sickly would not die. At length he was attacked by disease of the brain, which made it necessary to establish a Recency, and from that time forward the life of the Prince, now King William I, became a brighter one; for thanks to the evil reputation which attached to his former opponents, the Kreus Zeitung men, in the whole country, he at length attained a certain popularity, and entered upon the duties of the Regency accompanied by the best wishes of the people. King William is a man who can not very well do without popularity; the first days of the regency were, therefore, perhaps the happiest he had known since he was a boy. Unfortunately, his happiness was of short duration. He could not agree with the liberal party, and the weak-minded Ministers with which it had provided him, and by degrees he fell into the power of those very Kreuz Zeitung men who had embittered his life when he was Crown Prince, and who at length pressed upon him Herr von Bismark as Premier. It cost him a hard struggle before he could decide on such an appointment, and it gave him great pain to persevere when though he desired nothing more than to be honored as the father of his people, he was not longer cheered by the Berlingers in the streets; but he was still impressed with the firm conviction that all he had done was for the good of his country. Fortunate old man! that which he had aspired to for half a century has been given him toward the decline of his life; first, a little war against Denmark, and, a short time after, a great, unprecedentedly glorious war against Austria, the formidable neighbor of Prussia in Germany. He has hailed his son and the Princess of his house as victors on the battle field of Koniggratz, where he himself nominally held the chief command; he has made Prussia the master of Germany and the powerful neighbor of France; he has (as he may himself honestly believe) been selected by God as the special instrument of His providence; he has proved to his people that he understands more about military matters than the Liberal Deputies in the Chamber, who wished to balk his plan for the organization of his army; and he has finally entered his capital in triumph at the head of his victorious troops, in the midst of the enthusiastic rejoicings of the whole population, which is generally not over disposed to make any very strong demonstrations of feeling. These are in truth moments of great happiness, such as few monarchs have enjoyed at so advanced an age.

THE FENIAN EXCITEMENT.

The Action of the Canadians Towards the Condemned.

Fenian Meetings Throughout the Country.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The *Herald's* Toronto special says: The military authorities have orders to increase the guard at the jail where the Fenians are confined. The threats made by the Fenians of New York will compel the Crown authorities to deal towards the prisoners much more severely than they otherwise would.

The prisoners confined here are all without a change of clothing. The American Consul has supplied a few of them out of his own pocket with new under clothing.

Efforts are being made by the Right Rev. Bishop Lynch, of this city, to get the Rev. J. McMahon reprieved.

A Cabinet meeting is called for, to meet at Ottawa on the 30th instant, to consider what policy the Government should take in regard to carrying into effect the execution of the Fenian prisoners sentenced to be hanged.

The meeting of Parliament has been postponed by the Governor General until December 11th.

It is rumored that the Government intends to patrol the frontier until after the execution.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: General Averill, Consul General of the United States in Canada, has been in the city several days, and after an interview with the President has left Washington to assume the performance of his official duties. Matters in Canada are becoming of grave importance, and it is the wish of the President that the representative of the Government should be there at the earliest practicable period.

A meeting of the Fenian Circles at the Germania Assembly Rooms last night resolved to avenge the death of the convicted Fenians in Canada, should they be executed, and dared the Canadians to put their threats into execution.

There is great excitement among the Fenians concerning the recent sentence of death of the Fenians in Canada. The Roberts' Circle held a mass convention to-night to devise proper action on the subject.

THE CROPS OF THE YEAR.

Estimate of the Bureau of Agriculture.

The monthly report of Isaac Newton, Commissioner of Agriculture, says: "Returns of the local correspondent, up to the first of October, verify in all essential particulars the statements respecting the crops contained in the previous monthly exhibit.

"The condition of corn has suffered some deterioration from early frosts and excessive rains, but crops are larger than the largest ever previously chronicled in the country.

"In the production of wheat, next to corn, on the most important cereals, our agricultural population has been unfortunate for the present year now nearly completed. The yield will not vary much from 148,000,000 bushels, showing a small percentage of decrease, which is fully compensated by the comparatively superior quality of the grain. There are 1,000,000 bushels more than the crop of 1859, and is within 5,000,000 of a product in proportion to the increased population. The diminution is more apparent. The estimates point to 17,000,000 bushels in the eleven States heretofore unrepresented, a fraction less than five-tenths of the crop of 1859. It is worthy of remark in connection with the diminution of the three past seasons, that the wheat crop of England has been likewise deficient since 1864. The California wheat crop, of which little note has been publicly made in connection with the present crop, is excessive. In 1860 the product of this young State was nearly 6,000,000 bushels; now it is claimed by leading agriculturalists that the surplus for export will nearly double that quantity."

In 1859 there were five and a half bushels to each individual. In 1866 the estimates point to five bushels to each inhabitant.

The yield of oats is extraordinary, and the quality excellent. The indications point to an increase from 174,492,072 bushels in 1859, to 271,912,695 bushels in 1866. It is the only crop in the South that maintains an equality with its last census exhibit.

Hay is less in quantity than in the previous year by from one-tenth to two-tenths, but is better in quality.

An analysis of the Southern returns up to October 1st do not warrant a reduction of the former cotton estimate much below one and three-fourths millions of bales, though it is too early for final estimates. Increasing severity of damages from insects is reported.

John Brown's Tract.

Many of those who are familiar with the extensive tract of wild country in the northern part of New York, known as John Brown's Tract, have the name erroniously associated with the leader of the Virginia insurrection, who once resided and was buried there; but it came from an entirely different source. In the year 1796, John Brown, a rich merchant of Providence, R. I., purchased at a mortgage sale a tract of 210,000 acres, divided into eight townships, and extending across Herkimer county, and into Hamilton on the east, and Lewis on the west. The mortgage was held by Philip Livingston, and among others, Aaron Burr and John Julius Augustine, a London merchant, were interested in the tract anterior to the date of the same. John Brown named his townships Industry, Enterprise, Perseverance, Unanimity, Frugality, Sobriety, Economy, and Regularity, all of which are doubtless practiced by those who visit these regions, especially the sixth. He made some extensive efforts to settle this tract, all of which proved ineffectual. After his decease the tract remained in the possession of his family until within a few years, when it was sold to Robert R. Lyon, who contracted it to the Sackett's Harbor and Railroad Company. From this his name has been applied to and become the generic term of the whole wilderness region, although his tract properly comprises but a very small portion of it. Many call this region the North Woods, but no term is so generally used as John Brown's Tract. It comprises more or less of nine counties of the State, viz: Hamilton, Herkimer, Lewis, St. Lawrence, Franklin, Clinton, Essex, Warren and Saratoga.

Redemption of the Temporary Loan.

The New York *Tribune*, of the 25th, speaking of the cessation of interest on the remainder of the temporary loan, and its probable redemption, says: "Nothing is more probable than a sale of gold, if the department intends to continue the purchase of 7.30's and compound notes. The balance in the sub-treasury here is large—$101,339,000—but it is not in the form of currency. To-day, Oct. 25, interest ceases on the last half of the clearing-house certificates—$12,500,000—which will leave at the command of the city banks $25,000,000, payable in legal tender by the treasury. This, if called for, would reduce the balance to $76,000,000. As the gold deposits at this port are largely above this amount, it is evident that the department is not in a condition to come to the aid of the money market by selling free, through the purchase of bonds, a large amount of currency, as it has steadily been doing for some time; but, on the other hand, may be obliged to sell gold to obtain currency to pay the banks. The department has to be sure a reserve of $50,000,000 it could use to pay the clearing-house certificates, but it would hardly resort to it with a surplus of gold above the November interest of above $70,000,000 lying unproductive. The payment of the November coupons next week promises to be a disturbing element in the money market, calling, as it will, for a large increase of bank credits to move it."

Political Notices.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
CHARLES McILRATH.
FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
SHERWOOD HOUGH.
FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS,
FIRST DISTRICT,
WILLIAM WINDOM.
SECOND DISTRICT,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

For State Senate,
GEN. S. P. JENNISON.
For House of Representatives,
CAPT. C. K. DAVIS,
G. G. GRISWOLD.
JOHN M. KELLER,
For Judge of Probate,
R. F. CROWELL.
For County Auditor,
GEORGE SCOTTEN,
For Court Commissioner,
HUGO PETZOLD.
For County Commissioner—Second Ward,
TIMOTHY DELANEY.

Gen. James H. Baker will speak as follows:

Wabashaw, Thursday, Nov. 1.
Winona, Saturday, Nov. 3.
St. Paul, Monday, Nov. 5.

Gen. C. C. Andrews and I. V. D. Heard, Esq., will speak as follows:

Alexandria, Friday, Nov. 2.
Sauk Centre, Saturday, Nov. 3.
St. Cloud, Monday, Nov. 5.

Mr. Donnelly's Appointments.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly will address his constituents on the issues of the day at the times and places below designated:

St. Paul, Saturday, Nov. 3d.
Hastings, Monday, Nov. 5th.

Hon. I. Donnelly and Hon. H. L. Gordon will speak as follows;

Minneapolis, Thursday, Nov. 1st.
St. Anthony, Friday, Nov. 2d.

Senator Ramsey and ex-Governor Miller will speak at the following times and places.

St. Cloud, Thursday, November 1st.
Maine Prairie, Friday, November 2d.

Lieut. Gov. Armstrong and Col. O. P. Stearns will speak as follows:

Lakeville, Thursday, Nov. 1st.
T. M. METCALF,
Ch'n Congressional District Committee.

Mr. Windom's Appointments.

Hon. Wm. Windom, Union candidate for Congress, will speak as follows, viz:

Houston, Thursday, Nov. 1st.

Special Notices.

JAMES CARTIER, a bold French mariner, as early as 1535, sailed along the northern coast of North America, and was the first among discoverers to enter the river St. Lawrence. On his return down the river he found his men sadly afflicted and disabled by what sailors call *the scurvy*. Its ravages were fatal, and the survivors were scarcely able to bury the dead. Some of the Indians along the shore were likewise attacked by the same disease, but Cartier observed that they soon recovered. He therefore earnestly inquired about their mode of treatment, and they pointed out to him a tree, the bark and leaves of which they used in decoction, with signal success. Cartier tried the same remedy and had the gratification of seeing all of his crew who were afflicted, rapidly improving. *This tree was the White Pine.*

A wash — no barks steeped in water, is exceedingly useful in reducing inflammation and cleansing old sores. In fine, the virtues of White Pine Bark are known everywhere, and this, doubtless, is one of the grand reasons why the *White Pine Compound* was so favorably received at first.

The past year has given a great opportunity to test the virtues of the *White Pine Compound*. It has been an unusual time for colds and coughs, and very large quantities of the *White Pine Compound* have been sold and used with the happiest effects. It speaks well for the Medicine, that people living where it is prepared speak high of its virtues.

sep26d1wcowly

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been fully cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send a recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it FREE OF CHARGE.

Please enclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy25-3m

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

Soothing Syrup,

For Children Teething,

Which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammations, will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and *relief and health to your infants*. We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and CAN SAY IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A SINGLE INSTANCE TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know of an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after 30 years' experience; AND PLACE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the World. Price Only 25 Cents per Bottle.
my2-d&wcow

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE for Wrapping, for sale at this office.

Special Notices.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich Southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage unite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers at $1.00 in large bottles, and by DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of imposters. Examine every bottle See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork, with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. Any person a pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon, or in bulk, is an imposter. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under U. S. law, and will be prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.
Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the pole-evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprins, swellings, are so common and certain to occur

City Advertisements.

FIRE WARDEN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be fined for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden.

R. A. KEMP, Secretary.
oct25-1d

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, An election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding elections in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers, as follows, to wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

A Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of one year.

three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A Court Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 23d, 1866.

In chapter 1, section 5, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election, on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said list. oct23-15t

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul Bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 18 6. oct21-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisances existing within the city will by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of entering nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

L. P. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. jel4-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis	6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna	10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna	11.45 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4.05 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION,

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad.

Leave Owatonna	6.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis	2.30 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna	9.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis	12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be run direct between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommd'n,

Via M. C. and M. V. R. R.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Minneapolis	9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul	10.15 A. M.
"	3.00 P. M.	"	4.00 P. M.
"	5.30 P. M.	"	6.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul	8.30 A. M.	Minneapolis	9.15 A. M.
"	12.10 P. M.	"	12.55 P. M.
"	4.45 P. M.	"	5.30 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Tickets, 30 cents, and with St. Paul Omnibus ticket, 70 cents. Tickets for these Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co.'s R. W. Express office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets for Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WOOD, Agent M. V. R. R., at Depot in West St. Paul.

D. C. SHEPARD,
General Superintendent M. C. Railway.

October 1, 1866. oc6

FIRST DIVISION

St. Paul and Pacific

RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00	A. M.	2.00	P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.45	"	2.45	"
" Manomin	9.10	"	3.15	"
" Anoka	9.40	"	4.00	"
" Itasca	10.05	"	4.23	"
" Elk River	10.30	"	4.43	"
" Big Lake	11.00	"	5.20	"
" Clear Lake	11.45	"	6.15	"
Arriv St. Cloud	12.15	"	6.55	"

GOING EAST.

Leaves St. Cloud	6.50	A. M.	1.30	P. M.
" Clear Lake	7.30	"	2.00	"
" Big Lake	8.05	"	2.45	"
" Elk River	9.00	"	3.15	"
" Itasca	9.30	"	3.35	"
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00	"
" Manomin	10.30	"	4.35	"
" St. Anthony	11.05	"	5.00	"
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45	"	5.35	"

Minneapolis & St. Anth'ny Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.

8.45 A. M. 11.05 A. M. 2.30 P. M. 5.05 P. M.

LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.

8.00 A. M. 10.00 A. M. 2.50 P. M. 4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it it will be carried over the road, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. ☞The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect

☞The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri-weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri-weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

F. R. DELANO, Supt.
sep15

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH.

VIA

Winona & St. Peter R. R.

Connecting with the

Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going East leaves Kasson at 6 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 5:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS,
Superintendent.

March 1 1866. mch1

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton

FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hand a quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul.

EATON & CLEVELAND,

Office Brown's Block, Third-st.

ap23

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations.* Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailors Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call. Special advantages offered to all *cash men.* We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,
372 and 374 East Water street,
Milwaukee.
mar25-d&w1y

NEW FIRM.

I have this dy associated with me in the

DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

GEN. R. L. McLAREN,

Late of Red Wing, Minnesota. We shall here after conduct business under the firm name of

TAYLOR & McLAREN.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,
218 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

St. Paul, October 15, 1866.

H. KNOX TAYLOR, R. N. McLAREN

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS

LOW PRICES!

Taylor & McLaren.

AT THE OLD STAND OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

Have on hand a large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they offer at the

LOWEST RATES

To the old customers of the house and to the numerous friends of the new partner. Our motto will be

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

☞We shall continue to receive and keep on hand the LATEST STYLES OF GOODS. Call and examine for yourselves.

TAYLOR & McLAREN,

218 Third-st., St. Paul.

oct20

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

ap20

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 139 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

CLOTHING!

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS JUST OPENED!

Jackson street, one door above Moffat's Castle.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Also, Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

☞Special attention given to CUSTOM WORK. Mr. Metzger, an experienced cutter, is employed. Give us a call.

LAUFERTY & CO.
St. Paul, October 22, 1866. oct3-sodtm

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR,

And Western and Southern produce generally.

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST. LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filling all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. | JONES, M'DOWALL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. | J. R. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandize promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.
mch31-1y

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. jy7-wdm

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS

AND

LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch31-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Fabafeus, and 10 street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions,

Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding,

Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale,

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.
St. Paul, June 1, 1866. jy26

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is new out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Cold beste springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

jy1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADEIRA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMACA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.

nov19-1y

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establishment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are prepared to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuation of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN.

126 Third street, one door below Shaw's Hat Store St. Paul Minn. ly3-dm

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!

IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS,

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West.

☞PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

500 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,

No. 107 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

ap21

TEMPUS FUGIT.

NATHAN SPICER,

Horologist, or Watchmaker,

SEVENTH STREET, ST. PAUL,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of St. Paul that by his superior skill and long practice he is fully competent to give satisfaction in every branch of his profession. All Watches or Timepieces warranted according to quality.

N. B.—Work for the Trade and all Ministers of the Gospel half price. oc 3-eod-3t

E. C. LAMBERT,

City Justice,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace

For the City of St. Paul and County of Ramsey,

Conveyancer, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and other States.

Office—CITY HALL. oct6 3m

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under,

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40.

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

AND

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

ap12

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS & LADIES' SMALL WEAR.

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

oct10

AMERICAN

LEAD PENCIL COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Factory, Hudson City, N. J.

This Company is now fully prepared to furnish

LEAD PENCILS,

Equal in Quality to the Best Brands.

The Company has taken great care and interested a large capital in fitting up their factory, and now ask the AMERICAN PUBLIC to give their pencils a fair trial.

All styles and grades are manufactured. Great care has been bestowed to the manufacturing of superior HEXAGON DRAWING PENCILS, specially prepared for the use of Engineers, Architects, Artists, &c.

A complete assortment constantly on hand, is offered at fair terms to the trade at their Wholesale Salesroom,

34 JOHN STREET, New York.

The pencils are to be had at all the principal Stationers and Notion Dealers.

TRADE MARK.

☞Ask for the American Lead Pencil.

oct6 eod-6m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses,

BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. sep30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his **BOOT AND SHOE STORE** from Bridge Square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new store house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. This is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores in the city. sep12 1y

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, &c., printed in the best style at the Daily Press Steam Job Printing Office

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9 6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House.

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 48 and 50 Wabash Av., *Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago.*

☞Particular attention paid to orders. jan26-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS IN

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM,
W. P. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material and warrant our work. Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and wagon material purchased from first hands, enables us to sell at less than Chicago prices. WIGGINS & GRANT,

aug21 Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150	grass Rye Colors,
50	" Gargling Oil,
10	" Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10	" " Cod Liver Oil,
25	" Condition Powders,
40	" Winslow's Syrup,
25	" Brown's Troches,
10	" Kennedy's Discovery,
25	" Flavoring Extracts,
25	" Benzine, assorted,
10	" White Pine Compound
200	Cases Bitters, assorted,
500	lbs Tilden's Fluid Extracts,
110	boxes Extract Logwood,
250	lbs Cudbear,
10	bbls Chip Logwood,
100	ounces Strychnine,
300	lbs. Cal Licorice,
100	lbs Tartaric Acid,
850	lbs Window Glass and Glassware
45	bbls Machine Oils,
650	Gallons Varnish—all kinds,
150	dos Paint Brushes,

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY!

CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,

Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches,

Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist which can be occupied *at any time,* on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 11th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning train, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D. Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul. For farther information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞Established November 14th, 1864.

oct-1m

CARRIAGE FACTORY

AND

REPOSITORY.

We desire to call the attention of all parties using

Buggies & Light Road Wagons

To our very superior stock of CARRIAGES OF OUR OWN MAKE.

We have large & increased our facilities, have on hand and are in constant receipt of

A No. 1 Material,

Including the finest

Second Growth Hickory Wheels,

Ives' Steel Converted Axles, etc.,

From the best Eastern markets; are EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING, and in the particular wants of our citizens; employ the most skilful workmen, and think with these requisites we cannot fail to please you. We manufacture exclusively for home market and warrant all our carriages to be UNEXCELLED IN QUALITY—for styles call and see for yourselves. Our work is giving universal satisfaction as far as we know. We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and will not cease in our endeavors to merit the same.

CUTTERS, several styles, a fine lot on hand. Please give us your orders.

Stone Factory & Repository

ON ROBERT STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth east side.

Quinby & Hallowell.

H. M. CAVENDER, J. C. CUSEY, E. M. HALLOWELL.

oct2-3m

HENRY HILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate Agent, Glencoe, McLeod county, Minnesota. sept-1y

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs,

Including the finest Amber and Sugar Drips. For sale low by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

oct12

A. H. WILDER, CHANNING SEABURY.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall sell to suit low assay.

We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business. apr18-tf

NEW FIRM.

S. E. PUTNAM, ADOLPH PAAR,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce,

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul.

October 1, 1866. oct1-tf

MEDICINAL

Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson-sts., St. Paul,

Who refers by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them. aug16

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON

AND

SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Weston's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar. WM. BECHTLER,

oct13 Proprietor.

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Book and Job Printers, Bookbinders, Paper dealers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3 JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in Store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in the market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1865.

THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., Without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure in any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, MINN. oct,1y

INTERNATIONAL

DRUG STORE!

Remodelled, Refitted & Restocked.

A splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated SHEREA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEY & CHANFRAU,
Proprietors, International Hotel Building,
Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

ja 1-y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

In the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep20

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$350,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

feb3-1y

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000	Kegs Juniata Nails,
500	Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000	Pounds Cable and Log Chains
500	Boxes Axes,
5,000	Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000	Pounds Iron Wedges,
200	Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100	Dozen Shovels and Spades,
200	Dozen Axe Helves,
500	Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
500	Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100	Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000	Pounds Sheet Zinc,
5,000	Pounds Copper and Metal Pig,
100	Bundles bright Iron Wire,
50	Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000	Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000	Pounds Block Tin,
500	Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500	Cast Iron Tea Kettles,
1100	Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000	Set Hollow Ware.
200	Set Tops and Bosses for Parlor Stoves,
1,000	Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season. JOHN CURTIS,

St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep8-tf

LEONARD & SHERIFF, Builders.

Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHERIFF & BRO. Architects.

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheriff's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for buildings of every description prepared on short notice. 1y17

JAMES J. HILL,

Gernecal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug8

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE

CINCINNATI.

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Long worth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling,

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

5dec-6m

Patent Medicines, &c.

DR. WINCHELL'S

Teething Syrup

The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for the many troublesome complaints arising in children while TEETHING.

It will cure Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker Sore Mouth, Pain in the Gums, Restlessness, Griping Pains in Stomach, or Bowels, Wakefulness and any uneasiness occasioned during the critical period of TEETHING in CHILDREN. It is also an infallible remedy for Sore Throat or Diphtheria in its early stages. It is composed of ingredients that are perfectly harmless in their effects, while at the same time it is not only soothing and pleasant to take, but SURE TO CURE, relieving all pain and giving rest and health to the Mother and Child. The lives of over 100,000 children are saved annually by using this Syrup.

The price is within the reach of all. Do not let your babies suffer for the want of the Teething Syrup. It makes the children sing:

Tweedle deedle dumpling, my son John,
He went to bed with his stockings on,
One shoe off and one shoe on,
Deedle deedle dumpling, my son John.

CHORUS—Dr. Winchell is no blow,
His Teething Syrup 'll the go.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

HILERT & SNYDE, Proprietors.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

thurs-eow-dawtm

DR. BIGELOW

Is the only Physician, as a Specialty, now in Chicago that can be entirely relied upon. Go to him, and not suffer the horrible Chrrge to remain in your system, destroying your face and body, besides destroying your happiness and future prospects of life. He has made PRIVATE DISEASES AND NERVOUS DEBILITY his study for the past twenty years, and his thereforre the person whom all afflicted should consult. No one ever heard of a patient of his not being cured since he has been in this city. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being the most skilled specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. If all others fail, don't despair, give him a call. It is only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

TONIC MIXTURE, OR PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Doctor Bigelow devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which ruins both body and mind, shutting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effects of these early habits, if the excess of riper years, is to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as by Dr. B.'s by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultations free and confidential. Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 154 Chicago. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge.

N. B.—Ladies, send for a descriptive circular of Preparte Remedie, the best preventive of conception known. Sent to any address free of charge. apr16-1y

PROBATE BLANKS

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY,

To supply a deficiency long existing, have printed and ready for sale the following Blanks for use in Probate Court:

LETTER

DAILY PRESS.

THE SAINT PAUL PRESS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

THE CITY.

DANGEROUS ASSAULT.

One Irishman Kicks Another, Perhaps Fatally.

A fight took place between two Irishmen on Tuesday evening near the corner of Fourth and Sibley streets, which will probably result in the death of one of the parties. A partial examination of the case took place at the Police Court yesterday, and Clement Seymour, who was the only witness examined, testified to the effect that Mike Conroy, with others, entered the saloon of Thomas Kearney, and took a drink; that an old quarrel seemed to exist between Conroy and Kearney; that the latter ordered Conroy out of his saloon; Conroy refused to go; high words passed and blows followed. They then had "a rough fight;" Conroy knocked Kearney down; struck him and kicked him.

Kearney was left senseless and Conroy went home. Drs. Smith and Vervais were called to attend Kearney, who pronounce his injuries dangerous, and likely to prove fatal, as he was severely kicked in the stomach, producing internal wounds of a character which places him in a very critical condition.

Officer Galvin arrested Conroy, who has been committed to await the result of Kearney's injuries.

Obituary.—The entire fraternity of printers in the city and State will be shocked to learn this morning of the death of Mr. Joseph M. Dugan, which occurred in Minneapolis yesterday afternoon, in consequence of wounds received in an affray with the negro Thorn on Monday. Mr. Dugan has been a resident of St. Paul for over ten years, having been employed for the most of the time in the office of the *Pioneer*, and for the last few years was foreman of that office. As a printer he enjoyed the confidence and good will of the craft, having been President of the St. Paul Typographical Society while the Society was in existence; as a neighbor, companion and friend he was universally esteemed by a large circle of acquaintances, and as a Christian his loss will be deeply lamented by his brethren of the Baptist Church of this city. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn an overwhelming bereavement.

Register Your Names. — The City Council at its last meeting ordered the Judges of Election in the different Wards to announce through the columns of the PRESS, the times and places when and where they will attend to the registration of voters and the correction of poll lists. Notices to that effect will be found in this department of the paper, and it is to be hoped the publicity which has thus been given to this matter will induce every legal voter to have his name registered on the poll lists of his Ward. The places for opening the polls have been changed in several Wards, and it may be well enough for this fact also to be borne in mind. The polls have been established as follows:

Wards.	Places of holding election.
1	Minnehaha Engine House.
2	Cours House.
3	City Hall.
4	Snelling House.
5	Washington School House.

A Bear.—Mr. Henry Lamb was the recipient yesterday of a splendid fat black bear, weighing about two hundred and fifty pounds, which was lately killed in the vicinity of Saint Cloud. Col. Shaw of the Merchant's Hotel, seized on one half of the oily carcass of Bruin, and one of the Steward's of the Packet Company took the other. Bear steaks, roasts and hair oil will be plenty this winter, as bears are numerous and the facilities for getting them to this market are better than ever before.

Too Much.—The City Council have, it is feared, laid out a little too much work for the Street Commissioner, and from present appearances, some of it must go over till spring. Mr. Dowlin has performed a prodigious amount of labor during the summer, and his good works can be seen on every hand, but the lateness of the season will no doubt prevent him from carrying out all the plans of the liberal minded and public-spirited Aldermen.

The Wrong Place.—The individual whose duty it is to post up the list of registered voters in the Second Ward seemed not to be familiar with the boundary lines between the Aldermanic bailiwicks, and posted up one of his lists in the Third Ward. He has probably rectified the mistake by this time.

The WEEKLY PRESS for the current week is issued this morning. It is an unusually excellent number, and a few copies can be had by application at the counting room.

War of Races.—Quite a riot took place at La Crosse a day or two ago between the African and Irish employees of the Packet Company. The citizens of that place are getting indignant at the frequency of such encounters.

THE BEST CHANCE.—The very best chance that has been offered to purchasers of clothing for many a day, is now offered by Mr. W. H. Temple, the well known clothing dealer on Third street, above Minnesota, as can be seen by his card on the first page. Mr. Temple is a gentleman of his word, and what he says may be depended upon. His clothing is not only the very best to be found in St. Paul, but is at the same time the cheapest. This is a fact which those interested will please make a note of, as they can be assured that they will be satisfactorily dealt with by buying what they want of Mr. Temple.

THE "EQUITABLE'S SECOND WAY OF APPLYING DIVIDENDS.—Referring to the extraordinary additions to Policies as shown in my advertisement in another column, it is proper to state that this addition does not cease after five years, but that the dividends made before the end of that time, will undoubtedly, in the unprecedented growth of the Company, and by its *equitable* manner of dividing all its profits among its assured, *more* than replace the one then exhausted, and thus, by continual renewals, what seems to be temporary, will last as long as the policy itself.

The same remark applies to the "Equitable's" way of using dividends to *reduce the amount of premiums paid* so rapidly as shown by advertisement.

H. M. KNOX,
Gen'l Ag't Equitable Life.

Election Notices.

FIRST WARD POLLS.—The place of holding the election in the First Ward this year is at Minne-ha-ha Engine House, Jackson street. The Election Board will be in attendance on Saturday, Nov. 2d, and Monday, Nov. 5th, between the hours of eleven o'clock, A. M., and two P. M., on each day, to make corrections of the poll list, and add the names of voters thereto.

THE Judges of Election of the Third Ward will meet to correct the poll list on Friday evening from 7 to 9, on Saturday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Monday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

S. K. PUTNAM,
GEO. C. MOTT,
GEO. H. EDGERTON,
Judges.
nov1-3t

FOURTH WARD.—The Judges of Election will meet at the SNELLING HOUSE on Saturday and Monday, the 3d and 5th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M., for the registry of voters. The election will be held at the Snelling House.

WM. DAWSON,
GEO. W. MOORE.
nov1-4t.

FIFTH WARD.—The Judges of Election for the Fifth Ward organized yesterday as required by law, for correcting the poll list; but the Washington school house being occupied with the schools, the Board adjourned over to meet there Saturday morning at ten o'clock,

MOORE'S MINNESOTA FUR STORE, Concert Hall block, Third street, near the Post Office, has opened his fall stock of ladies and childrens' furs, to which he invites special attention. This is one of the largest and best managed stores in that line of business in the city, and it is well worthy of the extensive patronage it is receiving. nov1-1w

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS

Chippewa Falls, Carver.
Enterprise, Prescott.
Stella, Prescott.
G. H. Gray, Mendota.
Julia, La Crosse.

DEPARTED.

Jennie Baldwin, La Crosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.
Julia, La Crosse.
G. H. Gray, Mendota.
Enterprise, Prescott.
Stella, Prescott.

BOATS LEAVING TO DAY.

For Dunleith—Damsel, at 11 A. M.

Local Notices.

FURS.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the real Russian Ermin, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sets, the best in the market, at low prices His buiness embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State. oct1 lm

SWAN'S DOWN TRIMMING for Opera Cloaks, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store, near the Post Office.

FURS.—For fine sets of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West, and at prices for the quality LOWER than can be had at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep29-3m

HUDSON BAY MINK SETS, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

MINNESOTA VIEWS.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest assortment in the city*, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Art Gallery, 264 Third street. m3tf

HUDSON BAY SABLE SETS, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

YAWTER, ROSE & ETTER, Agents.
oct9-1m

ROYAL ERMINE SETS, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

JUST received a fresh supply of Carwell & Mack's preparations consisting of Lotus Balm, Elixer of Calayaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

NATURAL AND DYED MUSK RAT SETS, cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

JUNIPER TAR SOAP cures chapped hands, salt rheum, pimples and all cutaneous affections, rendering the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists.
thurs&fri-oct5-1y

GENTS' AND BOYS' OTTER AND BEAVER CAPS AND GLOVES, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

GO TO WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes Beriumery, Toilet Soap, Poumades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

WOLF AND BUFFALO ROBES, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

IMPORTAN TO TRAVELERS.—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time, trouble and expense by calling at the General Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any point they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening. I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, if. Agent.

FURS, Good and Cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.—H. C. Chandler & Co., of Indianapolis, will issue on the 1st of January, a Railroad and Business Directory, which will be invaluable to Western business men, and especially to Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and intermediate cities, and to all interested in railroad matters. Mr. C. D. Reeves is the general agent for Minnesota, who will commence at once to canvass for subscribers and advertisers. The circulation of the work will be immense; the terms of advertising will be reasonable, and no shrewd business man will neglect to avail himself of its advantage. We commend Mr. Reeves to our citizens: dtf&wlt

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street.

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile Instrument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4.00. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New York. oct3-3m

THE OPINION OF AN OFFICER IN THE ARMY.—At inspection I noticed that a large proportion of the men's knapsack contained a box of troches, being generally used by them for colds, etc. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES should be used upon the first appearance of a cold or cough, which by neglect may terminate in some incurable lung disease. oct&wly

PASSENGERS GOING EAST

Will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 8.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the River. THOMAS BELL,
General Superintendent, Detroit.
W. W. WILSON,
my10-6m Passenger Agent, Milwaukee

MINNE-HA-HA and other views of Minnesota Scenery.

WHITNEY is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a ful assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps for his retail trade—174—Third Street—174.

FLYNN & LYNCH, boot and shoe dealers, 180 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

TURKISH Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clock's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.
H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug28,d&w8m

JUST opened at R. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 211 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Bath Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo ditto; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Emaill de Paris &c., &c.

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM C. H. KELLEY.

ITASCA, Minn., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. Grant, Esq., St. Paul:

DEAR SIR: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 88 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Where pipe enters the chimney.
8.50 o'clock.....	82 deg.	97 deg.	162 deg.
9.15 "	78 "	90 "	95 "
9.30 " damp'd'd	76 "	88 "	115 "
9.55 " " clos'd	76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00 "	74 "	96 "	88 "

*Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock.....	82 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	82 "	94 "	80 "
2. "	stir'd fire 88 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 "	wood all coals 96"	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,
O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

St. Paul.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Uline, D. C. Shepard, Parker Paine, Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, J. E. Fiser, E. H. Biggs, William Branch, C. H. Schurmeier, Bohrer, Morrisson & Reeves, Chas. Coulter, A. H. Rose, Hotel Co. Chamblin, Lyman Dayton, J. B. Tascott, F. Ely & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Hart, Pioneer Printing Co., Geo. Finch, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gilman, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce H. Beecher, F. R. Delano, Hiram Stillwell, Chas. Trowbridge, James Davis, A. M. Hamm, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo. Pulford, Capt. Judd West.

FAIRBAULT.—R. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

SHAKOPEE.—D. L. Howe & Co.

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TWATONNA.—D. Higbie.

HUDSON.—L. North.

ITASCA.—O. H. Kelley.

LAKE CRYSTAL HOUSE.—William Perkins.

TAYLOR'S FALLS.—T. E. Lacy.

AFTON.—S. J. Olds.

HENNEPIN.—Atkinson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oc16-tf

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OF ALL MUSIC BOOKS FOR the young "MERRY CHIMES" is unrivalled. Already admitted to be the best. This new book of Mr. O. Emery's will be ready next week, a side altogether unprecedented—and though his previous work, "THE GOLDEN WREATH," reached *the three hundredth edition of one thousand copies each*, present appearances indicate that the "Merry Chimes" will go beyond it. The Klem-mimry Department contains just those peculiar elements that attract and retain the attention of children. The songs are not old and time worn—sung through a dozen books—but good singing, adapted to all occasions and alive with the spirit of the times. Price 50 cents a copy—$5.00 a dozen. Specimen pages on application.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
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THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE SEASON is the largest and best selected stock of

Men's, Boys', Youths' & Children's

CLOTHING,

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Particular attention given to

Merchant Tailoring.

J. NEWMAN

Offers the above articles lower than any house in this State can or will sell, either Wholesale or Retail. Come one, come all, and satisfy yourself that it is the only place to buy your Clothing. oct30-3m J. NEWMAN

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—PROBATE COURT.

Special Term—October 18th, 1866.

In the matter of the guardianship of Cornelius Toomey and John Toomey, minors.

On reading and filing the petition of Catharine Toomey, guardian of said minors, representing, among other things, that said minors are seized of certain real estate, that it is necessary to sell the same, and praying for license to sell the same:

It is ordered that Friday, the 30th day of November, 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the next of kin of said minors, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

R. F. CROWELL,
thurs-oct18-5t Judge of Probate.

LAKE COMO HOUSE

DAVIS & CHEEVER

Having purchased the fine and commodious Brick building at Lake Como, and having entirely refitted and refurnished it, have now opened it as a

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The previous well known experience of the proprietors enables them to offer every inducement to their patrons, and will warrant satisfaction in every particular to

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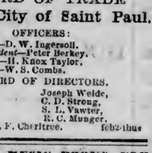

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A large and most complete stock of the latest styles of Hoop Skirts and Corsets constantly on hand. Merchants supplied at New York prices. Skirts repaired and made as good as new. Goods warranted for three months. Please call and examine.

N. B.—Orders from the country promptly attended to. Post Office Box 1,748. No. 130 Third street, St. Paul. sp13-3tiply

THE COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

We are prepared and have facilities for filling all orders from the country at the very lowest market price for goods of any description and to any amount, and will guarantee satisfaction in all cases. We respectfully solicit the orders of country merchants. PARHAM, & SMITH, Purchasing Agents, 128 and 130 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill. oct6 2w

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter.

Oct. 31—4 P.M.

DEATH OF MR. DUGAN.—Mr. Dugan, who was stabbed last Monday by the negro Thorne, died this afternoon at 5 o'clock. His system was unable to rally after the loss of so much blood, and he failed gradually until life became extinct.

SPORTING.—Mr. Groesbeck, of Rochester, enters his challenge in this morning's PRESS, and puts his stallion "Star of the West" against any trotting horse in the State for $500 to $1,000, to go on the Rochester track, mile heats, three in five, before the ground freezes, on ten days notice. Now it is well known that the fastest horses in the State are in Minneapolis stables, and it is not a month since Mr. Groesbeck was here looking around. We understand that he would have challenged Mr. Eustis' "Mac," had he received the slightest intimation that a match might be made between the horses. The trotting park here would then have been designated as the course for the match; but now the half mile track at Rochester, where the "Star" has been practicing all summer and fall, is named in the challenge. They are mean tracks, those half mile ones, and a horse must be well trained to them before he overcomes their disadvantages. However, there is the challenge. Mr. Deshon's Molly is convalescent, but unfit for racing duty; Mac is in condition, and so is the Churchill horse. The Rochestrr horse is no slouch. He can pick up his feet and put them down again lively enough to tax the "critters', hereabouts somewhat; and more than that, he is an honest, intelligent animal, made his 2:51 at the State fair, without urging. There is the challenge. Does any one accept it?

HELD FOR TRIAL.—Elijah Thorne, the negro boy who wounded Mr. Dugan last Monday, was to-day brought up for preliminary examination before Justice Williams, and after the evidence in the matter was taken, was ordered by the Justice to give bail in the sum of $300, to await the action of the grand jury. Elijah not being able to do this was committed to prison. We consider this case the natural consequence of that unwise and ridiculous decision of the jury who last summer justified an assault with a pocket knife which caused the death of the negro Dan. This kicking and cuffing business is quite as reprehensible as drawing jack knives, and one must be stopped as well as the other.

THAT CARTWAY.—Tax-payers will be delighted to hear that the Board of Supervisors have denied Mr. Butt's petition to open a cartway to accommodate his old horse and cart, across Mr. Clark's land. It is only when the *public* will be benefitted, that private interests must suffer, and not that one man must be accommodated at the expense of his neighbor.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The rooms in the Athenæum building are all let.

PERSONAL.—G. W. McMullen of the Chicago *Republican*, is in town upon another tour of the West.

RELIGIOUS.—The Society of the First Baptist Church will worship in Harrison Hall for the future. Now that they in some measure control part of the building, we trust that the alarm bell will be taken from B. S. Bull's barn and put on the roof of Harrison Block, and rung regularly for service and for fire alarms. The Union Baptist Society are about enlarging their congregation.

THE TRAVELING SEASON. — Crowds of travelers still throng the railroads, and fill up the hotels. The brilliantly illuminated "Nicollet" bespeaks a full house. Indeed, with all, I notice with pleasure, the growing reputation of our new comers, the Messrs. Gilson Brothers, as hotel keepers. They are liberal gentlemen, and their hotel justly merits the name bestowed upon it by a well known tourist, to wit: "the traveler's joy."

CORRECTION.—I should have stated yesterday that Mr. Murphy was book-keeper at the State National Bank, instead of cashier.

THE REGISTRY.—One hundred and twenty new names were to day added to the registry list by the Commissioners at Harmonia hall. Three more days are left in which to register your names.

THE MEETING LAST EVENING.—Harrison hall was the scene of an enthusiastic meeting last evening. Mr. Baldwin and Dr. Keith both spoke upon the bond question, and both gentlemen fully indicated their course and position, and now it is clearly understood just how they stand on all matters. The audience was much amused at the way Dr. Foster was handled, and some ventured to suggest that he ought to be heard in defense of his former position on the same bond question.

T. G. BARNARD | J. P. BARNARD | W. H. H. SHURT

BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,

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LIBRARY,
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All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony free of charge.

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And at Factory, Main street,

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THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

MINNEAPOLIS.

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OF

NEW GOODS

For 1866.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR HATS & CAPS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BLANKETS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BOOT & SHOES AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR TRUNKS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR WINTER SHAWLS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR FLANNELS AND all your Woolens, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR SHIRTS AND Drawers, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY ALL YOUR GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE, as you are sure of getting them at the very lowest possible figures, as their motto is "quick sales and small profits." Mind the PEOPLE'S STORE.

sep12-4m-mo R. E. LUCAS.

LOST OR STOLEN.

A Certificate of Deposit, drawn by Dawson & Co., in favor of Timothy O'Connor, for the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars. All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase the same as payment thereof has been stopped.

oct30-3t* TIMOTHY O'CONNOR.

SIR MORTON PETO IN TROUBLE.

He is charged with Fraudulent Practices.

London (Oct. 12) Correspondent of the Liverpool Post.

The most startling event of the week is the report of the committee of bond-holders appointed to investigate the affair of the London, Chatham and Dover railway. I declare that I was struck all of a heap when I discovered what had been done by this company and remembered who did it. To enter into the details would be impossible, but take this fact: There are hundreds of persons who hold debentures of the company, bought as *bona fide*, real debentures, taking preference of stocks, original and preference, and, as I understand it, of all bonds. Well, these debentures were illegally issued, fraudulently issued —issued on the basis of a purely fictitious stock, and, as debentures, are worthless. They, in fact, stand in the position of holders of original stock, and what that is you know. The £100 stock is worth 17½ in the market, I see by the *Times* of to-day that the board attempted to shift the responsibility of this transaction on to the shoulders of Sir Morton Peto & Co. These debentures were to be applied to the retrieving of certain pledged debentures becoming due, and were entrusted to Sir Morton Peto & Co. for that purpose; but this firm, they say, applied them to another purpose, viz: to the payment of their own debts. Truly a pretty charge! Of course, Sir Morton Peto must satisfactorily answer this or he will be a ruined character forever. The break-up of the company—for such it appears to be—must naturally affect Sir Morton Peto. A committee of his creditors, appointed to investigate his affairs in July, reported that he had a million surplus; but if this surplus consisted of London, Chatham and Dover securities, it must be dwindled down considerable since then. It is said that Lord Sondes and Lord Harris, directors of the company, were entirely ignorant of these questionable transactions —and this was most likely so. Lords on boards of directors are generally considered as mere ornaments or decoy ducks. Lord Harris, it is said, positively wept when he came to know what had been done, but one can hardly pity him. If a man takes such a responsible position he ought to make himself master of his duties and perform them. Truth is, there are scores of lords and baronets and gentlemen now who get themselves made members of boards merely to get the pay for attending meetings. They have no interest in the concern—for a lord, if he will but join a directory, can always get his qualifications given him—and they take no active part in the management. Only the other day it came out at a meeting of the Gales Gunpowder company that there were two barocets on the directory who had never paid a penny for the shares which they held as qualifications. It is well that such men should discover, to their cost of reputation, if not of money, that they cannot act the part of decoy ducks to these questionable concerns without danger.

The Methodist Church in Minnesota.

Minutes of the Minnesota Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, held at Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 19-24, 1866. Twelfth Session. Press Printing Company, 1866.

This is the title of a neat pamphlet of about eighty pages, which has just been issued from this office. It has been published under the energetic supervision of Rev. C. G. Bowdish, to whom the members of his denomination are much indebted for the thorough efficiency, promptness and ability displayed in his discharge of this undertaking. For the information of members of the denomination, we would state that the entire edition is mailed and delivered at the Postoffice.

From a cursory review of this work we gather the following statistics of the Methodist organization in this State, which will undoubtedly be interesting to all of our readers.

MEMBERSHIP.

Number of members 7,434; number of probationers 1,308; local preachers 131; total membership 8,873.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Scholars 8,162; officers and teachers 1,418; total membership 9,580; number of schools 168; average attendance 6,264; number of volumes in libraries, 19,654; number of Bible classes 142; total expenses $3,184 23; number of conversions 314.

SALARIES.

Total amount of salaries $40,159; amount paid for parsonage rents $2,960; amount allowed for traveling expenses $1,030 65; total $44,149 65.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Minnesota Methodist Missionary Society, $3,586,78; Minnesota Church Extension Society $714,60; Centenary fund $502,10; Tract cause $30,40; Total, $4,833,88

The parent Society has appropriated to the Minnesota Conference, for the American work $5,500; for the Scandinavian work, $2,800; for Church Extension, $4,000. Total, $12,300,00.

These figures prove that the Methodist Episcopal denomination in this State, in numbers, activity and aggressiveness, is far ahead of all the other Protestant sects. We shall be happy at any time to publish the statistics of any other religious denominations within our boundaries, whenever the same are furnished. However we may differ on minor points, all will agree that the growth and prosperity of any denomination of the Christian Church will redound to the glory and happiness of our people.

Capt. Donaldson and the H. M. R. & R. R. Railroad.

The following letter has been sent to us, by Gen. Le Duc, for publication:

FARMINGTON, Dakota County, Minnesota, Oct. 27th, 1866.

Gen. William G. Le Duc, Hastings, Minn.:

DEAR SIR:—As the result of the County Convention is known to you, it is scarcely necessary for me to say, that I am before the people as a candidate for Representative. Contrary to my expectation (but according to your opinion) the H. M. R. & R. R. R. R. question is foremost in the minds of the people. Near the line which it runs, it is scarcely necessary for me to repeat what I have said on a former occasion to you: that I feel a deep interest in that railroad, and that every effort of mine, whether as a private citizen or a public servant, shall be for its welfare, and to secure its early completion.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
Your ob't serv't,
JAMES H. DONALDSON.

The Official Reports.

The Secretaries of the Departments are busy at work getting up their annual reports. The documents to accompany the Navy report are already in the hands of the public printer, and some of the other things are well under way. The law requires that all of them shall be in the hands of the printer thirty days before the meeting of Congress; but heretofore but little attention has been paid to this law, except by the Navy Department, which is always ready in time. The last volume of the diplomatic correspondence of last year has not yet been printed, consequently the messages and documents of last session have not yet been distributed. They will be worth just about their value as waste paper. The State Department is usually about a year behindhand in this as in other matters. A reform is badly needed in that department, and an infusion of energy and vigor in other respects would undoubtedly prove of advantage to the interests of the government.

DEATH OF MISS FANNIE SEWARD.—Miss Frances Seward, only daughter of Secretary Seward, died at the residence of her father, early Monday morning, at the age of twenty-two. She was called from Auburn to attend upon her father when he was taken sick at Harrisburg, on the return trip of the Presidential party. Soon after his recovery she herself was taken severely ill, and for several days past has been lying in a totally unconscious state, until Monday, when she recognized her father. The funeral service was to be held at St. John's church, on Wednesday afternoon, as Mr. Seward is too ill to go to Auburn.

NEWS SUMMARY.

WHY BUTLER FAVORS JUSTICE TO THE NEGRO.—At Detroit, on Saturday evening, Gen. Butler addressed a crowd of several thousand people in the Detroit & Milwaukee Railroad depot. He discussed the present status of the South, reviewed the constitutional amendments, and closed with an eloquent plea for impartial suffrage. His closing passage was magnificent in its eloquence. After describing the splendid charge of the black troops on the rebel works on New Market Heights on the 29th of September, 1864, he said: "When, a few moments thereafter, I, as commanding general, with my staff, rode, on that clear September day, over the plain and through the marsh, following the advance of the column, I found, as I carefully guided my horse hither and thither, lest he should tread upon the sacred bodies of the dead and dying, that in that pool of carnage lay 540 dead bodies of my colored soldiers, their faces upturned to Heaven, the sunlight streaming across them, as in mute appeal for justice to their race, in whose behalf they had laid down their lives; and I took an oath —issued on the basis of a purely fictitious stock, and, as debentures, are worthless. They, in fact, stand in the position of holders of original stock, and what that is you know. The £100 stock is worth 17½ in the market, I see by the *Times* of to-day that the board attempted to shift the responsibility of this transaction on to the shoulders of Sir Morton Peto & Co. These debentures were to be applied to the retrieving of certain pledged debentures becoming due, and were entrusted to Sir Morton Peto & Co. for that purpose; but this firm, they say, applied them to another purpose, viz: to the payment of their own debts. Truly a pretty charge! Of course, Sir Morton Peto must satisfactorily answer this or he will be a ruined character forever. The break-up of the company—for such it appears to be—must naturally affect Sir Morton Peto. A committee of his creditors, appointed to investigate his affairs in July, reported that he had a million surplus; but if this surplus consisted of London, Chatham and Dover securities, it must be dwindled down considerable since then. It is said that Lord Sondes and Lord Harris, directors of the company, were entirely ignorant of these questionable transactions —and this was most likely so. Lords on boards of directors are generally considered as mere ornaments or decoy ducks. Lord Harris, it is said, positively wept when he came to know what had been done, but one can hardly pity him. If a man takes such a responsible position he ought to make himself master of his duties and perform them. Truth is, there are scores of lords and baronets and gentlemen now who get themselves made members of boards merely to get the pay for attending meetings. They have no interest in the concern—for a lord, if he will but join a directory, can always get his qualifications given him—and they take no active part in the management. Only the other day it came out at a meeting of the Gales Gunpowder company that there were two baronets on the directory who had never paid a penny for the shares which they held as qualifications. It is well that such men should discover, to their cost of reputation, if not of money, that they cannot act the part of decoy ducks to these questionable concerns without danger.

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FARMINGTON, Dakota County, Minnesota, Oct. 27th, 1866.

Gen. William G. Le Duc, Hastings, Minn.:

D

SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 2, 1866.

THE GREAT NEED OF THE HOUR.

The election is close upon us and we regret to say that, as far as we can learn, there is an alarming want of preparation for it in this county and generally throughout the State.

As an aggregation of individuals the Republican party of this State presents as fine a mass of materials, as large an assemblage of individual intelligence, of earnestness, of enthusiasm, as in any State of the Union—but on the vital point upon which its aggressive efficiency depends, in point of organization, it is a mere mob, and as unwieldy and unreliable as a mob. Generally speaking, it is utterly without organization, and it is only in comparatively few localities that any attempt has been made to effect an organization.

The various State, District and County Conventions, it is true, have taken an initiatory step in this direction by the appointment of executive committees to whom the work of organization has been entrusted. But generally these committees have ill comprehended their duties, and in many cases it would almost seem as if pains had been taken to seek out persons for these really responsible positions who are distinguished chiefly by a special inaptitude for the business entrusted to them.

Perhaps no more complete impersonation of Executive incapacity could be found within the limits of the State than the individual selected by the State Convention as Chairman of the State Central Committee.

It is the special vocation of the State Central Committee to see to it that the party is everywhere thoroughly organized, in every township and ward—to urge the formation of canvassing committees for getting out voters—of committees for distributing tickets and documents—of registration committees, and so on, till the whole work of the campaign is thoroughly distributed in competent hands, and every Republican voter enrolled in a local organization. Under the direction of an energetic, capable, and urgent central authority an impulse would have been given to the subordinate committees which would have resulted ere this in a thorough organization, a searching canvass, and an approximate knowledge of our strength. For want of such direction nothing has been done, and we are about to plunge into the most momentous political contest, but one, in which the American people were ever engaged, without any preparation whatever to bring out the full party vote, and with no means of knowing what the full party vote is. But there are yet some bright, inspiring November days in which the zeal of volunteers may, to some extent, compensate for the incompetency and slothfulness of the officials who were appointed to "superintend the political canvass." We, therefore, call upon Republicans everywhere

1. *To see to it that every voter is registered, and that none but voters are registered.*

2. In every election district let ample preparations be made to get every Republican voter to the polls.

3. Take lists of all Republican voters in your election precinct, and see that every one of them is brought to the polls.

4. Appoint judicious, bold and vigilent challengers in every township and ward.

5. Appoint committees to distribute tickets who will engage to stand at the polls from the moment they are opened till they are closed.

We earnestly recommend that where no arrangements of this kind have been made meetings of Republicans be at once called in every township and ward, and committees appointed for all the purposes above designated and for such others as may be necessary.

THE RAILROAD BONDS.

Among the many somewhat inappropriate reasons given by "Thomas Foster, Editor," for bolting the Republican ticket in Hennepin county, is the assumption that R. J. Baldwin and Geo. H. Keith, Republican candidate for the Legislature, design, if elected, to favor some Legislative action in relation to the payment of the Railroad bnds. At a political meeting held at Minneapolis on Tuesday night, where Messrs. Keith and Baldwin spoke at length on the subject of these bonds, the latter completely turning the tables on "Thomas Foster, Editor," by liberal quotations from the *Minnesotian* of six years ago, showing that "Thomas Foster, Editor" was then a strenuous advocate of the payment of these bonds "to the UTTERMOST FARTHING." He then wanted the bonds made "subservient to the building of the roads." "We will pay these bonds so soon as the roads are built," said Thomas Foster, Editor. Messrs. Baldwin and Keith both declared themselves in favor of some adjustment of the bonds on the basis of their cost to the holders, when a Constitutional Amendment shall be adopted authorizing such payment. We quote from the *Atlas* a short account of the meeting.

THE CRISIS IN MARYLAND.

The Maryland conflict has reached a dangerous crisis in the declared determination of Governor Swann to remove the Police Commissioners, accompanied with the announcement that he will call upon the President for United States troops to sustain him in his action. Thus Andrew Johnson strikes his first treacherous blow at the loyal State government of Maryland; but it is a blow which, if we mistake not, will recoil with fearful violence upon himself. Andrew Johnson may reinstate the Rebellion in possession of Maryland, but in doing it, he will raise a tempest about his ears that will sweep him to perdition. The Police Commissioners, in the meantime, are preparing to resist, by all lawful means, the gross usurpation of power by the traitor Governor, by which the State is to be given up to rebel control. The firm and dignified position which they hold is stated at length in our telegrams.

The Maryland Troubles.

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

The Baltimore Police Commissioners have taken a sensible course. They have sent counsel to defend them, in the investigation before Gov. Swann.

The Governor, on the other hand, seems now inclined to be more arbitrary and unreasonable. He declared at the opening of the trial, that "he would proceed with the case without paying attention to technicalities, and intended to reach a decision not later than Wednesday. Also, that if, in the course of the investigation, the innocence or guilt of the commissioners should appear, he would act instantly, even in the midst of the proceedings."

The Governor acts in this case as judge and jury; but would it not be monstrous if a judge and jury should unite to inform a person charged with crime—a person of honorable antecedents, in whose case all the probabilities are in favor of his innocence—that unless he would rebut in three days all the testimony brought against him, of which he knows nothing beforehand, he should be hanged?

But the last declaration of Gov. Swann is even more monstrous. He is reported to have said: "If in the course of the investigation the innocence or guilt of the commissioners should appear, he would act instantly, even in the midst of the proceedings." The *World's* dispatch significantly adds: "This announcement was regarded by most of those present as an indication that the Governor's decision would be adverse to the commissioners." Certainly it was a most unfortunate declaration, under the circumstances. A large and respectable part of the people believe that the Governor is actuated not by a desire to do justice, but by partisan motives; he now encourages this belief, by announcing that he will break off the trial at any moment, and give his decision according as the evidence then before him may seem to warrant. If, then, he wishes to displace the commissioners, he has only to call up first the witnesses for the prosecution, and when they are done, declare the commissioners guilty. That sort of trial would be worse than none.

It is Governor Swann's solemn duty to hear the evidence patiently, and decide impartially, without regard to his personal predilections. Moreover, as he says he "will not be governed by the technicalities of the law in making the investigation," he is the more bound to weigh well the credibility of the witnesses brought before him, and the evident motive of the prosecutors, who avow themselves to be friends of the rebellion, disloyal men, and whose aim undoubtedly is so to arrange the registration offices as to enable them to smuggle in as voters persons who, under the present constitution and laws of the State, are not entitled to vote. If he does not bear this in mind he will do the work of an unjust judge.

GENERAL CUSTER.

His Intense Hatred of Copperheads.

His Present Position on Reconstruction.

A Johnson officeholder writes from Detroit to Gen. Custer, under date of Oct. 6th, complaining of his repudiation of the Copperhead candidate in that district, whereupon Gen. Custer replies from Fort Riley, Kansas, as follows:

He commences by saying a Northern Copperhead is worse than a Southern rebel, and that J. Logan Chipman is such a man; that under no circumstances would I vote for a man who in time of war had sympathised with the enemies of his Government, and rejoiced in every defeat which you and I and other loyal soldiers suffered, while every victory was a source of regret.

General Custer then refers to the Congressional plan of reconstruction, and says while there are some points of the Constitutional Amendment which meet my approval, there are others which I would not sanction. But I am not prepared to characterize the latter as being a palpable and flagrant violation of the Constitution and whose adoption would be considered fatal to th existence of the Union. If there are demands embraced in the Constitutional Amendment, the Amendment being the Congressional plan of reconstruction to which I object, it is not upon the grounds you have supposed. In my opinion, we, as the victors of the late war have a complete and undeniable right to name the terms on which peace shall be established and the Union restored. This you will not deny. It was for the exercise of this right that we fought for nearly five years, and having gained the victory, it is not expected that the defeated party will propose to us the terms of settlement. During the war, and since its termination, I have always adhered to the opinion that for the crime of instigating and conducting a rebellion against the government, such as we have successfully suppressed, the heaviest penalties should be inflicted. At no time during the existence of active hostilities did I suppose the national authority would be re-established without bringing to punishment the leaders of the rebellion; but the terms of surrender granted to the rebel armies under General Johnson and others, I consider as a binding obligation upon the part of our government, having received its sanction, and I would deem it a breach of faith upon the part of the government were the terms of parole granted to rebel leaders violated or disregarded upon our part. As to the penalties incurred by those engaged in rebellion, I believe that every man who voluntarily engaged in the late rebellion against the Government justly, and in accordance with the expressed terms of the constitution, forfeited every right held under the Government, including the right to live, hold property, etc., so that, in arranging the terms under which those engaged in rebellion should be restored to their privileges, as the constitution itself takes away all their privileges, it would be rather hazardous to characterize as violations of the constitution any terms or conditions inflicted by the penalties of the constitution itself. Such I believe to be the provisions and limitations of this instrument.

General Custer would not enforce the full penalties of the constitution against traitors, from motives of policy, but he adds: "Neither the reconstruction policy of the President, nor the plan submitted by Congress, proposes to exert the full power of the National Government upon those of its citizens who have forfeited their rights and privileges by rebelling against its authority; but, on the contrary, both fall far short of what might legally and constitutionally be demanded."

General Custer then rebukes the charges of disunion made against Congress and the Radicals as a humbug—a favorite custom of politicians on the eve of elections. He then concludes as follows: "When the war terminated we, who as soldiers had performed our part, knew that a difficult part in saving the Union had to be performed. That work was to be assigned to other hands than those who fought the battles of their country. The question is now presented to the citizen soldiers, and you ask me who shall be intrusted with this important duty. In the first place the question is, shall it be a man who during the war withheld all assistance from the Government while we were fighting its and his battles? Shall it be a man who when defeat met our armies rejoiced, while we mourned, and when victory crowned our efforts refused to rejoice with us, or shall it be a man who, when we were weakened by the losses of battle and disease, voted us men and money to fill our depleted columns, and whose sympathies were in unison with ours from the beginning to the close of the war? I can speak for no one but myself; but between the two I can only sympathise with the latter and never with the former. I think it is the height of inconsistency to see appeals made to intelligent citizens, many of whom have been soldiers, and alarm them with the cry of Union or disunion, when the candidate by whom it is proposed to save the Union is recognized as having been opposed to the war. As you have expressed a preference for Southern over Northern traitors, why refuse to restore the former to the enjoyment of political principles without requiring them to take the oath of amnesty and receive pardons, unless you make the same conditions for the latter, who are their equally guilty though less respe[illegible] Hoping that the quest[illegible]rred to in your letter has been fully met in the above, I remain

Very respectfully, etc.,
G. A. CUSTER.

LETTER FROM SUPERIOR.

Lake News—District Court—State Tax—A Lesson for Attorneys.

SUPERIOR, L. S., Oct. 29, 1866.

Editors St. Paul Press:

The steamer Keweenaw arrived last Thursday from Detroit with a cargo of merchandise, groceries, etc., and left early next morning with a few cattle for the mines.

The October term of the Douglas county court went by default, owing to the non-arrival of Judge Clough, who waited at Bayfield for the Keweenaw, and as the steamer had a rough trip from Detroit, was somewhat behind time. I presume within the next generation we may get a winter road near the lake, or probably, some of these days, supervisors who will try and open up the country between Superior and Bayfield; we, however, live in hope.

The State tax due by Douglas county is five hundred and seventy dollars and seventy cents—the smallest State tax, I believe, for ten years.

Our friend, Setzer, returned post haste from Sunrise to attend court, and returned a wiser if not a better man. It is surprising how a trip to Superior sharpens one's legal faculties, and I recommend the journey to a number of St. Paul attorneys. They would then pay up the taxes on their addition lots. There is great excitement, I learn, at Fon du Lac, Oneola and Du Luth, expecting the railroad directors. Commodore S. is now sure of the locomotives. K.

—The Fenian Colonel Lynch, convicted at Toronto, was formerly a book-keeper in a liquor store in Louisville. He was a Captain in the Union army, but had no rank in the Fenian Army. He was not even enrolled. Colonel Starr, who commanded the Fenian expedition at Fort Erie, states that Lynch had no connection with the movement, and was only a camp follower; that he offered Lynch an Adjutancy, and Lynch declined it on account of age and incapacity for service in the field.

New Advertisements.

For Advertisements of Wants and For Sale see Fourth Page.

D. D. Merrill, Randall & Co.,
JOBBERS OF
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
Toys, Fancy Goods,
and NOTIONS,
AT 190 THIRD STREET,
Would invite the attention of country merchants to the large stock of NEW GOODS they have in store for the Fall and Winter Trade, which they are selling on very favorable terms for cash. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy all that we are selling our goods at a very small margin for profits. oc6

LOST.—A Gold Sleeve Button, with letter "H" raised on same. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving the same at this office. no2-1t*

TO THE PEOPLE
OF
RAMSEY COUNTY.

I now announce myself as an Independent People's Candidate for election to the next Legislature of Minnesota, from the First District, and would say in this connection, that I am opposed to all unnecessary "TAXATION" for Railroad, or any other purposes.

D. C. JONES.
St. Paul, Oct. 30, 1866.
nov2-4t 1p

A BARGAIN.
Left with us for sale at a very low figure, a FIRST-CLASS TOP BUGGY, Eastern make, run but two months, owner no further use for it this Fall. Call at the Carriage Factory of
QUINBY & HALLOWELL,
nov1-1w Robert street.

BOARD.—Furnished rooms and board in a private family can be obtained on Jackson street, between Twelfth and Pearl.
no1-1w*

CENTRAL LIVERY STABLE.
T. ASHTON
Has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public that he has established a
First Class Livery Stable
ON THE
Corner of Fifth and Wabashaw-sts.,
Where will always be found the
FINEST & BEST HORSES
The neatest and handsomest
Buggies, Carriages and Harness,
To be found in St. Paul.
Citizens and strangers are invited to call and examine Stable and Stock.
T. ASHTON.
N. B.—Special attention paid to Boarding Horses. nov1

DR. JAMES T. ALLEY,
Office 130 Third street,
Will give his exclusive attention to
CHRONIC DISEASES,
Especially those of the SKIN, THROAT AND CHEST. Office hours (Sundays excepted) 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. oct1-2w

JUST RECEIVED.
500 Boxes Window Glass,
200 Boxes Glassware,
1,000 doz Lamp Chimneys, all sizes,
Close for cash.
AWTER, ROSE & ETTER,
oct1 2w 111 Third street.

OILS! OILS! OILS!
WINTER BLEACHID WHALE OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED SPERM OIL,
WINTER BLEACHED LARD OIL,
EXTRA MACHINE OIL,
VIRGINIA DUCK OIL,
BANK OIL,
STRAIT'S OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
LINSEED OIL BOILED,
NAPTHA,
In quantities and at prices to suit close cash buyers. AWTER, ROSE & ETTER,
oct1-2w 111 Third street.

BELLE PLAINE
Real Estate Agency.
ROBERT H. ROSE will attend to all business appertaining to real estate and to the prosecution of War Claims. Respectfully refers to Gov. W. R. Marshall, Gen. H. H. Sibley, D. W. Ingersoll, Esq., Fred. Driscoll, Esq., Col. J. L. Merrian, Col. J. J. Shaw, St. Paul; Hon. A. G. Chatfield and Stone & Metzner, Belle Plaine, Minn.
may3-1st*f

CLXIV
EVERYTHING NEW!
FIRM, STORE AND STOCK.
EDWARD HOGAN, CHARLES NICHOLS.
HOGAN & NICHOLS,
Whose elegantly outfitted store is attracting such universal attention, desire to bring to the notice of Country Merchants their heavy and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. We are
Jobbers and Retailers of
All goods in our line, having Separate Departments for each branch. We are making very low figures on our stock. LOOK IT THROUGH BEFORE YOU BUY, as much for your own interest as for ours, so that there will be no occasion for your saying: "Your goods are very low, lower than I have paid, but I have bought my
DRY GOODS
Any one desiring Goods in the RETAIL DEPARTMENT will readily perceive the advantage of selecting from an entirely new stock—especially when the stock is the largest and prices the lowest of any House in town.
No Old Goods carried over from past seasons.
For the present we are open in the evening, and proffering our compliments, we extend a general invitation to one a and all to drop in and see how we look by Gaslight at
164 Third Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
JUST BELOW THE PIONEER OFFICE.
oct30

THE WORLD-RENOWNED
KEYSTONE
THE GREATEST
FUEL-SAVING STOVE
IN THE WORLD.
FOR SALE ONLY BY
C. L. GRANT,
SOLE AGENT,
113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.
oct16-1m-1stp

SPECIAL SALE
OF
WHITE AND COLORED
BLANKETS,
At 10 per Cent Below Value
TO THE TRADE.
Also at Retail at the
ONE PRICE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
OF
JOHN H. CAMP,
142 Third street,
oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND
Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the
LATEST STYLES
OF
FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY GOODS,
Thursday, Oct. 4th.
oct

LUMBER WAGONS, OF EASTERN MAKE, warranted the best in Market, just received and for sale by
A. H. WILDER & CO.
St. Paul, May 11, 1 my11

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,
Wholesale Dealers
IN
HATS, CAPS, FUR
AND
MILLINERY GOODS!
199 Third street,
(INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.)
OUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.
oct8-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,
Office on Jackson street,
OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.
oct9-2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing [illegible]

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!
Fall & Winter Stock of
Clothing, Cloths,
CASSIMERES,
HATS, CAPS,
AND
MENS' FURNISHING GOODS
JUST RECEIVED.
DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.
Clothing Manufactured to Order
In a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.
T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf
ROBES!
Buffalo Robe Overcoats
At Wholesale.
T. B. CAMPBELL,
oct3-1stp-to 138 Third street.

LAMPS!
A large stock of
LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS
Lamp Wick and Lanterns,
Just received at the
CROCKERY HOUSE
OF
Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,
Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons
OHIO STONE WARE,
JUST RECEIVED.
jan1-d&w1y-1st¶

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,
Chemists & Druggists,
Pure Unadulterated Drugs,
FINE CHEMICALS,
CHOICE PERFUMERY,
Toilet Articles in Sets,
And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the
New Drug Store,
IN ROGERS' BLOCK,
227 Third Street
my30-1y-1st¶ ST. PAUL, MINN

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF
CLOAKS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS
IN THE STATE AT THE
OLD DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
ELFELTS, Third street, St. Paul.
oct1-1stp

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A
FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,
I am now prepared to execute
COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,
Cartes de Visite, &c.,
IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.
N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying.
oct6 A. SINCLAIR.

Northwestern Steam Bakery!

Giles & Passavant, Proprietors.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies; &c.;
Cor. Robert-st and Levee.
N. B.—ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO oct5-1stp&w

HARVEY OFFICER,
Attorney at Law, Office over Parker Paine's bank, Third street, St. Paul, Minn. nov1

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,
No. 187 Third street,
ST. PAUL, MINN.,
WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,
1,000 Stoves,
600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,
10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead
3,000 lbs. Pig Tin,
3,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,
2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,
200 Pumps,
200 Bundles Wire,
5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc,
500 Boxes Tin Plate,
2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,
Together with a large variety of
TINNERS' STOCK
AND
House Furnishing Goods.
Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp
F. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.

NASH & MURPHY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GROCERIES,
PRODUCE AND LIQUORS
WABASHAW STREET,
Between Third & Fourth
Adjoining the Opera House.
sep25-1stp

NEW THING
IN
LIFE INSURANCE!
{DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.} {NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!}
THE UNIVERSAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
of New York City.
Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations. $200,000.
Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two million dollars.
All descriptions of Insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.
The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among *insured or selected lives* in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from
Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower
Than charged by
Mutual Life Insurance Companies,
Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.
THE UNIVERSAL
is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premiums which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a
Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.
Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to
O. CURTIS, State Agent,
Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.
aug15 1y-1stp

PRATT & HUGHSON,
AT
No. 221 Third street,
(ROGER'S BLOCK.)
Are now receiving the largest and best selected stock of
BOOTS & SHOES
Ever brought to this city, expressly for the Retail Trade, among which is a full assortment from the manufactory of
E. C. Burt, of New York.
We warrant our goods and sell as cheap as any other house in the city. No trouble to show goods.
WE MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF BOOTS AND SHOES. sep30-1stp

GLOBE HOTEL
On the European Plan.
Now open at the
Corner Third and Jackson-sts.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.
sep27 J. E. TASCOTT, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS
ON
RAILROAD LANDS
OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.
All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.
WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
33	28	122	25
34	28	121	26
33	28	122	26
34	29	122	27
35	29	123	27
36	29	123	28
35	30	124	28
36	30	125	28
37	30	126	28
33	30	124	29
36	31	125	29
37	31	126	29
38	31		

OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
36	28	123	28
37	28	122	29
38	28	124	29
35	29	124	29
36	29	125	29
37	29	126	29
38	29	127	29
36	30	123	30
37	30	124	30
38	30	126	30
39	30	126	30
39	31	127	30
		126	31
		127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER,
President and Land Commissioner.
sep22-6m-1stp&w

New Advertisements.

MILLINERY!
Our Fall Stock is now complete, comprising
Rich Millinery,
CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS
ZEPHYR WORSTEDS,
Shawls, Dress Trimmings
AND
Dry Goods Generally.
We invite the attention of country dealers to the above. MRS. DUGAN,
sep27 101 Third street.

FASHIONS 1866
DEMAND

J. W. BRADLEY'S
DUPLEX
ELLIPTIC
Or Double Spring
SKIRTS!
They will not BEND or BREAK, like the single spring, but will ALWAYS PRESERVE their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, CHURCHES, THEATRES, RAILROAD CARS, and for PROMENADE or HOUSE DRESS—each hoop being composed of two finely tempered steel springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop, and making the STRONGEST and MOST FLEXIBLE, as well as the MOST DURABLE and STYLISH SKIRT EVER MADE. In fact they are SUPERIOR to all others, combining Comfort, Economy, Lightness, Elegance and Durability.
Inquire for BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. For sale everywhere.
Manufactured exclusively by sole owner of patent,
WEBSTER, BRADLEY & CARY,
97 Chambers, and 79 and 80 Reade streets, New York.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
For Elegance, Durability and Economy, superior to all others.
For sale at WHOLESALE ONLY, by
J. L. FORBAUGH & CO.,
133 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
The most Popular, Stylish and Graceful Skirt worn, for sale by
CATHCART & CO.,
132 Third street, St. Paul.

J. W. BRADLEY'S
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
The Lightest, most Agreeable and Perfect Skirt made, for sale by
D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,
aug15-3m1stp Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

JACKSON WAGONS!
We are General Agents for the
Jackson, Michigan,
WAGONS,
And warrant them far superior to any in the Western States.
BIGELOW, MURDOCK & CO.
sept-1stp

DR. DE MONTREVILLE,
DENTIST,
Office on Third Street,
NEAR POST OFFICE, ST. PAUL.
From a quarter of a century's experience Dr. De M. promises excellence of workmanship and at reasonable charges, and refers by permission to
Mr. Oakes, (of Borup & Oakes) St. Paul.
Col. and Mrs. Beloite, International Hotel.
Mr. Edgerton, President of 2d National Bank.
Right Rev. Bishop Grace.
Rev. Dr. McMasters.
Col. Robertson, and Physicians of St. Paul generally. mch1-1y-1st¶

BOUNTY
WAR BLANKS.
THE LATEST FORMS,
As prescribed by the War Department
NOW READY.
CLAIM BLANKS, $1.00 per Quire.
VOUCHER RECEIPTS, 50 cents per Quire, POST-PAID.
Orders received by mail promptly attended to.
Address,
PRESS PRINTING CO.,
oc 7-d3t&w2t St. Paul, Minn.

FAIRCHILD & CO.
AUCTIONEERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Rogers' Stone Block,
Third-st., St. Paul, Minn.
Make sales of Furniture, Stock, Merchandize and Real Estate in Ramsey or any of the adjacent counties.
They also receive goods on commission sell at private sale.
They have a large Hall in the second story for the sale of Furniture. They are prepared to buy Furniture or other goods in large or small quantities, or advance liberally on consignments.
They keep always on hand a good stock of Staple Dry Goods, of Clothing, of Boots and Shoes, of Hats and Caps, and Notions, which they sell at wholesale or retail, at much less than regular prices.
FAIRCHILD & CO.
nov30-eod-tf-1st¶

Dr. Simonton
Has introduced the NITROUS OXIDE, or LAUGHING GAS, at his Office, Ingersoll's Block. Now is the time to have Teeth extracted and laugh while it is being done. oc2

Clothing.

GREAT SALE
For the Next Sixty Days
Forty Thousand Dollars worth of New and Fashionable CLOTHING, purchased this Fall for cash, is now offered for sale, and WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS, FOR CASH ONLY. We have reduced the the price of all our Goods from 20 to 40 per cent. Our entire stock will be sold. Every article is offered at a bargain. In no case will we ask the regular price; the lowest figure will be stated at once.
WM. H. TEMPLE,
Third-st., St. Paul.
October 31, 1866. nov1

Banks.

E. THOMPSON, CASH. J. R. THOMPSON, PRES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF SAINT PAUL,
Paid up Capital $600,000.
Government Bonds, Coin, Land Warrants and Half Breed Scrip
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Prompt attention given to the collection of
QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS
Agents for the sale of
PASSAGE TICKETS
from Liverpool and Queenstown to New York and Saint Paul.
Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France, Sweden and Norway.*
jan5-1st¶

SECOND
National Bank of St. Paul
Paid up Capital $200,000.
This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to BANKS, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business
Drafts for Sale on
LONDON, DUBLIN, BREMEN
and other principal European cities.
Collections upon all accessible points in Northwest will be made and remitted for on day of payment at current rates of exchange. Highest Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. This Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and those notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.
E. S. EDGERTON, President.
JOHN NICOLS, Vice President.
D. A. WONFORT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN NICOLS,	F. B. FARWELL,
J. H. STEWART,	H. B. HAMWOOD,
B. PRESLEY,	J. E. BRADLEY,
H. SCHURMEIER,	JOSEPH DAILEY,
P. BERRET,	F. R. SMITH,
I. G. GEORGE,	ISAAC STAPLES,
	S. EDGERTON.

St. Paul, July 4th, 1866 apr6-1y-1st¶

HUMAN HAIR.

L. P. FRANKLIN,
Bridge Square, St. Paul,
WIG MAKER,
(FROM NEW YORK.)
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,
CURLS, BANDS, FRONT PIECES,
Wigs, Half Wigs, Side Braids,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
At Prices which Defy Competition.
All goods warranted to be made in the most careful and tasteful manner.
Orders by Mail or Express will receive prompt attention.
Private rooms for Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing.
The only Brown Dye applied and for sale.
Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
BRIDGE SQUARE, ST. PAUL.
apr6-1y-1st¶

T. M. METCALF,
Real Estate Broker
AND
INSURANCE AGENT.
Jackson street, between 5th and 6th
Will buy and sell Real Estate on commission, Pay Taxes, Collect Rents, and attend to all other business in his line, promptly and thoroughly. ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE POLICIES issued in Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford and Accidental Insurance Company of Columbus, Ohio. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES in PROVIDENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO. aug17-1stptfeb16

MORGAN & M'CLOUD,
Real Estate Agents,
ST. PAUL, MINN.,
Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.
FOR SALE.—An excellent House and Lot on Canada street, Lower Town, with every convenience. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—A good small house, with good lot, in Upper Town, for $1,200, near the House of Hope. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—Lot 18, block 6, in Rice & Irvine's addition, on Seventh street, corner of Exchange. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—A fine brick residence, with extensive grounds, 100x200, on Ninth street, near Jackson. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley—an excellent business lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—Lot 7, block 7, Basil & Guerrin's addition, on corner Wabashaw and 8th streets, near the capital. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—Lots 3 and 4, block 26, Kittson's addition, on 8th street, corner Olivea good building lot. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOR SALE.—1,300 acres pine lands in Pine county; 1,400 acres farming lands 21 miles north of St. Paul; 8,000 acres farming lands on line St. Paul & Pacific Railroad, near Sauk Rapids, and houses and lots, residence and business lots, and farms and farming lands in all parts of the city and State. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
TO RENT.—The J. E. Warren house, on 9th street, from first of November. House in Lower Town, from 15th of November. House on 9th street, near the capitol, from 15th of November. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.
FOLSOM & BANKER,
Dealers in Real Estate,
Conveyances and Surveyors.
C. P. FOLSOM, I. A. BANKER,
Property bought and sold, taxes paid, collections made and titles examined. Office in Ingersoll's Block, up stairs. sp19-1y-1st¶

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 2, 1866.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Proclamation for Thanksgiving.

In observance of a time honored custom, I hereby proclaim Thursday, the 29th of November next, as a day, throughout the State, of thanksgiving to Almighty God.

It becomes us, as a people who believe in the Divine Providence, gratefully to acknowledge the countless blessings we receive, and humbly to supplicate the continuance of God's goodness towards us.

"O, give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good; for his mercy endureth forever.

"Let the redeemed of the Lord say so, whom He hath redeemed from the hand of the enemy; and gathered them out of the lands, from the east and from the west, from the north and from the south.

"Oh, that men would praise the Lord for His goodness, and His wonderful works to the children of men! For he satisfieth the longing soul, and filleth the hungry soul with goodness. And let them sacrifice the sacrifices of thanksgiving, and declare His works with rejoicing."

Leaving for a day our usual avocations, let us render unto God an offering of Thanksgiving and Praise.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State, at St. Paul, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord [L. s.] one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

WM. R. MARSHALL.

By the Governor:

H. C. ROGERS, Secretary of State.

VOTE.

To the tens of thousands of readers of the PRESS—many of whom, especially subscribers for our weekly and tri-weekly editions—we shall have no opportunity to address again before election, we beg to address the solemn word of admonition.

VOTE!

To all—to Democrats as well as Republicans—to all American citizens whom our laws clothe with that exalted responsibility, we take it upon us to declare that your first, your highest, your most imperative duty is to

VOTE!

It is better to vote wrong than not to vote at all. The vilest Copperhead alive, though he blindly votes for men who are enemies to the Republic and for policies which are ruinous—still shows, by his zealous discharge of this highest duty of citizenship, a degree of patriotism which puts to shame that recreant Republican, who, knowing the right, is too criminally negligent of his great duty to give the right the cheap yet priceless tribute of his

VOTE.

It was the profound policy of Solon, the great Athenian law-giver, to oblige all citizens, by severe penalties, to take one side or the other in the political contests which divided the Athenian Demos. For, with a deeper insight into the springs of popular liberty than most modern statesmen, the founder of the Athenian Constitution saw far greater dangers to the public weal from the indifference of the citizens of political duties, than from all the violence of factions. The precedent and its lesson lose none of their force by the lapse of time or transplantation to the American Republic. Now, as then, the gravest of public perils lies in the indifference of the more intelligent citizens to their political duties. The most dangerous enemy of the Republic and of the great cause of Republican liberty and National redintegration, is that worthless Republican, who, from idleness or preoccupation, will not

VOTE.

Last year the gubernatorial election was endangered—this District went very nearly Democratic and the Constitutional Amendment was lost because nearly eight thousand Republicans were too busy or too lazy to

VOTE.

If the same course is pursued this year we shall inevitably suffer the burning disgrace of a Democratic victory in this District. We appeal to you, then, Republicans, we implore you as you love your country and love liberty—to give one day or at least one hour to the good cause, and rain or shine,, hail, snow, frost or fire—

VOTE.

Vote yourselves and see to it that all your neighbors vote—and be sure that they

VOTE RIGHT.

If you don't know what that means get some good Republican to tell you.

CITY ASSESSOR'S REPORT.

The report of the City Assessor to the Common Council, published herewith, presents a total of taxable real and personal estate of the city, after deducting the abatement made by the State Board of Equalization, as follows:

Real property	$4,035,973
Personal property	1,033,239
Total	$5,069,210
Add to this National Bank stock	900,000
U. S. bonds	76,100
And the grand total is	$6,045,310

The increase in the personal and real estate since 1861 has been in round numbers almost *four millions of dollars*; and yet, according to the official opinion, these figures do not express the full amount of property subject to taxation according to law. The assessor estimates that there are on deposit in the different banks of the city one million of dollars subject to taxation, but a small portion of which has been returned.

That there are chinks and cracks in our tax law through which unscrupulous persons may drive a coach and four, is too evident for argument. For instance, there are quite a number of wholesale dry goods and grocery houses in the city, who uniformly have in store stocks worth from $150,000 to $200,000, in the most part paid for; yet the highest return of monthly average among these houses is $40,000. And these reports are sworn to upon the Holy Evangelists of Almighty God! In the face of such returns what chance has an honest dealer, who gives a return of his whole property, for a fair equalization of taxation?

The Legislature, in its zeal to close every gate against every possibility of failure to collect the tax on real estate, has overlooked the equally important duty of providing for the levying and collection of a proportionate tax on personal property. In the matter of real estate the assessor puts his own estimate upon the value of the property; in all cases where personalty is concerned he is at the mercy of those who make out the lists. It must be in the knowledge of the City Assessor of St. Paul that at least a million of dollars would be added to the taxable list, if the same discretion were allowed him in estimating the value of personal as of real property, saying nothing about the bank deposits. But so long as the personal list is rendered to the assessor are final, the unfortunate holders of real estate must expect to bear the bulk of the public burdens.

TO IRISHMEN.

Democratic impudence never went farther than in asking Irishmen to support the administration of Andrew Johnson. How well Andrew Johnson has entitled himself to the affection and confidence of Irishmen, is set forth by a native of the Green Isle in a letter to the New York *Tribune*, from which we take the following:

In the winter of 1846-7, during the prevalence of the potato rot and consequent famine in Ireland, the proposition was made in Congress to appropriate a sum of money to purchase corn and flour to send to my starving countrymen. The bill passed the Senate and was sent to the House. The title was four—who is ANDREW JOHNSON DISCREET TO IT ON THE GROUND THAT IT WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL TO FEED STARVING IRISHMEN AND WOMEN, AND MOVED TO LAY THE BILL ON THE TABLE! IN

WHEN THE VOTE WAS TAKEN, ANDREW JOHNSON VOTED TO LAY IT ON THE TABLE!!

In spite of Andrew Johnson the American people did send several ship-loads of corn and flour to Ireland. I, sir, well remember the joy and gratitude with which the people were filled. I remember how Capt. Clarke, of the Victor, was feted and feasted in Dublin as the commander of the vessel dispatched on this errand of mercy. And let me ask my countrymen: Can they forget the realities of the past in the hypocrisy of the present? There may be many among them who may remember the appalling scenes of the famine year; many will go to the ballot box on election day, whose parents occupy pauper graves in the old land, and I would ask them before daring, in the face of such remembrances, to deposit a vote for Andrew Johnson's supporters, to recall Andrew Johnson's vote against their relatives and friends.

RAMSEY COUNTY POLITICS.—We have hitherto neglected to announce the fact that Dewitt Clinton Jones, Esq., is running as an independent candidate for something at the coming election. Mr. Jones has embodied his declaration of principles in the following manifesto or pronunciamento, which we copy from one of his handbills:

An bad Wolf von Ramsey County!

Ich trete als unabhangiger Beffs-Cantrical un Bidat fur die nachste Gefetzgebung von Minnesota, vom cities Zibliefi, auf, und lage in Verdinnung Dietmit das ich gegen alle unnothige „Taxation" bin und Extravagant ever urgent welche unterer Stede Fin.

D. C. JONES.

St. Paul, Octeber 30, 1866.

By the above, it will be seen that Mr. Jones is entirely sound upon the goose and other questions. He will undoubtedly poll a large vote for whatever office he may be running for, from people who are fond of his peculiar style. It is no more than fair, however, to Democrats, to state that this is not the Jones who is running for Congress in the First District. That gent's name is R. A. Jones.

THE PRIEST M'MAHON.

His Conviction and Sentence.

The Toronto *Globe* of Oct. 27th gives the following report of the scene in court at the conviction of McMahon, the Catholic priest:

After an absence of 45 minutes the jury returned into court.

Clerk—Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon your verdict?

Foreman of the jury, in a low voice—Guilty.

Hon. J. H. Cameron moved for the sentence of the court upon the prisoner.

His Lordship asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon him.

THE PRISONER'S REMARKS.

The prisoner spoke briefly in a somewhat excited manner, and in a voice broken from emotion and a natural defect in his utterance. He said that before God and the world he was not guilty. At the time that Milligan and Sullivan said he was in Fort Erie before God and those present he was in Buffalo. He was honestly on his journey to Montreal, and was not guilty. If guilty, he would have submitted; but his blood would cry for vengeance on those who had taken away his life. He went home on the 30th of May last to go on a journey to Montreal. He went on the cars at 8 o'clock and arrived in Buffalo at 10 o'clock on Thursday night, the 31st of May. He stopped at the Franklin house all night, and had breakfast there. In the morning he visited friends named Vaughn. He crossed the river by the ferry boat at 7 o'clock, on his way to Montreal. He lost his way there through excitement. Here the prisoner stopped, apparently broken down, and gave no explanation of his course after reaching the Canada side.

SENTENCE OF DEATH.

The crier made the usual proclamation that all should keep silence while the sentence of death was being pronounced, and the Judge proceeded to address the prisoner as follows:

JOHN MCMAHON—The Jury have found you guilty upon evidence which I think admits of no doubt that you were present with those people and lent them all the countenance and assistance in your power, is very clear: and it is a pity that a clergyman of your church, which upon all occasions has discouraged bloodshed and war, should be found in such a situation. It is a pity that you so far forgot the traditions of your Church as to be engaged in an enterprise of such a nature. If you had not gone there, as you would have us believed, to whisper consolation in the ears of the dying, you would not stand in the peril you now do. If you had staid till a conflict had taken place, and then gone and declared your intentions, no one would have molested you. However inimical to your church he might be, not a man in the province would have said no to your mission in that respect. But you did not come in that way, but came to give encouragement and help to men who had faith in your power and authority, and they went boldly on in the knowledge that you were there to help them and give them the consolations of religion if they fell. How sad it is that you could encourage men who believed so much in your power, to plunder and murder our peaceable people. I have a painful duty to perform which I would like to avoid. But I am but the humble instrument of the law. You will have every opportunity if I have given any wrong instruction to the Jury or made any mistake, to make application for redress. I will not exercise the power which is given me by an act passed since the commission of the offense of which you have been found guilty, to have the sentence of the law carried out immediately. There is no necessity for immediate punishment. You have had an impartial trial, and the jury, I think, have come to a right conclusion according to the law. I do not wish to harrow up your feelings by any observations I could make. These could be of little use to you now, and therefore I will refrain. But I will say this—that if you had acted as the clergymen of your church have in all ages done, you would have tried to dissuade these men from the course they took. I have no further observations to make. The sentence of the Court upon you is, that you be taken to the place from whence you came, there to be detained till the 13th day of December next, and on that day to be taken from thence to the place of execution, and there to be hanged by the neck until you are dead, and may God have mercy on your soul.

FAILURE OF THE COTTON CROP IN LOUISIANA.—The Baton Rouge (La.) *Advocate* is informed by a planter in Point Coupee that he planted expecting sixty bales and will make but one. A Red River planter write to the *Picayune* that he expected a hundred, lost forty by the overflow, and will now be satisfied with fifty, though before the war his crop was four hundred. The Natchitoches *Times* reports that but three thousand bales will be raised in that parish, while the corn crop is an entire failure.

A SOLDIER TO SOLDIERS.

Comrades of the 10th Minnesota:

When we campaigned together in blue we attended to the business we were paid for and let politics alone. Now that from soldiers we have become citizens, it is our business to understand politics instead of tactics.

In these new campaigns our weapons are different, and nobody but a "bread and butter" office holder has to take orders, but the strife seems to be between nearly the same forces and for nearly the same cause, and to me it really seems that a victory in this contest at the ballot-box, on the part of those who defended the Union and supported the Federal army and navy during four years war, is the only sure way to avoid the necessity of future campaigns with the cartridge box.

Entertaining this belief, it is with reluctance that I submit to the imperative mandates of surgeons, to avoid among all other excitements, that of active participation in the political canvass now near its close. Thus prevented, by fear of the consequences of an injury received in a discussion we had two years ago on this same question, whether "one Johnnie is equal to two Yankees," from visiting and speaking with you as I would like, I write you my views, plainly and familiarly, as becomes one well known to you, in order that you may all know that the rebel who shot me down didn't shut me up, that the rebel's depression in my head left no rebel impression on my mind; that having eaten "hard tack and S. B." with you, I can't join any "bread and butter brigade;" and that I am unwilling to give the enemies you subdued greater political power than you enjoy.

"A man is known by the company he keeps," and a party may be judged by the classes of men that adhere to it.

Now every rebel soldier in the land, every traitor too old or infirm or too cowardly for war, every Confederate pirate, every guerrilla, every bushwhacker, desires the success of the "my policy" party. I do not believe they have all been changed in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, from deadly enemies into the best of friends.

Every copperhead throughout the Northern States, every reviler of Union soldiers as Lincoln hirelings, every "Knight of the Golden Circle," every draft sneak and every deserter hopes and works for the triumph of the Johnson party. If ever I am found in political association with those fellows, they must come on to my ground; I shall never go over to them.

And all the keepers of Southern prison pens; all the trainers of blood hounds to recapture escaping prisoners; all the butchers of Union prisoners of war; all the conspirators to burn Northern Hotels crowded with people; all the living assassins and the spirit of Wilkes Booth in hell, would rejoice in defeat of the Union party and the election of Jones and Colville. Don't you see that these wretches all run to the Johnson political sink, as naturally as rats to a sewer?

On the other hand, the great mass of those who fought, labored, voted, sacrificed or prayed for the Union and the Union army, in the loyal States; all the Southern white people who were ever truly loyal to the Union during the rebellion; and all the freedmen, who were always our faithful friends, and finally our manly comrades in battle; all these hope, work and pray for the success of the Union party and the Union policy.

These facts, if I knew no more, would show where I belong; for it seems to me as becoming in a citizen as a soldier to be faithful to the cause he espouses, and to be true to his allies and friends.

One question for us next Tuesday is;—Shall the people retain the law-making power in their Congress where it is lodged by the Constitution, or submit to its usurpation and practical exercise by the head of the Executive Department. Mr. Johnson said that he could have made himself Dictator if he had chosen! The question is, if he has not made himself Dictator already.

He dictated to the people of the rebel States certain things to do. This was not an executive act, nor was it a war-power act, for the armed resistance to the Government, as an end. It was an act belonging to the sovereign, and which only the sovereign, that is the people, could rightfully exercise, through their Congress. His act was therefore a palpable usurpation of the functions of Congress.

Then he dictated to Congress to require no more of the rebel people than he had enforced. Thus he attempted to exclude Congress from its proper and legitimate work, as he had previously usurped its functions.

Congress having declined to be ousted, or to waive its rights as he demanded, he has gone staggering round the circle, impudently denouncing the immediate representatives of the people, and dictating to the people themselves, to repudiate their own agents for daring to exercise their proper powers; threatening the people if they fail to do as he directed, with the calamity of another war, to be commenced by his recognition of the rebel delegates and as many representatives from loyal States as would meet with them, as the true Congress of the United States.

Thus, an undoubted usurper of powers not granted to him, he seeks to bully or to wheedle the people to acquiesce in his usurpation. If this insolence of audacity is not rebuked as it deserves, I say Andy Johnson is already Dictator in fact, and may assume the name whenever it pleases him.

The other question is the adoption of the constitutional amendments. They seem to me fair, just and equal. You have read them and know what they provide. Adopt them, and Mississippi is denied no right or privilege granted to Minnesota. Without them, Mississippians, at least the rebel half of them, will have more power than an equal number of people in our State.

If we admit rebels to be our equals man for man, after what has happened, I don't think they ought to complain; and I will never consent that one regiment of Mississippi white rebels shall have political power equal to both the Second and Tenth Minnesota for example, just because a loyal regiment of U. S. colored troops raised in Mississippi is denied all political power in their native State after their muster-out.

The colored soldiers being loyal, would be with us if they could vote, but the rebels do all the voting though counting the negroes to see how many Representatives they, the rebels may elect. Thus a thousand of Forrest's rebel soldiers in Mississippi would offset and balance a thousand loyal soldiers in Mississippi and two thousand loyal Minnesota soldiers. They would then be equal each "Johnnie" to three Yankees. That may be what we chased Forrest all over Mississippi for, but I can't see it.

The Johnson men have nominated soldiers for the State offices and for Congressmen in the Second District. I saw the nominations made and I know why the old managers of the Copperhead wing of the late Democratic party were willing soldiers should run this time. They want soldiers to pull the chestnuts near the edge of the fire. You will see them all eager to run themselves, whenever there is any show to win. Aren't they willing to take other offices they can get?

I confess I was sorry a soldier was not nominated by the Union party in this District. Not that I knew of any objection whatever to Mr. Donnelly either personally or politically. I had known him for years and count myself among his personal friends, and I admit that he served our common country as well and truly in Congress as we did in the army. He fought our battles on another field.

So the neglect or refusal of the Union Convention to nominate a soldier was easy to bear. But what an insult it is when the Chairman of the Johnson State Central Committee, who refused to take the hand of Major John B. Davis of the Second Regiment in October, 1862, because he was a "Lincoln's hireling," impudently asks us to come into his coils, and expects to win us to desert our friends when days were dark with us, because he has borrowed a soldier's dress for his show, "for this occasion only."

It is not enough for me that a man *was once* in the army. Deserters were once in the army but we don't respect them much. I do not impugn the honest motives of Jones and Colville, who accept the nomination of copperheads on a platform satisfactory to rebels, and to them only; but their course seems to me like desertion to the enemy.

I know they say they are all right, support the amendments and all that, but that is not the ground on which they were nominated, and are supported by the Johnson Convention, and so, if they are elected, somebody must be cheated, and I never shall trust a candidate who admits in advance that his election would be a swindle upon some of his supporters.

When this question is past, when the victory won by arms is secured by legislation, and when other and less important issues arise, divide on them as we may, he who was a faithful soldier of the Union in the time of the Great Rebellion will deserve at least our support on whatever side we may find ourselves; but while the questions growing out of, or rather evolved by the war, are yet vital and pressing for settlement, to ask us to turn from the party that supported us when the country languished and almost dispaired, just to elect a man, once a soldier, and now the chosen of Copperheads, would be to invite us to play the part of those worthless mercenaries who abandon their comrades in pursuit of the enemy just routed, to enrich themselves with the paltry spoil of a camp.

I will always stand by the soldier who is true to his cause and his colors, but nothing warms in my heart towards the soldier of fortune who once wore blue like ourselves, but now for promotion has wrapped himself in rebel gray.

While rebels are in the ascendency over the loyal anywhere, and while Union men are outraged and murdered in our conquered Territory, solely because they are Union men, and have no protection from State or national authority, the cause for which we were soldiers together, still needs our aid, and though it is painful to lose comrades till the warfare is ended, if any choose now to abandon the service, the sorrow but not the blame of the parting be mine; for the cause of the Union and of Union men I shall never desert.

I have written thus, comrades, not to direct or even to advise you, but only that you may know, in case you should be intending "to move on the enemy's works" again on the 6th inst., and once more to rout the defenders of superior rights for rebels, as you used to do all such defenders while I knew you, then, in that intention, and in that "charge," also, *I am with you!*

In that case you will remember that the battle lasts all day, and be provided with rations and ammunition to last you through.

But whatever you decide to do, and wherever you are, I am, comrades, sincerely your friend,

S. P. JENNISON.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 31, 1866.

The Railroad Bond Question.

From the Minneapolis Atlas.

The meeting at Harrison Hall last night was well attended, and the opinions of those present evidently coincided with those expressed by the speakers. Capt. Keith spoke first, giving a concise history of the "Loan Bill," the issue of the bonds, failure of the railroad companies, the reverting of the railroads to the State, the constitutional amendment prohibiting the issue of any further railroad bonds, and the organization of new companies which have partially completed the structure of our land grant railroads.

Of the bonds now outstanding, he thought there was an obligation on the part of the State, to sometime make provision for their adjustment. But this could only be done by a constitutional amendment till the main consideration which induced the people to originally vote for the loan bill had been met; viz—the building of the roads. He did not think the time had yet come when the people were ready to assume the payment of the bonds, and under no circumstances would he vote for a tax without submitting it to the people in the form of an amendment to the constitution.

Hon. R. J. Baldwin then took the stand, and in a very clear and happy manner passed in review the main questions of a local character which most interest to the people of Minneapolis. Coming to the bond question, the audience soon found that he was thoroughly posted on the railroad interests which cluster around and are tributary to this point. The mean and contemptible charges of the *Chronicle*, were referred to and answered. Dr. Foster's railroad project was brought to light, showing the people of Minneapolis were permitted to see that we have had no more bitter and unscrupulous opponent to our local interests than this same Dr. Foster. The telling bits which Mr. Baldwin gave the *Chronicle* would have made an alligator wince. He showed from Foster's own paper that five years ago he was in favor of paying all the bonds at *par*, while now he thinks any action "*premature*."

Mr. Baldwin gave it as his opinion that there is a moral obligation resting upon the State to sometime adjust these bonds by paying to the parties holding them what they cost, but that this could only be done by a Constitutional amendment. Upon this and all other matters he only endeavored to study what would be for the best interests of his constituents, and was willing to governed by their instructions.

Though the matters discussed were dry in themselves to get up enthusiasm on, in comparison with the political issues of the day, yet the deep interest manifested by the audience showed that they have entire confidence in Mr. Baldwin as a legislator, and our people generally know that in his hands our local interests are safe. In Minneapolis we predict that he will get four votes to his opponent's one.

Election Frauds in Ohio.

The following from the *Blade* shows how the Democrats elected G. W. Morgan over Delano in the thirteenth district of Ohio. The *Blade* says:

"The election in the thirteenth district is being thoroughly investigated, and flagrant frauds perpetrated by the democratic party have already been discovered. In one township in Muskingum county, that gave Morgan eighty-three majority, the polls were closed at three o'clock in the afternoon. In another township in the same county, that gave Morgan one hundred and three majority the polls were closed at 6 P. M., and at 8 o'clock P. M., while the ballots were being counted, some twenty or more democratic votes were allowed to be polled. In one township in Cushocton county, there are more men that will swear that they voted for Delano than the poll-books show to have so voted, and in Licking and Knox the most glaring frauds have been detected. The President was determined to elect Morgan, and, unfortunately, the closeness of the district enabled him to make his appliances available. But Gen. Morgan has yet the gauntlet of the House to run."

OFFICIAL.

Proceedings of the City Council.

Stated Meeting.

COMMON COUNCIL, Oct. 30, 1866.

Present—

Mr. President. Ald. Beaumont, Dawson, Dornbien, Fitz, Gies, King, Madden, Markoe, Moore, Nash and Slichter.

A quorum being present, President Murray in the chair.

On motion, the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Of Peter Berkey—Asking for the payment of one thousand dollars awarded to Crumby & Berkey for damages to livery stable in opening Seventh street. Referred to committee on ways and means.

Of Chief of Police and Acting Mayor—In relation to five additional policemen, whose term of service was to expire on the 1st of November, and suggesting that said force be retained. Communication accepted, and adopted by resolution.

PETITIONS.

Of J. Smith, jr., and others, for repairs of sidewalk on Canada street. Referred to committee on streets.

Of butchers in public markets, praying for wood to heat the same during the winter. Referred to committee on markets.

Of Peter Pfeiffer, for the privilege of erecting Hay scales at Market House. Referred to committee on markets.

Of H. A. Schleik and others for crossing on Third street, on west side of Minnesota street. Referred to Alderman of Second Ward, with power to act.

Of William Delaney, for compensation for injury to horse while crossing bridge. Referred to committee on streets.

Of Rice, Culver & Farrington in relation to land claimed by them and now occupied by city, as Washington, State and Market streets. Reported to committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS.

Of city Justice—Fines and costs for two weeks ending this day, $226. Accepted, referred to comptroller and ordered to be printed.

To the Honorable the President and Common Council of the City of St. Paul:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor hereby to report to your honorable body, that during the two weeks ending the 30th day of October, A. D., 1866, that there has been collected and realized from fines and policemen's costs, in cases tried in the police court of said city of Saint Paul, during the two weeks aforesaid, the sum and amount of two hundred and twenty six dollars; all of which has been paid over to the treasurer of the city, as witness the receipt of that officer hereunto attached and herewith transmitted.

Dated Oct 30th, 1866.

Yours respectfully, &c,

E. C. LAMBERT,
City Justice.

The following is a list of the defendants in actions tried in said police court during the term above mentioned, together with the amount of fines realized in each case, the character of the offense charged, and the disposition, other than fines, in each case:

John Garry,	drunkenness	$5 00
William Conner,	drunkenness	5 00
Peter Fenholtz,	petit larceny, committed for 20 days	
John McCormack,	petit larceny, committed for 20 days	
Mary E. Robinson,	violation of ordinance No. 10	5 00
Sarah A. May,	violation of ordinance No. 10	20 00
William Coleman,	disorderly	3 00
William White,	drunkenness	5 00
William Davis,	assault and battery, case continued	
Marshall Dupray,	selling fish by false weight, discharged	
Samuel Ritridge,	drunkenness	5 00
Thomas Hays,	disorderly, acquitted,	
John Fooley,	drunkenness, committed for 30 days	
John Ennis,	drunkenness	5 00
Annie Vlow,	violation of ordinance No. 10	10 00
Mollie Stack,	violation of ordinance No. 10	10 00
George Kimball,	violation of ordinance No. 10	25 00
Thomas March,	drunkenness, committed for 30 days	
Henry Anderson,	drunkenness	5 00
William Mcdrew,	disorderly, discharged	
Lewis Wright,	assault	3 00
Catherine Ryan,	drunkenness	5 00
John Ennis,	drunkenness	5 00
Louisa Settsec,	assault and battery, complaint withdrawn	
Patrick Costellow,	disorderly	3 00
John McNamee,	drunkenness	5 00
Mary Smith,	violation of ordinance No. 10	10 00
Catherine Fitzgerald,	grand larceny, complaint withdrawn by complainant	
Peter Le Clare,	drunkenness	5 00
Patrick Mormehan,	drunkenness	5 00
Peter Le Clare,	drunkenness, committed for 30 days	
Dennis Sullivan,	disorderly conduct, acquitted by jury	
Policemen's costs		$205 00 21 00
Total		$226 00

Of City Engineers—Submitting estimate for culvert sewer on Eighth street from Broadway to Kittson. Referred to committee on streets.

Of Wharfmaster—Collected from Oct. 17th, to Oct. 30th, $312.51.

Accepted, referred to Comptroller and ordered printed.

To the Honorable the President and Common Council of the City of St. Paul:

GENTLEMEN; Herewith enclosed you will please find report of wharfage received from Oct. 17th to Oct. 30th, 1866:

October 17	Enterprise,	$ 3 50
"	Stella,	6 30
"	Chippewa Falls,	5 60
"	Dells,	3 50
"	Damsel,	14 70
" 18	Julia,	9 80
"	Chippewa Falls,	5 60
"	Otter,	3 50
"	Gray, two trips,	8 10
" 19	Damsel,	14 70
"	Enterprise,	3 50
"	Pioneer,	5 60
"	Stella,	6 30
" 21	Damsel,	14 70
"	Ariel,	4 35
" 22	Stella,	6 30
"	Cheaver,	8 10
" 23	Chippewa Falls, two trips,	11 20
" 24	Stella,	6 30
"	Enterprise,	3 50
"	Chippewa,	3 50
"	Ariel,	4 35
" 25	Cheaver,	8 10
"	Mollie Mohler,	6 58
"	Cutter,	8 80
"	Knapp,	4 25
"	Grey,	4 05
" 26	Stella,	6 30
"	Enterprise,	3 50
"	Ariel,	4 35
" 27	Chippewa Falls,	5 60
"	Damsel,	14 70
" 28	Stella,	6 30
"	Ariel,	4 35
"	Cheaver,	8 10
" 29	Annie Johnston,	12 30
"	Chippewa Falls,	5 60
"	Gray,	4 05
"	Damsel,	14 70
" 30	Mollie Mohler,	6 58
"	Upper Levee,	25 00
"	Jennie Baldwin,	13 50
Less Wharfmaster's fees,		$320 51 8 00
Balance due city,		$312 51

THOS. JORDAN,
Wharfmaster.

Of City Assessor—Annual report of the assessed property of the city for the year 1866.

Accepted.

Referred to committee on finance and ordered printed.

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of St. Paul:

I herewith present my annual report of the assessed property of the city for the year 1866, as follows:

	Taxable Real Estate.	Exempt.
1st Ward	$585,368	26,200
2d "	1,254,940	83,400
3d "	869,593	90,200
4th "	774,010	15,285
5th "	709,503	12,150
Total	$4,484,414	$227,235

An abatement of 10 per cent. upon these valuations made by the State Board of Equalization leaves the aggregate amount of taxable real estate for 1866, $4,035,973, divided among the Wards as follows:

1st Ward	$ 796,831
2d Ward	1,129,446
3d Ward	782,634
4th Ward	696,669
5th Ward	630,453
Total taxable real estate as equalized	4,035,973

PERSONAL PROPERTY, 1866.

		Nat. Bank stock	U. S. bonds.
1st Ward	$376,175	$27,500	$11,700
2d Ward	726,076	373,600	1,700
3d Ward	325,811	90,900	30,800
4th Ward	346,355	43,300	13,500
5th Ward	258,820	364,700	18,400
Total	$1,933,237	$900,000	$76,100

Making a grand total of all classes of personal property, after all abatements by the Board of Equalization, of $2,909,437.

The increase over the last assessment appears from the following figures:

ASSESSMENT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR 1865.

		Nat. Bank stock.	U. S. bonds.
1st Ward	$318,420	$ 28,500	$37,150
2d Ward	667,227	358,100	37,500
3d Ward	290,050	91,200	8,150
4th Ward	229,435	78,700	29,750
5th Ward	192,000	343,500	46,550
	$1,602,110	900,000	159,100

Increase over 1865 (independent of Bank stock and U. S. bonds), $831,127.

Increase over 1863, $1,079,368.

Increase over 1863, including Bank stock and U. S. bonds, $2,055,568.

The increase of real estate since the last assessment appears from the following table:

ASSESSMENT OF REAL ESTATE, 1864.

	Taxable.	Exempt.
1st Ward	$455,478	$15,620
2d Ward	612,270	66,370
3d Ward	593,162	67,570
4th Ward	678,022	19,700
5th Ward	479,984	9,400
	$2,819,616	168,750

Increase of taxable real estate over 1864 $1,186,357

Increase over 1862 1,894,688

as appears from the following table:

ASSESSMENT OF REAL ESTATE, 1862.

		Exempt.
First Ward	$333,930	$16,150
Second Ward	486,020	79,200
Third Ward	531,301	55,375
Fourth Ward	508,360	9,900
Fifth Ward	291,789	18,000
	$2,141,285	

From the above figures it will be observed that since I became your Assessor in 1864, the assessment rolls show an increase

In real estate of	$1,894,688
And in personal estate	2,055,568
Total increase	$3,950,256

The increase of personal estate would be much larger, and give the most gratifying evidence of the growing wealth of our city, if the owners of United States bonds would list them, as the law requires, among the exempt property of the city. But this they positively refuse to do. Probably over one million of dollars of the personal property of the city does not appear in the assessment rolls from this cause. There is, also, another class of property which is taxable, and which the law positively requires to be listed and assessed, which is not included in this report.

From the published quarterly statements of three of our city banks, there appears to have been on deposit in these banks, on the 1st of July, 1866, during the pendency of the assessment, the sum of $630,973 76; and on the 1st of October, $719,830 80. There are three other banks receiving a large amount of deposits, which published no report.

It is entirely safe to estimate that, in the six banks of this city, during the pendency of this assessment, there was not less than *one million of dollars of money*, which the law expressly required to be listed as personal property, subject to taxation, by the owners.

The following statement shows how much was listed:

First Ward	$3,693
Second Ward	4,247
Third Ward	4,055
Fourth Ward	2,731
Fifth Ward	18,477
Total	$33,203

Of this $33,203, $16,000 was listed by *one individual* in the 5th ward—being four times as much as was listed by the entire 2d ward, where nearly the whole wholesale and retail business of the city is transacted.

From this statement it appears that about $1,000,000 of the city's best personal property shirks its burdens of taxation. The law who comply with the law and list their money are thus wronged by having to pay their legal taxes, while ninety-nine out of a hundred pay nothing upon the same class of property. *Cash*, which is the grand, golden residuum of all other combinations of property and all processes of industry—the standard of all other values—worth par for all markets and under all fluctuations of markets—worth a premium high in proportion as all other property is at a discount—cash is taxed nothing while all other property must pay 3 per cent. upon its value as assessed.

The manifest injustice of this anomaly in our finances, and the great loss to the city of a million of its best property, induces me to call your attention to the utter impotency of the present law to reach this class of property and make it available, and to suggest the necessity of legislation to remedy it.

The law requires the National Banks to make out a list for the Assessor, of all the owners of National Bank shares, together with the amounts owned and the residence of the owner.

If our legislature would pass a similar general act requiring all banks of deposit to furnish the Assessors with a list of their depositors, together with the amount on deposit at the time they are required to list, it would go far towards remedying the evil and making our taxes more equal. Our city would thus add nearly a million of dollars to her resources from this class of property, which, added to the National Bank shares, would materially reduce our taxes, equalize our burdens, and go far towards solving our financial embarrassments and making us rich.

As it is my duty to assess this property like all others, and it has not been done, and there is no power in the present law to compel its enlistment, it is legitimately within the province of this report to call your attention to the subject, that such action may be taken as will result in an equal and just assessment of all your property.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. W. MCCLUNG,
City Assessor.

O. J. S. Sewell, Engineer of the St. Paul Bridge, in relation to painting and repairing the same. Referred to Committee on Bridge.

Of Commissioners for opening an alley through Block 24, running from Cedar to Minnesota streets. Report adopted, and City Clerk ordered to give the required ten days notice.

Of Committee on License, refunding forty dollars to F. Stahlman fur butcher's license, paid in 1861. Accepted and adopted.

Of Committee on Printing—in relation to advertising City notices in local columns of official paper, and of claim of D. Ramaley. Report adopted.

Of Committee on Streets—in relation to sewer on Fourth street, near Minnesota, report that sewer is closed and the season is to late to re-open it. Adopted.

Of same upon petition of M. Smithing, in relation to quarrying rock on Dayton avenue, directing the City Engineer to collect for rock already taken out, and prohibiting any further quarrying of rock. Adopted.

Of same. Reported bill of Rotary mill for $755 22, correct. Adopted.

Of Committee on Streets—recommend the passage of the resolution authorizing the City Engineer to re-survey Winslows' Addition, &c. Referred to City Attorney.

CLAIMS REPORTED.

By committee on fire department—Of Pendergast & Bro., $25.75; of M. Wagner $43.50; of D. S. Stombs $6.50.

CLAIMS REFERRED.

To committee on health—Of Cook & Webb $13; John A. Stees $30; W. D. Washburn $113.98; Summers & Monroe $61; I. P. Wright $52.50; Press Printing Co., $36.25.

To committee on streets—Of John McCormack $141; W. D. Washburn $4 51.

To committee on printing—Of Press Printing Co., $14 37; W. S. Combs $45.15.

To committee on claims—Great Western Band $30; John A. Stees $74.75.

To City Comptroller—John Brissette and James Waters $5 each; salaries of Mayor and Aldermen for six months, ending Nov. 1, 1866, $3500; police force for month of October $1282 83; city officers for month of October $805.49; estimate No. 2 of Market street sewer $110.80; estimate No. 7 of Spring street sewer $216.50.

RESOLUTIONS,

By Alderman Dornbien—

Resolved, That an order be drawn on the City Treasurer for the sum of $40, in favor of F. Stahlman, for butcher's license paid in 1864.

YEAS—Ald. Beaumont, Dawson, Dornbien, Gies, King, Madden, Markoe, Moore, Nash, Slichter, Mr. President.

Adopted.

By Alderman Beaumont.

Resolved, That the present Police force be retained until such time as it shall be deemed best to reduce the force.

YEAS—Ald. Beaumont, Dornbien, Gies, King, Madden, Markoe, Nash, Mr. President.—8.

NAYS—Ald. Dawson, Fitz, Moore, Slichter.—4.

By Ald. Murray—

Resolved, That the City Printers are hereby instructed to give all notices, advertisements, ordinances, &c., ordered by the city, at least one insertion in the local columns of the official paper.

YEAS—Ald. Beaumont, Dawson, Dornbien, Fitz, Gies, King, Madden, Markoe, Moore, Nash,

City Advertisements.

FIRE WARDEN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be sued for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden.

R. A. KEMP, Secretary.

oct25-td

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, an election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding elections in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers, as follows, to wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

A Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of one year.

Three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A Court Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

H. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 23d, 1866.

In chapter 1, section 5, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election, on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said list. oct23-13t

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul Bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

H. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 1866. oct21-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisance to exist within the city will, by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of entering nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

L. P. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. jel4-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis	6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna	10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna	11.45 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4.05 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION,

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad,

Leave Owatonna	6.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul	3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis	2.30 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna	9.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul	12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis	12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be put on between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommd'n, via M. C. and M. V. R. R.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Minneapolis	9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul,	10.15 A. M.
"	5.00 P. M.	"	4.00 P. M.
"	5.30 P. M.	"	6.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul,	8.30 A. M.	Minneapolis	9.15 A. M.
"	12.10 P. M.	"	12.55 P. M.
"	4.15 P. M.	"	5.00 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Ticket, 50 cents, and with St. Paul Omnibus ticket, 75 cents. Tickets for these Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co.'s N. W. Express office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets for Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WOOD, Agent M. V. R. R., at Depot in West St. Paul.

D. C. SHEPARD,

General Superintendent M. C. Railway.

October 6, 1866. oct5

FIRST DIVISION St. Paul and Pacific RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00	A. M.	2.00 P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.45	"	2.45 "
" Manomin	9.16	"	3.15 "
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00 "
" Itasca	10.05	"	4.25 "
" Elk River	10.30	"	4.45 "
" Big Lake	11.00	"	5.20 "
" Clear Lake	11.45	"	6.15 "
Arriv St. Cloud	12.15	"	6.55 "

GOING EAST.

Leaves St. Cloud	6.50	A. M.	1.30 P. M.
" Clear Lake	7.30	"	2.00 "
" Big Lake	8.25	"	2.45 "
" Elk River	9.00	"	3.15 "
" Itasca	9.20	"	3.35 "
" Anoka	9.45	"	4.00 "
" Manomin	10.30	"	4.35 "
" St. Anthony	11.05	"	5.00 "
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45	"	5.35 "

Minneapolis & St. Anth'ny Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.

8.45 A. M. 11.05 A. M. 2.45 P. M. 5.05 P. M.

LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.

8.00 A. M. 10.00 A. M. 2.00 P. M. 4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it it will be carried over the road, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. ☞The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect

☞The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri-weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri-weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

sep15 F. M. DELANO, Sup't.

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH. VIA Winona & St. Peter R. R.

Connecting with the

Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going East leaves Kasson at 6 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 5:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS,
Superintendent.

March 1 1866. mch2

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hand a quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul.

EATON & CLEVELAND,

Office Brown's Block, Third-st.

apr19

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations.* Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailor Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call. Special advantages offered to all *cash men.* We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,
372 and 374 East Water street,
Milwaukee.

apr25-d&wlv

NEW FIRM.

I have this day associated with me in the

DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

GEN. R. N. McLAREN,

Late of Red Wing, Minnesota. We shall here after conduct business under the firm name of

TAYLOR & McLAREN.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,
218 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

St. Paul, October 15, 1866.

H. KNOX TAYLOR, R. N. McLAREN

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS

LOW PRICES!

Taylor & McLaren.

AT THE OLD STAND OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

Have on hand a large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they offer at the

LOWEST RATES

To the old customers of the house and to the numerous friends of the new partner.

Our motto will be

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

☞We shall continue to receive and keep on hand the LATEST STYLES OF GOODS. Call and examine for yourselves.

TAYLOR & McLAREN,

218 Third-st., St. Paul.

oct20

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

apr30

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 138 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

Ease and Economy IN WASHING.

SHIRRELL'S KULLIYUN WASHING CRYSTAL

Renders Hard Water Soft,

And brings Linen Beautifully White.

Families using "Kulliyun Washing Crystal," will find that it

SAVES TIME, TEMPER, Soap and Labor,

And it is warranted not to injure the finest fabric.

Nothing has ever been introduced in this country which has effected such a wonderful change upon washing days. For Linens and heavy washes it cannot be surpassed. For Laces and Fine Fabrics it is unequalled. It does not injure the color of Prints, but strengthens and improves them. By its use they retain their original brilliancy. White things are much improved, and will not turn yellow, even if put by for months. Flannels become white and soft like new. In fact, it improves every article washed, and it is warranted in every case not to injure any fabric. It will be found invaluable for the following domestic purposes, viz:

It washes all fine things, such as Muslins, Lace, Crochet Work, Baby Linen, &c.

Cleansing Sponges, Combs and Brushes.

Removing Stains from the Hands and Grease from Carpets, Cloth, Flannel, &c.

Cleansing Oil Cloth and Woodwork without injury to the Colors or Paint.

For sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Agents, St. Paul, Minn.

SHIRRELL, FISHER & CO., Proprietors, 172 Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y.

oct8 eod m

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR,

And Western and Southern produce generally.

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST. LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filling all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. | JONES, M'DOWELL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. | J. R. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandise promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.

mch13-1y

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. je7-w6m

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS AND LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch21-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Wabashaw and 6th street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions, Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding, Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale.

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.
St. Paul, June 1, 1866. je26

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is new out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Chalybeate springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

jy1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE.

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADEIRA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

WALTER W. WEBB & Co.

nov19-1y

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establishment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are prepared to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuation of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN,
126 Third street, one door below Shaw's List Store St. Paul Minn. je2-6m

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!

IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS.

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West.

☞PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct4-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

500 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,

No. 1167 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

sep1

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under,

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40:

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

ALSO

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

ap22

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

DRY GOODS & TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS & LADIES' SMALL WEAR.

DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

oct9

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9-6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House,

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 48 and 50 Wabash Av., *Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago.*

☞Particular attention paid to orders.

jan30-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM.
W. F. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material and warrant our work. Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and Wagon material purchased from first hands, enables us to sell less than Chicago prices.

WOODS & GRANT,
Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150 gross Dye Colors,	
50 "	Gargling Oil,
10 "	Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10 "	" Cod Liver Oil,
25 "	Condition Powders,
40 "	Winslow's Syrup,
25 "	Brown's Troches,
10 "	Kennedy's Discovery,
25 "	Flavoring Extracts,
25 "	Benzine, assorted.
10 "	White Pine Compound
300 Cases Bitters, assorted,	
500 lbs Tilden's Fluid Extracts,	
110 boxes Extract Logwood,	
250 lbs Cudbear,	
10 bbls Chip Logwood,	
100 ounces Strychnine,	
300 lbs. Cal Licorice,	
100 lbs Tartaric Acid,	
850 bxs Window Glass and Glassware	
45 bbls Machine Oils.	
650 Gallons Varnish—all kinds,	
130 doz Paint Brushes.	

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY! CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,
Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches, Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist which can be occupied *at any time,* on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 11th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning train, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D. Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul, For further information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞Established November 15th, 1864.

oct9-1m

AMERICAN LEAD PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK.

Factory, Hudson City, N. J.

This Company is now fully prepared to furnish

LEAD PENCILS,

Equal in Quality to the Best Brands.

The Company has taken great pains and invested a large capital in fitting up their factory, and now ask the AMERICAN PUBLIC to give their pencils a fair trial.

All styles and grades are manufactured. Great care has been bestowed to the manufacturing of superior HEXAGON DRAWING PENCILS, specially prepared for the use of Engineers, Architects, Artists, &c.

A complete assortment constantly on hand, is offered at fair terms to the trade at their Wholesale Salesroom,

34 JOHN STREET, New York.

The pencils are to be had at all the principal Stationers and Notion Dealers.

TRADE MARK.

☞Ask for the American Lead Pencil.

oct8 eod-6m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses, BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. aug30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his **BOOT AND SHOE STORE** from Bridge Square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new stone house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. This is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores the city. sep12-1y

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, &c., printed in the best style at the Daily Press Steam Job Printing Office

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs,

Including the finest Amber and Sugar Drips. For sale low by

P. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

P. F. McQUILLAN.

oct2

A. H. WILDER, CHANNING SEABURY.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall aim to sell as low as any. We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business.

apr18-1f

NEW FIRM.

S. K. PUTNAM, ADOLPH PAAR,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce,

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul.

October 3, 1866. oct5-1f

MEDICINAL Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson-sts., St. Paul,

Who refers, by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them. aug14

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON AND SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Wesson's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar. WM. BECHTHER,

oct13 Proprietor.

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Book and Job Printers, Hood binders, Paper dealers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3, JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in Store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in this market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1866.

THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, &c., without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, MINN. 063 1y

INTERNATIONAL DRUG STORE!

Remodeled, Refitted & Restocked.

[A splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated EUREKA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEN & CHAMPLIN,
Proprietors, International Hotel Building, Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

ys-1y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

In the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep20

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$360,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

feb3-1y

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000	Kegs Juniata Nails,
500	Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000	Pounds Cable and Log Chains,
500	Boxes Axes,
5,000	Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000	Pounds Iron Wedges,
200	Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100	Dozen Shovels and Spades,
200	Dozen Axe Helves,
500	Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
500	Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100	Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000	Pounds Sheet Zinc,
5,000	Pounds Copper and Metal Pits,
100	Bundles bright Iron Wire,
50	Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000	Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000	Pounds Block Tin,
500	Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500	Cast Iron Teakettles,
1100	Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000	Set Hollow Ware,
200	Set Tops and Bosses for Parlor Stoves,
1,000	Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first-class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season. JOHN CURTIS.

St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep2-1f

LEONARD & SHEIRE, Builders—Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRE & BRO., Architects—Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for buildings of every description prepared on short notice. ja14-1y

JAMES J. HILL,

Gerneal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug8

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE CINCINNATI.

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Longworth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling,

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

6dos-6m

Patent Medicines, &c.

DR. WINCHELL'S Teething Syrup

The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for the many troublesome complaints arising in children while TEETHING. It will cure Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker Sore Mouth, Pain in the Gums, Restlessness, Griping Pains in Stomach, or Bowels, Wakefulness and any uneasiness occasioned during the critical period of TEETHING in CHILDREN. It is also an infallible remedy for Sore Throat or Diphtheria in its early stages. It is composed of ingredients that are perfectly harmless in their effects, while at the same time it is not only soothing and pleasant to take, but SURE TO CURE, relieving all pain and giving rest and health to the Mother and Child. The lives of over 100,000 children are saved annually by using this Syrup.

The price is within the reach of all. Do not let your babies suffer for the want of the Teething Syrup. It makes the children sing:

Deedle deedle dumpling, my son John,
He went to bed with his stockings on,
One shoe off and one shoe on,
Deedle deedle dumpling, my son John.

CHORUS—Dr. Winchell is no blow,
And his Teething Syrup all the go.

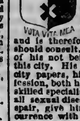
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers every where.

EILERT & SNYDE
Proprietors.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents, for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

thurs-cow-d&w6m

DR. BIGELOW



VITA VIVE MEA

is the only Physician, as a Specialist, now in Chicago that can be entirely relied upon. Go to him, and not suffer that horrible disease to remain in your system, destroying your constitution, body, blood, mind, destroying your happiness and future prospects of life. He cures all PRIVATE DISEASES and NERVOUS DEBILITY his study for the past twenty years, and is therefore the person whom all afflicted should consult. No one ever heard of a patient that was being cured since he has been in this city. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being the most skilled specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. If all others fail, don't despair, give him a call. His only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Doctor Bigelow devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effects of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, is to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as by Dr. B., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultations free and confidential. Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 156 Chicago. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge.

N. B.—Ladies, send for a descriptive circular of Pessaria Remedies, the best preventive of conception known. Sent to any address free of charge. apr10-1y

PROBATE BLANKS

THE PRESS RINTING COMPANY,

To supply a deficiency long existing, have printed and ready for sale the following Blanks for use in Probate Court:

LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP,

COMMISSIONERS' WARRANTS, (with oaths,

REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS,

APPRAISERS' APPOINTMENT, (with oaths,)

INVENTORY AND APPRAISEMENT,

SEPARATE INVENTORY BY WIDOW,

ADMINISTRATOR'S BONDS,

COMMISSION TO SETTLE CLAIMS,

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION,

WARRANT TO APPRAISERS,

GUARDIAN'S BONDS

SALE BONDS,

EXECUTOR'S BONDS,

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY.

For sale by the quire or single sheet. Address

PRESS PRINTING CO.

J. B. BRADEN & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Iron, Nails, Steel,

AND

HARDWARE,

Are receiving large additions to their already

Extensive Stock of Goods,

To which they would invite the attention of their customers and the public generally.

☞Warehouse No. 154 Third street, St. Paul. sep6

CALL AT THE Merchants' Restaurant and Saloon,

No. 96 Third street,

On the genial clerk, C. F. Petter, for choice Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Game, and Bivalves at any and all hours, where you will find

oct6 GUY M. SALSBURY, Proprietor.

REMOVAL.

Holgate & Vater,

Have removed their

LIVERY STABLE

From the corner of Sixth and Jackson streets to the commodious Stone Building on Seventh street, a few steps from the International.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, they respectfully invite their friends to call upon them

THE CITY.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Notes for the Month of October, 1866.

Notwithstanding a large amount of cold and unpleasant weather, the mean temperature of the month exceeded that of eight Octobers past. This resulted from the fact that the first two were unusually warm, and their effect more than counterbalanced the unusual degree of cold which prevailed during the last week. A sufficient amount of rain fell to raise the Mississippi about one foot, and thus to render navigation somewhat easier than it had been for two months. Predictions of an early winter are plentiful, and pass for what they are worth.

Thermometrical and other observations furnished results as follows:

Maximum of the month	(6th)	85°
Minimum " "	(31st)	18°
Highest daily mean "	(6th)	71°
Lowest " "	(31st)	28°
Greatest " range	(12th)	26°
Least " "	(28th)	1°
Range of the month		64°
Mean temperature of the month		49
Mean elongations "		5
Mean force of the wind		2.2

Rain fell on six days and snow on two, yielding two inches and sixty-four hundredths of water.

The prevailing winds were from east and south est. The number of fine days was fifteen.

COMPARISONS WITH FORMER YEARS.

Mean temperature of October,			1839	42°.50
"	"	"	1850	47.31
"	"	"	1861	46°.45
"	"	"	1862	45°.10
"	"	"	1863	39°.18
"	"	"	1864	41°.87
"	"	"	1865	47°.10
"	"	"	1866	49°.40

		Inches.
Water deposited in October,	1839	0.46
" " "	1860	4.64
" " "	1861	2.80
" " "	1862	1.60
" " "	1863	1.41
" " "	1864	1.60
" " "	1865	2.30
" " "	1866	2.61
Total deposit for ten months,	1862	37.45
" " "	1863	14.20
" " "	1864	14.60
" " "	1865	35.72
" " "	1866	24.20

St. Paul Nov. 1, 1866. P.

DEATH OF JOSEPH M. DUGAN.

Meeting of Printers and Tribute to His Memory.

News of the death of Mr. Joseph M. Dugan, at Minneapolis, on Wednesday evening, from the wounds inflicted by the colored boy, Thorne, created a profound sensation among his numerous friends in this city. A meeting of the printers of the city was held during the day, at which a committee on resolutions was appointed, who offered the following

TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF J. M. DUGAN.

The members of the typographical fraternity of the city of St Paul, having heard with deep and sincere regret of the melancholy and untimely death of our esteemed and beloved fellow craftsmen, Joseph M. Dugan, who has been stricken down in the vigor of his manhood by a ruffian's blow, do, in an assembled meeting, offer this, our heartfelt tribute to the memory of our departed brother.

Through ten years of daily intercourse, we learned to admire the lamented Dugan for his devotion to the interests of the craft; for his probity of character we esteemed him; and for his genial deportment, social disposition and largeness of heart, we loved him.

To the family of our deceased friend, in the depth of their sorrow and affliction at their irreparable loss, we tender our unfeined sympathy and condolence; and devoutly trust that their overwhelming grief may be tempered by the reflection that his many virtues and his pure religious faith will entitle him to that crown and glory which are the sure reward of the exemplary Christian.

In the premature demise of J. M. Dugan, we have lost a true friend and genial associate; his church society one of its most steadfast lights, and this community a member whom it has delighted to honor.

This testimonial was adopted by the meeting, and the chairman, J. Fletcher Williams, was instructed to have the same published in the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Hastings newspapers, and to forward a manuscript copy to the widow of the deceased.

The remains of Mr. Dugan were taken to Hastings, yesterday, for interment to day.

No Mail.—An accident happened on the Milwaukee and La Crosse railroad, which resulted in some damage to the locomotive; this in turn delayed the train, no connection was made at La Crosse, and hence the unpleasant fact that no Eastern mail reached St. Paul yesterday evening.

Hurt.—One of the conductors on the Minnesota Valley railroad had his hand jammed while coupling the cars on Wednesday. He was brought to this city and Drs. Murphy & Wharton dressed his injuries, which though not severe, will lay him up for a while.

Thanksgiving.—The Governor's proclamation for a day of Thanksgiving—which is to be on the 29th of the present month—will be found in another column.

Dead.—It is a painful duty to announce that the two unfortunate girls—Lena Pothen and Sophy Martin—so severely burned by a kerosene explosion at the residence of Mrs. Stokes, have died from their injuries, after nearly two weeks of suffering. One of the girls died at the hospital on Wednesday, and the other at the residence of Mr. Timme, yesterday morning.

Read It.—Among the proceedings of the last meeting of the City Council, printed on our second page will be found the report of the City Assessor in relation to the wealth and financial condition of St. Paul. It is an important and interesting document, and is worthy of an attentive perusal.

Thomas Kearny.—Mr. Thomas Kearny, who was so severely kicked and beaten by Mike Conroy, is lying at the residence of Mr. Kilroy, in the Second Ward, and is still in a very precarious condition. His physicians have slight hopes of his recovery.

Sent Up.—Another miserable fellow was sent to the county jail yesterday, to enjoy himself for thirty days. His offence was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

D. C. Jones.—By reference to an advertisement in another column it will be seen that D. C. Jones, Esq., is in the field as a candidate for legislative honors. D. C. says he has the game in his own hand and he is bound to win the race.

COAL.—One hundred casks of Pittsburg and Blassburg Coal for sale to close out consignment.
31 JAS. J. HILL.

A CHOICE lot of Michigan apples, winter varieties, at Jas. J. Hill's.
nov1-2t.

NEW SKATING PARK.—*Programme.*—The undersigned has leased for a term of years a lot on Seventh street, adjoining the International Hotel, and will prepare it for a skating park, similar to those in other cities. The hall will be 80 feet wide by 150 feet long and 35 feet high. It will be entirely enclosed, and the roof supported by arches. The whole will be brilliantly lighted with gas, and will be opened each day and night during the skating season, with warm dressing rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Arrangements will be made to renew the ice daily, and comfortable seats will be provided to accommodate a large number of persons. Prize skating, masquerade skating, and numerous festivals will enliven the season. A full band of music will be in attendance on these occasions, and a grand display will take place during the holidays. This park will be in full operation on the first of December, when the season tickets will be delivered to subscribers.

Prices of Admission.—Single season tickets, $10; tickets admiting a gentleman and lady, $15; season family ticket, admitting three persons, $20; season family ticket, admitting four persons, $25; single admission tickets, 25 cents each. Lists for subscription are left at the music store of Munger & Bros.
nov2-tf. WILLIAM BECHTNER.

City Notices.

NOTICE.—Parties owning land on the line of the proposed alley through block twenty-four, (24,) St. Paul proper, running from Cedar to Minnesota streets, are hereby notified that the commissioners have reported to the Common Council the damages assessed as follows, to wit:

The south end of lots 1 and 2 owned by John A. Stees	$1,000
The north end of lot 12, owned by —— Brown	$ 400
For improvements thereon, if removed by owner	100
	500
If improvements removed by city	400
The north end of lots 7 and 8, owned by H. A. Lambert's estate	400
For improvements thereon if removed by owner	500
	900
If improvements removed by city	500
The north end of lots 4, 5 and 6, 74 by 150 feet, owned by Patrick Brady	400

And the same will be confirmed by the Common Council, at a meeting thereof on the 20th day of November next at 7½ o'clock, P. M., unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in buildings standing in whole or in part upon lands required to be taken by such improvement, and shall on or before the above mentioned time, notify the Common Council, in writing, of their election to remove such buildings according to the award of the commissioners.

By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, Nov. 1, 1866.

Election Notices.

FIRST WARD POLLS.—The place of holding the election in the First Ward this year is at Minne-ha-ha Eaglue House, Jackson street. The Election Board will be in attendance on Saturday, Nov. 2d, and Monday, Nov. 5th, between the hours of eleven o'clock, A. M., and two P. M., on each day, to make corrections of the poll list, and add the names of voters thereto.

THE Judges of Election of the Third Ward will meet to correct the poll list on Friday evening from 7 to 9, on Saturday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Monday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

S. K. PUTNAM,
GEO. C. MOTT,
GEO. H. EDGERTON,
Judges.
nov1-1t

FOURTH WARD.—The Judges of Election will meet at the SNELLING HOUSE on Saturday and Monday, the 2d and 5th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M., for the registry of voters. The election will be held at the Snelling House.

WM. DAWSON,
GEO. W. MOORE.
nov1 4t.

FIFTH WARD.—The Judges of Election for the Fifth Ward organized yesterday as required by law, for correcting the poll list; but the Washington school house being occupied with the schools, the Board adjourned over to meet there Saturday morning at ten o'clock.

MUSIC LESSONS.—Messrs. Zeozius & Hanske having secured the services of Mr. E. L. Larpenteur, will be at full liberty to accomodate the public in the line of music teaching. "Doc." will be happy to see his old friends at the new music store. nov2-3t.

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Damsel, La Crosse.
Ariel, Prescott..
Enterprise, Mendota.
Gray, Mendota.

DEPARTED.

Gray, Prescott.
Damsel, La Crosse.
Enterprise, Mendota.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Dunleith—Julia, at 11 A. M.

Local Notices.

MOORE'S MINNESOTA FUR STORE, Concert Hall block, Third street, near the Post Office, has opened his fall stock of ladies and childrens' furs, to which he invites special attention. This is one of the largest and best managed stores in that line of business in the city, and it is well worthy of the extensive patronage it is receiving. nov1-1w

FURS.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the real Russian Ermin, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sets, the best in the market, at low prices His business embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State. oct21 1m

SWAN'S DOWN TRIMMING for Opera Cloaks, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store, near the Post Office.

JUST opened at R. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 211 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Bath Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo ditto; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Email de Paris &c., &c.

HUDSON BAY MINK SETS, at Mooro's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

MINNESOTA VIEWS.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest assortment in the city*, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Artillery, 204 Third street. myl5f

HUDSON BAY SABLE SETS, at Mooro's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

YAWTER, ROSE & ETTER, Agents.
oct6-1m

ROYAL ERMINE SETS, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

JUST received a fresh supply of Carwell & Mack's preparations consisting of Lotus Balm, Elixer of Calaysaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

NATURAL AND DYED MUSK RAT SETS, cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

JUNIPER TAR SOAP cures chapped hands, salt rheum, pimples and all cutaneous affections, rendering the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists.
thurs&fri oct18-1y

GENTS' AND BOYS' OTTER AND BEAVER CAPS AND GLOVES, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

GO TO WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes: Berfumery, Toilet Soap, Pommades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

WOLF AND BUFFALO ROBES, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

A SURE PILE CURE.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile Instrument positively cures the worst cases of Piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4.00. Circulars free. Sold by Druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 370 Broadway, New York. oct28-3m

FURS.—For fine sets of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West, and at prices for the quality LOWER than can be had at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep20-2m

GO TO BRYANT, STRATTON & PIRKEY'S St. Paul Commercial College and get a Business Education. Send for "College Monthly," which gives full particulars. Address,
BRYANT, STRATTON & PIRKEY,
feb17-eod-dtw&wly St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED.—Business men and those out of employment to call at the Intelligence Office, 231 Third street, opposite the Church. Housekeepers will do well to call, as they can be supplied with servants on short notice.
sept20-3meod.

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM O. H. KELLEY.
ITASCA, Minn., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. Grant, Esq., St. Paul:

DEAR SIR: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 88 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Where pipe enters the chimney.
8.50 o'clock	82 deg.	97 deg.	102 deg.
9.15 "	78 "	90 "	95 "
9.30 " damp. op'd	76 "	88 "	115 "
9.55 " " clos'd	76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00* "	74 "	86 "	88 "

*Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock	82 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	82 "	94 "	80 "
2 " stir'd fire	83 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 " "wood all coals	96"	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,
O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

St. Paul.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Ulibs, D. C. Shepard, Parker Paine, Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, L. E. Fisher, E. H. Biggs, William Branch, C. H. Schurmeier, Bohrer, Morrison & Reeves, Chas. Coulter, A. H. Rose, Bornp & Hamilton, Mrs. Lyman Dayton, J. B. Tascott, F. Ely & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Hart, Pioneer Printing Co., Geo. Finch, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gibson, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce & Beecher, F. L. Dennis, Hiram Stillwell, Chas. Trowbridge, James Davis, A. M. Patterson, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo. Pulford, Capt. Odell West.

Faribault.—H. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

Shakopee.—D. L. Howe & Co.

Cottage Grove.—J. F. Furber.

St. Cloud.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

Sauk Centre.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

Fort Wadsworth.—Capt H. H. Western.

Owatonna.—D. Higbie.

Hudson.—L. North.

Itasca.—O. L. Kelley.

Lake Como House.—William Perkins.

Taylor's Falls.—T. E. Lacy.

Afton.—S. J. Olds.

Minneapolis.—Gibson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oct16-tf

IMPORTAN TO TRAVELERS.—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time, trouble and expense by calling at the General Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any point they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening. I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, tf. Acent.

FURS, Good and Cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

MINNE-HA-HA and other views of Minnesota Scenery.

WHITNEY is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a full assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps for his retail trade—174—Third Street —174.

FLYNN & LYNCH, boot and shoe dealers, 180 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

TURKISH Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clock's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.
H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug25.d&w3m

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street

PASSENGERS GOING EAST

Will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 3.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the River. THOMAS BELL,
General Superintendent, Detroit.
W. W. WILSON,
my10-6m Passenger Agent, Milwaukee

LAKE COMO HOUSE

DAVIS & CHEEVER

Having purchased the fine and commodious Brick Building at Lake Como, and having entirely refitted and refurnished it, have now opened it as a

FALL AND WINTER RESORT

The previous well known experience of the proprietors enables them to offer every inducement to their patrons, and will warrant satisfaction in every particular to

Visitors and Pleasure Parties

☞ A few permanent Boarders can be accommodated.
oct6 DAVIS & CHEEVER.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE SEASON is the largest and best selected stock of

Men's, Boys', Youths' & Children's CLOTHING,

Cassimere, Beaver Cloths,

Buffalo Robes and Coats.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.

Particular attention given to

Merchant Tailoring.

J. NEWMAN

Offers the above articles lower than any house in this State can or will sell, either Wholesale or Retail. Come one, come all, and satisfy yourself that it is the only place to buy your Clothing.
oct30-3m J. NEWMAN

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter.

NOV. 1—4 P.M.

Y. M. C. A.—The Board of Directors and several Committees of the Young Men's Christian Association held a meeting last evening at the office of E. S. Jones, Esq., and important proceedings were taken upon matters connected with the welfare of the Association. The new rooms of the Association will be at the Athenæum, and the privileges of the library will be accorded the members of the Association. The room will be completely furnished and supplied with periodicals and newspapers. Social gatherings, bible and literary classes, and religious exercises will be held regularly. The report of Rev. Mr. Clinker, Missionary to the Society, was received, and his exertions covered a wide and fruitful field with good results. Mr. C. has been obliged to resign his position on account of sickness in his family. Next Sunday is to be observed by the various Christian Associations in the world as a day of special prayer, in behalf of their efforts, and the clergy have been invited to specially remember the occasion. A meeting will be held in the church of the Old School Presbyterian Society, on Fourth street, in the afternoon, under the auspices of the Association, and a full attendance is requested.

PERSONAL.—I learn with pleasure that Mr. Wm. B. Bradbury has taken up his abode with one of our citizens, and will remain till next spring. It is the earnest wish of all that he may find in our restoring climate a new and healthful vitality.

THE MANUFACTURE OF FURNITURE.—Barnard Bros. & Shuey have just completed a most elegant and attractive suite of drawingroom furniture, which will be on exhibition at their warerooms. It consists of tete-a-tete and chairs in the famous medallion style, of handsome carved black walnut, finished in oil, and upholstered with green reps crossed by broad gold stripes. It was made for Mr. W. D. Washburn, and is equal in beauty to the productions of any cabinet manufactory in the country.

GYMNASTICS.—Professor Seibert informs us that one week from next Monday evening, the grand hall of the Turner's Society on First street, will be opened by a fine display of gymnastics. The hall is completely fitted with ante rooms and has a stage 24x30 feet, much superior to that at Harmonia hall.

MR. DUGAN'S remains were to day taken to Hastings for burial to-morrow. A short service was held in the parlor of the First National Hotel by Rev. Dr. Allen, and numerously attended. The body was escorted to the town limits by the attaches of the *Chronicle* office.

T. G. BARNARD | J. F. BARNARD | W. H. H. SHUEY

BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE!

A full and complete assortment of

PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
KITCHEN,

Office and School Furniture,

constantly on hand.

Upholstering Done to Order.

All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony free of charge.

Prices furnished on application. Salesroom

Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis

And at Factory, Main street,

St. Anthony, Minn.

apr4-1y

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,

MINNEAPOLIS.

Great Fall Arrival

OF

NEW GOODS

For 1866.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR HATS & CAPS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BLANKETS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BOOT & SHOES AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR TRUNKS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR WINTER SHAWLS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR FLANNELS AND all your Woolens, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR SHIRTS AND Drawers at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY ALL YOUR GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE, as you are sure of getting them at the very lowest possible figures, as their motto is "quick sales and small profits." Mind the PEOPLE'S STORE.

sep12-1m-mo R. E. LUCAS.

NORTH STAR WOOLEN MILL!

MINNEAPOLIS.

Retail Department

Opened at the Mill expressly for the convenience of farmers, country and town people.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VISIT THE MILL.

NEW GOODS!

Spring and Summer Coatings,

Of Dark and Light Brown and Shaded Grey colors, made from the finest Wool and especially adapted to the cooler latitudes of the Northwest.

FANCY CASSIMERES

In black and white and black and brown plaids! in spring style, made expressly of pure wool, for pantaloon stuffs and pantings.

All Wool Tweeds!

Of superfine quality and soft silky finish, of light grades for summer wear.

EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO.

NEW YORK AND MINNESOTA HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTORY.

M. SANKSTON,

Manufacturer of the

LATEST STYLES OF

Hoop Skirts,

AND DEALER IN

FRENCH,
GERMAN & DOMESTIC
CORSETS,

Bustles, Nets, &c.

A large and most complete stock of the latest styles of Hoop Skirts and Corsets constantly on hand. Merchants supplied at New York prices. Skirts repaired and made as good as new. Goods warranted for three months. Please call and examine.

N. B.—Orders from the country promptly attended to. Post Office Box 1,744. No. 129 Third street, St. Paul. sp19-6thply

OF ALL MUSIC BOOKS FOR the young "MERRY CHIMES" is universally admitted to be the best. This new book of Mr. L. O. Emerson's has already met with a sale altogether unprecedented—and though his previous work, "THE GOLDEN WREATH," reached *its three hundredth edition by one thousand copies each*, present appearances indicate that the "Merry Chimes" will go beyond it. The Elementary Department contains just those peculiar elements that attract and retain the attention of children. The songs are not old and thus worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions and alive with the spirit of the times. Price 50 cents a copy—$5.00 a dozen. Specimen pages on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, oct27 277 Washington street, Boston.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

The Baltimore Troubles.

GOV. SWANN DECIDES TO MAKE THE REMOVAL.

THE COMMISSIONERS WILL APPEAL TO THE LAW.

The Causes of Carlotta's Insanity.

Death of Senator Wright of New Jersey.

More Indian Outrages on the Plains.

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Police Commissioners to be Removed.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 1.

The *American* has the following special dispatch from Annapolis:

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 1.—The Governor has decided to remove the commissioners. The decision is very bitter against them. He says that the registry lists of 1866 should have been used, and that the judges of election have no right to go beyond the registry law. He says the police commissioners and judges of election were most partisan in their characters, and were guilty of gross official misconduct. He would call upon the United States government to uphold his authority if it should be necessary.

Sheriff Thompson, of Baltimore, arrived here this morning for the purpose of taking up the commissions of the new officers. The greatest excitement prevails in the streets of this city over the removal of the police commissioners by Gov. Swann.

The old police commissioners are in session with their counsel and advisers. It is not known definitely yet what they will do, but it is believed they will take some such course as the following, under the law which creates the board of police commissioners: It is claimed they have most ample power. They can in any emergency increase their force without limit and call out the military if they deem it expedient; they can also summon the sheriff, who is made subject to their orders. They have assumed, it is understood, the ground, *First*, that they are not guilty of official misconduct, and next, under the following clause in the new constitution of the State, they maintain that as they were elected to office by the legislature the Governor has no power to remove them on the ground that the clause below quoted annuls and abrogates the provisions of the law under which the Governor acts, which was passed prior to the enactment of the new constitution. The clause in the new constitution referred to is as follows: Art. 2 Sec. 17—The Governor may suspend, &c., and may remove for incompetency or misconduct, all civil officers who received appointments from the Executive for a term not exceeding two years.

It is stated that as the commissioners are elected by the Legislature and not by the Governor, therefore the Governor cannot remove them. On this ground it is understood the commissioners will go into court, and in the meantime, resist, by lawful means, arrest, and other wise, parties who may assume or attempt to exercise any of their functions or the functions of a police officer. If United States troops come they will protest to the commander that they are simply exercising their lawful functions; that they are not in either insurrection or rebellion within the meaning of the clause in the Constitution of the United States in reference to that; but if the government troops forcibly eject them from the possession of the commissioners' office, marshal's office, police stations, &c., they will submit under protest, and await the decision of the courts. They profess the greatest solicitude to avoid any collision with the general government, and to prevent a popular outbreak. It is now said that Mr. Ford is not to be a commissioner, and that Geo. H. Harry and Capt. Horn, as before named, are to be appointed, but nothing is positively known as yet.

FROM NEW YORK.

EMIGRATION STATISTICS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

The Emigration Commissioners met yesterday. The statistics show the number of emigrants landed during the past week to be 4,685, making a total landed here since January 1st, of 202,170.

CHOLERA.

Two cases of cholera occurred in the city yesterday, one of which proved fatal.

CANADIAN FENIANISM.

The *Herald's* Ottawa special of last night says the Attorney General returns to-night, and a cabinet council will be held to-morrow, to consider the exciting questions in reference to the execution of the condemned Fenians. Prominent parties denounce the leniency and say if the Canadian government has not more back bone than to pardon the murderers of her volunteers, she had better apply for annexation at once. The Attorney General will not go with the delegation to England on the 7th of November, as announced, owing to the serious aspect of affairs.

AMERICAN FENIAFISM.

The *Herald's* Troy special says the Fenian excitement continues to run high and sessions of the circles are held night and day. An order issued by President Roberts, looking to the early invasion of Canada, will soon be promulgated. The organization of a Fenian regiment has been commenced and is progressing with spirit.

MRS. GEN. WOOL.

The *Herald's* Troy special says Mrs. Maj. Gen. Wool was struck with paralysis in her entire right side yesterday, and it was thought that the attack would prove fatal.

CRIM. CON.

Wm. Anderson, residing at 173 East 23d street, last night shot his wife for criminal conduct with a grocer in the neighborhood named Whitfield. Whitfield escaped. Anderson was arrested.

STEWART'S BENEFACTIONS.

The *Tribune* says Mr. A. T. Stewart has decided not to erect the houses for the poor on the lands offered by a wealthy citizen for that purpose. He will accept from no source whatever, but will himself prosecute the project to completion at an expense approximating to nearer five than one million dollars. A well known and expert architect of this city has been consulted, and the noble work of providing homes for the industrious poor is to be commenced at an early day and prosecuted with energy.

CANADIAN CONFEDERATION.

The *Times* Montreal special says a remonstrance against a confederation, addressed to Lord Carnarvon, her Majesty's Secretary of State, to the Secretary of State for the colonies, has been published here to-day. It is a document of great length, entering very fully into the history of the scheme, and is signed by about one-third of the members of Parliament representing Lower Canadian constituencies. It protests against precipitancy on a subject that concerns the highest and most enduring interests of this country, and asks that the subject be sent back to the people of these provinces for an expression upon it of their calm and deliberate judgment. The list of signatures is headed by the names of Dorion Holton, Hibadeau Huntington and La Frambois, all ex-ministers of the Crown.

THE GAS SWINDLE.

The Supreme Court decided against the power of the Common Council to make a contract for gas at the present high prices for 20 years.

FROM EUROPE.

Particulars Concerning the Empress Charlotte—European Politics.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Star* says the greatest sympathy is manifested for the Empress Charlotte. It would appear that her mental state gave cause for alarm to her, even before her arrival in France, during her voyage from Vera Cruz to St. Nazaire. She appeared to be plunged in the deepest melancholy, and constantly spoke of the immense responsibility she had assumed. On arriving in Paris, although indirectly prepared for the Emperor's refusal to alter the period he had fixed upon for the evacuation of the Mexican Territory by French troops, she persisted in her desire to have a personal interview with Napoleon. The result is known. Although the Emperor received the wife of Max with all courtesy and kindness, he remained absolutely firm. The Empress unfortunately lost her head, and she so far forgot her self-possession as to give way to the most violent paroxysm of excitement, making use of language which not only startled but puzzled the Emperor.

This painful excitement is now easily to be accounted for. The first subject which seems to have distracted the mind of the Empress, was the clause in her father's will in which he merely gave a life use in the twenty-five millions he bequeathed to her, although he gave her power to dispose of the principal by will. The Empress applied to her brother, Leopold II, and to the court of Flanders to annul the clause, and allow her to devote the $25,000,000 to the Mexican Empire. Her brother, however, turned a deaf ear to her solitude, reminding her of the prodigal generosity with which her husband had spent his own private fortune as well as a portion of her's, and positively refused her request. The Empress cannot forgive this act; and as she is aware that the King and his brother have been privately supported in their decision by the Austrian Imperial family, she will not consent to visit her family at Brussels or at Vienna. Hence arose her despair on the Pope having declined to sanction the concordat proposed by Maximilian. Her appeal rejected by Napoleon III, by her own brothers and by the Pope, it is not surprising that her mind has given way in the presence of so much bitter mortification.

The official act of the retrocession of the whole of Venetia was completed on the morning of the 19th, and the Italian national flag was hoisted at Venice amid great popular enthusiasm.

A Florence telegram, of the 19th, says: Royal decrees have been issued appointing Senator Pasolini Italian Commissioner at Venice, the Duke of Verdura at Verona, and Deputy Guicciardini at Mantua.

The result of the Plebiscitum in Venetia will be proclaimed on the 27th inst., and a deputation of the mayors of the principal towns will at once proceed to Turin to present the whole to the King.

The *Opinione* of to day asserts that the government will not proceed with the general elections, but that after the Plebiscitum in Venetia, the Venetian electoral colleges will be assembled in order to choose deputies to the present Italian Parliament. The date for the convocation of Parliament is not yet fixed, but it is believed it will take place early in December.

PRUSSIA.

The semi-official *North German Gazette* of the 18th says certain journals have published a statement that the British embassador in this city, during a recent conversation with Herr Von Thiele, Prussian Under Secretary of State, had either demanded that the private fortune of King George of Hanover be given up to him, or protested against its sequestration by the Prussian government.

FROM THE PLAINS.

The Indian War—A Snow Storm.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

The *Tribune's* Leavenworth special says two men were lately killed by the Arrapahoes near Fort Lupton, Colorado, 24 miles below Fort Halleck.

A severe snow storm is reported between Denver and Salt Lake. The snow was two feet deep. Trains with grain for Holliday's overland express company had 76 mules frozen to death.

One hundred and sixteen mules were recently stolen by the Indians ten miles east of Julesburg.

Evidence of the Pawnees shows that the Cheyennes and Camanches murdered five emigrants, and captured a lot of children and horses, and burned several wagons on the Republican Fork. The Cheyennes were dressed in uniform, and had government arms and saddles. The Camanches and Cheyennes are strong parties, and have taken fifteen scalps and a boy and a girl prisoners. They have several white children in the camp.

FROM WASHINGTON.

SHERIDAN'S ORDER ALL RIGHT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

The *Herald's* special from Washington says the President has signified to Gen. Sheridan his approval of the spirit of his late Mexican order.

GOING HOME TO VOTE.

All of the New York clerks in the treasury department are to receive six days' leave of absence to vote on Tuesday next. Two thirds of those who go are reported to be radicals.

Excursion on the Pacific Railroad.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1st.

A large excursion party left this afternoon for Fort Riley, Kansas, to celebrate the completion of the Pacific Railroad eastern division to that point. Among the prominent western gentlemen invited are Generals Sherman, Pope, Hancock, Mercy, Easton, Haines, Nichols, McKeever; Senators Brown, Henderson; Congressmen, Gen. Logan, Anderson, and Blow, of Missouri; Senator Howard, of Michigan; Schuyler Colfax, Thos. H. Nelson, Indiana; Gov. Dennison, Ohio; H. J. Jewett, Ohio Central; Railroad; Thos. Swan, Panhandle road; Wm. H. Clement, L. M. railroad; Major Thomas, St. Louis; John D. Perry, President, Adolphus Mier, Vice President, General Palmer, Treasurer, Chas. R. Lambert, Secretary, Union Pacific Railroad; officers and directors Missouri Pacific road, and a considerable number of prominent citizens and ladies of St. Louis. Another large party, consisting of distinguished railroad men, and prominent citizens of New York and Philadelphia, will join this one at Leavenworth to-morrow and immediately start for Fort Riley and Junction City, the present terminus of the road.

Foreign Items.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

By the arrival of a steamer from Europe, we learn that the steamer Medford, connected with the Atlantic Telegraph Expedition, arrived at Queenstown from Nova Scotia, 20th, with the loss of the expedition.

The Irish Bishop of Troam, Lord Plunkett, died on the 19th.

The Cotton crop of Egypt is said to be very large.

The cattle plague had almost died out in England.

Radicals Leaving New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.

The *Herald's* New Orleans special says a number of radicals, Southerners, including Cutler, the leading spirit of the convention of July 30, have left the city in expectation of a riot. Cutler is the author of the report made in writing that the ex-rebels contemplated a general massacre

The St. Paul Daily Press.
SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 3, 1866.

THE ELECTION—THE COUNTY CANDIDATES.

The Republicans of Ramsey county have a fair prospect of electing their whole ticket next Tuesday, if they will but try. They can do it by the simple process of polling their whole vote. Of those who vote in this county from political convictions, the Republicans are unquestionably a large majority. They can control enough of the floating, non-political vote to carry this county, if they choose. There has been no time for years when they might not have done it with a proper organization. And if fifty young Republicans will take hold of the matter between now and Tuesday, they can do it now.

The moment is an auspicious one for the attempt. For the enemy is thoroughly demoralized, disheartened and distracted. Their county and legislative ticket is one which presents few personal claims to support. It is made up of the same old hackneyed politicians who have managed to foist themselves into office year after year, played out placemen in whom the people have little confidence and with whom they are generally disgusted.

The Republican ticket, on the contrary, is a thoroughly good one. The contrast between the two, indeed, is so great as respects their personal claims to the support of our citizens, that we can hardly emphasize the superiority of the Republican over the Democratic candidates to better advantage than by placing them side by side. Here they are:

SENATOR.

Republican.	*Democratic.*
Gen. S. P. Jennison,	Wm. P. Murray.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Capt. O. K. Davis,	C. H. Lienau,
O. O. Griswold,	E. Rice,
John M. Keller,	Pat Nash.

JUDGE OF PROBATE.

R. F. Crowell,	J. J. Egan.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

George Scotten,	S. Lee Davis.

COURT COMMISSIONER.

Hugo Fetzhold,	H. M. Dodge.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

T. Delaney,	T. Howard.

We call the attention of soldiers to the fact that on the Democratic ticket there is not a single soldier, while the Republican nominations are headed with the name of that gallant and distinguished soldier, General S. P. Jennison, who bore the flag of Minnesota through all the perils of the war for the Union, and whose name is endeared to all Minnesota soldiers by the remembrance of common dangers bravely suffered, and common glories bravely won.

But Gen. Jennison is not only a soldier but a talented lawyer, and has the highest qualifications for the position for which he is named. It is sufficient to say that he is opposed by Wm. P. Murray, a copperhead, who opposed that war for which Jennison gave his blood and very nearly his life, and who while Jennison was struggling to maintain the honor of the flag, was endeavoring to prevent the reinforcement of our sorely-pressed armies. Can any one hesitate to choose between these two men?

Following Gen. Jennison on the Republican ticket is another gallant soldier, Capt. O. K. Davis, who also has a noble record of patriotic devotion, a gentleman of culture and of high attainments, a lawyer of the first order of ability and rapidly becoming a favorite from his many genial social qualities. The people of Ramsey county rarely have so able a man—so well fitted to play an influential part in the legislature—presented for their suffrages. And who is his opponent? It is Charles H. Lienau, the vilest of copperheads, the publisher of a paper which during the war was full of infamous assaults on the soldiers of the Union and which did its little best to sow feelings of disloyalty and disaffection among our German population. Can any one hesitate which of these two men to vote for?

Next on the Republican ticket is G. G. Griswold, an enterprising and highly intelligent and popular merchant of this city, fully identified with all its true interests, while opposed to him is Edmund Rice, who represents simply the interests of a corporation. Surely no one can hesitate to decide which of these two men is better entitled to the confidence of our citizens?

The next on the Republican list of Representatives is John M. Keller, a very worthy and intelligent German—a man of sterling integrity and excellent practical judgment. Against him the Democracy have pitted Pat. Nash—a railroad contractor who is after a job—and for that reason cannot be safely trusted to represent the interests of the people.

This review exhausts the Legislative ticket. We have no space now to compare the nominations for county officers, further than to call attention once more to the excessively absurd nomination which the Democrats have made for Judge of Probate. For this now very responsible office, to which highly important property interests are entrusted, and which requires a great deal of discretion as well as legal knowledge for its proper administration, the Democracy have nominated a mere lad, barely out of his teens, and whose sole qualification for the position seems to be that some of his ancestors were Irishmen. We have no doubt that Eagan is a tolerably smart boy, and we shall be very glad to see him rise in the world; but in aspiring to a position so much above his capacity or experience he furnishes a convincing proof that he is destitute of that good sense and sound, well-balanced judgment—which is an essential qualification of a Judge of Probate. Of Judge Crowell, the present incumbent, it is sufficient to say that he has filled the office to the universal satisfaction of the public—that he is a good lawyer and a man of sound discretion and spotless integrity. We have strong hopes that he will be elected.

SOMEBODY LIES.

In a remarkably gaseous pronunciamento issued by our Democratic neighbors yesterday "To the people of Minnesota. Reasons why, as Minnesotians, you should vote the Conservative ticket," they say of the Constitutional Amendment, which by some chronic misconception, they habitually pluralize into "the Constitutional Amendments":

> The Constitutional Amendments which they [the Radicals] seek to force upon the country and have seen made the platform of their party, *are destructive of the local rights of Minnesota as well as of every Southern State.*

The pronunciamento proceeds to give a column of other incompressibly and unquotably diffuse objections to the several sections of the Constitutional Amendment and negro suffrage, all given as "reasons why as, *Minnesotians you should vote the Conservative ticket,*" The "Conservative ticket" is Colville. Now, hear Colville on the Constitutional Amendment. At Forest City, on the 19th of October, our correspondent writes:

> The Colonel opened by saying that he was before the people as a candidate for Congress; *that he had favored and voted for negro suffrage*—VOTED FOR IT BECAUSE HE THOUGHT IT WAS RIGHT, and not only right but democratic; THAT HE ENDORSED THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, AND WAS WILLING TO ACCEPT IT AS THE BASIS OF RECONSTRUCTION.

A few day before he had made a speech at St. Cloud, a part of which is thus reported:

> HE SAID HE WAS WILLING TO ACCEPT THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AS A BASIS OF RESTORATION, and that if he thought it would settle the question, *he would be where he was last fall.* He said further, that when the Democrats this fall called a convention of all the conservative men of the State, they adopted a platform that at *least did not conflict with the Constitutional Amendment*, when they then said to the Republicans; "If you will not join us in the work of restoration, WE WILL ADOPT YOUR PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES, AND TAKE YOUR AMENDMENT AS THE BASIS OF FINAL SETTLEMENT;" it was then, Col. Colville said, that he *agreed to run upon this platform as a candidate for Congress.*

The "Conservative ticket" thus appeals to the people for support on the ground that he is in favor of the Constitutional Amendment as the basis of restoration, and of negro suffrage as "not only right but democratic;" while the Democratic organ and the Democratic orators are appealing to the people to "vote the conservative ticket" for the precisely opposite reason that he is hostile to the constitutional amendment and negro suffrage.

Now, as both of these contradictory statements cannot be true, it follows that one or the other is a falsehood.

A question of veracity is thus in issue between Colonel William Colville, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this district, and the entire Democratic party of this State and of the United State, speaking through all its accredited organs and representatives.

We might leave these contesting parties to settle the question between themselves if they showed any disposition to settle it. But so far from being a subject of quarrel between them, it is, on the contrary, most palpably a matter on which they have the most perfect and cordial understanding. Colville is to tell one story in order to trick Republicans into voting for him, while his friends are to tell a directly opposite one to trick the Democrats into voting for him. The cause of public morals compels us to interfere in this amicable arrangement between the confederate swindlers. We wish to avoid calling people by hard names, however much they may deserve it. We simply call the attention of the jury to the fact that the witnesses contradict each other, and that the object of both is to deceive the public for their mutual advantage. In the good old English there used to be names for such people, but as these are obsolete in our more refined age, we forbear to characterize them.

WE notice in some Eastern journals a paragraph to the effect that Gov. Seymour emphatically denies that he expressed himself, while in St. Paul, in favor of the Constitutional Amendment and negro suffrage. We know nothing of what Gov. Seymour says in New York; but what he said here we know upon the most unimpeachable authority. And he said here that he was in favor of the Constitutional Amendment, that the South ought to accept it, and that if he was in a Southern State he would vote for negro suffrage.

IRISH REPUBLICANS.

Another Letter from Michael Scanlan, Esq.

This gentleman has written a long letter to the Chicago *Tribune*, from which we make several extracts.

Editors Chicago Tribune:

Since John Pope Hodnett addressed the citizens of Quincy, as an Irish Republican I have received many letters from Irishmen residing in that city asking my opinion on several questions, viz: Republicanism, Democracy, Fenianism, "Do I want to make the nigger as good as the white man?". "Am I a traitor, &c., &c. All of these letters are so numerous and conflicting that I must request space in your paper to answer these gentlemen.

Irishmen are of such ardent temperament that when they take sides in politics they assume at once that they must be right, and that all who differ from them must be wrong and fit only for abuse and vilification. So long as this continued unquestioned in the United States that an Irishman who had the hardihood or manliness to break loose from his party runs a chance of being gored to death ere he can get out of the party field. Why has not an Irishmen the right to be a Republican and address his countrymen on Republicanism if he chooses?

* * * * * * *

Mr. Hains says in a letter to me:

"My opinion of Michael Scanlan has been in the past that, if all men proved false save himself alone, he was unpurchasable, incorruptible. Speak, Scanlan, I demand a reply from you on this point. And oh! God grant that though all else be lost you have yet preserved your honor."

Now hear, Thomas Hains, and all my disguised friends who have pinned their faith to my sleeve, under the hallucination that, being of Celtic blood, my utter was the Democratic platform, I speak, I cry with a loud voice, I AM A REPUBLICAN!—A BLACK REPUBLICAN!!—A REPUBLICAN OF THE HORACE GREELEY STRIPE!!!

I am also, I hope, a good Irishman, willing to do all I can for my own country, and ready to take the hand of any man who sails under the banner of universal liberty. I now hold no position in the Fenian Brotherhood, but am of the rank and file, and I trust those very sensitive Democratic Fenians will give me that toleration which I give to them—the right to think and act on American positions in whatever manner my judgment directs. I believe the principles of the Republican party to be more conducive to the independence of Ireland than any other in the land. I believe that while seeking liberty for ourselves we should not rivet the chains on others. I believe that the men and the party who have struck the shackles from the negro at the sacrifice of their own children, will do as much for the white race, and at as great a sacrifice. I believe that the Republican party is the best and boldest for America, and the friend of all struggling nationalities, and believing these things, I am a Republican. I believe the present administration to be the most corrupt one that ever ruled this country. False to America, it cannot be friendly to Ireland. I believe Seward and Johnson to be leagued with England for the purpose of crushing any movement tending to Ireland's liberation, and those two being the chief planks in your Democratic platform, I feel it incumbent on me to oppose them as I would the English government. If white men, who can neither read or write, and who themselves were brought up in comparative ignorance and slavery, are entitled to vote, black men born in the land, and who have fought for their liberty, are surely entitled to the same privilege. I do not enter into comparisons to offend anybody's feelings, but to answer questions and justify myself in my position.

I will not stop to discuss whether the negro has as much brain as the Caucassian, or whether he can become, in time, the white man's equal or superior. The white man's withholding certain privileges from the black man denotes a fear of something. The only wonder, taking his position and surroundings into consideration, is that he has any brain at all. Living the life of a vassal; chained down to the level of a brute, with laws nicely framed for shutting out any stray gleam from God that might penetrate the gloom with which he was surrounded; bought and sold; kicked and whipped, and still a man! thanks to Republicanism; for Democracy sought to make him a brute; and so wrote him down in its calendar. And now it is dangerous to give him the grand privilege of voting, because he is ignorant! Who made him so? England made it criminal for our fathers to learn; destroyed our history and our schools; set a price upon the head of the schoolmaster, and afterwards accused us of ignorance; and shall we, in turn, use the Saxon's argument against ourselves toward the negro, when his master would hang him on the first tree for having his A B C in his big black bosom? Let us investigate these matters, and see if, unintentionally, we haven't been standing guard over the slave for his South-ern master. Give the black man a chance. [illegible] an interest in [illegible] country—himself and his fathers were born here—and if he don't prove himself *quite as smart* as the Caucasian, he will be *somewhat* better than he is.

* * * * * * *

When the future historian will record the mighty issues of this our day, he will write it down as one of the anomalies of inconsistency, that a people themselves in bondage and crying out for liberty, were the bulwarks of Democracy which held the last of slavery as almost divine; and threw their strength, not with the slave, but with his master; and in the end, when slavery was no more in the land, cursed themselves and the men who lured them to weave the lash that so welted the sides of suffering humanity. Oh, what a national pride would it be for us to-day, and in the future to our children, if, like the Germans, we could point to any portion of our Irish Americans assisting in the abolition of slavery! Why will you cling to old systems forever! Can't you see that Democracy has lived its day, and is now existing solely on the crumbs thrown from the Executive table? and that Republicanism is the advance guard, and the heavy columns too, of time in its grand march, sweeping old fogyism and its barbaric laws in to the dust, it rythmetical march, like songs of hope falling on the ears of prisoned nations, and its flaming swords tracing above the shattered thrones of kings, universal liberty. What has Democracy ever done for suffering and struggling Ireland? The chief plank in its platform was non-intervention, which meant if Ireland was fighting for liberty not to interfere, lest tyranny might be offended. Fall in, then, with Republicanism, whose leaders are not afraid to sympathize with Ireland in the teeth of England. Go with Seward and Johnson, and you will have the extreme satisfaction of supporting the English Government and the London *Times*, who see another wedge in Mr. Johnson to split the Union.

These are some of my views, given as plainly and as honestly as I believe them. Take them or not, as you please, my countrymen. It should make no difference personally between us as Irishmen. I am willing to give every one the right to think and act as his judgment dictates, and will not call a man "perfidious or purchasable" because he thinks fit to differ with me in American politics. Virulent adjectives and dirt throwing is poor argument. Let those use it who may. I will none of it.

MICHAEL SCANLAN.

LETTER FROM WABASHAW.

A Disappointed Democratic Gathering—An Illustrious Trio of Orators fail to Come to Time—Republican Prospects in Wabashaw County.

WABASHAW, Nov. 1, 1866.

Editors St. Paul Press:

For several days, posters stamped with staring capitals, had announced that Brisbin, the gifted, but somewhat moist child of genius, Phelps, the calm and dignified, and Colville, the brave and gallant, but vacillating and unreliable, would expound to the believers in, and others who might desire to explore the mysterious beauties of the circular creed, with a view to a permanent investment of their spare capital in this new effort to establish a haven of perfect bliss this side the gates of Heaven.

At an early hour the spacious hall was filled to repletion with an anxious crowd, comprising among their number every shade of political creed, from the brazen copperhead to the timid neophyte walking his first tour around the charmed circle.

The preliminaries of organization were very quickly arranged, and the crowd awaited in turbulent suspense the arrival of the gifted twain, and the renegade from principle, that immortal trio, through whose efforts it was hoped the result in this county, which has rather straight Republican tendencies, might be warped to the peculiar current of Johnson-Colville-ism; but the warpers arrived not, and the band breathed forth its sweetest airs to allay the feverish impatience of the writers.

"Is Brisbin on a spree?" was the question whispered around. But whether drunk or sober, or the victim of some dire calamity, none know, unless it were himself, or some of the local magnates of this modern Round Table.

The suspense became intolerable at last, and J. B. Davis, the courtly, appeared on the stage under his best bow, and announced to the multitude that the meeting, as a grand display of Democratic oratory, and an effort to make political proselytes was a failure; but now was a chance for home genius to soar; our own Demosthenes might air their eloquence. A love feast! Oh, ye Gods! A love feast? Yes, of course. Why not? There were a number of gentlemen present whose hospitality was beyond question. Spread the intellectual table; let it groan beneath a load of home-made goodies. Logical stews, flanked with rhetorical pastries, and sweetmeats in metaphor, and the wine of sentiment and generous wit should wash down the repast. Bring forward your offerings to the banquet.

Capt. Williams was the first to modestly offer his stew, which he bore upon a salver formed from his former services in the field. The groundwork of his cake was Johnson; it was seasoned with Johnson-following-in-Lincoln's-footsteps spice, and flavored with Colville.

Ed. B. Bundy, a good boy in his way, next offered his gems of metaphor and wit. From being cooked in coppery dishes, their flavor was not excellent. Though Ed. is some at these gatherings.

But lo! who comes here—

"Firm-paced and slow, a horrid front he forms,
Still as the breezes, but dreadful as the storms."

—of portly figure and majestic mien! His god-like form towers aloft in the consciousness of strength of power! 'Tis he, the gallant General of Militia, the brave, the generous, the noble Sharpe. The wheel-horse of Wabashaw Democracy. The flag he bears in his "red right hand." But—soft! he speaks! his voice in mellow utterance is heard: "Donnelly is a coward. Colville, the immortal, gallant, generous, brave Colville, of immortal Minnesota's immortal First! We have saved the country! We have brought it safely through a terrible war! Defended Washington, and spilt our blood on the field of battle." Plentifully interspersing his remarks with wavings of his banner aloft, and thrusting the staff violently upon the stage, as though he would there plant it, to blossom and bear fruit for aye! The General had evidently forgotten his record during the war, and fancied for the moment that he had always been a patriot. One remark of his I liked to have forgotten: "Soldiers, are you cowards? If you are not, you will vote for Colville." Which piece of logic was a stunner, not to mention the exquisite irony embodied in this pronunciamento, by a man who never smelt powder, on the conduct of veterans who have participated in twenty or thirty pitched battles.

J. B. Davis having conducted the opening exercises of this Christian gathering, it was preeminently proper that he should pronounce the benediction, which he proceeded to do in his usual graceful and harmonious style, and the meeting dispersed.

Have no fears of Wabashaw county. The Republicans are working as never before. The people are earnest in their support of Congress, and determined to fight the battle out to the end, and look forward with a hope inspired expectancy to that day, when by the blessing of God, Heaven shall smile on a Union restored on such a basis that the machinations of traitors shall as ineffectually dash themselves against its foundations, as the waves of time wash the shores of eternity.

Hopefully yours, B. R.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—Admiral Farragut receives $19,000 as his share of the Mobile prize money.

—A Janesville (Wis.) paper records sleighing in that city on the 27th; not much, but enough to mention.

—Dion, the noted Canadian billiardist, must be a member of the "Queen's own." He has made the greatest run on record.

—Avery, United States Assessor for Sacramento, acknowledges the receipt of orders from Washington to deliver the office to Bigler, but disobeys them.

—Gens. Grant and Sherman had a long interview with Secretary Stanton on Wednesday. It is inferred from this that the ill feeling which existed between the Secretary and Gen. Sherman has been done away with.

—The flood caused by the rain on Tuesday morning was so great in Jersey City, that nearly every basement and cellar was filled with water. The city prison was flooded so that the prisoners had to be removed.

—Old Mr. Dawson, of Fredericksburg, Va., was recently cured of rheumatism by a stroke of lightning. Whether or not he survives is not stated.

—The merchant tailors of Terre Haute are on a "strike." This time it is not the workmen, but the employers, who refuse to submit longer to the old bill of prices.

—The "Queen's Own" are still running. They commenced running at Ridgeway, and now they are running around getting up petitions to have Lynch and McMahon hung.

—The infuriated gentleman who missed being married for twenty-four hours on account of the delay at a draw bridge on the New Haven road, threatens to sue the company for not "making connections."

—The "Queen's Own" are anxious to employ Jack Ketch against the Fenians. This, we suppose, is in retaliation for the efforts made by the Fenians to catch some of the "Queen's Own" at Ridgeway.

—The Evansville *Journal* has lately been presented with a box of fresh ripe strawberries, of a large size and of most excellent flavor. They are of the Agricultural variety, and the vines produce perpetually during the whole summer, until the killing frosts of fall.

—The estimates of the Manhattan Club, the celebrated Democratic organization of New York city, now is that they must have a majority of forty-five thousand in the city to carry the State. This is significant, because ten days ago the estimate of the Club was placed at only forty thousand.

—Henry Giles, the eloquent lecturer, who is prostrated by chronic illness, is supported by the reading of his lectures by Mr. F. J. Nicholls, a skillful elocutionist, who is now performing the work of benevolence in the Eastern States. His address is at the office of the *Christian Register*, Boston.

New Advertisements.

For Advertisements of Wants and For Sale see Fourth Page.

TAKEN UP.

By the subscriber, a Dark Brown Steer, about one and a half years old. The owner is requested to call and prove property, pay charges and take the same away. PETER WALLICK, on Bluff back of W. L. Ames'. nov3 1d&3tw

Fairchild & Co., Auctioneers,

Sell a large amount of BEDDING, CROCKERY WARE, TABLES, CHAIRS, &c.,

At AUCTION,

This Morning at 9 1-2 o'clock.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Two First Class Top Buggies,

AND

ONE OPEN BUGGY,

From the celebrated manufactory of

C. P. Kimball, Portland, Me.

Inquire of BEL WHARTON,
nov3 Jackson street.

REMOVAL!

PRATT & HUGHSON

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 190 Third Street,

THE OLD STAND OF

D. D. MERRILL & CO.,

Where they have opened the finest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

Ever brought to the West, which they propose selling at the lowest living rates.

They invite the particular attention of the Ladies to their selection of

BURT GOODS.

nov3-1stp

HIGH SCHOOL CHORALIST.—A selection of Choruses and Four Part Songs from the works of the Great Masters, for the use of High Schools, Advanced Singing Classes, &c., $1.00.

*** A volume containing those meritorious pieces usually selected for special occasions and practice, but which cannot otherwise be obtained except by the purchase of several expensive books. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington street, Boston.

LOW PRICED COLLECTION OF SACRED MUSIC.—"THE CHAPEL," a collection of tunes in all Metres, composed for and especially adapted to the wants of all Church Choirs and Christian Worship, Home Circles and Social Gatherings. Price in paper, 35 cts.; boards, 40 cents. Sent post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
nov3 277 Washington street, Boston.

TO THE PEOPLE OF RAMSEY COUNTY.

I now announce myself as an Independent People's Candidate for election to the next Legislature of Minnesota, from the First District, and would say in this connection, that I am opposed to all unnecessary "TAXATION" for Railroad, or any other purposes.

D. C. JONES.

St. Paul, Oct. 30, 1866.

nov2-4t ip

A BARGAIN.

Left with us for sale at a very low figure, a FIRST-CLASS TOP BUGGY, Eastern make, ran but two months, owner no further use for it this Fall. Call at the Carriage Factory of

QUINBY & HALLOWELL,
nov1-1w Robert street.

DR. JAMES T. ALLEY,

Office 130 Third street,

Will give his exclusive attention to

CHRONIC DISEASES,

Especially those of the SKIN, THROAT AND CHEST. Office hours (Sundays excepted) 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. oct31-1w

BELLE PLAINE

Real Estate Agency.

ROBERT H. ROSE will attend to all business appertaining to real estate and to the prosecution of War Claims. Respectfully refers to Gov. W. R. Marshall, Gen. H. H. Sibley, D. W. Ingersoll, Esq., Fred. Driscoll, Esq., Col. J. L. Merriam, Col. J. J. Shaw, St. Paul; Hon. A. G. Chatfield and Stone & Metcner, Belle Plaine, Minn. my3-1stf

CLXIV

EVERYTHING NEW!

FIRM, STORE AND STOCK.

EDWARD HOGAN, CHARLES NICHOLS.

HOGAN & NICHOLS,

Whose elegantly outfitted store is attracting such universal attention, desire to bring to the notice of Country Merchants their heavy and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. We are

Jobbers and Retailers of

All goods in our line, having Separate Departments for each branch. We are making very low figures on our stock. LOOK IT THROUGH BEFORE YOU BUY, as much for your own interest as for ours, so that there will be no occasion for your saying: "Your goods are very low, lower than I have paid, but I have bought my

DRY GOODS

Any one desiring Goods in the RETAIL DEPARTMENT will readily perceive the advantage of selecting from an entirely new stock—especially when the stock is the largest and prices the lowest of any House in town.

No Old Goods carried over from past seasons.

For the present we are open in the evening, and proffering our compliments, we extend a general invitation to one a and all to drop in and see how we look by Gaslight at

164 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

JUST BELOW THE PIONEER OFFICE.

oct30

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

KEYSTONE

THE GREATEST

FUEL-SAVING STOVE

IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

C. L. GRANT,

SOLE AGENT,

113 Third Street, Union Block, St. Paul.

oct16-1w-1stp

SPECIAL SALE

OF

WHITE AND COLORED

BLANKETS,

At 10 per Cent Below Value

TO THE TRADE.

Also at Retail at the

ONE PRICE

DRY GOODS HOUSE

OF

JOHN H. CAMP,

142 Third street,

oct21

MRS. I. REDMOND

Will be happy to show to the Ladies of St. Paul and vicinity all the

LATEST STYLES

OF

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS,

Thursday, Oct. 4th.

oct

LUMBER WAGONS, OF EASTERN MAKE, warranted the best in Minnesota, just received and for sale by

A. H. WILDER & CO.

St. Paul, May 11, 1 my11

SOUTHWORTH & POTTS,

Wholesale Dealers

IN

HATS, CAPS, FUR

AND

MILLINERY GOODS!

199 Third street,

(INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.)

GOUT OF TOWN BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

oct6-1stp

W. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

Office on Jackson street,

OPPOSITE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.

oct19 2m*

BLANK BOOKS, DAY BOOKS, LEDGERS, JOURNALS, &c., made to any pattern and bound in the best style by the Press Printing Co. oct16 1stp

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING!

Fall & Winter Stock of

Clothing, Cloths,

CASSIMERES,

HATS, CAPS,

AND

MENS' FURNISHING GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

DEALERS throughout the State are invited to call and examine our stock.

Clothing Manufactured to Order

In a superior manner and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every particular.

T. B. CAMPBELL.

Buffalo, Fox, Coon and Wolf

ROBES!

Buffalo Robe Overcoats

At Wholesale.

T. B. CAMPBELL,
oct3-1stp-tc 156 Third street.

LAMPS!

A large stock of

LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS

Lamp Wick and Lanterns,

Just received at the

CROCKERY HOUSE

OF

Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden,

Union Block, Third street, St. Paul.

9,000 Gallons

OHIO STONE WARE,

JUST RECEIVED.

jan7-dtw1y-1stf

H. W. ROBINSON & CO.,

Chemists & Druggists,

Pure Unadulterated Drugs,

FINE CHEMICALS,

CHOICE PERFUMERY,

Toilet Articles in Sets,

And all articles appertaining to the Drug Business at the

New Drug Store,

IN ROGERS' BLOCK,

227 Third Street

my26-1y-1stf ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

CLOAKS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS

IN THE STATE AT THE

OLD DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

ELFELT'S, Third street, St. Paul.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF A

FIRST-CLASS COLORIST,

I am now prepared to execute

COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,

Cartes de Visite, &c.,

IN THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART.

N. B.—Particular attention given to Children and Copying.

oct6 A. SINCLAIR.

Northwestern Steam Bakery!

Gies & Passavant, Proprietors.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, &c.;

Cor. Robert-st and Levee.

N. B.—ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO oct6-1stpd&w

HARVEY OFFICER,

Attorney at Law, Office over ParkerPaine's bank, Third street, St. Paul, Minn. nov8

New Advertisements.

N. B. HARWOOD,

No. 187 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

WILL OFFER TO THE TRADE,

1,000 Stoves,
600 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
100 Bundles Russian and American Russian Sheet Iron,
10,000 lbs. Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead
3,000 lbs. Pig Tin,
3,000 lbs. Copper Bottoms,
2,000 lbs. Metallic Bottoms,
200 Pumps,
200 Bundles Wire,
5,000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.
500 Boxes Tin Plate,
2,000 lbs. Brass Kettles,

Together with a large variety of

TINNERS' STOCK

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

Dealers are requested to call and examine stock and prices. aug30-3m-1stp

P. NASH. M. T. MURPHY.

NASH & MURPHY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES,

PRODUCE AND LIQUORS

WABASHAW STREET,

Between Third & Fourth

Adjoining the Opera House.

sep25-1stp

NEW THING IN LIFE INSURANCE!

{DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.} {NO NOTES! NO INTEREST!}

THE UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

of New York City.

Cash Capital paid in, besides accumulations. $200,000.

Stockholders not allowed to draw dividends or interest on investments, by the provisions of their charter, until the accumulations have reached two million dollars.

All descriptions of insurance granted on first-class healthy lives only. Losses paid in thirty days after due notice and proof of death.

The rates adopted by the company are based not upon the rate of mortality as observed among the general population, but upon the actual recorded experience of the mortality among insured or selected lives in this country for the last twenty-five years. In this way the actual cost of insurance has been very closely determined from the only true and reliable source for such data. The result is a scale of premiums on whole life policies, varying from

Thirty to Forty Per Cent Lower

Than charged by

Mutual Life Insurance Companies,

Thus making a cash dividend in advance of thirty-three per cent per annum.

THE UNIVERSAL

Is, therefore, able to offer on this description of policy a scale of premium which, as compared with those of mutual companies, is fully equivalent to a

Cash Dividend of Fifty Per Cent.

Payable at the end of five years, which is as large as that averaged by the most successful mutual companies. A fuller and more explicit statement of the advantages of insuring with this company (more particularly on the "ten year plan") together with table of rates and all other information, will be given on application to Agents. AGENTS WANTED in all principal towns. Apply to

O. CURTIS, State Agent,

Office 193 Third-st., St. Paul.

aug15 1y-1stp

CENTRAL LIVERY STABLE.

T. ASHTON

Has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public that he has established a

First Class Livery Stable

ON THE

Corner of Fifth and Wabashaw-sts.,

Where will always be found the

FINEST & BEST HORSES

The neatest and handsomest

Buggies, Carriages and Harness,

To be found in St. Paul.

Citizens and strangers are invited to call and examine Stable and Stock. T. ASHTON.

N. B.—Special attention paid to Boarding Horses. nov3

GLOBE HOTEL

On the European Plan.

Now open at the

Corner Third and Jackson-sts.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

This splendid new Hotel, which has been furnished and prepared at very great expense, is now open for guests.

sep27 J. E. TASCOTT, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO SETTLERS

ON

RAILROAD LANDS

OFFICE OF THE FIRST DIVISION
ST. PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
ST. PAUL, Sept. 20th, 1866.

All persons settled on Railroad Lands belonging to this Company in the towns and ranges mentioned below who claim the right to purchase the same at Government price, are hereby notified to present proof of their right to purchase and make payment therefor at the office of Company without delay.

WITHIN SIX MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
33	27	121	24
34	27	121	25
33	28	122	25
34	28	121	26
35	28	122	26
31	29	122	27
30	29	123	27
28	29	124	28
28	30	124	28
29	30	123	29
30	30	124	29
31	30	125	29
32	30	126	29
33	31	125	30
34	30	126	30
35	30	127	30
36	31	126	31
37	31	127	31

OUTSIDE SIX MILES AND WITHIN FIFTEEN MILES OF THE RAILROAD.

Town.	Range.	Town.	Range.
26	28	123	28
27	28	122	29
28	28	124	29
26	29	124	29
26	29	125	29
27	29	126	29
28	29	127	29
24	30	123	30
27	30	124	30
28	30	125	30
29	30	126	30
30	30	127	30
29	31	126	31
30	31	127	31

GEORGE L. BECKER,
President and Land Commissioner.

sep22-6m-1stpd&w oct16-1stp

Clothing.

GREAT SALE

For the Next Sixty Days

Forty Thousand Dollars worth of New and Fashionable CLOTHING, purchased this Fall for cash, is now offered for sale, and WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS, FOR CASH ONLY. We have reduced the price of all our Goods from 20 to 40 per cent. Our entire stock will be sold. Every article is offered at a bargain. In no case will we ask the regular price; the lowest figure will be stated at once.

WM. H. TEMPLE,

Third-st., St. Paul.

October 31, 1866. nov1

Banks.

E. THOMPSON, CASH. J. E. THOMPSON, PRES

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF SAINT PAUL,

Paid up Capital $600,000.

Government Bonds, Coin, Land Warrants and Half Breed Scrip

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Prompt attention given to the collection of

QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS

Agents for the sale of

PASSAGE TICKETS

from Liverpool and Queenstown to New York and Saint Paul,

Drafts on *England, Ireland, Germany, France, Sweden and Norway.*

jan5-1stf

SECOND

National Bank of St. Paul

Paid up Capital $200,000.

This Bank is now in successful operation and tenders its services to Banks, Bankers and others in the transaction of legitimate banking business

Drafts for Sale on

LONDON, DUBLIN, BREMEN

and other principal European cities.

Collections upon all accessible points in Northwest will be made and remitted for on day of payment at current rates of exchange. High est Market Rates paid for Gold, Silver and Foreign Exchange. This Bank is an agent for subscriptions to the popular United States 7-30 Loan, and these notes will at all times be kept on hand for sale in sums of from Fifty Dollars upwards.

JOHN NICOLS, Vice President. E. S. EDGERTON, President. D. A. MONFORT, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN NICOLS, J. R. STEWART, B. PRESLEY, C. H. SCHNEIDER, P. BERSEY, I. C. GEORGE, F. B. FARWELL, N. S. HAYWOOD, J. B. BRADEN, JOSEPH DAILEY, F. R. SMITH, ISAAC STAPLEE, E. S. EDGERTON.

St. Paul, July 8th, 1865 nov-1y-1st f

HUMAN HAIR.

L. P. FRANKLIN,

Bridge Square, St. Paul,

WIG MAKER,

(FROM NEW YORK.)

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fine Hair Goods, Long Braids,

CURLS, BANDS, FRONT PIECES,

Wigs, Half Wigs, Side Braids.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

At Prices which Defy Competition.

All goods warranted to be made in the most careful and tasteful manner.

Orders by Mail or Express will receive prompt attention.

Private rooms for Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing and Dyeing.

The only Brown Dye applied and for sale.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.

BRIDGE SQUARE, ST. PAUL.

apr4-1y-1stf

T. M. METCALF,

Real Estate Broker

AND

INSURANCE AGENT,

Jackson street, between 5th and 6th

Will buy and sell Real Estate on commission, Pay Taxes, Collect Rents, and attend to all other business in his line, promptly and thoroughly. ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE POLICIES issued in Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford and Accidental Insurance Company of Columbus, Ohio. LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES IN PROVIDENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CHICAGO. aug17 1stpiefri6

MORGAN & M'CLOUD,

Real Estate Agents,

ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Offer at private sale very desirable property in St. Paul and elsewhere.

FOR SALE.—An excellent House and Lot on Canada street, Lower Town, with every convenience. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A good small house, with good lot, in Upper Town, for $1,700, near the House of Hope. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 12, block 6, in Rice & Irvine's addition, on seventh street, corner of Exchange. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—A fine brick residence, with extensive grounds 100x300, on Ninth street, near Jackson. MORGAN & M'CLOUD.

FOR SALE.—Lot 9, block 28, St. Paul proper, on Third street, near Sibley—an excellent business lot. MORGAN & M'CLOU

The Saint Paul Press.

SAINT PAUL, NOVEMBER 3, 1866.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Proclamation for Thanksgiving.

In observance of a time honored custom, I hereby proclaim Thursday, the 29th of November next, as a day, throughout the State of thanksgiving to Almighty God.

It becomes us, as a people who believe in the Divine Providence, gratefully to acknowledge the countless blessings we receive, and humbly to supplicate the continuance of God's goodness towards us.

"O, give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good; for his mercy endureth forever.

"Let the redeemed of the Lord say so, whom He hath redeemed from the hand of the enemy; and gathered them out of the lands, from the east and from the west, from the north and from the south.

"Oh, that men would praise the Lord for His goodness, and His wonderful works to the children of men! For he satisfieth the longing soul, and filleth the hungry soul with goodness. And let them sacrifice the sacrifices of thanksgiving, and declare His works with rejoicing."

Leaving for a day our usual occations, let us render unto God an offering of Thanksgiving and Praise.

Given under my hand and the Seat of the State, at St. Paul, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord [L. s.] one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

WM. R. MARSHALL.

By the Governor:

H. C. ROGERS, Secretary of State.

THE BALTIMORE TROUBLES.

Continuation of the Trial Before the Governor.

The Charges Sought to be Established.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.—Nothing has occurred to change the previously expressed opinion that Governor Swann has determined to remove the Police Commissioners of this city. The case made out against them by their prosecutors at Annapolis, is so weak and flimsy that it is difficult to say, however, on what grounds he will base his action. They brought forward fifty-six witnesses, including the defeated candidate for Mayor, three defeated aspirants for the Common Council, half a dozen policemen, several private citizens of fair standing, three or four Southern sympathizers, a number of Federal office holders, a crowd of roughs and bullies, and two persons who have been under indictment for heinous offences. A careful examination of the entire mass of evidence introduced by the prosecution, shows that the counsel have evidently tried to make the following

POINTS:

First. Against the Commissioners jointly, that all the Judges and Clerks at election are Radicals, and that, perhaps, a dozen of these two hundred and forty men are not men of good moral character. The law under which the Commissioners act say nothing about the political views of Judges, but simply requires that they shall be discreet men and qualified voters, the clear and not **owledged** intent of the whole act being to prevent rebels and rebel sympathizers from voting. There is no evidence to show them that any one has complained to the Commissioners of the general or specific manner in which the Judges performed their duty, and cross-examination brought out the fact that the precincts in which partially objectionable men were appointed are notorious for the bad character of nearly the entire population, being mainly inhabited by gamblers, thieves, prostitutes and gin shop keepers.

Second. Against Commissioner Wood, that he has been seen intoxicated once in three years, not in his office, but on the street and after business hours. However heinous this offence may be, Governor Swann is not the man who can cast the first stone for such a breach of official conduct.

Third. Against Commissioner Hindes, that on one occasion, when the Board had ordered new straw hats for the members of the police force, he supplied them at one dollar and a half apiece, it appearing afterward that one of the city dealers said he would have done it for twenty five cents less. It is now charged that the commissioner did this to defraud the city or put money in his own pocket; but it was clearly proved that the purchase was made merely to secure perfect uniformity, and it was shown that members who bought hats last year as per sample, were obliged to pay twenty five cents more than now.

Fourth. Against the Board, through the Marshal of Police, that an order was issued directing the holding in confinement till the polls were closed, of all persons arrested on election day for riotous conduct. This order was issued by the Marshal of Police, was wholly disregarded in some sections of the city all day, and was annulled by the Board themselves before mid-afternoon, and it does not appear that its partial enforcement prevented any persons from voting.

Fifth. Against the Board, through the captains of police, that the majority of special election day policemen were radicals, so called; that perhaps fifty of the aggregate seven hundred were of the class usually called roughs; that a dozen or so were pretty dead men, and that several held positions in some way under the city government. The Board fixes the number of special policemen, the Marshal orders their appointment and the captains select and summon whomever they please. The prosecution undertook to make a great ado about certain lists from which selections were made. The cross examination proved that three or four lists of names were furnished to one or two of the captains by some official persons, one of them being a clerk in the Mayor's office, but both captains claimed that they only took such men as they pleased therefrom, and in fact made very little use of them anyway. That most of the policemen were Republicans is unquestioned, but no effort was made to show that any man was rejected for holding adverse views, and it was proved that there were many conservatives selected in some parts of the city. That some of them were members of the rough class is admitted, but no charge is made that they abused their positions or neglected their duty, and it was shown that some difficulty was experienced in some of the wards in getting even moderately good men to serve. That there were a few very bad characters selected, is also admitted, because, as has already been stated, in some wards there are scarcely any respectable residents. That a few of the men selected are lamp-lighters or laborers in the city yards or markets, is also admitted, though nobody complains of the manner in which they performed the police duties.

Sixth. Against the Board, through the Judges, that in some precincts the boxes for rejected ballots were not used, and that some men qualified by age, loyalty and residence were not allowed to vote. It was proved that the Board provided the boxes; that the Judges were alone in fault if they were not used, and that no complaint against them had been made to the Commissioners. It is admitted that the Judges refused to receive some ballots, but this was because the parties were not registered in 1865—the Judges following in this matter the opinion of the Attorney General of the State, which does not happen to agree with the opinion of Governor Swann and the conservative party.

These six points, then, constitute the whole case against the Police Board. In how far they establish official misconduct any one conversant with city elections anywhere can easily determine. They show what the true Unionists of Baltimore have charged from the beginning, to-wit: That the whole movement against the Commissioners is openly, flagrantly, notoriously, shamefully partisan in its character, or, in other words, is the scheme whereby the old secession element hopes, through a willing and ambitious tool, to regain control of the city and State.

CHARACTER OF THE EVIDENCE.

It is admitted by everybody that much of the testimony introduced by the prosecution in the case against the Police Commissioners is of a character that would not be received in any court in the country. The counsel of the Commissioners did not object to it, because the Governor had said he would not be bound by the usual formalities of law. They will, however, avail themselves of the opportunity to bring forward some evidence of a similar character in behalf of their clients.

The examination was continued from eleven till three to-day, and began again at five this afternoon, being still in progress. About fifteen witnesses will be examined before the close of the session, and a dozen or so are summoned for to-morrow. The principal witness was the clerk of the board of commissioners, who testified that the order confining men arrested on election day till the polls closed, was not issued by the commissioners; that the boxes used for rejected ballots were the same as had been used for the last three or four years, and that they were sent, as usual, to each precinct, and had all been returned in the proper manner by the judges; that the board peremptorily refused to issue any instructions to judges, but advised them to study the law; that many of the judges had been in service before, who were appointed in the ordinary manner, on recommendation of the best citizens; that some of them were of the Conservative party; that political opinions were not, so far as he knew, made a test of qualification, provided men had been loyal through the war.

Another important witness was the Marshal of Police, who swore that he issued the order directing the confinement of men till the close of the polls, when arrested for riotous conduct; that the commissioners had nothing to do with it, but annulled it before night; that such orders had been issued in former years; that special policemen were selected without regard to political views, and that some of the sergeants thought too many Conservatives were appointed; that the election day was more peaceable and orderly than usual.

Much of the other evidence was introduced to show that certain judges and policemen, few in number, are not such men as the prosecution undertook to prove. During the day there came out, incidentally, many facts about Governor Swann's administration of affairs when he was Mayor of the city, that could not have been pleasant for him to contemplate; altogether the evidence produced has put an entirely different face on affairs, and shows more plainly than ever on what flimsy pretexts the case against the commissioners rests. The examination will probably be closed to-morrow.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

Special to Chicago Republican.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.—The investigation of the charges against the police commissioners, before Gov. Swann's high Executive court of irresponsible powers and unlimited jurisdiction, was resumed to-day, when the hearing of testimony for the defense was commenced. The Governor looked somewhat uneasy as he surveyed the large number of highly respectable witnesses present, prepared to invalidate and flatly contradict the mass of slanderous charges and irrelevant allegations produced by witnesses for the prosecution. As the examination of these witnesses proceeded, the effect was quite noticeable. The Governor fairly quailed before it, and really looked at times as though he were on trial by the police board, instead of sitting in judgment on his own acts. The counsel for the commissioners had wisely summoned several parties who in times past had been familiar as participants in managing ward politics under the reign of Mayor Swann, now Governor. One of these parties who acted as Judge at the recent election, whose character had been assailed, was brought on the stand. He admitted that he had been a little rough in his time. He had served in the army under Burnside and Sheridan, but was honorably discharged. He had never been in the penitentiary. He claimed that he always had a good reputation till he joined the Know Nothing party, during Gov. Swann's reign as Mayor of Baltimore, when he became a rowdy. As he said this the witness glanced at his Excellency with a malicious leer, remarking that he guessed his Excellency knew him. Here was a scene. Think of our dignified Governor being confronted with one of his old ward workers during the reign of the Know Nothings, when his bands of roughs and plugs controlled the elections and gave their opponents notice to leave the polls by piercing them with "awls." Evidently the Governor was disconcerted, and the counsel for the prosecution were glad to let him go with a very brief cross-examination.

The Closing Day.

EVIDENCE FOR THE DEFENCE.

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 31.—The counsel for the defence in the case against the Baltimore Police Commissioners, finished presenting their evidence about 2 o'clock this P. M., and this evening the attorneys are presenting their arguments.

During the day about thirty witnesses were called, half of whom are judges of election. The Police Commissioners were present, but the Governor declined to put them on the stand, intimating, however, that he might examine them privately. The chief witness of the day was Mayor Chapman of Baltimore, who stated that he had done nothing directly or indirectly, about the appointment of the judges of election; that he had been in almost daily intercourse with Commissioner Woods for three or four years, and never saw him under the influence of intoxicating liquors, either in office or out of office. The points made or attempted by the prosecution having been already stated, it may now be shown how these were met by the defence.

First, Relative to the character of the Judges, it is admitted that most of these are of the so-called radical party; yet that political opinion was not made the test of qualification, is proved by the fact that Conservative Judges were brought forward as witnesses on the stand yesterday and to-day, by the defense themselves. During the examination some fifty Judges, representing seventeen out of the twenty wards in the city, have been introduced as witnesses, and they certainly are men most eminently qualified for the duties of their position. The general evidence relative to others, is that in a few and very hard precincts, they are as discreet, respectable and conscientious officers as the city ever had, and except in the matter of refusing to receive the ballots of persons not registered in 1865, there are not a dozen out of the aggregate two hundred and forty, against whom any complaint has been made, save that they are Radicals.

Second. Relative to the intoxication of Commissioner Woods, the evidence of Mayor Chapman has already been given; but it may be stated that the base insinuation of the prosecuting counsel in this regard created such indignation in Baltimore, that after the Mayor had given his testimony to-day, they publicly withdrew the charge.

* * * * *

Fifth. Relative to the politics and character of the special police, the evidences of both sides shows that the Commissioners had nothing to do with the election or appointment of these; three-fourths of them were, probably, "Radicals," so called; but four of the six Captains have sworn that politics had nothing to do with the appointment of any of them. The only requirement being that they were loyal men during the war; that nine-tenths of the whole number were good men, and performed their duties impartially, is admitted by every body; that a few of the number are in the employ of the city government in some capacity, is admitted; but it is not charged by any body that they abused their positions.

Sixth. Relative to boxes for rejected ballots, the clerk of the board swears they were sent, as usual, in every precinct, and every judge put on the stand has sworn they were ready for use in his precinct; at least the evidence of the prosecution on this point was that some persons had not seen these boxes, and therefore inferred there were none.

Seventh. Relative to persons allowed to vote, it has been shown that the commissioners, time and time again, refused to issue any instructions on this point, but repeatedly said they should appoint the best men for judges, and leave them to interpret the law for themselves. It also appears that none but persons registered in 1865 were allowed to vote, some judges acting upon their own opinion of the law, and some following that of the Attorney General of the State.

These seven specifications cover all the distinct points that can probably be made by the prosecution. The partisan character of the whole movement against the commissioners is shown by the way in which they have been met by the defense. It is the concurrent testimony of all respectable witnesses that no election in the city ever passed off in a more quiet and orderly manner. It should also be stated that certificates from clerks of the Baltimore Courts were read to-day, showing that six or seven of the witnesses for the prosecution have been indicted and convicted for heinous offences, some of them two or three times.

PARAGUAY.

Her "Republican" Government a Curiosity.

How Lopez was Elected and What he Does.

Buenos Ayres Correspondence of the New York World.

The marvel of this age is the pertinacity with which the plucky little republic of Paraguay withstands the force by land and sea of three powers whose territory covers about as much of the surface of the earth as does all Europe. Brazil, by army and navy, the Argentine republic, with a levy for troops, and Uruguay, with every soldier she has, are combined to overthrow Lopez, the President of Paraguay. The effort has taxed the energies of these three nations for more than a year. Immense treasures have been expended, and in the fifteen active months over 80,000 men have been under arms and a small navy of iron clads have been used by the allies. And Paraguay still lives!

All the world knows that we have been accustomed to make light of Paraguay. No one expected a Paraguayan to fight. He lives in idleness, or works perforce for the good of his master, and the lop of native tea, and an orange, with a round of roast beef, will be for him princely fare. The tea he will dry himself, the orange is wild, and after the hide is taken for commerce the beef is reckoned in the way. A tent of rushes or of rude sticks will be an ample house for him, and as for schools, elections, post offices, these are innovations that do not find adherents among the masses at all.

Among such an inert people one would suppose the President to rule as a kind of patriarch, and to sway the large family by a slowly diffusing, but an all-powerful law. This is not so. Their rest is a refuge from the atrocities imposed by tyranny. They have so often done and thought wrong, and so often been awfully punished for it that they make safety and vacuity synonymous.

The President is the hardest working man in the republic. There is no law but his will. The executive power absorbs all the departments, so that there is not a bill to be paid, nor a letter to be answered, that does not pass through his hands.

His will is the law of the land. No man can leave the country without his permission; nor can a foreigner settle there without his special consent. One attempting to outwit him in this would suffer sorely for it. No one can marry except as he approves; he may wait for months and then obtain an unfavorable answer. No native can give a party at his house without obtaining permission. Every act, great or small, is reported to him. No editor's sanctum was ever so closely posted in local events as is the President of Paraguay.

This knowledge is turned to account in the trade of the country. Every immigrant and visitor must report his name, country, business, goods on hand, ready cash, &c., and when he goes to leave he must do the same, when his balance-sheet is carefully examined. To export specie, one has to pay ten per cent. duty, but he may buy native teas, hides, tobacco, timber, &c., whose producer has already paid a heavy duty on it; and thus the trade of the country is increased, and all the silver and gold imported are kept in the country.

Nearly all the fine farms in the country belong to the State, or to the President, and nearly all the houses of the capital pay rent directly to him. So is his band upon all things. It is a band of power, and like gravitation, presses equally on all parts.

The Congress assembles once in five years, and is allowed to remain in session five days, to examine and pass upon all the acts of the preceding five years; to decree laws, and order disbursements. Every proposition ever presented by the President has passed unanimously.

These peculiarities have remained unchanged from the time of Francess, and through the life of the second President (?) (dictator), Carlos Lopez. This official died September 10, 1862. How did his son become President. Thus:

The old man induced Congress to alter the constitution so that a man may be eligible to the Presidency at thirty-three instead of forty-five. Then they passed a bill allowing him to appoint, by will, one who should serve after him until Congress should be called to elect legally this was done. In his will, he appointed his son Francisco Solano. He took the reins of government, appointed his own brother commander-in chief of the army, and one of his uncles at the head of the priesthood would keep all things in order. The embryo Dictator then convened Congress, in which he presided, and was unanimously elected President for a term of ten years.

The young man is much better educated than his father. He speaks three languages, has traveled extensively in Europe as Envoy Extraordinary from his father's government. For these four years of his office he has kept the mines, arsenals, foundries, and ship-yards filled with European mechanics. European officers are instructors in the army and navy, and hundreds of young men have been trained in hospitals for practical surgery in case of emergency, and fifty to one hundred young men have always been kept at the best schools in France in order to become physicians, engineers, and mechanics of every kind needed for the army or the navy.

In Paraguay every citizen is a soldier, and every soldier is a laborer on the public works, and he receives no pay and no nourishment. Hence no private person can enter into competition with the government manufactories. By such help the State farms are made and houses built for his Excellency. They also thus make and repair roads, build churches, fortresses and arsenals; they also carry the mails, cultivate the State lands, and in fine, do, unpaid, all the work that the supreme will directs. There is abundance of timber and iron, silver, copper and lead, and native cotton for all domestic purposes.

When in 1864 Brazil aided General Flores in his rebellion in Uraguay, Lopez sent a messenger to say that he would not permit it. But Brazil proceeded and carried Flore's rebellion to a successful revolution, and Lopez sent an army to take Matta Grosso, a rich Brazilian province. This he still keeps. When the Argentine Republics refused to give him permission to cross her territory to invade Brazil he began acts of hostility against her at once, without notice or declaration of war.

With varied fortune he has carried on the war, first invading the republic and then Brazil, and afterwards he retired among his own jungles and swamps, and as soon as the invading army was across the river he has set down before them, not 2 000 yards distant, and there he has remained these four months.

Fort Humaita was for years his father's pride. It is six leagues above the confluence of the Paraguay and the Parana rivers. It is at a bend of the river, where the channel is very narrow, and near the fort. Along the bank for 1,500 yards the fort extends, and 200 pieces of cannon can play at once on anything attempting to pass. Below there is a sunken stone fleet, opposite there are two heavy chains across the river.

About two leagues below this is Fort Curupaiti, with few guns, but with three lines of defenses landwards, and a sunken fleet in the channel.

The allies entered Paraguay at Fort Itapiru, which they took and now hold, and in the same position taken up four months ago several severe engagements have occurred; every movement has occurred except bare progress and retreat.

There is reason to believe that the Paraguayans are unanimous in this war. Their is no turning against their iron rule. So steadfast are they, that we have good reason to believe any deserters coming over to be spies. Military rigor is nothing new to them. No fields of theirs lie waste in their absence, no invasion can much damage their possessions; hence they congregate in armies without objection, and, defending their land and stupidly obedient, they dare any danger, and the soldiers of their own accord seldom if ever surrender.

It is believed that Lopez has in camp now 20,000 men.

AN AMATORY SHEPHERD.

A Preacher Kisses Another Man's Wife and Gets Thrashed.

From the Buffalo Express, Oct. 27.

A few days ago an itinerant preacher, whose name we repress out of respect for the society of the United brethren, of which he was an unworthy member, made his appearance in the village of Crittenden, Alden township. He was invited to the house of Mr. Chris. Vinica, a respectable and wealthy farmer, and was treated with great kindness by Mrs. V. and her adult brother, Mr. V. himself being in Canada at the time of his visit. The visitor in a very crafty way endeavored to insinuate himself into the good graces of the lady, and on one occasion, while her brother was out of the house attending to the affairs of the farm, his demonstrations of admiration were such that he seized her in his arms and gave her a most unsanctimonious embrace, so companied by several applications to her pretty face. The lady was very much astonished at this instance of familiarity on short acquaintance, and gave the lovestricken shepherd a forcible hint of her disapprobation of his conduct, and he took himself out of the house and out of the village to a place some three miles distant in search of new adventures.

In the meantime, Mrs. V. said nothing about this insulting transaction to any one until the return of her husband, when she told him the whole story. The tale aroused all the young husband's ire. He jumped into his buggy and drove at a rapid pace to the place where the offender had established himself, and found him about to feed a large flock of innocent sheep which had assembled in the church. A mutual friend was sent to call him to the door of the sanctuary. The indignant husband instantly accused him of attempting to dishonor his fair name. The reverend *rous* denied the soft impeachment with the utmost vehemence, but this was throwing the husband upon the wife of the accuser's bosom, and made a bad matter still worse, and increased the anger of Mr. V. (which had cooled somewhat during his journey) to such a point that he drew back his brawny fist and gave the frightened culprit a blow under the left ear that sent him sprawling upon the ground. He then gave him a general drubbing, applying his fists and boots without paying any particular regard as to where the blows might fall. The discomfitted ministerial covetor of other men's wives cried out most lustily for help, but no one cared to interfere with the infuriated husband, and he fell back upon the generosity of his foe, saying:

"Oh, good brother, don't! Oh, good brother, don't!" Having at length appeased his wrath, Chris. permitted him to regain his perpendicular. His appearance is described as having been woeful in the extreme. His nose was knocked out of shape, the incomparable line of beauty had disappeared; a stream of clar et was trickling down his cheek from a cut over the eyebrow, one eye was blackened, and in fact he presented the appearance of a pretty generally used up man. The avenger then jumped into the wagon and rode home, feeling satisfied that no more visits from that wolf in sheep's clothing will ever be made at his house.

It is due to the church to say that the conference of the United brethren had refused to license this same identical individual on account of his unwarrantable capers.

WONDERFUL ORATORICAL ENDURANCE.

Two Men Talk for 24 Hours against Time and Win.

One of the most remarkable feats of endurance in a speaker which we ever remember to have heard of, comes to us from Victoria, Vancouver Island, says the *Examiner*. In the Legislative Assembly of that place, we are told that Mr. Leonard McClure spoke for seventeen hours, without pausing or sitting down. To those who are unacquainted with the circumstances, the feat might not appear proper to be placed in the same category with the exertions of those ambitious pedestrians who, for wagers, walk a thousand miles in a thousand hours. It may easily be supposed that Mr. McClure's speech could not have been a masterpiece of oratory, nor is it likely that his inducement was greater than that which moved Edmund Burke when, at the trial of Edmund Hastings, after pouring out for fourteen hours a torrent of impassioned eloquence, the majestic mind collapsed under the force of physical fatigue, and he fell fainting in the arms of Sheridan. But we know of no instance of stubborn tenacity equal to this of Mr. McClure's, and the cause was one which should make him famous in the annals of the British Colonies.

A year ago a large quantity of land in and about Victoria was seized by the government for arrears of taxes, and was by it held on the understanding, expressed and published, that the owners could have and repossess their lots, by paying the taxes due within a twelvemonth after their seizure. But it became known a few days before the expiration of the allotted term that a plot was on foot, hatched by the government and backed by a venal majority in the House of Assembly, to pass a bill authorizing the Executive to repudiate its contracts with the land owners, refusing to accept payment of arrears, and seizing upon and retaining permanently the disputed lots. Two men in the House opposed the measure. Their names were Amos de Cosmos and Leonard McClure. They knew they had nothing to hope from their compeers or from the government, and they prepared themselves accordingly. The House had made up its mind, with these two exceptions, to rush through the obnoxious bill on the day before the twelve months expired.

There was but one way to prevent this, and it was adopted resolutely. On the House being opened, Mr. McClure rose to his feet, the time being noon, and kept the floor until 5 o'clock next morning. For seventeen hours he continued to speak while every effort was made by the purchased majority to put him down and tire him out. With a merciless unanimity they refused to allow him to lean against the table, to put his foot upon a chair for a moment, to relieve himself from the irksomeness of his position by resting his hand upon any thing, or to speak, in short, in any other than a rigidly erect and unsupported attitude. During the whole of the time they relieved each other at intervals, going out and procuring such refreshment as they needed, and always leaving a quorum in the House. When McClure sank exhausted into his seat, as the light of another morning was stealing into the windows of the Assembly House De Cosmos rose and for the remaining seven hours of the twenty-four talked against time. On rising amid the groans and hisses of the disgusted majority, he exclaimed with more force than refinement, that it was useless for honorable members to evince their malice in that manner, for he had got up with the determination to talk, if necessary, "until the angel Gabriel sounded the last trump." His powers of endurance, were not quite so severely tested, but the end was achieved, and when the clock struck twelve, the worn and wearied champions of honesty locked round with pardonable exultation upon the blank faces of a bought and beaten Assembly.

ROMANTIC EPISODE.

A Chicago Lady Falls in Love with a Music Teacher.

From the Dubuque Herald, Oct. 27.

Last summer a French music teacher from Canada came to Illinois and took up his abode at the flourishing city of Bloomington. While here he met at one of the churches a beautiful creature of eighteen summers, who sang in the choir, and whose sweet notes made a profound sensation upon the susceptible heart of the Frenchman. He fell in love with her at first sight, and managed to procure an introduction. His prepossessing figure and musical talent soon fascinated the lady, and she responded with maidenly ardor to his affection. It was a clear case of desperate, undying love at first sight, and thenceforward they resolved to pursue the journey of life together. They remained at Bloomington for some time, and when our music teacher left he was accompanied by the young lady, in what capacity we are unable to state. Her parents reside in Chicago, and, the news of their daughter's *liaison* coming to their ears, a messenger was dispatched and the maiden brought home, while the lover sought relief from his cares and trials in Canada. The match was violently opposed by the old people, and they used every artifice to overcome the girl's attachment, but it was of no use. Men will marry and women will wed, and the fair Netitis was resolved, for the honor of her sex, to prove no exception to the rule. The lover had been in Canada but a short time ere he telegraphed his lady to meet him in Dubuque where he would lead her to the altar of Hymen. Her brother, it appears, understood the arrangement and knew all about his sister's love, and, sympathizing in her griefs, she resolved to make him a *confidant*. The journey was quickly arranged and she started for this city bag and baggage, but, on her arriving, to her bitter disappointment her gallant Don Juan had failed to put in an appearance. By this time the parents had become apprised of her whereabouts, and a cousin was quickly dispatched to bring the truant home. He came, found the lady, put her aboard the cars, and started back, passing on the road the lover, who was hastening to Dubuque to perform his part of the programme.

On landing here, to his utter surprise he learned that she had been spirited away by a dragon cousin, and that his prospects for becoming a husband were prematurely nipped in the bud. Determined not to be checkmated in the innocent game of Cupid, he sent another dispatch to his lady love, informing her that he had arrived safe and sound, and for her to return immediately and get spliced. By this time she was in Chicago, but, on receiving this intimation, she again set out, accompanied by her brother, and landed in the city yesterday morning, and at 12 o'clock the parties were married. The bride is represented as being beautiful and highly educated. We understand that the bride and bridegroom are respectively connected with friends in this city who move in the first circles of society.

Useful Receipts.

Some time ago we published several useful receipts, for the use principally of housekeepers. To-day we give others, that will prove invaluable to all ladies, of every station in life—to those contemplating, as well as those who have already perpetrated, matrimony:

TO PRESERVE PEACHES.—Buy two bushels of sound pears; put them in an empty store box, and set them away in a dry garret as near the top of the house as such receptacles are generally built; in about a month add to them half a bushel of quinces. About Christmas take the pears out for the pig-sty and empty the contents into the trough. The little porkers will be delighted with the treat.

TO MAKE CREAM CAKE.—Take a pound of yeast, two table-spoonfuls of flour, seventy-five ounces of rich lard, five ounces of good rich butter, and mix with a bottle of hair oil. Season to suit the taste with Crab Orchard salts. This will be found to be very rich.

TO MAKE CALF'S FOOT JELLY.—Procure a new Britannia ware, or silver goblet, and place in a bureau drawer under lock and key. Then buy a pound of clean glue, eleven ounces of gum Arabic, and five ounces of isinglass. Dissolve them together, and add a half gallon of aquafortis. Apply just above the hoof of the calf. In three days you will find that it has jellied beautifully.

TO KEEP SHINES CLEAN ON THE STREETS.—Nothing is more annoying to a lady—nothing is more trying to the most amiable temper—than to have a nice, clean, well-starched skirt ruined by the filth the city authorities allow to accumulate upon our streets. Several articles have been invented to hold them up, so as to keep them from coming in contact with the dirt, but nothing that we have seen is equal to the following simple plan: When dressing for the street, lay your skirt on the bed, or across a chair, and let it remain there until you return from your promenade. You will be astonished to find that it is perfectly clean—not so much as a speck upon it—unless it is in fly-time.

—It seems that we've a woman or two in the city who are capable of handling the reins of government, as will be shown by what follows. Our reporter was around hunting a house for a friend, and called to see a family who were preparing to vacate a cozy dwelling.

As the door stood open, reporter walked in without knocking, and his eyes straightway lighted on the dame of the household, who was making frantic lunges with a broomstick at some object under the bed.

"Good morning, madam. Ah, you have a troublesome cat under the bed?"

"Troublesome cat?—no, sir!—it's that sneaking husband of mine, and I'll have him out or break every bone in his body!"

"You will, eh?" said a faint voice under the bed. "Now, Susy, you may rave and pound, ane pound and rave, but I'll be dogged if I'll come out from under the bed while I've *got the spirit of a man about me*."

Call the Roll.

The President appeals to the people as against Congress, and calls for the "yeas and nays" on "my policy." Call the roll!

Maine! "Here! 28,000 majority for Congress!"

Vermont! "Here! 25,000 majority for Congress!"

Ohio! "Here! 42,000 majority for Congress!"

Pennsylvania! "Here! 18,000 majority for Congress!"

Indiana! "Here! 15,000 majority for Congress!"

Iowa! "Here! 40,000 majority for Congress!"

Connecticut! "Here! Town election s how that 'my policy' is 'played out.'"

California! "Here! The Union party sweep the State!"

Andrew Johnson, (log)—Bless my "stars," are there any more of you?

All the States—"Coming, in November, about a million more!"

Exit Andrew, his "constitution" badly demoralized, and seeing more "stars" than there are on the "flag."

TENNESSEE JOHNSON CONVENTION.—The State Copperjohnson convention met at Nashville on the 27th. There was no enthusiasm. Not over 100 persons were present. Edmund Cooper presided. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the Philadelphia convention platform and the President's policy; urging the conservatives to perfect organization; pledging resistance to the constitutional amendment; stigmatizing the ratification by the Tennessee Legislature as null and void, and appealing to that body not to pass laws obnoxious to the majority.

Political Notices.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
CHARLES McILRATH.
FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
SHERWOOD HOUGH.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS,
FIRST DISTRICT,
WILLIAM WINDOM.
SECOND DISTRICT,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

For State Senate,
GEN. S. P. JENNISON.
For House of Representatives,
CAPT. C. K. DAVIS,
G. G. GRISWOLD.
JOHN M. KELLER,
For Judge of Probate,
R. F. CROWELL.
For County Auditor,
GEORGE SCOTTEN.
For Court Commissioner,
HUGO PETZOLD.
For County Commissioner—Second Ward,
TIMOTHY DELANEY.

Gen. James H. Baker will speak as follows:

Winona, Saturday, Nov. 3.
St. Paul, Monday, Nov. 5.

Gen. C. C. Andrews and I. V. D. Heard, Esq., will speak as follows:

Sauk Centre, Saturday, Nov. 3.
St. Cloud, Monday, Nov. 5.

Mr. Donnelly's Appointments.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly will address his constituents on the issues of the day at the times and places below designated

St. Paul, Saturday, Nov. 3d.
Hastings, Monday, Nov. 5th.

H. METCALF,
Ch'n Congressional District Committee.

Special Notices.

JAMES CARTIER, a bold French mariner, as early as 1534, sailed along the northern coast of North America, and was the first among discoverers to enter the river St. Lawrence. On his return down the river he found his men sadly afflicted and disabled by what sailors call *the scurvy*. Its ravages were fatal, and the survivors were scarcely able to bury the dead. Some of the Indians along the shore were likewise attacked by the same disease, but Cartier observed that they soon recovered. He therefore earnestly inquired into their mode of treatment, and they pointed out to him a tree, the bark and leaves of which they used in decoction, with signal success. Cartier tried the same remedy and had the gratification of seeing all of his crew who were afflicted, rapidly improving. *This tree was the White Pine.*

A wash as bark, steeped in water, is exceedingly useful in reducing inflammation and cleansing old sores. In fine, the virtues of white Pine Bark are known everywhere, and this, doubtless, is one of the grand reasons why the *White Pine Compound* was so favorably received at first.

The past year has given a great opportunity to test the virtues of the *White Pine Compound*. It has been an unusual time for colds and hard coughs, and very large quantities of the *White Pine Compound* have been sold and used with the happiest effects. It speaks well for the Medicine, that people living where it is prepared speak high in its praise.

sep24 ow2w3m

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by bandful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been fully cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send a recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it FREE OF CHARGE.

Please enclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New York City.
jy28-3m

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

Soothing Syrup,

For Children Teething,

Which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammations, will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and *relief and health to your infants*. We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and CAN SAY IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A SINGLE INSTANCE TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know of an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its special effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after 30 years' experience; AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the World. Only 25 Cents per Bottle. 1d.

my2-dawlm

CLOTHING!

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS JUST OPENED!

Jackson street, one door above Moffat's Castle.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING, AND FURNISHING GOODS.

Also, Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Special attention given to CUSTOM WORK. Mr. Metzger, an experienced cutter, is employed. Give us a call.

St. Paul, October 25, 1866. LAUFFERTY & CO. oct3 3odlm

F. V. HEYDERSTAEDT

Has received another supply of the

Celebrated Mankato and Dayton

FLOUR,

Which he offers for sale to the trade.

Also on hand a quantity of BUTTER.

aug7

ST. PAUL ICE CO.

We are now prepared to deliver ICE to the citizens of St. Paul,

EATON & CLEVELAND,

Office Brown's Block, Third-st.

sept2

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE for Wrapping, for sale at this office.

Special Notices.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich Southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers at $1.00 in large bottles, and by DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of imposters. Examine every bottle See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork, with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an imposter. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under U. S. laws, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the pole-evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprins, swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the bottle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the scars to heal

City Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Parties owning land on the line of the proposed alley through block twenty-four (24), St. Paul proper, running from Cedar to Minnesota streets, are hereby notified that the Commissioners have reported to the Common Council the damages assessed as follows, to wit:

The south end of lots 1 and 2, owned by John A. Rice $1,000
The north end of lot 12, owned by — Brown $400
For improvements thereon, if removed by owner 100
500
If improvements removed by city... 400
The north end of lots 7 and 8, owned by H. A. Lamber's estate 600
For improvements thereon if removed by owner 400
1000
If improvements removed by city... 500
The north end of lots 4, 5 and 6, 74 by 150 feet, owned by Patrick Brady 400

And the same will be confirmed by the Common Council, at a meeting thereof on the 20th day of November next at 7½ o'clock P. M., unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in buildings standing in whole or in part upon lands required to be taken by such improvement, and shall on or before the above mentioned time notify the Common Council, in writing, of their election to remove such buildings according to the award of the Commissioners.

By order of the Common Council.

St. Paul Nov. 1, 866. B. W. LOTT, City Clerk. nov3 9t

FIRE WARDEN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned to have their chimneys properly cleaned before the first day of November, as provided for by chapter 18, section 3, of an ordinance respecting fires.

The owner of any building, the chimneys of which shall burn out after this notice, will be fined for the amount of penalty provided in the ordinance. By order of Chief Warden.

oct3-td K. A. KEMP, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, an election will be held in the the different Wards of the city of St. Paul between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the usual places of holding elections in the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards, to elect State and County officers as follows, to wit:

A State Auditor, to serve for the term of three years.

A Clerk of the Supreme Court, to serve for the term of three years.

A Member of Congress, to serve for the term two years.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

A member of the State Senate, to serve for the term of one year.

Three members of the House of Representatives, to serve for the term of one year.

A Judge of Probate to serve two years.

A County Auditor, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner, to serve two years.

A County Commissioner for the Second Ward, to serve for the term of three years.

A County Commissioner for the Third Ward to serve for the term of three years

A Commissioner for the Fourth Ward to serve for the term of three years.

By order of the Common Council.

H. N. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 23d, 1866.

In chapter 1, section 6, of the Revised Statutes of this State, is the following clause:

"It shall be the duty of said Judges of Election on each Wednesday next preceding, and, if necessary, for the next three days, from the hour of nine in the forenoon to four in the afternoon, and for two hours next preceding the opening of the polls on the day of such election, to be present at the place appointed for the holding of such election in their respective districts, for the purpose of making all necessary corrections in said lists. oct23-10t

NOTICE OF PROPOSALS.—Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock (noon) on Tuesday, the 30th day of October instant, for the painting and repairing of the St. Paul Bridge, according to specifications furnished by J. S. Sewell, Esq., and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The work to be done under the superintendence of J. S. Sewell. No bid will be received unless accompanied by a legally executed bond guaranteeing the faithful performance of the contract satisfactory to the Common Council, and the Common Councilmen reserve the right to reject any or all bids if the interests of the city demand it. By order of the Common Council.

B. W. LOTT, City Clerk.

St. Paul, October 20, 18 6. oc21-10t

NOTICE.—Persons knowing of any nuisance to exist within the city will, by communicating the fact to the City Clerk at his office, have the same attended to at once. A register is kept in the Clerk's office for the purpose of entering nuisances and such other matters as require the attention of the Health Inspector, examined daily by myself.

I. P. WRIGHT, Health Inspector.

St. Paul, June 13th 1866. je14-tf

Railroads.

MINN. CENTRAL RAILWAY.

1866. 1866. 1866.

Fall Running Arrangement.

On MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1866, and thereafter, Trains will move as follows:

EASTERN EXPRESS.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Minneapolis ..... 6.40 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul ..... 6.45 "
Arrive at Owatonna ..... 10.45 "

GOING NORTH.

Leave Owatonna ..... 11.48 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis ..... 4.05 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul ..... 4.00 "

Making connections at Owatonna with trains of Winona and St. Peter Railroad, for Winona, La Crosse, Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East and South. Time between St. Paul and Minneapolis and La Crosse, TWELVE HOURS.

ACCOMMODATION.

Connecting at Mendota with Trains of the Minnesota Valley Railroad,

Leave Owatonna ..... 8.20 A. M.
Leave West St. Paul ..... 3.10 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis ..... 3.30 P. M.
Arrive Owatonna ..... 8.00 P. M.
Arrive West St. Paul ..... 12.00 M.
Arrive Minneapolis ..... 12.30 P. M.

This Train gives persons residing on the line of the Central Railway an opportunity to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis, remain two to three hours and return the same day.

Arrangements having been made by the Central and Valley Railroads for joint use of track between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, three trains a day, each way, will be run direct between those places, as follows:

Minneapolis & St. Paul Accommodat'n, via M. C. and M. V. R. R.

THREE DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
Minneapolis 9.30 A. M.	West St. Paul	10.15 A. M.
" 3:00 P. M.	"	4.00 P. M.
" 5.20 P. M.	"	6.05 P. M.
W. St. Paul 8.50 A. M.	Minneapolis	9.15 A. M.
" 12 10 P. M.	"	12.55 P. M.
" 4.15 P. M.	"	6.00 P. M.

Fare between West St. Paul and Minneapolis, with St. Paul Bridge Ticket, 50 cents, and with St Paul Omnibus Ticket, 70 cents. Tickets for these Trains should be purchased of Capt. I. C. GEORGE, Agent, at Burbank & Co.'s N. W. Express office, St. Paul, and at Minnesota Central Depot, Minneapolis.

Tickets for all other Trains, including through tickets to Eastern points, can be purchased as above, and also from C. L. WOOD, Agent M. V. R. R., at Depot in West St. Paul.

H. CAREPARD, General Superintendent M. C. Railway.

October 8, 1866. oct

FIRST DIVISION

St. Paul and Pacific RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, September 17, 1866, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING WEST.

Leaves St. Paul	8.00 A. M.	2.00 P. M.
" St. Anthony	8.45 "	2.45 "
" Manomin	9.10 "	3.15 "
" Anoka	9.45 "	4.00 "
" Itasca	10.05 "	4.25 "
" Elk River	10.30 "	4.45 "
" Big Lake	11.00 "	5.00 "
" Clear Lake	11.45 "	6.15 "
Arriv St. Cloud	12.15 "	6.55 "

GOING EAST.

Leaves St. Cloud	6.50 A. M.	1.30 P. M.
" Clear Lake	7.30 "	2.00 "
" Big Lake	8.05 "	2.45 "
" Elk River	9.00 "	3.15 "
" Itasca	9.20 "	3.35 "
" Anoka	9.45 "	4.00 "
" Manomin	10.30 "	4.35 "
" St. Anthony	11.05 "	5.00 "
Arrive at St. Paul	11.45 "	5.35 "

Minneapolis & St. Anth'ny Trains

FOUR TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY.

LEAVE ST. ANTHONY DEPOT.

8.45 A. M.	11.00 A. M.	2.45 P. M. 6.05 P. M.

LEAVE ST. PAUL DEPOT.

8.00 A. M.	10.00 A. M.	2.00 P. M. 4.00 P. M.

Purchase tickets at the Stations before entering the cars at a discount from the regular train rates.

Passengers must get their Baggage checked before it is sent to the cars, and on the arrival of the train at place of destination must present the check and take possession of their baggage. ☞ The company will not be responsible for the safety of any baggage after its arrival at station for which it is checked—it being no part of the business of this company to receive and store baggage unless a special contract is made to that effect.

☞ The Minnesota Stage Company run a daily line of Stages up the Sauk Valley to Sauk Centre, and tri weekly to Fort Abercrombie; also tri weekly to Little Falls, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing, leaving St. Cloud Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.

sep15 E. W. DELANO, Supt.

NEW ROUTE EAST AND SOUTH.

Winona & St. Peter R. R.

Connecting with the

Minn. Stage Co.'s Line for La Crosse.

Passengers leaving St. Paul in the morning reach Winona the same day.

Going east leaves Kasson at 6 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Going West leaves Winona at 6:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Tickets apply to the Minnesota Stage Company's office.

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

March 1 1866. mch1

Dry Goods.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS,

372 & 374 East Water-st.,

MILWAUKEE.

Offer at all times full lines of STANDARD DOMESTICS at the *lowest Eastern quotations.* Also constantly receiving Jobs in

Dress Goods and Woolens,

Which can be sold under value. We are importing

Black Cloths, Doeskins,

AND

Fine Cassimeres,

For Tailors Trade, on which we can compete with any House in the country.

Our facilities in Eastern and Foreign Markets are such as will enable us to compete with any House in the west, and we want every Minnesota and Iowa buyer to give us a call. Special advantages offered to all *cash men.* We offer large lines of Coaks, of our own Manufacture, a lowest possible prices.

F. R. SHERWIN & CO.,

372 and 374 East Water street,

Milwaukee.

apr26-d&wly

NEW FIRM.

I have this day associated with me in the

DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

GEN. R. N. McLAREN,

Late of Red Wing, Minnesota. We shall here after conduct business under the firm name of

TAYLOR & McLAREN.

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

218 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

St. Paul, October 15, 1866.

H. KNOX TAYLOR, R. N. McLAREN

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS

LOW PRICES!

Taylor & McLaren.

AT THE OLD STAND OF

H. KNOX TAYLOR,

Have on hand a large assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Which they offer at the

LOWEST RATES

To the old customers of the house and to the numerous friends of the new partner.

Our motto will be

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

☞ We shall continue to receive and keep on hand the LATEST STYLES OF GOODS. Call and examine for yourselves.

TAYLOR & McLAREN,

218 Third-st., St. Paul.

oct20

J. L. FOREPAUGH & CO.

138 Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVELY

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN MINNESOTA.

apr26

Cathcart & Co.,

DRY GOODS,

No. 132 Third street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

feb1-d&w1y

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—PROBATE COURT.

Special Term—October 12th, 1866.

In the matter of the estate of Olive P. Dale, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Amos W. Pearson, of said county praying, for reasons therein set forth, that he may be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased, late of said county:

It is ordered that Thursday, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the office of the Judge of Probate, in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

E. F. CROWELL, Judge of Probate.

sat-oct13-4t

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—PROBATE COURT.

Special Term—October 12, 1866.

In the matter of the estate of Mary D. Carafel, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Charles Beaille, of St. Paul, Minnesota, praying, for reasons therein set forth, that he may be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased, late of said county:

It is ordered that Thursday, the 8th day of November, 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

E. F. CROWELL, Judge of Probate.

sat-oct13-4w

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF RAMSEY—PROBATE COURT.

Special Term—October 26th, 1866.

In the matter of the estate of Jeremiah W. Sibley, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of E. S. Edgerton and David Day, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, praying that the time for disposing of the estate and paying the debts and legacies of said deceased may be extended:

It is ordered that Tuesday, the 20th day of November, 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Judge of Probate in the city of St. Paul, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of the Probate Court, then and there to be holden, to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

E. F. CROWELL, Judge of Probate.

sat oct27 4t

St. Louis Advertisements.

SAMUEL VIRDEN,

Commission Merchant,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Hemp, Cotton, Wool,

LEAD, GRAINS, FLOUR,

And Western and Southern produce generally,

No. 62 Commercial street,

Between Olive and Locust-sts.,

ST LOUIS.

Prompt attention given to filing all orders intrusted to my care. mch6-1y

BUSSEY & Co., St. Louis. | JONES, M'DOWELL & Co., Little Rock, Ark. | J. R. SHAW & Co., Ft. Smith, Ark.

BUSSEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND

PURCHASING AGENTS,

No. 63 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention given to the sale of Flour, Grain, Produce and Provisions. Orders for all kinds of Merchandise promptly filled at lowest rates. One of our firm devotes his exclusive attention to the purchase of Goods.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

Parker Paine, Esq., St. Paul, Minn.
Pascal Smith, Esq., Red Wing, Minn.
Thos. Simpson, Esq., Winona, Minn.
State Savings Association, St. Louis, Mo.
Principal National Banks of Iowa.

mch13-1y

ANDREWS, HARRIS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 23 South Commercial street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCE—Third National Bank, Mechanics Bank, St. Louis.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Particular attention paid to filling all kinds of orders for country merchants. je7-w6m

R. L. WHARTON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS

AND

LIGHT WAGONS,

JACKSON ST., NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF SIXTH

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to and all work warranted.

Nothing but the best selected Eastern timber used. mch31-1y

LINCOLN MILLS LUMBER YARD

Corner Wabashaw and 5th street, opposite Minnesota House, St. Paul.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PINE LUMBER,

Including

Fencing, Flooring, Dimensions,

Boards, Clear Lumber, Siding,

Shingles and Lath,

Constantly on hand and for sale.

W. D. WASHBURN.

H. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

St. Paul, June 1, 1866. je30

PARK PLACE.

This Hotel is now open and will be

Kept Open During the Winter.

The House is new out and out, occupies the finest situation in the city, and is kept in a style not surpassed by any house in the country. Chalybeate springs on the premises. Board by the day or week as low as any first-class house in the city. sep18

CHARLES E. MAYO,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AGENT FOR

Fairbanks' Scales.

jy1

WINES AND LIQUORS

SUITABLE FOR

MEDICAL AND FAMILY USE.

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
OLD QUEENS PORT WINE
OLD MADERIA WINE,
FINE OLD PALE SHERRY,
FINE OLD COGNAC BRANDY,
CHOICE OLD HOLLAND GIN,
JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM,
HEIDSIEK CHAMPAGNE,
MISSOURI CABINET,
STILL AND SPARKLING CATAWBA WINES,
CALIFORNIA WINES, MUSCAT, ANGELICA AND PORT,
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.

nov15-1y

BLAKEMAN & BROWN

Have received their large and splendid assortment of

JEWELRY,

Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, Fancy Goods, in fact everything generally found in a first-class Establishment.

Having purchased our goods mostly since the decline in gold, we are prepared to offer them at the lowest possible rates. Please call and examine our stock.

☞ Particular attention given to Fine Watch Repairing and Jobbing.

A continuation of favors from our old customers is solicited for the new firm.

BLAKEMAN & BROWN,

126 Third street, one door below Shaw's Hat Store St. Paul Minn. je1-6m

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!

IF YOU WANT

WALL PAPERS,

Writing Papers,

Legal Caps or Stationery,

Go to the Paper Warehouse of

Cutter, Secombe & Co.

Who have the largest stock of goods in this line ever kept in the West.

☞ PRICES WILL COMPETE WITH EASTERN MARKETS. oct4-1m

BUFFALO ROBES.

FIVE THOUSAND

Indian Dressed Robes

600 DOZEN

Newhouse Celebrated

STEEL TRAPS.

Agent for Hazard Powder Co.

CASH PAID FOR FURS AND SKINS.

M. RYDER,

No. 187 Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

sep1

Dry Goods.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Have added largely to their stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS

Which they offer at

Very Low Prices,

VIZ:

Best Calicoes, 20 cents and under,

Heavy Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 25 to 15.

Bleached Muslins, 14 to 40:

Domestic Ginghams, 25 to 30 cents.

AND

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

At Very Low Prices,

AT THE CASH STORE OF

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Ingersoll's Block, St. Paul.

oct23

C. M. WHEAT & CO.,

159 THIRD STREET,

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

GOODS & TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, CLOAKINGS & LADIES' SMALL WEAR.

Cloaks Made in the House to Order.

J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

DEALERS IN LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

oct10

AMERICAN

LEAD PENCIL COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Factory, Hudson City, N. J.

This Company is now fully prepared to furnish

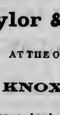
LEAD PENCILS,

Equal in Quality to the Best Brands.

The Company has taken great pains and invested a large capital in fitting up their factory, and now ask the AMERICAN PUBLIC to give their pencils a fair trial.

All styles and grades are manufactured. Great care has been bestowed to the manufacturing of superior HEXAGON DRAWING PENCILS, specially prepared for the use of Engineers, Architects, Artists, &c.

A complete assortment constantly on hand, is offered at fair terms to the trade at their Wholesale Salesroom,



34 JOHN STREET, New York.

The pencils are to be had at all the principal Stationers and Notion Dealers.

TRADE MARK.

☞ Ask for the American Lead Pencil.

o18 eod-6m

JOHN MATHEIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

Upholstery Goods, Mattrasses,

BEDDING, &c.

Concert Hall Block, Third street,

Below the Post Office, St. Paul.

☞ New Goods just received. Upholstering done at the shortest notice. sep30-1y

REMOVED.

Wm. F. DIETER has removed his BOOT AND SHOE STORE from Bridge square, on Third street, to Jackson street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to his new stone house and will be pleased to see all his old friends and as many new ones as will favor him with a call. His is one of the oldest Boot and Shoe Stores in the city. sep 12 1y

BILL HEADS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, &c., printed in the best style at the Daily Press Steam Job Printing Office

Chicago Advertisements.

PARKER, MARSH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

No. 6 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

oct9-6m

1866. 1866.

Cash Wholesale Clothing House.

WHITE BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Chambers, 48 and 50 Wabash Av.,

Between Lake and Randolph streets, Chicago.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

jan30-1y

KETCHUM & REDFIELD,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Crockery & Glassware

40 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Assorted packages of Crockery for the country trade. All orders promptly attended to.

H. M. KETCHUM,
W. P. REDFIELD.

my19-1y

Winona Carriage Works,

The largest and most extensive

CARRIAGE FACTORY

in the West. We manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Carriages, Buggies,

SLEIGHS AND SULKIES,

We use the best material and *warrant our work.* Being extensive dealers in all kinds of carriage and Wagon material purchased from first hands, enables us to sell less than Chicago prices.

WOODS & GRANT,

aug11 Winona, Minnesota.

1866. 1866. 1866.

FALL TRADE!

VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER,

Wholesale Druggists,

No. 111 Third street.

We are now in receipt of our Fall Stock, and can offer superior inducements to dealers throughout the Northwest. Having a buyer constantly in the market, we are enabled to keep our stock full and fresh. We are just receiving:

150 gross Dye Colors,
50 " Gargling Oil,
10 " Nichols' Bark and Iron,
10 " " Cod Liver Oil,
25 " Condition Powders,
40 " Winslow's Syrup,
25 " Brown's Troches,
10 " Kennedy's Discovery,
95 " Flavoring Extracts,
25 " Benzine, assorted,
10 " White Pine Compound
800 Cases Bitters, assorted,
500 lbs Tilden's Fluid Extracts,
110 boxes Extract Logwood,
250 lbs Cudbear,
10 bbls Chip Logwood,
100 ounces Strychnine,
300 lbs. Cal Licorice,
100 lbs Tartaric Acid,
850 bxs Window Glass and Glassware
45 bbls Machine Oils.
600 Gallons Varnish—all kinds,
150 doz Paint Brushes.

To which we invite the attention of cash buyers.

sep25 VAWTER, ROSE & ETTER.

MORAVIAN ACADEMY!

CHASKA,

Carver County, Minn.

Rev. C. L. Reinke, Sup't,

Rev. C. B. Shultz, Principal,

Assisted by able Teachers, offer thorough instruction in all

English Branches,

Music and the Languages,

Modern and Ancient.

A limited number of Boarders, male and Female, can be accommodated, and a few vacancies now exist, which can be occupied *at any time,* on application.

Fall term of eleven weeks commences September 17th; Winter term of eleven weeks commences December 3d.

Chaska is pleasantly situated on the line of the Minnesota Valley Railroad, and is accessible from either St. Paul or Minneapolis by the morning train, affording time to return the same day.

Circulars at D. D Merrill's Bookstore, St. Paul. For further information apply to

Rev. C. B. SHULTZ, Principal.

☞ Established November 14th, 1864.

oct-1m

CARRIAGE FACTORY

AND

REPOSITORY.

We desire to call the attention of all parties using

Buggies & Light Road Wagons

To our very superior stock of CARRIAGES OF OUR OWN MAKE.

We have largely increased our facilities, have on hand and are in constant receipt of

A No. 1 Material,

Including the finest

Second Growth Hickory Wheels,

Ives' Steel Converted Axles, etc.,

From the best Eastern markets; are EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING, and in the particular wants of our citizens; employ the most skilful workmen, and think with these requisites we cannot fail to please you. We manufacture exclusively for home market and warrant all our carriages to be UNEXCELLED IN QUALITY—for styles call and see for yourselves. Our work is giving universal satisfaction as far as we know. We appreciate the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, and will not cease in our endeavors to merit the same.

CUTTERS, several styles, a fine lot on hand. Please give us your orders.

Stone Factory & Repository

ON ROBERT STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, east side.

Quinby & Hallowell.

A. S. CAVENDER, J. C. QUINBY, E. M. HALLOWELL.

oct3-3m

HENRY HILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate Agent, Glencoe, McLeod county, Minnesota.

dec2-1yr

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY Book and Job Printers, Bookbinders, Paper dealers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

Groceries.

DRIED APPLES,

100 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

DRIED BLACKBERRIES,

10 Barrels New Fruit,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

CARBON OIL.

250 bbls. Prime White,

Just received and for sale by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

TOBACCOS.

500 pkgs. Smoking & Chewing,

Comprising some of the choicest samples ever offered in this market.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

FISH.

400 Packages New Mackerel, Herring and Codfish.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

SYRUPS.

500 bbls., Half bbls. and Kegs,

Including the finest Amber and Star Drips. For sale low by

F. F. McQUILLAN.

SUGARS.

1,000 Barrels Raw and Refined,

Comprising every kind.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

To the Wholesale Trade.

He offers to cash buyers visiting this market a large and varied assortment of goods, which he will always sell at Chicago prices, adding actual cost of transportation.

F. F. McQUILLAN.

oct2

A. H. WILDER. CHANNING SEAGUET.

A. H. WILDER & CO.,

Successors to

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Lower Levee & Sibley-sts.,

SAINT PAUL, - - MINN.

We solicit the attention of the trade to our stock of Groceries, which have been carefully selected to meet the wants of this market, and which we shall aim to sell as low as any. We are sole Agents in Minnesota for

Fairbank's Standard Scales,

And shall always have a supply on hand for immediate delivery. We are also agents for the

MANNY MOWERS & REAPERS,

Both Hand and Self Rakes,

With a full supply of Repairs. Also for the

Case "Sweepstakes" Threshers,

With Repairs. We shall have for sale

LUMBER WAGONS,

Of Eastern manufacture, with Neck Yokes, Whiffletrees, Wagon Covers and Chains, together with

Single and Double Carriages,

From the extensive manufactory of HARVEY & WALLACE, Buffalo, N. Y.

Appreciating the liberal patronage bestowed on the old House, we shall endeavor to maintain the favorable reputation established by them, through careful attention to the interests of all who may favor us with their business.

apr16-1f

NEW FIRM.

S. E. PUTNAM, ADOLPH PAAR.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Importers of

SMOKERS ARTICLES

AND

European Produce,

Dealers in

Green and Dried Fruits,

and in all kinds of

Tobacco & Segars,

Cor. Third & Market Sts., St. Paul.

October 2, 1866. oct6-tf

MEDICINAL

Wines and Liquors

By the Bottle and on Draft, for sale by

W. SMITH.

FAMILY GROCER,

Cor. 5th & Jackson-sts., St. Paul,

Who refers, by permission, as a guarantee for their purity, to Doctors Willey and Hand—the same having been tested and approved by them. aug14

MUSIC!

Zenzius & Hancke,

Agents for the celebrated

Weber and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANOS,

And Carhart, Needham & Co.'s CABINET ORGANS, dealers in Classical and Modern Music, Musical Instruments and Stationery. Music Lessons given; Pianos Tuned.

Empire Block, Third street, Upper Town, St. Paul, Minn. sep30-1y

NEW SALOON

AND

SHOOTING GALLERY,

JACKSON STREET,

Between 7th and 8th.

Opposite the International.

Smith & Wesson's Patent Breech-Loading Parlor Rifles in Use.

☞ OYSTERS SERVED IN ALL STYLES, at any hour.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

WM. BECHTEEN, Proprietor.

oct13

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

and Commission Merchants,

No. 3, JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

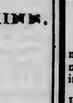
Second Door Below Merchants' Hotel.

We have in Store one of the LARGEST STOCKS in this market of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Tobaccos and Cigars.

St. Paul, January 11, 1866.



THE GALENIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

(For the Treatment of Private Diseases.)

Office in Concert Hall, near the Post Office, St. Paul, Minn.

JUST PUBLISHED—A MEDICAL REPORT—On a new method of treating Venereal Diseases, including Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, &c., without Mercury, with a treatise on Seminal Weakness, or Nervous and Sexual Debility arising from abuse of the sexual powers; containing a practical Essay on Female Diseases and the Physiology of Marriage, the whole illustrated by 30 engravings and striking cases from the author's practice—sent under seal on receipt of 25 cents.

Private consultations personally or by letter on all the above diseases. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home.

TO LADIES.—Special attention to Female Diseases; Irregularities and obstructions of the Menses from cold, &c., speedily removed. A pamphlet of special importance to the married sent in a sealed envelope on receipt of stamps. Address all letters to the GALENIC INSTITUTE, ST. PAUL, MINN. oct 1y

INTERNATIONAL DRUG STORE!

Remodeled, Refitted & Restocked,

[A splendid stock of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Perfumery, Fancy Soaps,

AND

TOILET ARTICLES,

In great quantity and variety.

Particular attention paid to Compounding PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

Agents for the celebrated EUREKA HAIR INVIGORATOR. A full assortment of

Views of Minnesota Scenery,

Always on hand.

ALLEN & CHAMPLIN,

Proprietors, International Hotel Building, Cor. Jackson and Seventh streets.

ja8-1y

ALL ADMIT THAT

Wm. J. Smith & Co.

Have the biggest stock of

BOOTS & SHOES

In the city, and are selling at

LOW PRICES.

sep30

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba.

Conducted by the Spanish Government.

$360,000 IN GOLD DRAWN EVERY 17 DAYS.

Prizes cashed and information furnished; the highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver; also for all government Securities.

TAYLOR & CO.,

feb3-1y Bankers, 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

JOHN CURTIS,

Cor. Cedar and Third-sts.,

Offers to the Trade the largest and best selected stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinners' Stock,

Ever brought to this market, consisting in part of the following leading staple articles:

1,000 Kegs Juniata Nails,
500 Boxes McCauley Brand Glass
5,000 Pounds Cable and Log Chains,
500 Boxes Axes,
5,000 Pounds Harrow Teeth,
1,000 Pounds Iron Wedges,
200 Boxes Putnam Horse Shoe Nails
100 Dozen Shovels and Spades,
200 Dozen Axe Helves,
500 Bundles Common Sheet Iron,
500 Boxes best Brand of Tin Plate,
100 Boxes Roofing Tin,
2,000 Pound Sheet Zinc,
5,000 Pounds Copper and Metal Pits,
100 Bundles bright Iron Wire,
150 Bundles Russia Sheet Iron,
5,000 Pounds Belgium Sheet Iron,
2,000 Pounds Block Tin,
500 Dozen Newhouse and Hudson Bay Traps,
500 Cast Iron Tea Kettles,
1100 Bales Assorted Rope,
1,000 Set Hollow Ware,
200 Set Tops and Bosses for Parlor Stoves,
1,000 Box, Parlor and Cook Stoves.

And a full line of Agricultural Tools, and complete wholesale stock of General Hardware all of which we propose to sell to the trade to the best advantage possible. On our stock of Stoves we offer peculiar inducements, as we desire to close out the Stove business this season. We still continue the sale of the celebrated

Home Comfort Cook Stove,

Unequalled by any Stove yet made. Any one wishing a first class Stove should avail themselves of this opportunity, as we shall not retail the stove after this season. JOHN CURTIS.

St. Paul, September 1, 1866. sep7-tf

LEONARD & SHERIE, Builders. Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHERIE & BRO., Architects. Office in the same building as Leonard & Sherie's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street. Designs, Plans and specifications for buildings of every description prepared on short notice. ja13-1y

JAMES J. HILL,

Gerneal Transportation Agent,

THROUGH CONTRACTS

Given on Freight to

New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

And all principal points East.

Time Guaranteed if Desired.

Freight Agent for the Lower Division NORTHWESTERN UNION PACKET CO.

☞ Office and Warehouse on the Levee, St. Paul. aug2

LONGWORTH'S WINE HOUSE

CINCINNATI,

Now conducted by the heirs of Nicholas Longworth,

Golden Wedding, Sparkling Catawba

DRY CATAWBA, ISABELLA,

Delaware and Virginia Seedling.

These celebrated Wines for sale by

WALTER W. WEBB & CO.,

6dec-6m St. Paul, Minnesota.

Patent Medicines, &c.

DR. WINCHELL'S

Teething Syrup

The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for the many troublesome complaints arising in children while TEETHING.

It will cure Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker Sore Mouth, Pain in the Gums, Restlessness, Griping Pains in Stomach, or Bowels, Wakefulness and any uneasiness occasioned during the critical period of TEETHING in CHILDREN. It is also an infallible remedy for Sore Throat or Diphtheria in its early stages. It is composed of ingredients that are perfectly harmless in their effects, while at the same time it is not only soothing and pleasant to take, but SURE TO CURE, relieving all pain and giving rest and health to the Mother and Child. The lives of over 100,000 children are saved annually by using this Syrup.

The price is within the reach of all. Do not let your babies suffer for the want of the Teething Syrup. It makes the children sing:

Deedle deedle dumpling, my son John,
He went to bed with his stockings on,
One shoe off and one shoe on,
Deedle deedle dumpling, my son John.

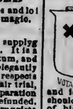
CHORUS—Dr. Winchell is no blow,
His Teething Syrup kills the go

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

EILERT & SNYDER Proprietors.

FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

thurs-sow-d&w6m



DR. BIGELOW

is the only Physician, as a Specialist, now in Chicago that can be entirely relied upon. Go to him, and not suffer that horrible disease to remain in your system, disfiguring your face and body, besides destroying your happiness and future prospects of life. He has made PRIVATE DISEASES a study for the past twenty years, and is therefore the person whom all afflicted should consult. No one ever heard of a patient of his not being cured since he has been in this city. He refers to the Mayor and the city papers, his patients, and the medical profession, both here and abroad, as being the most skilled specialist here, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. If all others fail, don't despair, give him a call. It is only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Doctor Bigelow has given much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate victim for the duties of either business or society. The sad effects of these early habits of the excess of youth appear, in a few years, and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as by Dr. B., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultations free and confidential. Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 154 Chicago. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge.

N. B.—I also send for a descriptive circular of Pessaric Remedies, the best preventive of conception known. Sent to any address free of charge. apr16-1y

PROBATE BLANKS

THE PRESS BINTING COMPANY,

THE CITY.

SAD CASE OF INSANITY.

Singular Freaks of a Man Who Loses His Mind.

A remarkable case of aberration of mind came to the notice of Justice E. C. Lambert yesterday. About eight months ago, the wife of Mr. Roger Egan, a worthy, industrious and respectable stone-cutter, of the First ward, died, leaving him with a family of five children. Mr Egan has since relied on for the support of his children, but has never recovered from his grief at the loss he sustained in the death of his wife. On the contrary, he has been gloomy and downcast, often after returning from his labors spending hours at his home in melancholy musings, and in serious conversation with his children about their mother. His eldest child is a bright girl of fourteen, who has been the house keeper; the next is an industrious boy of twelve, who earns his living upon a steamboat, while the other three are still younger and have remained at home.

From facts derived from the daughter, it appears that on Thursday evening, Mr. Egan came home from his work unusually despondent, refusing to eat, and giving an unfavorable signs of mental distress. All efforts to overcome his depression were unavailing, and at ten o'clock, the last of the children retired to sleep, leaving the sad father sitting up in moody meditation. At three or four o'clock, his daughter awoke, and found that sometime during the night the father had left the house and disappeared, she knew not whither.

Other evidence then goes to show that Egan had entirely lost his mind. He feared some dreadful calamity, and securing the money which he possessed, he started out into the darkness, and rushed frantically to the residence of Bishop Grace, where he rang the bell at about one o'clock yesterday morning. Not gaining admittance soon enough, though Father Ireland came to the door, he deposited under the door-mat a pocket book containing five hundred dollars in bank notes, and a wallet, in which were found eleven dollars in silver, and then ran up Sixth street in the direction of the City Hall. Seeing a light in a house on Sixth street, Egan rapped loudly and as soon as the door opened, he rushed in saying excitedly: "Save me—they're trying to kill me!" and using other expressions to the same effect. He soon recovered from his excitement, calmed down, and talked rationally, is going to be allowed to remain until the danger was past. It was found, however, the moment he was left alone, his fears took possession of him, and he shouted fearfully in his maniacal grief. A policeman was then called in, and the unfortunate man quietly taken to the city lock up. Here he stated that he had one hundred and seventy dollars in gold and twenty-four dollars in bank bills in his pocket, which was found to be the case.

In the morning the case came before Judge Lambert, Egan was examined and found to have recovered his reason sufficiently to give a tolerably connected account of his movements, mentioning among other things that he had hidden some money under a door-mat, but knew not precisely where. Judge Lambert at once sent a policeman along with Egan's daughter to the Bishop's residence, where, sure enough, the five hundred and eleven dollars were found.

Judge Lambert very wisely ordered Mr Egan to the temporary care of the Sisters of St Joseph's Hospital, and placed his money—seven hundred and five dollars in all—in the hands of Father Ireland for safe keeping. Egan's children, to whom he is much attached, will be sent to him, and it is hoped, that under proper treatment, he may yet recover the use of his mental faculties.

Fun in the Row—A pugilistic female upon two out-lots of the city got into a row with a neighbor of the same gender, and in a fit of malicious rage, entered the domicile of the latter, and smashed various articles of crockery. She paid three dollars and costs for the entertainment, though the owner of the dishes couldn't see that she was benefitted by the arrangement.

Personal—Maj. W. R. Snider, late of the U. S. army in Texas, is stopping at Hoit's Hotel in Winona.

Positively the Largest—Our stock of Sheet Music comprises over 5,000 different compositions—all standard and popular music—to which we are continually adding the choicest of the latest.

Also, Instruction Books of all kinds; Richardson's, Bertini's, Peters', Root's Curtis'on-ium; Hunten's, &c., for piano forte; for melodeon, Root's School, Zoudel's, Carhart's and Winner's; also, Winner's complete series of Primers and Guides; Instructions for Violin, Flute, Guitar, &c, &c.

P. W. ELY & CO.,
No. 169 Third-st., St. Paul
nov3-2t

A Slight Mistake Rectified.—We are pleased to acknowledge the receipt of four dollars (the price of two pairs of *Alexandre Kid Gloves*), together with an order for one of those *splendid brocade poplin dresses*.

Our anonymous friend is hereby exonerated from all blame in the g ove affair.

CATHCART & CO.

Cunningham Brothers, 109 Third street, Union Block, desire to call the attention of those in want of such goods to their fine assortment of Books, Stationery, Blank Books and Fancy Goods. They have just received large additions to their stock and are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices at wholesale or retail. Give them a call.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS

Reserve, St. Louis.
Julia, La Crosse.
Mollie Mohler, La Crosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.

DEPARTED.

Ariel, La Crosse.
Julia, La Crosse.
Chippewa Falls, Carver.
Mollie Mohler, La Crosse.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For St. Louis—Reserve, at 10 A. M.
For Dunleith—Dame', at 11 A. M.

Local Notices.

Moore's Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall block, Third street, near the Post Office, has opened his fall stock of ladies and childrens' furs, to which he invites special attention. This is one of the largest and best managed stores in that line of business in the city, and it is well worthy of the extensive patronage it is receiving. nov1-1w

New Skating Park.—*Programme.*—The undersigned has leased for a term of years a lot on Seventh street, adjoining the International Hotel, and will prepare it for a skating park, similar to those in other cities. The hall will be 80 feet wide by 150 feet long and 35 feet high. It will be entirely enclosed, and the roof supported by arches. The whole will be brilliantly lighted with gas, and will be opened each day and night during the skating season, with warm dressing rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Arrangements will be made to renew the ice daily, and comfortable seats will be provided to accommodate a large number of persons. Prize skating, masquerade skating, and numerous festivals will enliven the season. A full band of music will be in attendance on these occasions, and a grand display will take place during the holidays. This park will be in full operation on the first of December, when the season tickets will be delivered to subscribers.

Prices of Admission—Single season tickets, $10; tickets admitting a gentleman and lady, $15; season family ticket, admitting three persons, $20; season family ticket, admitting four persons, $25; single admission tickets, 25 cents each. Lists for subscription are left at the music store of Munger & Bros.

nov2 1f. WILLIAM BECHTNER.

Election Notices.

First Ward Polls—The place of holding the election in the First Ward this year is at Minne-ha-ha Engine House, Jackson street. The Election Board will be in attendance on Saturday, Nov 3d, and Monday, Nov 5th, between the hours of eleven o'clock, A. M, and two P. M, on each day, to make corrections of the poll list, and add the names of voters thereto.

Second Ward.—The Judges of Election of the Second Ward will be in attendance at the Court House on Saturday and Monday from 10 A. M till 2 P. M., for the registry of voters and correction of poll lists.

JAMES KING,
M. DORNIDEN,
W. K. GASTON.

The Judges of Election of the Third Ward will meet to correct the poll list on Friday evening from 7 to 9, on Saturday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on Monday from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

S. K. PUTNAM,
GEO. C. MOTT,
GEO. H. EDGERTON,
nov1-4t Judges.

Fourth Ward.—The Judges of Election will meet at the SNELLING HOUSE on Saturday and Monday, the 2d and 5th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M., for the registry of voters. The election will be held at the Snelling House.

WM. DAWSON,
GEO. W. MOORE.
nov1 4t.

Fifth Ward.—The Judges of Election for the Fifth Ward organized yesterday as required by law, for correcting the poll list; but the Washington school house being occupied with the schools, the Board adjourned over to meet there Saturday morning at ten o'clock.

Music Lessons.—Messrs. Zenzius & Hancke having secured the services of Mr. E. L. Carpenteur, will be at full liberty to accommodate the public in the line of music teaching. "Doc." will be happy to see his old friends at the new music store. nov2-3t.

Coal.—One hundred casks of Pittsburg and Blossburg Coal for sale to close out consignment.

JAS. J. HILL.
3t

A choice lot of Michigan apples, winter varieties, at Jas. J. Hill's.
nov1-2t.

Important to Travelers—Passengers going East by Rail, will save time, trouble and expense by calling at the General Ticket Office in Heyward's Block, St. Paul, where they can procure tickets to almost any points they desire. In order to accommodate those who wish to take the Early Train, Monday morning, the office will be open on Sunday evening.

I. C. GEORGE,
Nov. 26, tf. Agent.

Furs, Good and Cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

Minne-ha-ha and other views of Minnesota Scenery.

Whitney is the only publisher of these views in the city.

He has a large collection and is constantly adding new views. He supplies all other dealers. Buy of Whitney, selecting from a full assortment; the only one in the State, and get the best, which he always keeps or his retail trade—174—Third Street—174.

Turkish Flesh Towels and Brushes. Clark's Hair Restorative. See advertisement. Flower Vases in sets, and all the novelties in Perfumery. Call and examine.

H. W. ROBINSON & CO., Rogers' Block.

Marriage and Celibacy, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. aug25.d&w3m

Stereoscopic Views of the world, the largest collection in the State, at WHITNEY'S, 174 Third street

Passengers going East will save Three Dollars in fare and 100 miles in distance by purchasing Tickets and going via the Grand Haven route. One of the steamships of this line leaves Milwaukee daily (Saturdays excepted) at 6.30 P. M., making direct connections at Grand Haven with Express Trains for all points East. Through tickets for sale by CHARLES THOMPSON, corner of Jackson street and Levee, St. Paul, and at all the principal agencies of the Northwestern Union Packet Company on the River.

THOMAS BELL,
General Superintendent, Detroit,
W. W. WILSON,
may10-6m Passenger Agent, Milwaukee

Furs.—Mr. Albrecht invites the public, and especially the ladies of St. Paul and vicinity, to call at his store and examine the rest Russian Ermin, Hudson Bay Sable and Mink Sacks, best in the market, at low prices His business embraces the largest stock of selected, and by himself, manufactured Furs in this State.

oct1 1m

Swan's Down Trimming for Opera Cloaks, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store, near the Post Office.

Just opened at R. O. Sweeny & Co.'s, 111 Third street, a new and selected assortment of Toilet and Fancy Articles, Painting Materials, Soaps, Perfumeries, Colognes, Hair Waters, Extracts, &c. Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo ditto; Puff Boxes, Powders, Cosmetiques, a la Francais, Email de Paris &c., &c.

Hudson Bay Mink Sets, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

Minnesota Views.—For views of Minnesota Scenery, go to Martin's Art Gallery, and see the *finest and largest assortment in the* city, all sizes and all prices. Strangers should not buy before examining this collection at Martin's Art Gallery, 264 Third street. my31f

Hudson Bay Sable Sets, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

Metcalf's Great Rheumatic Remedy is daily effecting wonderful cures. It acts like magic, both chronic and inflammatory rheumatism giving away before it. The afflicted are advised to try it.

WANTZER, ROSE & ETTER, Agents.
oct2-1m

Royal Ermine Sets, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

Just received a fresh supply of Carwell & Hoeke's preparations consisting of Lorea Balm, Elixer of Calaysaya Bark, Elixer of Bark and Iron, and other articles too numerous to mention. Call and examine at Robinson & Co.'s Drug Store.

The Opinion of an Officer in the Army.—At inspection I noticed that a large proportion of the men's knapsacks contained a box of Troches, being generally used by them for colds, etc. "Brown's Bronchial Troches should be used upon the first appearance of a cold or cough, which by neglect may terminate in some incurable lung disease. eod&w1w

Natural and Dyed Musk-Rat Sets, cheap, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York.
Sold by all druggists. sat&sun oct29-1y

Gents' and Boys' Otter and Beaver Caps and Gloves, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store.

Go to Whitney's, 174 Third street, for Hair Brushes, Nail Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Bertumery, Toilet Soap, Pomades, Toilet Powder, Powder Boxes and Puffs, Tooth Paste and Powder, Hair Oil, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., cheapest in the city.

Swan's Down Trimming for Opera Cloaks, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store, near the Post Office.

Furs.—Furs of Hudson Bay Sable or Mink goods go to the Minnesota Fur Store, Concert Hall Block, near the Post Office. A. Moore has the largest and best stock of fine Furs in the West and at prices for the quality known than can be had at any other store. Call and examine before purchasing. sep29-3m

THE KEYSTONE.

Testimonials of the Highest Order to the Value of the Keystone Fuel Saving Stove, Sold by C. L. Grant.

LETTER FROM O. H. KELLEY.

Itasca, Minn., Oct. 10, 1866.

C. L. Grant, Esq., St. Paul:

Dear Sir: I have tested the Keystone stove in competition with an ordinary box stove, known as the Black Giant, No. 30, with the following results:

Fire kindled in the box stove and mercury on the wall brought up to 85 degrees. I then put in twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak wood, and in ten minutes closed the dampers, the thermometer then standing:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Where pipe enters the chimney.
8.50 o'clock.....	82 deg.	97 deg.	162 deg.
9.15 "	78 "	90 "	95 "
9.30 " damp'd'd	76 "	88 "	115 "
9.55 " " clos'd	76 "	76 "	88 "
10.25 "	80 "	90 "	88 "
11.00 "	74 "	85 "	88 "

Wood reduced to coals, but not evenly, a portion being wholly unconsumed.

On the fire being out, I took down the Giant, cooled the room and set up the Keystone. The room was heated to 88 degrees and twenty-two pounds of seasoned dry oak put in. In ten minutes closed the dampers when the thermometers stood as follows:

	On the floor.	On the wall.	Chimney.
1.40 o'clock.....	82 deg.	94 deg.	85 deg.
1.50 "	82 "	94 "	80 "
2 " stir'd fire	83 "	104 "	84 "
2.15 "	90 "	102 "	75 "
4.30 " wood all coals	96 "	100 "	75 "

The wood was reduced to coals evenly and continued to throw off heat, keeping the temperature of the room at about 90 degrees until seven o'clock when the fire had gone down to the condition of that in the Black Giant when I put it out. The twenty-two pounds of wood lasted two hours and ten minutes in the Box stove. In the Keystone it lasted five hours and twenty minutes, proving the latter to be a great economizer of fuel and throwing off a greater degree of heat in the house, while about twenty-five degrees less of heat goes out of the chimney.

I remain, yours, most respectfully,

O. H. KELLEY.
Agricultural Bureau.

The following citizens have used the Keystone Stove, and cheerfully bear testimony to its value and economy as a heater:

St Paul.—Gen. M. T. Thomas, Col. C. S. Uline, D. C. Shaw, Capt. Parker (he watches), Chas. A. Morgan, T. J. Galbraith, L. E. Fisher, E. H. Bigxs, William Branch, C. H. Schurmeier, Bob er, Morrison & Reeves, Chas. Dobler, H. Rose, Borup & Champlin, Mrs. Lyman Dayton, J. B. Tascott, F. Kly & Co., Park Place Hotel, H. Baker, Jno. Rust, Pioneer Printing Co., Gen. Pope, Chas. Nichols, J. L. Wheat, R. H. Bennett, C. S. Gibson, Armstrong & Sons, H. Bigelow, Pierce H. Beecher, F. R. Delano, Hiram Millwell, Chas. Trowbridge, Davis, A. M. Patterson, Wm. Illingworth, Andrew Winters, E. Richards, Geo Pollord, Capt. Judd West.

Hastbault.—H. Wilson, C. Dearborn, Dr. Gale.

Snakopee.—D. L. Howe & Co.

Cottage Grove.—T. E. Furber.

St. Cloud.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

Sauk Centre.—E. E. Simpson & Co.

Fort Wadsworth.—Capt. H. H. Western.

Owatonna.—Higbie.

Hudson.—L. North.

Itasca.—O. H. Kelley.

Lake Como House.—William Perkins.

Taylor's Falls.—T. E. Lacy.

Afton.—J. Olds.

Minneapolis.—Gibson & Bro.

☞ See the double-column advertisement on first page. oct6-tf

Wolf and Buffalo Robes, at Moore's Minnesota Fur Store near the Post Office.

Flynn & Lynch, boot and shoe dealers, 180 Third street, have constantly on hand large and good assortments of Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Gaiters, &c. Work made to order, and repairing done on short notice.

LAKE COMO HOUSE

DAVIS & CHEEVER

Having purchased the fine and commodious Brick Building at Lake Como, and having entirely refitted and refurnished it, have now opened it as a

FALL AND WINTER RESORT

The previous well known experience of the proprietors enables them to offer every inducement to their patrons, and will warrant satisfaction in every particular to

Visitors and Pleasure Parties

☞ A few permanent Boarders can be accommodated. oct6

DAVIS & CHEEVER.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE 19TH CENTURY is the largest and best selected stock of

Men's, Boys', Youths' & Children's CLOTHING,

Cassimere, Beaver Cloths,

Buffalo Robes and Coats.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AND TAILORS' TRIMMINGS.

Particular attention given to

Merchant Tailoring.

J. NEWMAN

Offers the above articles lower than any house in this State can or will sell, either Wholesale or Retail. Come once, come all, and satisfy yourself that it is the only place to buy your Clothing. oct25-1m J. NEWMAN

To Wholesale and Retail

DRUG BUYERS

EDWARD H. BIGGS

Takes pleasure in informing his friends in the City of St. Paul and throughout the State that he has just completed his

FALL AND WINTER

STOCK OF DRUGS,

Glass and Glassware

PAINTS,

OILS AND DYES,

And all other articles that parties may desire to find in a

First-Class Drug House

COME AND SEE

EDWARD H. BIGGS.

He has just received by express a full line of

TOILET GOODS

From the best French, English, German and American Factories, comprising the following:

POMADES, of the finest perfumes.

COLOGNES, Extracts for the Handkerchiefs.

SOAPS, TOOTH POWDERS, with all the latest Cosmetiques of the season.

Neither the Wholesale or Retail purchaser will fail to find all they may want in the

DRUG AND TOILET LINE,

in quantities as desired in all cases, as my stock is full, and entirely to varied in articles to itemize. Will be pleased to wait upon all that will favor me with a call.

EDWARD H. BIGGS,
Opposite First National Bank, St. Paul.
oct21-4m

E. C. LAMBERT,
City Justice,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace
For the City of St. Paul and County of Ramsey,
Conveyancer, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and other states.
Office—CITY HALL. oct25-3m

Board.—Furnished rooms and board in a private family can be obtained on Jackson street, between Twelfth and Pearl.
oct1-1w*

Minneapolis.

By our own Reporter.

Nov. 2—4 P. M.

The Registry.—The Judges of Election have adjourned until to-morrow, Saturday, evening, from 7 till 9 o'clock P. M. This will be the last chance in which to register your name. Don't let it pass. About 260 new names have been added to the registry lists. This number will bring the number of names up to nearly 1900.

Appropriation.—The Board of Supervisors have appropriated $200 to repair the road to Crystal Lake.

Removals.—Gale & Co. have removed to Central Block, second floor, over the National Exchange Bank.

The music rooms will be reopened to-morrow in Pence's building, Centre Block, under the firm name of Elliott & Benham. A large and fine stock of jewelry and silver ware is also connected with the establishment. The beauty of the saleszoom attracts much attention.

Mr. Thayer has also removed his office to room adjoining Gale & Co.

Burglars.—Last night burglars entered the saloon of J. P. Rank on First street, near Hennepin avenue, by a window which had been left unfastened, and carried away ten or a dozen boxes of segars. They also opened the money drawer by cutting away the catch over the lock, with some sharp instrument, and took therefrom some $50 in money, and then quietly made their exit through a side door.

Personal.—Messrs. Munger, of Munger Brothers, and Mr. Russell, of the Press office, two well known citizens of St. Paul are in town to-day.

Mr. Donnelly at Harrison Hall.—The hall was crowded last evening with the friends of this gentleman, and well were they rewarded, for the Representative held all entranced by a speech of unusual eloquence and power. During its delivery, which occupied over two hours and a half, the manifestations of appreciation were frequent and general, and it was the universal conclusion that Mr. Donnelly was "the right man in the right place." The denunciation of the unparalleled course of the President was terrible, in which the audience promptly joined. At the close of the speech, the motion that we stand by Mr. Donnelly and Congress was carried by a perfect storm of ayes, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Depend upon it, the people of Minneapolis know their rights and mean to enforce them.

New Buildings.—Mr. Johnson is putting up some frame buildings on Washington avenue near the corner of Helen street. They will be used as store rooms.

Sporting.—We hope soon to be able to communicate some stirring intelligence in this line.

Fortune Telling.—Madame Dupree, the world renowned Fortune Teller, can be consulted, for a few days, in everything relating to her fate. She can reveal the past and future, tell lucky numbers, give information of things lost, and describe the same. Persons would do well to give the Madame a call, as she will remain but a short time. She can be seen at the Cataract House, Room No. 57. Terms: Ladies, $1.00; Gentlemen, $2.00.

T. G. BARNARD | J. F. BARNARD | W. H. H. SHUEY

BARNARD BROS. & SHUEY,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE!

A full and complete assortment of

PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
KITCHEN,

Office and School Furniture,

constantly on hand.

Upholstering Done to Order.

All orders will receive our prompt attention, and all goods delivered at Depots in Minneapolis and Saint Anthony, free of charge.

Prices furnished on application. Salesroom

Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis
And at Factory, Main street,

St. Anthony, Minn.
aug4-1y

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
MINNEAPOLIS.

Great Fall Arrival
OF
NEW GOODS
For 1866.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR HATS & CAPS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BLANKETS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR BOOT & SHOES AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR DRESS GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR TRUNKS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR WINTER SHAWLS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR FLANNELS AND all your woolens, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY YOUR SHIRTS AND Drawers, at THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BUY ALL YOUR GOODS AT THE PEOPLE'S STORE, as you are sure of getting them at the very lowest possible figures, as their motto is "quick sales and small profits." Mind the PEOPLE'S STORE.

sep12-4m me R. E. LUCAS.

NORTH STAR WOOLEN MILL!
MINNEAPOLIS.

Retail Department

Opened at the Mill expressly for the convenience of farmers, country and town people.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VISIT THE MILL.

NEW GOODS!

Spring and Summer Coatings,

Of Dark and Light Brown and Shaded Grey colors, made from the finest Wool and especially adapted to the cooler latitudes of the Northwest.

FANCY CASSIMERES

In black and white and black and brown plaids; in spring style, made expressly of pure wool, for pantaloon stuffs and vestings.

All Wool Tweeds

Of superior quality and soft silky finish, of light grades for summer wear.

EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO.

New York and Minnesota Hoop Skirt Manufactory,

M. SANKSTON,

Manufacturer of the

LATEST STYLES OF

Hoop Skirts,

AND DEALER IN

FRENCH,

GERMAN & DOMESTIC

CORSETS,

Bustles, Nuts, &c.

A large and most complete stock of the latest styles of Hoop Skirts and Corsets constantly on hand. Merchants supplied at New York prices. Skirts repaired and made as good as new. Goods warranted for three months. Please call and examine.

N. B.—*Order* from the country promptly attended to. Post Office Box 1,746. 3d. 139 Third street, St. Paul. sep19-6tbply

Lost.—A Gold Sleeve Button, with letter "H" inlaid on same. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving the same at this office. nov3-1t*

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

FROM WASHINGTON.

New York, Nov 2.

GEN. SHERMAN.

The *Herald's* Washington special says Gen. Sherman left for his headquarters at St Louis.

DEATH.

John M. Speed of Lynchburg, a leading lawyer of Virginia and a cousin of the late Attorney General, died yesterday.

THE SALE OF INDIAN LANDS—MR. HARLAN'S DEFENSE.

Washington, Nov. 2.

Hon. James Harlan this morning publishes an elaborate reply to statements heretofore made, imputing his motives in the sale of the Cherokee neutral lands, being thoroughly convinced that the interests of the Indians required it. He says he sought diligently for a purchaser, and after telling in all quarters, he ultimately effected a sale to the American Emigrant Company of Connecticut. He claims that this contract was in accordance with the treaty, and with reasonable diligence the whole amount except the expenses of survey would be in the Treasury to the credit of the Indians or at interest within one year from the date of the contract. By the other mode of sale in driblets the expenses would be much greater, and judging from past experience it would be a lifetime before the whole could be converted into cash. A few interested parties desired the vacation of the contract for purposes of speculation. Mr. Harlan concludes by saying: Not regarding them as disinterested advisers, their advice was not followed by me. I preferred to follow my own judgment of what the true interests of the Indians and the people of Kansas required. I did what appeared to me to be both wise and just, and I neither fear nor doubt the judgment of an impartial public opinion, and if my successor should follow the advice of the Attorney General, set aside this contract, and succeed in making a better disposition of these lands, none of his friends will be more highly gratified than I will be with his success.

RETURN OF THE ARMS OF THE F. B.

The mission of Mr. Day, of Buffalo, and J. O'Brien, of Rochester, has been successful. They have obtained the return of the arms of the Fenian Brotherhood through the influence of Hon. James M. Humphreys and James B. Gallagher, of Buffalo.

REMOVED.

It is also stated that W. A. Dart, U. S. Attorney for the northern district of New York, is to-day removed from office. The President to-day removed the postmasters at Warsaw, Ind., and Waterloo, Iowa, and appointed Andrew G. Wood to fill the former and J. P. Evans the latter vacancy.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION.

The comptroller of the currency announces that bonds have been received for deposit with the Treasurer of the United States to an amount sufficient to secure the return three hundred millions of circulation of the National Banks authorized by law, and no more can be received after this date.

NEGROES HUNG.

Four negroes who confessed the crime were hung this morning at Upper Marlborough, Md., for the murder of Col. W. Lyles, near Piscataway, in June last. Their objects was murder, which they secured. A large number or persons went from Washington and the surrounding country to witness the execution. A fifth negro who had been convicted of an infamous offense was granted respite in order to inquire into the truth of the assertion of new evidence in his favor.

FROM NEW YORK.

ARREST OF CONOVER.

Sanford Conover, *alias* Charles L. Dugan, who was implicated in the recent conspiracy to convict Jeff. Davis of being an accomplice in the assassination of President Lincoln by means of suborned witnesses was arrested in this city yesterday, and taken to Washington. The arrest was made on affidavits of W. H. Roberts, J. A. Hoare and L. C. Ferriger, charging Conover with perjury.

BOAT RACE.

The races between the keel boat L. Hirondelle and the centerboard schooner Vista, from Sandy Hook light ship, 20 miles to windward and return, took place on Wednesday. L. Hirondelle was victorious, making the distance in 6 hours, 20 minutes and 07 seconds.

FASHION COURSE RACING.

In the race yesterday on the Fashion Course between Lady Thorne, Lady Emma, and George Wilkes, Thorne was victorious Time, 2:26, 2:17 and 2:27.

ADDRESS FROM ROBERTS.

Col. Roberts issued a stirring address to the Fenian Brotherhood, calling on them to form into military companies at once. The necessity is imperative, he says, cannot prevent them, and British influence will no longer be allowed in this country to your injury and Ireland's shame. Strange events are in near future, and you know not how soon you may be called upon to strike again for Ireland. Let not occasion or call find you unprepared. He entreats them to work. Secret instructions will be sent circles.

THE FENIAN PRISONERS.

A letter received here says two Fenian prisoners recently in the hands of the Canadian authorities escaped and are now in Rochester. They state that the American Consul at Toronto expressed the hope that the Canadian government would hang them all. Gen. Gleason, in New York, is preparing a claim against the British government, to be forwarded to Washington, for $60,000 for illegal imprisonment in Ireland.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Everything Quiet—New Commissioners—Swann Insignificant—Remarks of Judge Martin.

Baltimore, Nov. 2.

Gov. Swann returned to Annapolis this morning from Washington. There are throngs of people in the vicinity of the police stations and newspaper offices, but all remains quiet. The following is what was said by Judge Martin, of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, before permitting the oaths to be administered to the new Commissioners appointed by Gov. Swann, in the matter of Wm. T. Valiant and Jas. Young, who have applied to be allowed to take the oaths prescribed by the first section of the act of 1862, chapter 131 in allowing these applicants to take the oaths required by the first section: I desire to be understood as expressing no opinion on the question as to the jurisdiction of the Governor of Maryland, to remove the Police Commissioners, who were in the office under appointment of the Legislature for official misconduct or as to the validity of the title of these applicants to the office to which they claim to be elected under the appointment of the Executive. In directing oaths administered to these applicants the oath required to be taken by them by the Act of Assembly of 1862, chapter 131, the court performs only a ministerial duty, which may be discharged by the clerk. It is no evidence of the title of applicants to the office claimed by them, but only puts them in the condition to maintain the validity of that title by the taking of the oaths prescribed by the Police Act, and only a compliance with the conditions demanded by the statute, and without the performance of which the applicants could not be regarded as entitled to hold the office of Police Commissioner, or to discharge its duties. even assuming that the mode in which they have been appointed, was entirely unexceptionable. The question of their title to the office cannot be tried in this form.

FROM MEXICO.

Rumors, Assertions and Reports

New York, Nov. 2.

The *Herald's* Matamoras dispatch of the 26th ult. says it is not thought here that Mejia will attempts to occupy this border, as it could only be done at a large expense of blood and treasure, and with no corresponding advantage. Canales is still in possession of the town. Topeca is about three leagues out with 1,800 men. Negotiations for the surrender of the city have been in progress the last few days; they closed yesterday without any practical result.

Col. Finniga, of Ortega's staff, arrived in Brownsville yesterday. He has been closeted with prominent Mexicans who are friends of Canales and supporters of Ortega. Canales the morning expressed his determination to hold the city at all hazards against Tapia and Cortina. This is probably the result of the arrival of Col. Finniga, and it is believed here he will shortly pronounce in favor of Ortega. The forces of Tapia and Cortina will be combined for an attack, which will be delayed some days on account of the bad condition of the roads.

Advices from Monterey state the important fact that Gen Tortigo was at Riecdral, in the State of San Luis Potosi, on the 11th inst., and on that day issued a proclamation to the people of that State. It is thought that he will be able to oppose any force Mejia can bring against him.

Gen Tapia has issued a proclamation to the people of Lamsanapila, in which he announces himself as the representative of the imperial government, and intimates his intention to attack Matamoras as an early day.

From a private letter, dated October 10th, I learn that Donay is in Matheula with 1,000 men. He has offered for sale his carriages and horses, and is packing up for a journey to the City of Mexico. It is said that the retreat from that place will commence on the 15th.

All the liberal forces have left Saltillo, under Ferrencand. A new campaign has been inaugurated. An interpreted dispatch from San Luis Potosi to Richard, showed that Jeaugeas wrote on the 15th of September, and that he was marching on Queretaro, leaving Donay at San Louis is that later Donay started to join him.

Sherman's Chief of Scouts Hung as a Desperado.

Galveston, Texas, Nov. 2.

The gang of marauders which have lately been committing so many outrages have all been captured, shot or hung. Their leader, Col. Young, formerly the chief of Gen. Sherman's scouts, was hung by the rancheros.

FROM EUROPE.

News by Steamer.

New York, Nov. 2.

The following items of foreign intelligence have been received by steamer.

SAXONY.

A Leipsic dispatch of the 19th ult., says at meeting of 400 members of the national party, a committee was appointed which in the event of the continued resistance of the King of Saxony to conclude peace with Prussia, is to solicit King William to order new elections of members of the Saxon chamber of deputies, who will then have to represent the interests of the people of Saxony as opposed to particular interests of the Saxon government.

AUSTRIA.

A Vienna dispatch of Oct. 18 says yesterday his Majesty received Gen. Meneburt, who will shortly leave for Italy. He is desirous of being appointed to the post of its tan ambassador in this city. Count Wimpffen will leave this evening for Berlin in the quality of Austrian envoy at the Prussian court of Munich.

An imperial rescript dated Vienna, 14th of October, has been published, convoking, for the 14th of November, all the districts of his empire, with the exception of that of Hungary.

TURKEY.

The Cretans have made an attempt to set fire to the Turkish fleet off Candia. The province of Selmo has been evacuated by the Turks. The Cretan insurgents are said to have murdered an envoy, bearing a flag of truce, sent by Kiridi Pasha.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Loss of a Brazilian War Steamer—Brazilian Successes.

New York, Nov. 2.

Details have been received relating to the war between the Brazilians and Paraguayans. They are from Brazilian sources. The sinking of the Rio de Janeiro is confirmed. Her commander and sixty-four of the crew perished. The Brazilians successfully stormed a fort held by the Paraguayans, taking nine pieces of cannon, three flags and a quantity of arms and ammunition. The Brazilian loss is about 200 killed and 800 wounded, that of the Paraguyans being much greater, as over 700 of their dead were buried by the Brazilians.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The Great Burden-Corning Lawsuit.—In 1839, Mr. Henry Burden, the great iron man of Troy, N. Y., invented a "Hook Heated Spike Machine," for the purpose of fastening rails to the ties on railroads. In 1849 he took out a patent, and he claims that in the same year the firm of Corning, Winslow & Horne infringed it. In 1851 he commenced suit in the United States Circuit Court. It was tried the next year, and Mr. Burden gained it. Defendants applied for a new trial on exceptions; it was granted, and the defendants were again beaten. So the case passed through various phases, until Chancellor Walworth was appointed as Master to take evidence and assess the damages. From 1853 to 1865, a period of twelve years the Chancellor labored at his work. The Court granted him, during the time, $10 per day for his services. He also charged $5 a day for office rent, and received an additional $12,000. His son acted as his clerk, and being of a romanticted nacy, amused himself writing novels, in which he introduced Mr. Burden and family as characters. His services were rewarded by the sum of $19,427.25. It also appears by Mr. Burden's affidavit that the defendants had secretly paid the Chancellor $30,000. The leading lawyers are—for plaintiff, Mr. Beach, of Troy: for defendants, the Hon. David L. Seymour, of the same city. To sum the matter up, the case has been in court twenty-six years, and the expenses have been about $600,000.

Who is President of Mexico?—A correspondent of the Chicago *Times* says Gen. Sheridan is entirely in error in stating, in his dispatch of Oct. 23, to Gen. Sedgwick, that "President Juarez is the acknowledged head of the liberal government in Mexico." The "acknowledged head" of the Mexican republic is the constitutional and legal President, Gen Ortega. Mr. Campbell is accredited to him, not to Juarez. There is a perfect understanding between Mr. Seward and Gen. Ortega. The latter had already arrived at New Orleans on the 26th inst., on his way to Mexico. The republicans of that country are heartily tired of the robberies and extorsions to which they have been so long subjected by the Juarez clique, and will gladly welcome Ortega as their deliverer. It does not take long to pull down one "republican government" and set another up in Mexico, and it may be expected that Ortega will accomplish this task, and will depose and banish Juarez in about two weeks. He will then send a minister to this city; Mr. Romero will pack up his traps and leave, and Mr. Campbell, perhaps will be allowed to try if he can find a republican government in Mexico.

Steam Around the Globe.—A Philadelphia paper calls attention to the fact that the beginning of the new year will witness the inauguration of unbroken steam communication around the globe, to be thenceforth prosecuted as regularly as the arrival and departure of European steamships at our wharves. The steamship Henry Chauncey will sail on the 11th of December for the Isthmus; will connect there with the Garden City for San Francisco; and from San Francisco, on the 1st day of January, the steamship Colorado will sail for Yokohama, in Japan, and Hong Kong, in China. If, arrived at the latter port, the passenger wishes still to journey westward, he can proceed by the boats of the Peninsular and Oriental Company to Bombay, and onward through the Red Sea, to the Isthmus of Suez, which, crossed by rail, conducts to the British line of Mediterranean steamers, touching at Malta and Gibraltar, and arrive in England, where a few hours railway will enable him to take passage in one of a dozen lines of steamships